《大学物理 II》期末考试卷 (A)答案

一、单选题 〖每个题 2 分, 共计 30 分〗

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| D | С | A | A | A | В | С | D | A | D | A | С | A | В | С |

- 二、填空题 【每空3分,共计30分】
- 1. 6m/s
- 2. $\frac{J}{k} \ln 2$
- 3. 2:7
- 4. $E\cos\alpha \cdot d$

5.
$$\sqrt{2gR + \frac{qQ}{2\pi\varepsilon_0 mR}(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - 1)}$$

- 6. $2H_0I$
- 7. $-c\pi R^2$
- 8. $n_1\theta_1 = n_2\theta_2$
- 9. 0.36
- 10. $hv_1 + E_k$
- 三、计算题〖每题各 10 分, 共计 40 分〗
- 1. 解: 系统的角动量守恒,即 $m_2v_1L = \frac{1}{3}m_1L^2\omega m_2v_2L$;

$$\varpi = \frac{3m_2(v_1 + v_2)}{m_1 L}$$

碰后棒在转动过程中所受的摩擦力矩为 $M_f = \int_0^l -\mu g \frac{m_1}{L} x \cdot dx = -\frac{1}{2} \mu m_1 g L$

由角动量定理 $\int_0^l M_f dt = 0 - \frac{1}{3} m_1 L^2 \omega$

$$t = 2m_2 \frac{v_1 + v_2}{\mu m_1 g}$$

2. 解(1)等体过程, V 不变, W=0

 $\Delta E = v \frac{i}{2} R \Delta T = 10 \times \frac{3}{2} \times R \times (27 - 17) = 150R \quad ;$

$$Q = \Delta E = 150R$$

等压过程, P不变,
$$\Delta E = v \frac{i}{2} R \Delta T = 10 \times \frac{3}{2} \times R \times (27-17) = 150R$$

$$W = p\Delta V = vR\Delta T = 10 \times R \times 10 = 100R$$

$$Q = W + \Delta E = 250R$$

3. 根据导体静电平衡条件可以知道电荷分布情况 导体球表面 q,

球壳内表面电荷为-q, 球壳外表面 Q+q

由高斯定理可以求得场强分布:

$$\Delta U = \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \overrightarrow{E} . \overrightarrow{dl} = \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{q}{4\pi\varepsilon_0 \varepsilon_r r^2} dr = \frac{q}{4\pi\varepsilon_0 \varepsilon_r} (\frac{1}{r_1} - \frac{1}{r_2})$$

4.
$$mathred{M}$$
: (1) $\mathbf{\Phi}(t) = \iint_{s} \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} = \int \frac{\mu_{0}I}{2\pi r} l \, dr = \frac{\mu_{0}I}{2\pi} \int_{a+vt}^{b+vt} \frac{dr}{r} = \frac{\mu_{0}I}{2\pi} \ln \frac{b+vt}{a+vt}$

(2) 依据法拉第电磁感应定律得
$$\varepsilon = -\frac{\mathrm{d}\boldsymbol{\Phi}}{\mathrm{d}t} = \frac{\mu_0 lI}{2\pi} \bullet \frac{(a-b)v}{(b+vt)(a+vt)}$$

$$\varepsilon = -\frac{\mathrm{d}\,\boldsymbol{\Phi}}{\mathrm{d}\,t}\bigg|_{t=0} = \frac{\mu_0 l I \upsilon(b-a)}{2\pi a b}$$