

Arrays in database systems, the next frontier ?

What is an array?

An **array** is a systematic arrangement of objects, usually in rows and columns.

Get(A, X, Y) \Rightarrow Value

Set(A, X, Y) \Leftarrow Value

There are many species: Bit array, dynamic array, parallel array, sparse array, variable length array, jagged array

Who needs them anyway ?

Seismology – partial timeseries (temporal lists)

Climate sim – temporal ordered grid snapshots

Astronomy - temporal ordered rasters

Remote sensing - „

Social networks – 2-D user profiling

Genomics – ordered DNA strings

Scientists ‘love them’ :

MSEED, NETCDF, FITS, CSV

Arrays in DBMS

There was no direct economic value in arrays.

Astral (1980), Plain (1980)

Relational prototype built on arrays (1975)

Object-orientation and persistent languages were
the make belief to handle them

Postgresql

Array declarations:

```
CREATE TABLE sal_emp ( name text, pay_by_quarter integer[], schedule text[][]);  
CREATE TABLE tictactoe ( squares integer[3][3] );
```

Array operations: denotation ([]), contains (@>), is contained in (<@), append, concat (||), dimension, lower, upper, prepend, to-string, from-string

Mysql

From the MySQL forum May 2010:

“

> How to store multiple values in a single field? Is there any array data type
➤ concept in mysql? >

As Jörg said "Multiple values in a single field" would be an explicit violation of the relational model..."

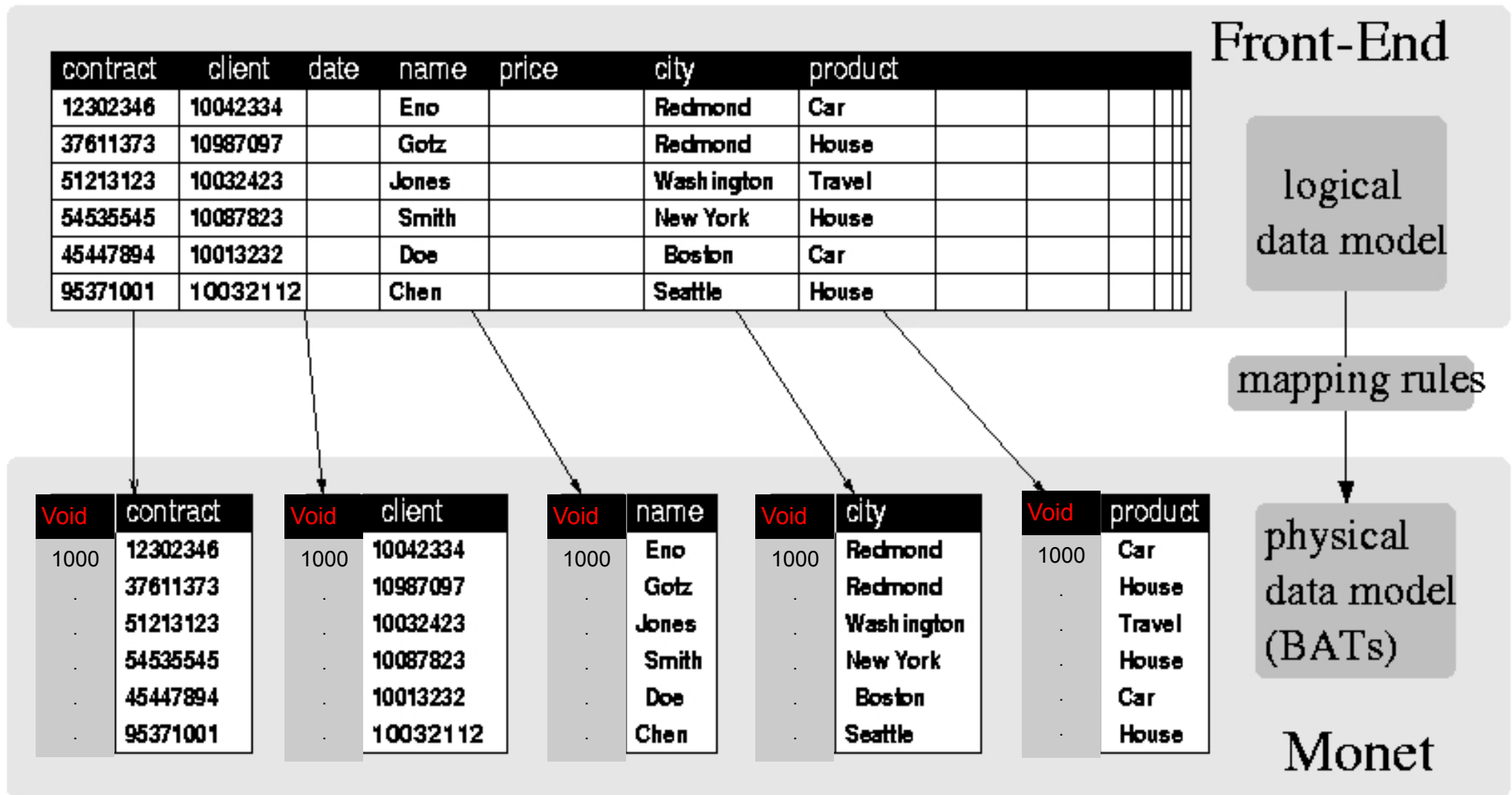
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Is there any experience beyond encoding it as blobs?

