

Building Packages

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R Packages

- Package Concept

- Creating R packages

- Package Tools

Package Dependencies and Namespaces

Unit Testing

Documentation

- Manual Pages

- Vignettes

Tools of the trade

- Version Control

- Efficient Editing

Resources

Outline

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Package Concept

R packages

A collection of source code allows the user to attach to R session when calling `library()` or `require()`.

Why write a package?

- ▶ Better way to organize your code.
- ▶ Ability to share software as R packages.
- ▶ Provide reliable access.
- ▶ Provide communication channel between the users and authors.

Creating a Package

Initialize a new package

```
> package.skeleton()
```

Source package

- ▶ Special files
 - ▶ Essential: **DESCRIPTION** and **NAMESPACE**.
 - ▶ Others: **configure**, **LICENSE**, **COPYING**, **INDEX** and **NEWS**.
- ▶ Subdirectories containing source code, documentation and other material.

Creating a Package

Subdirectories

| Directory | Content |
|-----------|--|
| R | source files (.R) |
| data | files of data objects to be loaded by data() |
| inst | content copied to the installed packages' directory doc – Sweave document (.Rnw) extdata – misc. data objects (ASCII) unitTest – unit testing functions |
| man | Rd documentation |
| src | source code in C, FORTRAN or C++ |
| tests | test code in R |

Package Tools

R shell tools

- ▶ Used to manage packages (build, check and etc.).
- ▶ Can be accessed from a command shell.

Shell commands

Take the form: R CMD *operation*

```
$R CMD build package  
$R CMD check package  
$R CMD check --help  
$R CMD INSTALL package  
$R CMD REMOVE package  
...
```

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Dependencies in DESCRIPTION

The DESCRIPTION file

```
Package: affy
Version: 1.25.2
Title: Methods for Affymetrix Oligonucleotide Arrays
Author: Rafael A. Irizarry <rafa@jhu.edu>, Laurent Gautier
      ...
Maintainer: Rafael A. Irizarry <rafa@jhu.edu>
Depends: R (>= 2.8.0), Biobase (>= 2.5.5)
Imports: affyio (>= 1.13.3), Biobase (>= 2.5.5), graphics,
      grDevices, methods, preprocessCore, stats, utils
Suggests: tkWidgets (>= 1.19.0), affydata
Description: The package contains functions for exploratory
      ...
License: LGPL (>= 2.0)
Collate: ProgressBarText.R ppset.ttest.R ppsetApply.R expressoWidget.R
      getCDFenv.R AffyRNAdeg.R avdiff.R barplot.ProbeSet.R ...
```

Dependencies in DESCRIPTION

- ▶ Declare what packages are required to run your package.
- ▶ Clarify the relationship between your package and other packages.
- ▶ Give clear and reliable definition of the package's behavior (namespaces).

Dependencies in DESCRIPTION

Depends

Packages expected to be attached

Imports

- ▶ Only a few functions or objects are used by this package.
- ▶ Not necessarily needed to be attached.
- ▶ Avoid the cost in time and space of accessing the unused functions.

Suggests

- ▶ Used in examples or vignettes.
- ▶ Introduce special functionality.

Namespace

Why give your package a namespace

- ▶ Avoid conflicts and confusion from multiple functions (from attached packages) with the same names.
- ▶ Control what are public (exported) and private.

Namespace

- ▶ Declare in the NAMESPACE file.
- ▶ Required being explicit about what is exported and imported.
- ▶ 'import' – entire package or specific objects, classes and methods.

```
import(Biobase)
or
importFrom(Biobase, openVignettes)
```

- ▶ 'export' – explicit list of objects, methods and classes.

```
exportPattern("^\\[\\.\\.\\.\\]")
export(...)
exportClass(...)
exportMethods(...)
```

- ▶ Sealed once the package is installed. Non-exported functions can be addressed by the `:::` operator.

Useful Tool: codetoolsBioC

```
> library(codetoolsBioC)
> ls(2)

[1] "findExternalDeps"
[2] "getRdFileNames"
[3] "writeNamespaceImports"
[4] "writeRUnitRunner"
```

writeNamespaceImports

Writes imports statements that can be included in a package's NAMESPACE file.

```
> library(GenomicFeatures)
> writeNamespaceImports("GenomicFeatures")
```

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What is a unit test?

A function myFun

```
library(RUnit)
```

```
myFun <- function(a) {  
  # input checking  
  if(!is.numeric(a))  
    stop("'a' should be of  
          type 'numeric(1)')")  
  if(length(a) != 1)  
    stop("'a' should be of  
          length 1")  
  
  # calc factorial  
  factorial(a)  
}
```

Unit test for myFun

```
test_myFun <- function() {  
  target <- 6  
  current <- myFun(3)  
  checkIdentical(target,current)  
  
  checkException(myFun("A"))  
  
  checkException(myFun(1:8))  
}
```


Why Unit tests ?

