

### 1) Advisory information

Title : Microsoft Excel HFPicture Record Parsing Remote Code Execution Vulnerability

Version : Excel 2002 SP3

Analysis : <a href="http://www.abysssec.com">http://www.abysssec.com</a>
Vendor : <a href="http://www.microsoft.com">http://www.microsoft.com</a>

Impact : Med/High

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Twitter : @abysssec CVE : CVE-2010-1248

### 2) Vulnerable version

Microsoft Office 2004 for Mac 0

**Microsoft Excel 2002 SP3** 

+ Microsoft Office XP SP3

**Microsoft Excel 2002 SP2** 

- + Microsoft Office XP SP2
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional SP3
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional SP2
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional SP1
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional
- Microsoft Windows 98
- Microsoft Windows 98SE
- Microsoft Windows ME
- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0 SP6a
- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0 SP6
- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0 SP5
- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0 SP4
- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0 SP3
- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0 SP2
- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0 SP1

- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0
- Microsoft Windows XP Home SP1
- Microsoft Windows XP Home
- Microsoft Windows XP Professional SP1
- Microsoft Windows XP Professional

#### Microsoft Excel 2002 SP1

- + Microsoft Office XP SP1
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Advanced Server SP2
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Advanced Server SP1
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Advanced Server
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Datacenter Server SP2
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Datacenter Server SP1
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Datacenter Server
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional SP2
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional SP1
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Server SP2
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Server SP1
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Server
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Terminal Services SP2
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Terminal Services SP1
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Terminal Services
- Microsoft Windows 98
- Microsoft Windows 98SE
- Microsoft Windows ME
- Microsoft Windows NT Enterprise Server 4.0 SP6a
- Microsoft Windows NT Enterprise Server 4.0 SP6
- Microsoft Windows NT Enterprise Server 4.0 SP5
- Microsoft Windows NT Enterprise Server 4.0 SP4
- Microsoft Windows NT Enterprise Server 4.0 SP3
- Microsoft Windows NT Enterprise Server 4.0 SP2
- Microsoft Windows NT Enterprise Server 4.0 SP1
- Microsoft Windows NT Enterprise Server 4.0
- Microsoft Windows NT Server 4.0 SP6a
- Microsoft Windows NT Server 4.0 SP6
- Microsoft Windows NT Server 4.0 SP5
- Microsoft Windows NT Server 4.0 SP4
- Microsoft Windows NT Server 4.0 SP3
- Microsoft Windows NT Server 4.0 SP2
- Microsoft Windows NT Server 4.0 SP1
- Microsoft Windows NT Server 4.0
- Microsoft Windows NT Terminal Server 4.0 SP6
- Microsoft Windows NT Terminal Server 4.0 SP5
- Microsoft Windows NT Terminal Server 4.0 SP4
- Microsoft Windows NT Terminal Server 4.0 SP3
- Microsoft Windows NT Terminal Server 4.0 SP2
- Microsoft Windows NT Terminal Server 4.0 SP1
- Microsoft Windows NT Terminal Server 4.0

- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0 SP6a
- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0 SP6
- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0 SP5
- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0 SP4
- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0 SP3
- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0 SP2
- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0 SP1
- Microsoft Windows NT Workstation 4.0
- Microsoft Windows XP Home
- Microsoft Windows XP Professional

#### **Microsoft Excel 2002**

- + Microsoft Office XP
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional SP2
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional SP1
- Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional
- Microsoft Windows 95 SR2
- Microsoft Windows 95
- Microsoft Windows 98
- Microsoft Windows 98SE
- Microsoft Windows ME
- Microsoft Windows NT 4.0 SP6a
- Microsoft Windows NT 4.0 SP5
- Microsoft Windows NT 4.0 SP4
- Microsoft Windows NT 4.0 SP3
- Microsoft Windows NT 4.0 SP2
- Microsoft Windows NT 4.0 SP1
- Microsoft Windows NT 4.0

