ELEMENTARY PARTICLE

CHENXI GU*

CONTENTS

1	Parti	icle Tree	1
	1.1	Light Unflavored Mesons	1
	1.2	Strange Mesons	2
	1.3	N Baryons	2
	1.4	J control of the cont	2
	1.5	Λ Baryons	2
	1.6		2
	1.7		3
	1.8	Born in Lab	3
2	Deca	ny Model	5
	2.1		5
	2.2		5
	2.3	Electromagnetic Decay	5
3	Parti	icle in the Detector	5
4	Sum	mary and Discussion	5
	4.1	Subsection	6
	4.2	Figure Composed of Subfigures	6
	ST (OF FIGURES An example of a floating figure	5
		OF TABLES	,
Tal	ble 1	Light Unflavored Mesons	2
Tal	ble 2	Strange Mesons	2
Tal	ble 3	N Baryons	2
Tal	ble 4	Δ Baryons	3
Tal	ble 5	Λ Baryons	3
Tal	ble 6	Σ Baryons	3
Tal	ble 7	Ξ Baryons	4
Tal	ble 8	Table of Grades	6

ABSTRACT

In this paper we review some elementary particle. They are very important part of standard model. Such as π , K. Mass, Width, Angular momentum, Parity, Isospin are our point. They may interact through the strong electromagnetic weak or through

some unknown force. The purpose of this review is to provide a guide for future searches what is known, what is not known. This is very necessary for the beginner.

1 PARTICLE TREE

There are so many elementary particles, So the best way is classify them. All elementary particles are made up quarks. In this paper we just focus on the meson and baryon which composed of 2 or 3 quarks.

- 1. Light Unflavored Mesons
- 2. Strange Mesons
- 3. N Baryons
- 4. Δ Baryons
- 5. Λ Baryons
- 6. Σ Baryons
- 7. Ξ Baryons

1.1 Light Unflavored Mesons

What is light unflavored mesons? In the quantum mechanic, we can use some quantum numbers to describe a quantum system. For the elementary particles, we usually use S, C and B. Light unflavored mesons is S = C = B = 0.

Table 1: Light Unflavored Mesons

Particle	Mass(MeV)	Width	$I^{G}(J^{PC})$
π^\pm	139.57018 ± 0.00035	$(2.6033 \pm 0.0005) * 10^{-8} s$	1-(0-)
π^0	134.9766 ± 0.0006	$(8.52 \pm 0.18) * 10^{-17}$ s	$1^{-}(0^{-+})$
η	547.862 ± 0.017	$1.31 \pm 0.05 keV$	$0^+(0^{-+})$
$\eta^{'}$	957.78 ± 0.06	$0.197 \pm 0.009 MeV$	$0^{+}(0^{-+})$
ρ	775.26 ± 0.25	$149.1 \pm 0.8 MeV$	$1^+(1^{})$
w	782.65 ± 0.12	8.49 ± 0.08 MeV	$0^{-}(1^{})$
ф	1019.461 ± 0.019	$4.266\pm0.031 MeV$	$0^{-}(1^{})$

Some particles are not the C eigenstate, such as π^{\pm} . We also could use lifetime to express the width, because we have $\Gamma = \frac{\hbar}{\tau}$.

1.2 Strange Mesons

Strange mesons are C = B = 0, $S = \pm 1$.

Table 2: Strange Mesons

		8	
Particle	Mass(MeV)	Width	$I(J^{\mathbf{P}})$
Κ±	493.667 ± 0.016	$(1.2380 \pm 0.0020) * 10^{-8}$ s	$\frac{1}{2}(0^{-})$
K^0	497.611 ± 0.013	-	$\frac{1}{2}(0^{-})$
$K^{*\pm}$	892.66 ± 0.26	$46.2 \pm 1.3 MeV$	$\frac{1}{2}(1^{-})$
K*0	895.81 ± 0.19	$47.4 \pm 0.6 MeV$	$\frac{1}{2}(1^{-})$

Koan is not G and C eigenstate. K^0 is not lifetime eigenstate, but K^0_L and K^0_S is.

^{*} Department of engineering physics, Tsinghua University, Pekin, China

1.3 N Baryons

N baryons are $I = \frac{1}{2}$, S = 0.

Table 3: N Baryons

Particle	Mass(MeV)	Width	$I(J^P)$
p n	938.272081 ± 0.000006 939.565413 ± 0.000006	3	$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^{-})}{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^{-})}$

p and n are not G and C eigenstate.