What is the problem?

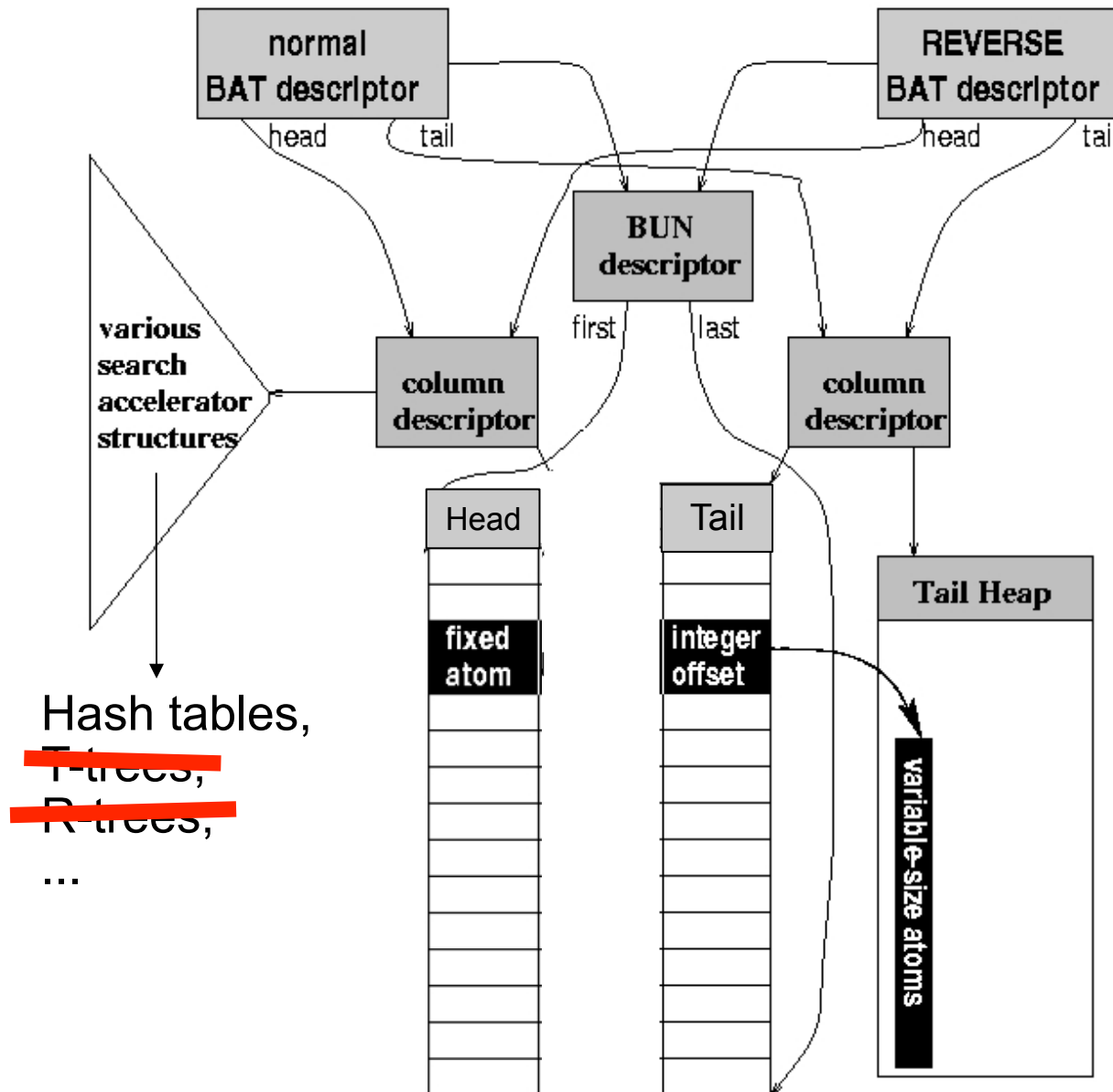
- Appropriate array denotations?
- Functional complete operation set ?
- Scale ?
- Size limitations due to (blob) representations ?
- Community awareness?
 - Raster data (Peter Baumann)
 - Event data (Tore Rish)
 - Microscopy data (Jennie Zhang)