Avaya Messaging Application Server MM 3.1

**Avaya Messaging Application Server MM 3.0** 

**Avaya Messaging Application Server MM 2.0** 

Avaya Messaging Application Server MM 1.1

**Avaya Messaging Application Server 5** 

**Avaya Messaging Application Server 4** 

**Avaya Messaging Application Server 0** 

**Avaya Meeting Exchange - Webportal 0** 

Avaya Meeting Exchange - Web Conferencing Server 0

Avaya Meeting Exchange - Streaming Server 0

Avaya Meeting Exchange - Recording Server 0

Avaya Meeting Exchange - Client Registration Server 0

## 3) Vulnerability information

Class

1- Buffer overflow

**Impact** 

Attackers can exploit this issue by enticing an unsuspecting user to open a specially crafted Excel ('.xls') file. Successful exploits can allow attackers to execute arbitrary code with the privileges of the user running the application.

Remotely Exploitable

Yes

**Locally Exploitable** 

Yes

# 4) Vulnerabilities detail

HFPicture record consists of an integrated encryption of a picture contents that may be a MSODRAWING or MSODRAWINGGROUP record format. The fields of this record consist of the followings:

Offset	Name	Size	Contents
4	rt	2	Record type; this matches the BIFF rt in the first two bytes of the record; =0866h
6	grbitFrt	2	FRT flags; must be zero
8	(unused)	8	Must be zero
16	rgf	1	Bit flags, see description below.

5	rgb	var	An embedded encoding of
			the contents of the picture;
			May be in MSODRAWING or
			MSODRAWINGGROUP record
			format as indicated in rgf
			flags listed below.

The sub\_3057124E function is responsible for processing this record. rgb field is used for encryption. One of the functions called in the process of rgb is sub\_30E2AFAF from mso.dll module:

```
eax, [ebp+arg_0]
ecx, edi
.text:30E2AFD0
                         lea
.text:30E2AFD3
                         mov
.text:30E2AFD5
                         push
                                eax
.text:30E2AFD6
                         call sub 30E2B01F
                         test eax, eax
jz loc_30F094DF
.text:30E2AFDB
.text:30E2AFDD
                         cmp [ebp+var_4], 4
jge short loc_30E2B002
.text:30E2AFE3
.text:30E2AFE7
.text:30E2AFE9
                         mov eax, [ebp+arg_0]
.text:30E2AFEC
                         mov
                                ecx, ebx
                        mov [ebp+var_8], eax call sub_30B41399
.text:30E2AFEE
.text:30E2AFF1
                        mov ecx, ebx call sub_30B4144A
.text:30E2AFF6
.text:30E2AFF8
.text:30E2AFFD
                                eax, [ebp+var_8]
                         mov
.text:30E2B000
                                [ebx], eax
                         mov
.text:30E2B002
                                ; CODE XREF: sub_30E2AFAF+38j
eax,[edi+14h] → rgb خواندن جهار بایت از فیلد
.text:30E2B002 loc_30E2B002:
.text:30E2B002
                         mov
.text:30E2B005
                         inc
                               [ebp+var 4]
.text:30E2B008
                         shr
                               eax, 4
.text:30E2B00B
                               eax, esi
                         and
.text:30E2B00D
                                ebx, 18h
                         add
.text:30E2B010
                                [ebp+var_4], eax
                         cmp
                             short loc_30E2AFD0
.text:30E2B013
```

In the above function 4bytes of values from this field is read and the result of shifting it 4bytes right and logic 'and' with 0FFF value will be compared with some number and if greater than that the execution is moved to the beginning of the loop causing sub 30E2B01F to be called.

Now it can be considered vulnerable because there is no control on the value of the 4byte read rgb.

