

opt - fragmento opcional (ocorre se a guarda for verdadeira)

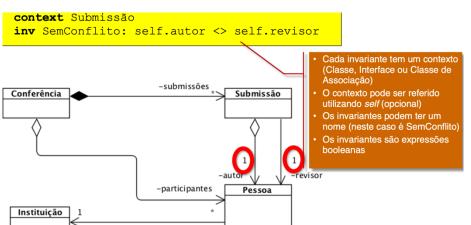
par - fragmentos ocorrem em paralelo

break - termina o fluxo

ref - referência a outro diagrama

T	Control of the Contro		
Iterator expression	Description		
<pre>iterate(iterator: T; accum: T2 = init body) : T2</pre>	Returns the final value of an accumulator that, after initialization, is updated with the value of the <i>body</i> expression for every element in the <i>source</i> collection.		
exists (iterators body) : Boolean	True if <i>body</i> evaluates to true for at least one element in the <i>source</i> collection. Allows multiple iterator variables.		
forAll(iterators body): Boolean	True if <i>body</i> evaluates to true for each element in the source collection. Allows multiple iterator variables.		
one (iterator body): Boolean	True if there is exactly one element in the source collection for which body is true		
isUnique (iterator body): Boolean	Results in true if <i>body</i> evaluates to a different value for each element in the <i>source</i> collection.		
any (iterator body): T	Returns any element in the source collection for which body evaluates to true. The result is null if there is none.		

Note: The iterator variable declaration can be omitted when there is no ambiguity.



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Operation	Description	
size(): Integer	The number of elements in this collection (self)	
isEmpty(): Boolean	size = 0	
notEmpty(): Boolean	size > 0	
includes(object: T): Boolean	True if object is an element of self	
excludes(object: T): Boolean	True if object is not an element of self	
count(object: T): Integer	The number of occurrences of object in self	
<pre>includesAll(c2: Collection(T)): Boolean</pre>	True if self contains all the elements of c2	
excludesAll(c2: Collection(T)): Boolean	True if self contains none of the elements of c2	
sum(): T	The addition of all elements in <i>self</i> (T must support "+")	
<pre>product(c2: Collection(T2)) : Set(Tuple(first:T, second:T2))</pre>	The cartesian product operation of <i>self</i> and <i>c</i> 2.	

Description	Syntax	Examples
Abstract collection of elements of type T	Collection(T)	
Unordered collection, no duplicates	Set(T)	Set{1, 2}
Ordered collection, duplicates allowed	Sequence(T)	Sequence {1, 2, 1} Sequence {14} (same as {1,2,3,4})
Ordered collection, no duplicates	OrderedSet(T)	OrderedSet {2, 1}
Unordered collection, duplicates allowed	Bag(T)	Bag {1, 1, 2}
Tuple (with named parts)	Tuple(field1: T1, fieldn : Tn)	Tuple {age: Integer = 5, name: String = 'Joe' } Tuple {name = 'Joe', age = 5}

- Set, OrderedSet, Bag e Sequence são casos particulares de Colecções (herdam as operações das colecções)
- Operações próprias
- Set: =, union, intersection, -(difference), ...
- OrderedSet: =, union, intersection, ...
- Bag: =, union, intersection, flatten, ...
- Sequence: =, append, prepend, insertAt, subSequence, ...

As operações em colecção aplicam-se com '->' em vez de '.'

s1->intercsection(s2)

- . Os revisores de uma submissão não podem ser seus autores
- 2. Os revisores de uma submissão não podem ser da mesma instituição dos autores

inv SemConflitoInst:
 (autores->collect(a | a.instit))->excludesAll(revisores->collect(instit))

inv SemConflitoInst:
 autores.instit->excludesAll(revisores.instit)

Como autores e revisores são colecções, o collect é aplicado automaticamente.

Iterator expression	Description
<pre>select(iterator body): Collection(T)</pre>	The Collection of elements of the <i>source</i> collection for which <i>body</i> is true. The result collection is of the same type of the <i>source</i> collection.
reject(iterator body): Collection(T)	The Collection of elements of the <i>source</i> collection for which <i>body</i> is false. The result collection is of the same type of the <i>source</i> collection.
collect(iterator body): Collection(T2)	The Collection of elements resulting from applying body to every member of the source set. The result is flattened.
collectNested(iterator body): CollectionWithDuplicates(T2)	The Collection of elements (allowing duplicates) that results from applying <i>body</i> (of type T2) to every member of the <i>source</i> collection. The result is not flattened. Collection type conversions: Set -> Bag, OrderedSet -> Sequence.
<pre>sortedBy(iterator body): OrderedCollection(T)</pre>	Returns an ordered Collection of all the elements of the <i>source</i> collection by ascending order of the value of the <i>body</i> expression. The type T2 of the <i>body</i> expression must support "<". Collection type conversions: Set -> OrderedSet, Bag -> Sequence.