From DataFrames to Tungsten: A Peek into Spark's Future

Reynold Xin @rxin Spark Summit, San Francisco June 16th, 2015



DataFrame noun

Making Spark accessible to everyone (data scientists, engineers, statisticians, ...)



Tungsten

noun

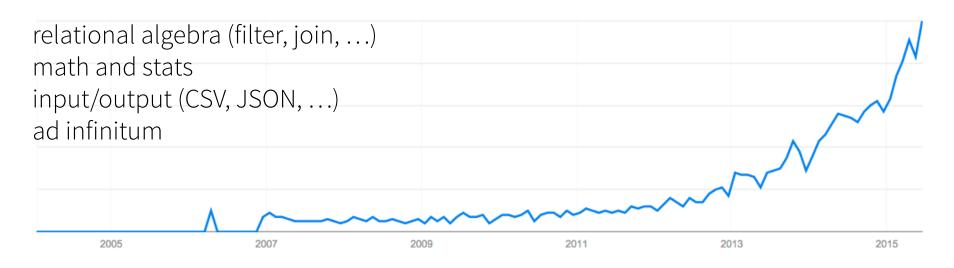
Making Spark faster & prepare for the next five years.



How do DataFrames and Tungsten relate to each other?

Google Trends for "dataframe"

Single-node tabular data structure, with API for





Data frame: lingua franca for "small data"

```
head(flights)
#> Source: local data frame [6 x 16]
#>
     year month day dep time dep delay arr time arr delay carrier tailnum
#>
                                            830
#> 1
     2013
                         517
                                                              UA
                                                                  N14228
#> 2 2013
                         533
                                            850
                                                      20
                                                              UA
                                                                  N24211
#> 3 2013
                         542
                                            923
                                                      33
                                                              AA
                                                                  N619AA
#> 4 2013
                         544
                                           1004
                                                     -18
                                                              B6
                                                                  N804JB
```



Spark DataFrame

Distributed data frame for Java, Python, R, Scala

Similar APIs as single-node tools (Pandas, dplyr), i.e. easy to learn

```
> head(filter(df, df$waiting < 50)) # an example in R
## eruptions waiting
##1   1.750   47
##2   1.750   47
##3   1.867   48</pre>
```

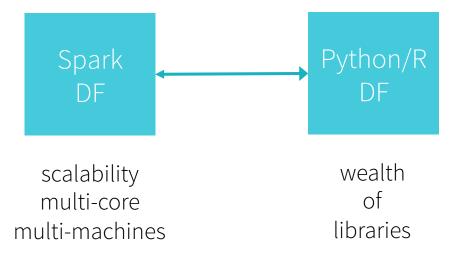




It is not Spark vs Python/R, but Spark and Python/R.