1.4 Δ Baryons

 Δ baryons are $I = \frac{3}{2}$, S = 0.

Table 4: ∆ Baryons

Particle	Mass(MeV)	Width	$I(J^P)$
Δ^-	-	-	$\frac{3}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^{-})$
Δ^0	-	-	$\frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$
Δ^+	-	-	$\frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$
Δ^{++}	-	-	$\frac{3}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

The pdg only give Breit-Wigner mass(mixed charges) = 1230 to 1234 MeV. And Breit-Wigner width(mixed charges) = 114 to 120 MeV.

1.5 ∧ Baryons

 Λ baryons are I = 0, S = -1.

Table 5: ∧ Baryons

Particle	Mass(MeV)	Width	$I^{(J^P)}$
Λ	1115.683 ± 0.006	$(2.632 \pm 0.020) * 10^{-10}$ s	$O(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

1.6 Σ Baryons

 Σ baryons are I = 1, S = -1.

1.7 Ξ Baryons

 Ξ baryons are $I = \frac{1}{2}$, S = -2.

1.8 Born in Lab

PION The invariant differential cross sections for inclusive neutral pion at midrapidity are measured in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{2} = 8\text{TeV}$ using the ALICE

Table 6: Σ Baryons

Particle	Mass(MeV)	Width	$I^{(J^P)}$
Σ^+	1189.37 ± 0.07	$(0.8018 \pm 0.0026) * 10^{-10} s$	$1(\frac{1}{2}^{+})$
Σ^0	1192.642 ± 0.024	$(7.4 \pm 0.7) * 10^{-20}$ s	$1(\frac{1}{2}^{+})$
Σ^-	1197.449 ± 0.030	$(1.479 \pm 0.011) * 10^{-10}$ s	$1(\frac{1}{2}^{+})$
$\Sigma(1385)^{+}$	1382.80 ± 0.35	$36.0 \pm 0.7 MeV$	$1(\frac{3}{2}^+)$
$\Sigma(1385)^{0}$	1383.7 ± 1.0	$36 \pm 5 MeV$	$1(\frac{3}{2}^+)$
$\Sigma(1385)^{-}$	1387.2 ± 0.5	$39.4 \pm 2.1 MeV$	$1(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

Table 7: Ξ Baryons

Particle	Mass(MeV)	Width	I(J ^P)
Ξ0	1314.86 ± 0.20	$(2.90 \pm 0.09) * 10^{-10}$ s	$\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$
Ξ^-	1321.71 ± 0.07	$(1.639 \pm 0.015) * 10^{-10}$ s	$\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$
$\Xi(1530)^{0}$	1531.80 ± 0.32	$9.1 \pm 0.5 MeV$	$\frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$
Ξ(1530)-	1535.0 ± 0.6	9.9 ^{+1.7} MeV	$\frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

detector at LHC. The neutral pion is identified from the invariant mass of photon pairs detected by the PHOS detector covering $260 < \phi < 320$, and $|\eta| < 0.12[1]$.

KAON A search for CP and P violation using triple-product asymmetries is performed with $\Lambda_b^0 \to p K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$, $\Lambda_b^0 \to p K^- K^+ K^-$ and $\Xi_b^0 \to p K^- K^- \pi^+$ decays. The data sample corresponds to integrated luminosities of 1.0fb–1 and 2.0fb⁻¹, recorded with the LHCb detector at centre-of-mass energies of 7TeV and 8TeV, respectively. The CP- and P-violating asymmetries are measured both integrating over all phase space and in specific phase-space regions. No significant deviation from CP or P symmetry is found.[2]

 η **MESON** We report the first observation of the doubly Cabibbo-suppressed decays $D^+ \to K^+ \eta^-$ using a 791fb⁻¹ data sample collected with the Belle detector at the KEKB asymmetric-energy e^+e^- collider. [3]

 ρ MESON The production of the $\rho(770)^0$ meson has been measured at mid-rapidity (|y|<0.5) in pp and centrality differential Pb–Pb collisions at $\sqrt{sNN}=2.76 TeV$ with the ALICE detector at the Large Hadron Collider. [4]

ω meson The production of ω(782) meson has been measured at mid-rapidity in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7 \text{TeV}$ with the ALICE detector at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC). The particles are reconstructed in the $ω \to π^0π^+π^-$ decay channel. A data sample with an integrated luminosity of $6nb^{-1}$ has been used to measure the invariant differential cross section of the ω meson and the pT-differential $ω/π^0$ ratio in the transverse momentum range 2 < pT < 17 GeV/c. The measured cross section and the $ω/π^0$ ratio are found to be in agreement with predictions of PYTHIA and PHOJET events generators. Furthermore, the $ω/π^0$ ratio is consistent with previous measurements by other experiments at lower energies within uncertainties.[5]

