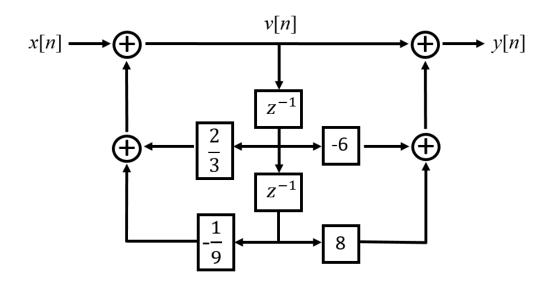
ICE503 DSP-Homework#6

1. Consider a causal LTI system whose input x[n] and output y[n] are related through the block diagram representation shown below:



- (a) Determine a difference equation relating y[n] and x[n].
- (b) For pole(s) and zero(s) of the system function $H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)}$, with X(z) and Y(z) being the z-transform of x[n] and y[n], respectively.
- (c) Is this system stable? Why?
- 2. A causal linear time-invariant system h[n] with input x[n] and output y[n] related according to the block diagram shown below:

$$x[n] \longrightarrow \begin{array}{c} \text{LTI system} \\ h[n] \end{array} \longrightarrow y[n]$$

When the input to the LTI system

$$x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \mu[n] + 2^n \mu[-n-1]$$

the corresponding output

$$y[n] = 5\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \mu[n] - 5\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n \mu[n]$$

(a) Find the system function H(z) of the system. Plot the pole(s) and zero(s) of

H(z) and indicate the ROC.

- (b) Find the impulse response h[n] of the system.
- (c) Write a difference equation that is satisfied by the given input and output.
- (d) Is the system stable?

3. MATLAB simulation:

Given a causal system:

$$y[n] = 0.9y[n-1] + x[n]$$

- (a) Find H(z) and sketch its pole-zero plot.
- (b) Plot $|H(e^{j\omega})|$ and $\angle H(e^{j\omega})$