

NAME

logksi verify - Verify a log file using its log signature.

SYNOPSIS

logksi verify <logfile> [<logfile.logsig>] [more_options]

logksi verify --log-from-stdin <logfile.logsig> [more_options]

logksi verify <logfile>.excerpt [<logfile.excerpt.logsig>] [more_options]

logksi verify --log-from-stdin <logfile.excerpt.logsig> [more_options]

logksi verify --ver-int <logfile> [<logfile.logsig>] [more_options]

logksi verify --ver-cal <logfile> [<logfile.logsig>] **-X** URL **--ext-user** user **--ext-key** key [more_options]

logksi verify --ver-key <logfile> [<logfile.logsig>] **-P** URL **--cnstr** oid=value... [more_options]

logksi verify --ver-pub <logfile> [<logfile.logsig>] **--pub-str** pubstr **-x -X** URL **--ext-user** user **--ext-key** key [more_options]

logksi verify --ver-pub <logfile> [<logfile.logsig>] **-P** URL **--cnstr** oid=value... **-x -X** URL **--ext-user** user **--ext-key** key [more_options]

DESCRIPTION

Verifies the log file <logfile>. The name of the log signature file is expected to be <logfile>.logsig or <logfile>.gtsig by default. If this is not the case, the name of the log signature file must be given explicitly after the <logfile>.

Alternatively the extracted log records present in the <logfile>.excerpt file can be verified. If not defined otherwise, then the log signature file acting as record integrity proof is expected to be <logfile>.excerpt.logsig. See **logksi-extract**(1) for details regarding log records' extraction.

The log file to be verified can also be read from *stdin* using the **--log-from-stdin** option. In such case there is no default log signature file, thus its name should be explicitly defined.

If the log signature file contains RFC3161 timestamps, they are internally converted to KSI signatures before verification.

For each signed log block the root hash of the block is recomputed and then verified using the KSI signature of that block.

KSI signature can be verified using any of its standard verification policies:

- Internal verification (**--ver-int**). Only internal consistency of the signature is checked and no trust anchor is used and no external resources are needed. This check is also performed as the first step in all other policies.
- Calendar-based verification (**--ver-cal**). The signature is verified against calendar blockchain database at the KSI Extender. Verification is done by checking that the output hash value computed from the aggregation hash chain matches the corresponding entry in the calendar blockchain. Access to KSI Extender is needed.
- Key-based verification (**--ver-key**). The signature must contain a calendar hash chain and a calendar authentication record that can be verified against the signing certificates. To be able to perform key-based verification user must have access to a trusted KSI publications file with signing certificates in it.
- Publication-based verification (**--ver-pub**). The signature must be extended to a time of publication and contain a publication record unless automatic extension of the signature is enabled with **-x**. Verification is done by checking that the publication record in the signature matches a publication in the publications file or the publication string given on the command line. Publications file or publication string retrieved from printed media is needed.

It must be noted that only publication-based verification should be preferred in the long term as it does not rely on any keys and trusted services. The other policies can be used temporarily when the signature is created and there is not yet a publication to extend the signature to.

OPTIONS

- ver-int**
Perform internal verification.
- ver-cal**
Perform calendar-based verification (use extending service).
- ver-key**
Perform key-based verification.
- ver-pub**
Perform publication-based verification (use with **-x** to permit extending).
- <logfile>**
Log file to be verified. If **<logfile>** is specified, **--log-from-stdin** cannot be used.
- log-from-stdin**
Use to read the log file to be verified from the *stdin*. The corresponding log signature file must be explicitly specified.
- x**
Permit to use extender for publication-based verification. See **logksi-exted(1)** for details.
- X URL**
Specify the extending service (KSI Extender) URL.
- ext-user user**
Specify the username for extending service.
- ext-key key**
Specify the HMAC key for extending service.
- ext-hmac-alg alg**
Hash algorithm to be used for computing HMAC on outgoing messages towards KSI extender. If not set, default algorithm is used. Use **logksi -h** to get the list of supported hash algorithms.
- ext-pdu-v str**
Specify the KSIEP (KSI Extension Protocol) PDU version. Valid values are *v1* and *v2*. Note that use of *v1* is **deprecated** and use of *v2* is recommended.
- P URL**
Specify the publications file URL (or file with URI scheme 'file://').
- cnstr oid=value**
Specify the OID of the PKI certificate field (e.g. e-mail address) and the expected value to qualify the certificate for verification of publications file's PKI signature. At least one constraint must be defined. All values from lower priority sources are ignored (see **logksi-conf(5)** for more information).
- For more common OIDs there are convenience names defined:
- **E** or **email** for OID 1.2.840.113549.1.9.1
 - **CN** or **cname** for OID 2.5.4.3
 - **C** or **country** for OID 2.5.4.6
 - **O** or **org** for OID 2.5.4.10
- pub-str str**
Specify the publication string to verify with.
- V file**
Specify the certificate file in PEM format for publications file verification. All values from lower priority sources are ignored (see **logksi-conf(5)**).
- d**
Print detailed information about processes and errors to *stderr*.
- conf file**
Read configuration options from the given file. It must be noted that configuration options given explicitly on command line will override the ones in the configuration file (see **logksi-conf(5)** for

more information).

--log file

Write libksi log to the given file. Use '-' as file name to redirect log to *stdout*.

EXIT STATUS

See **logksi(1)** for more information.

EXAMPLES

In the following examples it is assumed that KSI service configuration options (URLs, access credentials) are defined. See **logksi-conf(5)** for more information.

- 1 To verify */var/log/secure* using only internal verification of KSI signatures:

```
logksi verify --ver-int /var/log/secure
```

- 2 To verify */var/log/secure* using publication-based verification of the KSI signatures with specified publication string:

```
logksi verify --ver-pub /var/log/secure --pub-str AAAAAA-CWYEKQ-AAIYPA-UJ4GRT-HXMFBE-OTB4AB-XH3PT3-KNIKGV-PYCJXU-HL2TN4-RG6SCC-3ZGSBM
```

- 3 To verify */var/log/secure* using publication-based verification of the KSI signatures and publications file which is auto-downloaded and verified based on the default configuration options:

```
logksi verify --ver-pub /var/log/secure
```

- 4 To verify */var/log/secure* using publication-based verification of the KSI signatures and possibly extending them on the fly:

```
logksi verify --ver-pub /varlog/secure -x
```

- 5 To verify */var/log/secure* using any policy possible, depending on the current state of the signatures:

```
logksi verify /var/log/secure
```

- 6 To verify log records extracted from */var/log/secure* using any policy possible, depending on the current state of the signatures:

```
logksi verify /var/log/secure.excerpt
```

- 7 To verify the compressed log file */var/log/secure.gz* using any policy possible, depending on the current state of the signatures:

```
zcat /var/log/secure.gz | logksi verify /var/log/secure.logsig --log-from-stdin
```

ENVIRONMENT

Use the environment variable **KSI_CONF** to define the default configuration file. See **logksi-conf(5)** for more information.

AUTHOR

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SEE ALSO

logksi(1), **logksi-extend(1)**, **logksi-extract(1)**, **logksi-integrate(1)**, **logksi-sign(1)**, **logksi-conf(5)**