φ meson which is one of the key observables for the hot medium formed in high-energy heavy-ion collisions. ALICE measured φ production through its decay in muon pairs in Pb-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{sNN}=2.76 \text{TeV}$ in the intermediate trans- verse momentum range 2 < pT < 5 GeV/c and in the rapidity interval 2.5 < y < 4. The φ yield was measured as a function of the transverse momentum and collision cen-

 Σ Baryon We report on measurements of the inclusive production rate of Σ^+ and Σ^0 baryons in hadronic Z decays collected with the L3 detector at LEP. The Σ^+ baryons are detected through the decay $\Sigma^+ \to p\pi^0$, while the Σ^0 baryons are detected via the decay mode $\Sigma^0 \to \Lambda\gamma[7]$.

 Ξ Baryon Measurements of hadron production in pp collisions at \sqrt{s} =0.9,2.36 and 7 TeV recorded with the CMS detector are reported. Transverse momentum, pseudorapidity and multiplicity distributions of charged hadrons are presented. For non-single-diffractive collisions, the average charged-hadron transverse momentum and pseudorapidity density reveal an increase in production rate not well matched by theory and models. Measured spectra of identified strange particles, K_S^0 , Λ , Ξ^- and Ξ^+ , reconstructed based on their decay topology, are also presented. The production rates for strange particles are observed to be in excess of those predicted by Monte Carlo models by up to a factor of three[8].

 Λ BARYON Measurements of strange hadron (K_S^0 , $\Lambda + \Lambda$, $\Xi^- + \Xi^+$, and $\Omega^- + \Omega^+$) transverse momentum spectra in pp and pPb collisions are presented in several center-of-mass rapidity (yCM) intervals[9].

 Δ baryon We carry out photoproduction experiments using linearly polarized photon beams with energies of 1.5-3 GeV at SPring-8/LEPS. The photoproduction of various mesons and baryons is important to understand hadron production mechanisms. We took the data for the $\gamma p \to \pi^- \Delta^{++}$ and $\gamma p \to \pi^+ \Delta^0$ reactions at the forward π angles of 0.7 < cos $\theta_{\pi}^{c.m.}$ < 1 with the same acceptance for π^- and π^+ . Precise comparison between the $\bar{u}u$ and $\bar{d}d$ productions in the final state is possible, which is expected to give important information on how hadrons are produced. Preliminary results of photon beam asymmetries, which are sensitive to reaction mechanisms, are reported. [10]

 $\Sigma(1385)$ baryon We present a study of the inclusive production of K*(892) and $\Sigma^{\pm}(1385)$ at 3.6 GeV/c from $\bar{p}p$ interactions.[11]

 $\Xi(1530)$ baryon The production of the strange and double-strange baryon resonances $\Sigma^{\pm}(1385)$, $\Xi(1530)^0$ has been measured at mid-rapidity (|y| < 0.5) in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV with the ALICE detector at the LHC. Transverse momentum spectra for inelastic collisions are compared to QCD-inspired models, which in general underpredict the data. A search for the $\varphi(1860)$ pentaquark, decaying in $\Xi\pi$ channel, has been carried out but no evidence is seen.[12]

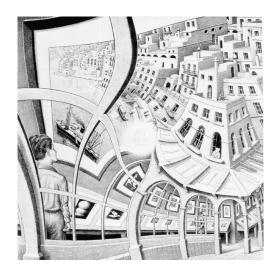


Figure 1: An example of a floating figure (a reproduction from the *Gallery of prints*, M. Escher, from http://www.mcescher.com/).

- 2 DECAY MODEL
- 2.1 Strong Decay
- 2.2 Weak Decay
- 2.3 Electromagnetic Decay
- 3 PARTICLE IN THE DETECTOR
- 4 SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION

Reference to Figure 1.

Suspendisse vitae elit. Aliquam arcu neque, ornare in, ullamcorper quis, commodo eu, libero. Fusce sagittis erat at erat tristique mollis. Maecenas sapien libero, molestie et, lobortis in, sodales eget, dui. Morbi ultrices rutrum lorem. Nam elementum ullamcorper leo. Morbi dui. Aliquam sagittis. Nunc placerat. Pellentesque tristique sodales est. Maecenas imperdiet lacinia velit. Cras non urna. Morbi eros pede, suscipit ac, varius vel, egestas non, eros. Praesent malesuada, diam id pretium elementum, eros sem dictum tortor, vel consectetuer odio sem sed wisi.