- ▶ Interface specification
- ▶ Ensures code correctness, e.g., when R changes
- ▶ Allows refactoring without breaking existing code
- ▶ Encourages writing simple, working code chunks that can be integrated into larger components
- ▶ Encourages collaboration – tests describe what is supposed to happen
- ▶ Helps describe bugs – ‘this test fails’
- ▶ Documentation for developer – what code is intended to do

The RUnit package

- ▶ Framework for test case execution
 - ▶ create a series of test functions
 - ▶ define a test suite (`defineTestSuite`)
 - ▶ run the tests (`runTestSuite`)
 - ▶ summarize results (`printTextProtocol`, `printHTMLProtocol`)
- ▶ Hint: use `writeRUnitRunner` from the `codetoolsBioC` package

Adding Unit tests to your package

- ▶ Create test functions
 - ▶ save in `inst/unitTests` folder of your package
- ▶ Function to create test suite, run tests, summarize results
 - ▶ use `writeRUnitRunner` to create the file containing the `.test` function
 - ▶ save in `R` folder of your package
- ▶ Function to call the `.test` function
 - ▶ save in the `tests` folder of your package
- ▶ Add `RUnit` to the `Suggests` field in `DESCRIPTION`

Running a unit tests

```
> library(nidemo)
> nidemo:::.test()
```

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Documentation Types

Manual pages

- ▶ Reference pages for R objects (functions, data sets, etc.)
- ▶ Written in “R documentation” (Rd) format
- ▶ Thoroughly checked during R CMD check
- ▶ Templates created by `prompt*` family of functions

Vignettes

- ▶ A task-oriented description of package functionality
- ▶ Contain simple “HowTo”s that are built with the package
- ▶ Written in Sweave (.Rnw) format, which integrates R code into \LaTeX documents
- ▶ Required component of a Bioconductor package

Details provided in *Writing R Extensions* manual.

Manual Pages (A Simple Example)

```
\name{name}  
\alias{alternate name}  
\title{name of manual page}  
\description{Brief description of what this does.}  
\usage{  
  myfun(arg1, arg2 = FALSE)  
}  
\arguments{  
  \item{arg1}{\code{arg1} is required}  
  \item{arg2}{\code{arg2} is optional}  
}  
\details{Important details on how it does it.}  
\value{Return type}  
\seealso{\code{\link{pkg:pkgfun}}{pkgfun}}  
\author{Your name here}  
\examples{## R code to demo this}  
\keyword{names from KEYWORDS file in R doc dir}
```

Manual Pages (Tips)

- ▶ Flip through “Writing R documentation files” chapter of *Writing R Extensions* manual
- ▶ Change manual page when when underlying R object changes
- ▶ Make examples run fast and be robust to changes in annotations and web resources
- ▶ Run R CMD check on modified packages

Vignette (Skeleton)

```
%\VignetteIndexEntry{Descriptive Title}
%\VignetteKeywords{words}
%\VignettePackage{Package Name}

\documentclass[11pt]{article}

\usepackage{Sweave}

\newcommand{\Rfunction}[1]{\texttt{#1}}
\newcommand{\Robject}[1]{\texttt{#1}}
\newcommand{\Rpackage}[1]{\textit{#1}}
\newcommand{\Rclass}[1]{\textit{#1}}

\title{Descriptive Title}
\author{your name}


\begin{document}
\maketitle


\end{document}
```

Vignette (Body)

```
\begin{document}
```

```
\maketitle
```

```
\section{Introduction}
```

The `\Rpackage{foo}` is great.

```
\subsection{Getting Started}
```

First load the `\Rpackage{foo}` package and then execute function `\Rfunction{foo}`.

```
<<code-block>>=
```

```
library(foo)
```

```
foo()
```

```
@
```

```
\end{document}
```

Vignette (Code Blocks)

```
<<UnevaluatedCode, eval=FALSE>>=  
longRunningFunction(bigDataObject)  
@  
<<UnseenCodeAndOutput, echo=FALSE>>=  
options(width = 60)  
@  
<<UnseenMessages, results=hide>>=  
library(Biobase)  
@  
<<IncludeGraphic, fig=TRUE>>=  
plot(1:10)  
@  
<<KeepMyFormat, keep.source=TRUE>>=  
loveMyFormat(arg1 = "first",  
              arg2 = "second")  
@
```

Sweave and Stangle Commands

Sweave – creates a post-(code block)-processed \LaTeX file

Stangle – creates an R script from code blocks

R commands

```
> library(tools)
> Sweave("foo.Rnw")
> texi2dvi("foo.tex", pdf=TRUE, clean=TRUE)
> Stangle("foo.Rnw")
```