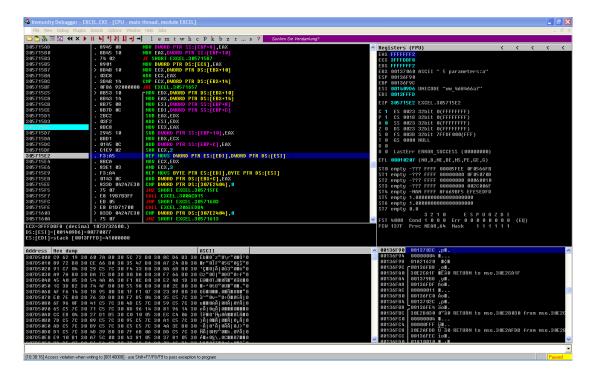
If follow the sub 30E2B01F function, you stop at the sub 57159C function:

```
push
.text:3057159C
.text:3057159D
                        mov
                               ebp, esp
                              ecx, [ebx+10h]
.text:305715B7
                        mov
.text:305715BA
                        add
                             ecx, eax
ecx, [ebx+14h]
loc_30571657
.text:305715BC
                        cmp
.text:305715BF
                        jbe
.text:305715C5
.text:305715C5 loc_305715C5:
                                            ; CODE XREF: sub_3057159C+B2j
.text:305715C5
                        mov edx, [ebx+10h]
```

```
eax, [ebx+14h]
.text:305715C8
                       mov
.text:305715CB
                       mov
                              esi, [ebp+arg_0]
.text:305715CE
                       mov
                              edi, [ebp+arg_4]
.text:305715D1
                       sub
                             eax, edx
.text:305715D3
                       add
                             esi, edx
.text:305715D5
                       mov
                              ecx. eax
.text:305715D7
                       sub
                             [ebp+arg_8], eax
.text:305715DA
                       mov
                              edx. ecx
.text:305715DC
                       add
                             [ebp+arg_4], eax
.text:305715DF
                       shr
.text:305715E2
                       rep movsd
.text:305715E4
                       mov
                             ecx, edx
.text:305715E6
                       and
                             ecx, 3
.text:305715E9
                       rep movsb
.text:305715EB
                       add
                             [ebx+0Ch], eax
.text:305715EE
                             dword_3080A110, 0
                       cmp
                            short loc_305715FE
sub_300ACD15
.text:305715F5
                       inz
.text:305715F7
                       call
.text:305715FC
                             short loc_30571603
                       jmp
```

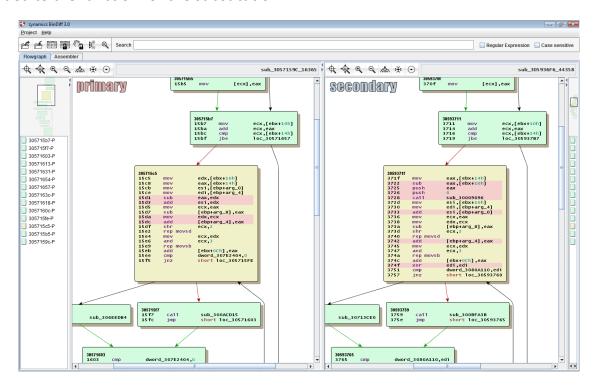
This function copies the content of records related to encryption in some buffer. In part of the function it checks whether we reach the end of the record or not. In case of the end of the record the length of the next record will be substitute by constant value of OEh. An then according to the result the buffer copying operation will be performed.

The main problem of this vulnerability is not checking the result of the substitution. If the length of the next record is less than the 0Eh the result is a negative or on the other way a very big number. So with the amount of this big number will be copied to the buffer.



In order to crash the program 58bytes from the beginning of the record should be skipped, then initializing with 4byte will crash the program depend on your value. For finding the beginning of this record in the poc file search the '66 08 4E 00' value in the hex editor (Be care that the 866 value is the identity for HFPicture record)

In the following graph you can see the comparison between vulnerable and patched code relating to the XP sp3. As you see in the patched version some checking code is added to the function for the substitution.



### **EXPLOIT**

As we discussed earlier the vulnerability can be stack overflow. Demonstrated on above picture all of the stack are overwritten, so the seh structure overwritten too. If someone able to gain the values of this structure can exploit the vulnerability.