4.1 Subsection

Sed feugiat. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Ut pellentesque augue sed urna. Vestibulum diam eros, fringilla et, consectetuer eu, nonummy id, sapien. Nullam at lectus. In sagittis ultrices mauris. Curabitur malesuada erat sit amet massa. Fusce blandit. Aliquam erat volutpat. Aliquam euismod. Aenean vel lectus. Nunc imperdiet justo nec dolor.

4.1.1 Subsubsection

Etiam euismod. Fusce facilisis lacinia dui. Suspendisse potenti. In mi erat, cursus id, nonummy sed, ullamcorper eget, sapien. Praesent pretium, magna in eleifend egestas, pede pede pretium lorem, quis consectetuer tortor sapien facilisis magna. Mauris quis magna varius nulla scelerisque imperdiet. Aliquam non quam. Aliquam porttitor quam a lacus. Praesent vel arcu ut tortor cursus volutpat. In vitae pede quis diam bibendum placerat. Fusce elementum convallis neque. Sed dolor

orci, scelerisque ac, dapibus nec, ultricies ut, mi. Duis nec dui quis leo sagittis commodo.

WORD Definition

CONCEPT Explanation

IDEA Text

Etiam euismod. Fusce facilisis lacinia dui. Suspendisse potenti. In mi erat, cursus id, nonummy sed, ullamcorper eget, sapien. Praesent pretium, magna in eleifend egestas, pede pede pretium lorem, quis consectetuer tortor sapien facilisis magna. Mauris quis magna varius nulla scelerisque imperdiet. Aliquam non quam. Aliquam porttitor quam a lacus. Praesent vel arcu ut tortor cursus volutpat. In vitae pede quis diam bibendum placerat. Fusce elementum convallis neque. Sed dolor orci, scelerisque ac, dapibus nec, ultricies ut, mi. Duis nec dui quis leo sagittis commodo.

- First item in a list
- Second item in a list
- Third item in a list

4.1.2 Table

Table 8: Table of Grades

Na		
First name	Last Name	Grade
John	Doe	7.5
Richard	Miles	2

Reference to Table 8.

4.2 Figure Composed of Subfigures

Reference the figure composed of multiple subfigures as Figure ?? on page ??. Reference one of the subfigures as Figure ?? on page ??.

REFERENCES

- [1] Satoshi Yano. Neutral Pion Production in Proton+Proton Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV and Insight into Hadron Production Mechanism, Mar 2018. Presented 06 Mar 2018.
- [2] ... Aaij. Search for CP violation using triple product asymmetries in $\Lambda_{\rm b}^0$ \to $pK^-\pi^+\pi^-$, $\Lambda_b^0\to pK^-K^+K^-$ and $\Xi_b^0\to pK^-K^-\pi^+$ decays. Technical Report CERN-EP-2018-081, May 2018. * Temporary entry *.
- [3] E. Won, B. R. Ko, I. Adachi, H. Aihara, K. Arinstein, D. M. Asner, T. Aushev, A. M. Bakich, E. Barberio, A. Bay, V. Bhardwaj, B. Bhuyan, M. Bischofberger, A. Bondar, A. Bozek, M. Bračko, J. Brodzicka, T. E. Browder, P. Chang, A. Chen, P. Chen, B. G. Cheon, K. Chilikin, I.-S. Cho, K. Cho, S.-K. Choi, Y. Choi, J. Dalseno, M. Danilov, Z. Doležal, Z. Drásal, A. Drutskoy, S. Eidelman, J. E. Fast, V. Gaur, N. Gabyshev, A. Garmash, Y. M. Goh, B. Golob, J. Haba, T. Hara, K. Hayasaka, H. Hayashii, Y. Horii, Y. Hoshi, W.-S. Hou, Y. B. Hsiung,