Spark and Python/R

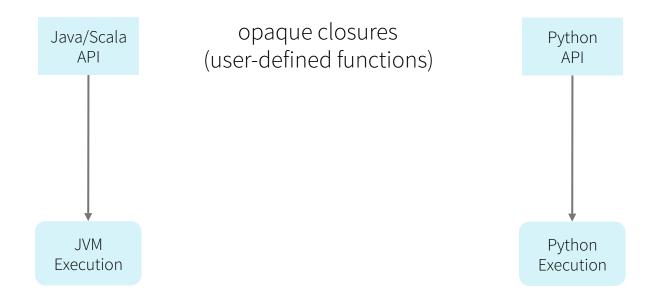
Viz



Machine Learning

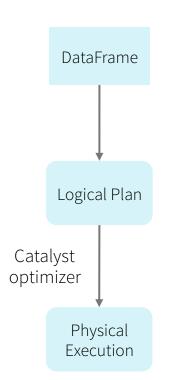
Stats

Spark RDD Execution





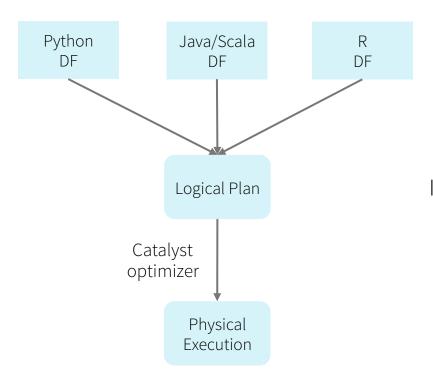
Spark DataFrame Execution



Intermediate representation for computation



Spark DataFrame Execution



Simple wrappers to create logical plan

Intermediate representation for computation



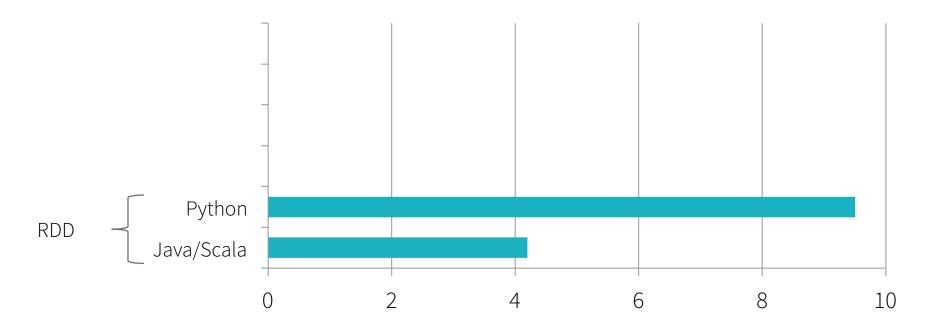
Benefit of Logical Plan: Simpler Frontend

Python: ~2000 line of code (built over a weekend)

R:~1000 line of code

i.e. much easier to add new language bindings (Julia, Clojure, ...)

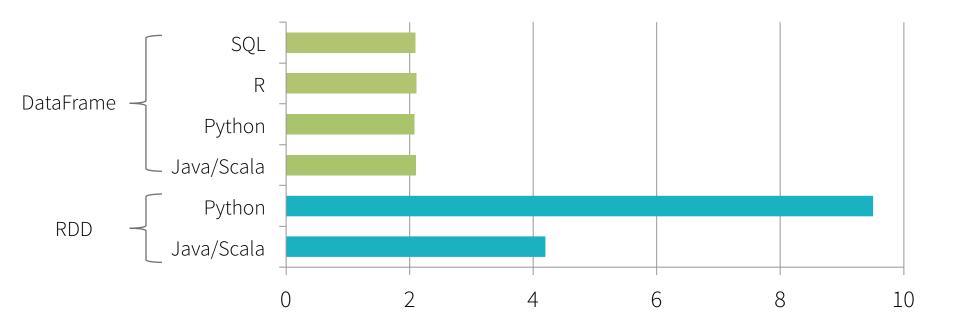
Performance



Runtime for an example aggregation workload



Benefit of Logical Plan: Performance Parity Across Languages



Runtime for an example aggregation workload (secs)

What about Tungsten?

Storage

Network

CPU



CPU

2010
Storage 50+MB/s
(HDD)

Network 1Gbps

~3GHz

Storage

Network

CPU

databricks

2010

50+MB/s (HDD)

1Gbps

~3GHz

2015

500+MB/s

(SSD)

10Gbps

~3GHz

Storage

Network

CPU

databricks

2010 50+MB/s

(HDD)

1Gbps

~3GHz

2015

500+MB/s

(SSD)

10Gbps

~3GHz

10X

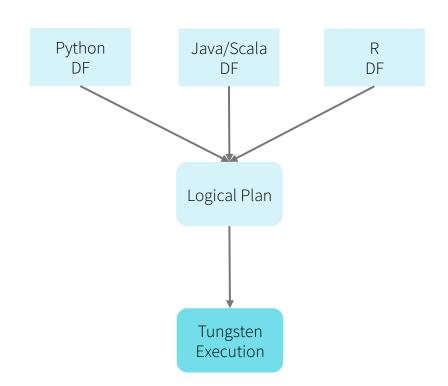
10X

Tungsten: Preparing Spark for Next 5 Years

Substantially speed up execution by optimizing CPU efficiency, via:

- (1) Runtime code generation
- (2) Exploiting cache locality
- (3) Off-heap memory management

From DataFrame to Tungsten

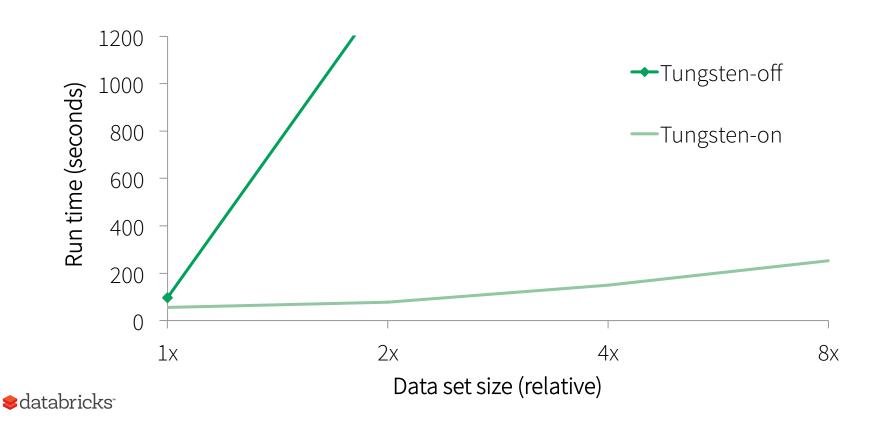


5PM

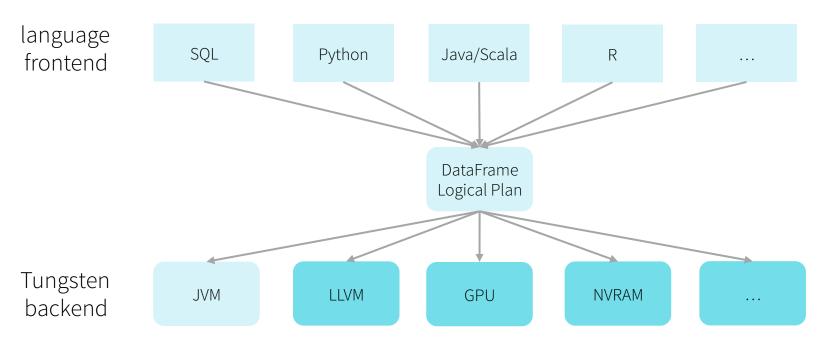
Deep Dive into Project Tungsten Developer Track by Josh Rosen

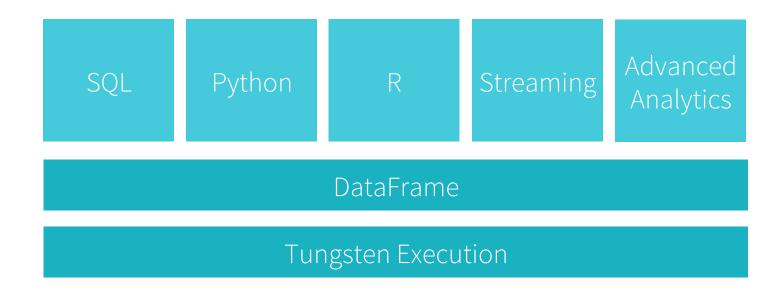


Initial Performance Results



Unified API, One Engine, Automatically Optimized





Spark Office Hours Today

	Topic Area
1:00-1:45	Core, YARN, Ops
1:45-2:30	Core/SQL/Data Science
3:00-3:40	Streaming
3:40-4:15	Core, Python, R
4:30-5:15	Machine Learning
5:15-6:00	Matei Zaharia

Databricks booth A1