Storing Relations in MonetDB



Virtual **OID**: seqbase=1000 (increment=1)

BAT Data Structure



BAT:
binary association table

BUN:
binary unit

Head & Tail:

- consecutive memory blocks (arrays)
- memory-mapped files

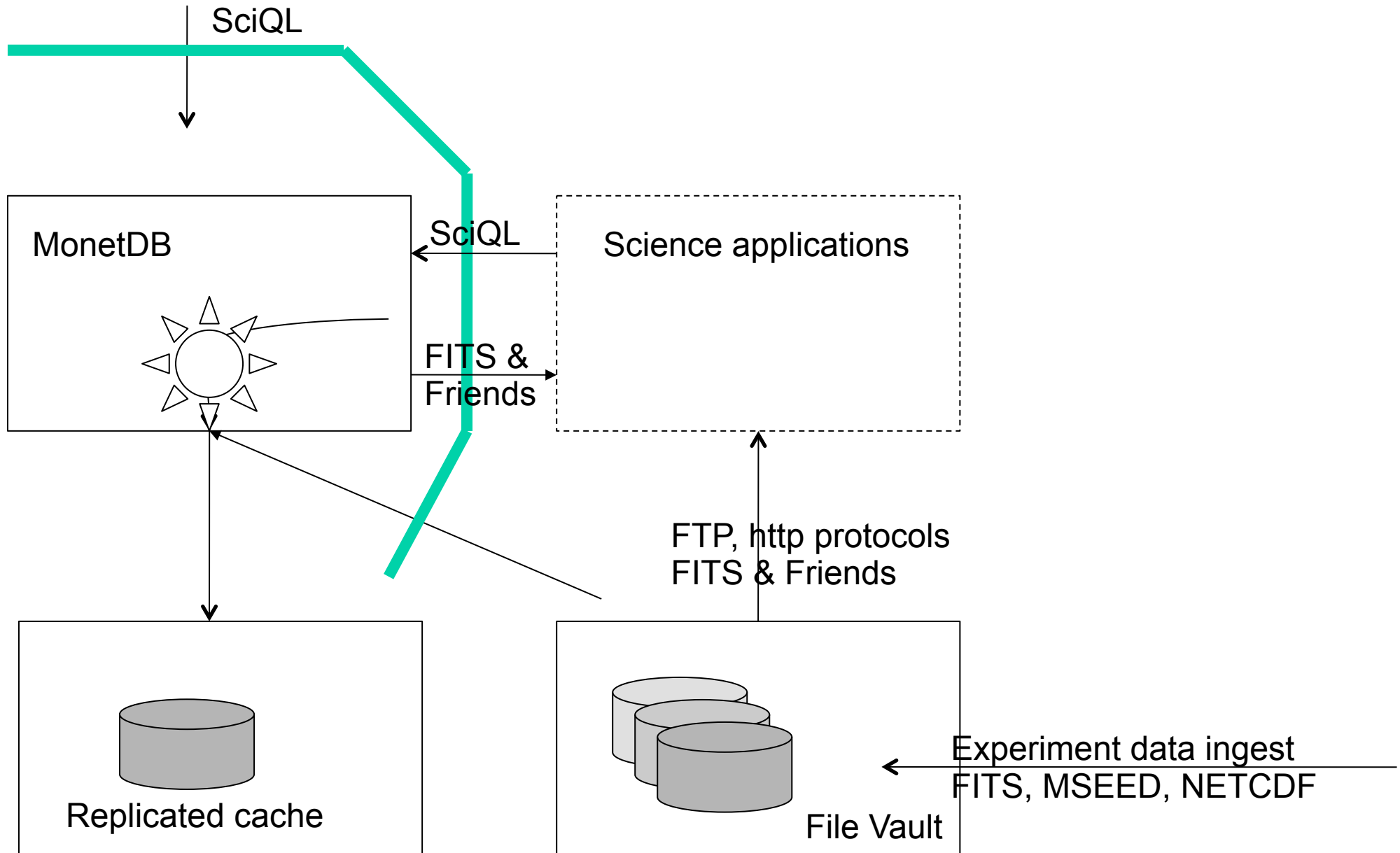
Tail Heap:

- best-effort duplicate elimination for strings (~ dictionary encoding)

MonetDB Vaults

A contract between MonetDB and file repository of voluminous scientific data

- provide seamless SQL access to foreign file formats using SciQL views
- zero cost, adaptive loading and replication
- Capitalize libraries as UDFs (linpack, R,..)
- Short term targets:
 - MSEED, FITS, NETCDF, csv



SciQL

(called Cycle)

Work in Progress !

Martin Kersten

Niels Nes

Milena Ivanova

Ying Zhang

MonetDB SciQL

SciQL (*pronounced 'cycle'*)

- A backward compatible extension of SQL'03
- Symbiosis of relational and array paradigm
- Flexible structure-based grouping
- Capitalizes the MonetDB physical array storage
 - Recycling, an adaptive 'materialized view'
 - Zero-cost attachment contract for cooperative clients

<http://www.cwi.nl/~mk/SciQL.pdf>

SciQL examples

```
CREATE ARRAY matrix (  
  x integer DIMENSION[0:4],  
  y integer DIMENSION[0:4],  
  value float DEFAULT 0 );
```

```
CREATE ARRAY vmatrix (  
  x integer DIMENSION[-1:5],  
  y integer DIMENSION[-1:5],  
  value float DEFAULT 0 );
```

-- simple checker boarding aggregation

```
SELECT sum(value) FROM matrix WHERE (x + y) % 2 = 0
```

-- embedding a transposed into a zero enlarged one

```
INSERT INTO vmatrix SELECT [y], [x], value FROM matrix
```

-- structural aggregation

```
SELECT x, y, avg(value) FROM matrix
GROUP BY matrix[x:x+2][y:y+2];
```

```
SELECT x, y, avg(value) FROM matrix
GROUP BY DISTINCT matrix[x:x+2][y:y+2];
```

```
SELECT x, y, avg(value) FROM vmatrix
GROUP BY matrix[x-1:x+1][y-1:y+1];
```

```
SELECT x, y, avg(value) FROM vmatrix
GROUP BY matrix[x][y],
matrix[x-1][y], matrix[x+1][y],
matrix[x][y-1], matrix[x][y+1];
```