- H. J. Hyun, T. Iijima, K. Inami, A. Ishikawa, R. Itoh, M. Iwabuchi, Y. Iwasaki, T. Iwashita, N. J. Joshi, T. Julius, J. H. Kang, N. Katayama, T. Kawasaki, H. Kichimi, H. J. Kim, H. O. Kim, J. B. Kim, J. H. Kim, K. T. Kim, M. J. Kim, S. K. Kim, Y. J. Kim, K. Kinoshita, N. Kobayashi, S. Koblitz, P. Kodyš, S. Korpar, P. Križan, T. Kumita, A. Kuzmin, Y.-J. Kwon, J. S. Lange, M. J. Lee, S.-H. Lee, J. Li, Y. Li, J. Libby, C.-L. Lim, C. Liu, Y. Liu, D. Liventsev, R. Louvot, S. McOnie, K. Miyabayashi, H. Miyata, Y. Miyazaki, R. Mizuk, G. B. Mohanty, Y. Nagasaka, E. Nakano, M. Nakao, H. Nakazawa, Z. Natkaniec, S. Neubauer, S. Nishida, K. Nishimura, O. Nitoh, S. Ogawa, T. Ohshima, S. Okuno, S. L. Olsen, Y. Onuki, P. Pakhlov, G. Pakhlova, H. Park, H. K. Park, K. S. Park, R. Pestotnik, M. Petrič, L. E. Piilonen, M. Röhrken, S. Ryu, H. Sahoo, K. Sakai, Y. Sakai, T. Sanuki, O. Schneider, C. Schwanda, A. J. Schwartz, K. Senyo, O. Seon, M. E. Sevior, C. P. Shen, T.-A. Shibata, J.-G. Shiu, F. Simon, J. B. Singh, P. Smerkol, Y.-S. Sohn, A. Sokolov, E. Solovieva, S. Stanič, M. Starič, M. Sumihama, T. Sumiyoshi, S. Suzuki, G. Tatishvili, Y. Teramoto, K. Trabelsi, M. Uchida, S. Uehara, T. Uglov, Y. Unno, S. Uno, Y. Usov, S. E. Vahsen, G. Varner, A. Vinokurova, C. H. Wang, M.-Z. Wang, P. Wang, M. Watanabe, Y. Watanabe, K. M. Williams, B. D. Yabsley, Y. Yamashita, M. Yamauchi, Z. P. Zhang, V. Zhilich, V. Zhulanov, A. Zupanc, and O. Zyukova. Observation of $D^+ \to K^+ \eta^{(\prime)}$ and search for cp violation in $D^+ \to \pi^+ \eta^{(\prime)}$ decays. *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, 107:221801, Nov 2011.
- [4] Acharya. Production of the $\rho(770)^0$ meson in pp and Pb–Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ = 2.76 TeV. Technical Report CERN-EP-2018-106, CERN, Geneva, May 2018. * Temporary entry *.
- [5] Production of $\omega(782)$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. May 2018.
- [6] Acharya. φ meson production at forward rapidity in Pb-Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$ TeV. Technical Report CERN-EP-2018-082, CERN, Geneva, Apr 2018. * Temporary entry *.
- [7] M.... Acciarri. Inclusive Σ^+ and Σ^0 Production in Hadronic Z Decays. *Phys.* Lett. B, 479(CERN-EP-2000-028. CERN-EP-2000-028. CERN-L3-203. 1-3):79-88. 17 p, Feb 2000.
- Measurements of Hadron Production at CMS. [8] Keith A. Ulmer. ICHEP2010(arXiv:1012.1605):355. 5 p, Dec 2010. Comments: Proceedings for talk given at ICHEP 2010. 5 pages, 12 figures.
- [9] Measurement of the nuclear modification factor of identified strange and multistrange particles in pPb collisions at sqrt(sNN) = 5.02 TeV with CMS experiment. Technical Report CMS-PAS-HIN-16-013, CERN, Geneva, 2018.
- [10] Hideki Kohri. Photoproduction of $\pi^-\Delta^{++}$ and $\pi^+\Delta^0$ on the proton for the comparison of ūu and dd productions. PoS, Hadron2017:066, 2018.
- [11] S Banerjee, S N Ganguli, A Gurtu, R Raghavan, K Shankar, Yves Goldschmidt-Clermont, R T Ross, S Squarcia, K Dziunikowska, T Haupt, P Girtler, D Kuhn, G L Koul, P Devanand, P V K S Baba, G Singh, Keith W J Barnham, J Wells, P R S Wright, F Mandl, Manfred Markytan, Maria Bardadin-Otwinowska, and M Szczekowski. Inclusive SIGMA(1385)+- production in K-p interactions at 110 GeV/c. Z. Phys. C, 31(TIFR-BC-85-7-REV):409-416. 8 p, Apr 1986.
- [12] title = Abelev...