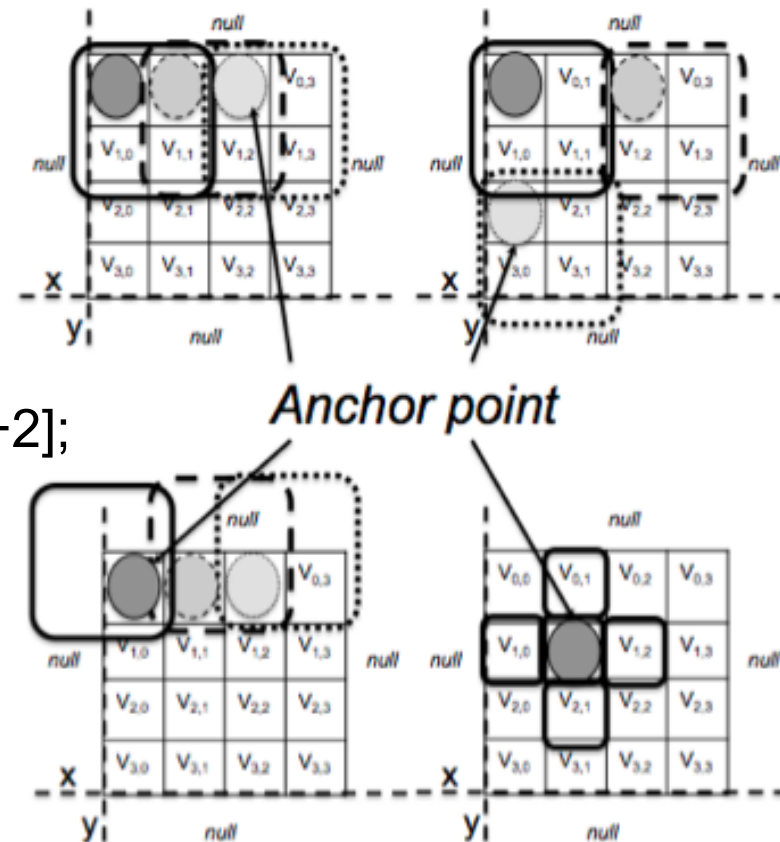


Figure 3: SciQL Array Tiling

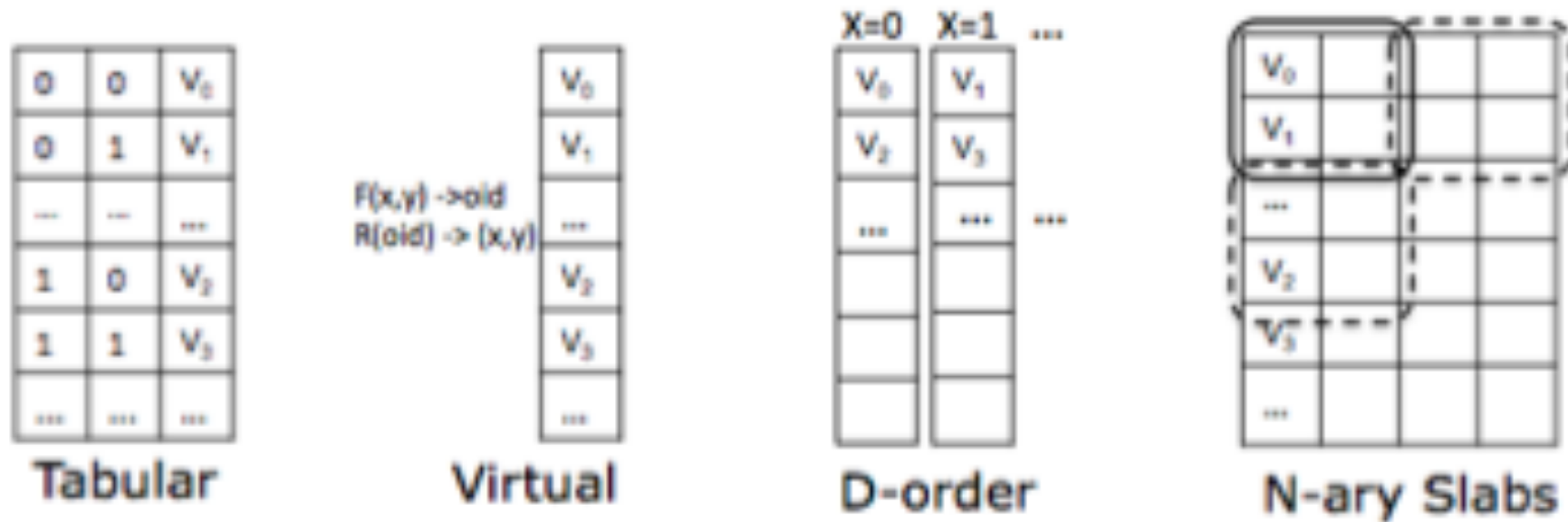


Figure 1: Alternative Array Storage Schemes

	MonetDB 5.23	SciDB 0.5	Rasdaman
Open source	Mozilla License	GPL 3.0 Commercial	Dual license
Downloads	>12.000 /month	Tens up to now	
SQL compliance	SQL 2003	??	SQL92++
Interoperability	JDBC, ODBC, MAPI, C, Python, Ruby, C++	C++ UDF	
Array model	SciQL	AQL	RASQL
Science support	Linked libraries	Linked libraries	Linked libraries
Foreign files	Vaults of csv, FITS, NETCDF, MSEED	??	
Distribution	50-200 node cluster	4 node cluster	
Distribution tech	Dynamic partial replication	Static fragmentation	Static fragmentation
	Various schemes	Map-reduce	
Largest demo	Skyserver SDSS 6 3TB	---	

Minimal requirements?