Shell commands

```
R CMD Sweave foo.Rnw
R CMD texi2dvi --pdf --clean foo.tex
R CMD Stangle foo.Rnw
```

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Need for Version Control

Problems

- ▶ Projects consist of multiple files
- ▶ We add/remove/change content
- ▶ Multiple people editing same file -> merge changes
- ▶ Multiple machines/operating systems -> merge changes
- ▶ Go back to a previous snapshot

The wrong way

- ▶ proj1.R, proj2.R, proj3.R
- ▶ User managed backups

Version control software

- ▶ svn
- ▶ Mercurial
- ▶ git

Bioconductor svn

- ▶ Devel Branch

- ▶ <https://hedgehog.fhcrc.org/bioconductor/trunk/madman/Rpacks>

- ▶ 2.6 Release Branch

- ▶ https://hedgehog.fhcrc.org/bioconductor/branches/RELEASE_2_6/madman/Rpacks

- ▶ username:readonly password:readonly

Reference Book: *Version Control with Subversion*

<http://svnbook.red-bean.com/>

Useful svn commands: svn checkout

svn co

`https://hedgehog.fhcrc.org/bioconductor/trunk/madman/Rpacks/BiocCaseStudies/` `-username readonly -password readonly`

```
ngopalak@compbio-007021t:~/svn/Rpacks>
ngopalak@compbio-007021t:~/svn/Rpacks> svn co https://hedgehog.fhcrc.org/bioconductor/trunk/madman/Rpacks/BiocCaseStudies/ -u
username readonly -password readonly
A      BiocCaseStudies/R
A      BiocCaseStudies/R/colors.R
A      BiocCaseStudies/R/init.R
A      BiocCaseStudies/R/mySessionInfo.R
A      BiocCaseStudies/R/fixedWidthCat.R
A      BiocCaseStudies/R/resample.R
A      BiocCaseStudies/R/requiredLibs.R
A      BiocCaseStudies/DESCRIPTION
A      BiocCaseStudies/man
A      BiocCaseStudies/man/markup.Rd
A      BiocCaseStudies/man/requiredPackages.Rd
A      BiocCaseStudies/man/parseLibVers.Rd
A      BiocCaseStudies/man/mySessionInfo.Rd
A      BiocCaseStudies/man/fixedWidthCat.Rd
A      BiocCaseStudies/man/resample.Rd
A      BiocCaseStudies/NAMESPACE
Checked out revision 46926.
ngopalak@compbio-007021t:~/svn/Rpacks>
```

Useful svn commands: svn log

svn log NAMESPACE | more

```
ngopalak@compbio-007021t:~/svn/Rpacks/BiocCaseStudies>
ngopalak@compbio-007021t:~/svn/Rpacks/BiocCaseStudies> svn log NAMESPACE | more
-----
r29576 | fhahne | 2008-01-17 14:19:06 -0800 (Thu, 17 Jan 2008) | 2 lines
Added functions to control output of integers in Sexprs
-----
r28935 | fhahne | 2007-11-27 13:19:40 -0800 (Tue, 27 Nov 2007) | 2 lines
removed allset from NAMESPACE exports
-----
r28929 | hpages@fhcrc.org | 2007-11-27 11:17:19 -0800 (Tue, 27 Nov 2007) | 1 line
added BiocCaseStudies package
-----
ngopalak@compbio-007021t:~/svn/Rpacks/BiocCaseStudies> █
```

- ▶ Logs are useful only if useful commit messages are provided.
- ▶ Commit once conceptual change at a time.

Useful svn commands

- ▶ svn checkout
- ▶ svn add
- ▶ svn checkin
- ▶ svn update
- ▶ svn status
- ▶ svn log -v
- ▶ ...

Efficient Editing

Editing from the command line

- ▶ `history()`
- ▶ `savehistory("foo")`
- ▶ `loadhistory("foo")`
- ▶ reverse search on unix using `Ctrl-R`

Code editors

- ▶ Eclipse(StatET) <http://www.walware.de/goto/statet>
- ▶ Emacs(ESS) <http://ess.r-project.org/>
- ▶ vim(Vim-R-plugin2) http://www.vim.org/scripts/script.php?script_id=2628
- ▶ Tinn-R
- ▶ Notepad++(NppToR) <http://sourceforge.net/projects/npptor/>

Advantages

- ▶ syntax highlighting
- ▶ auto indent code
- ▶ send code/functions to R console

Efficient work flows

Editing without building documentation or configure

```
R CMD check --no-vigettes --no-examples pkgs
```

```
R CMD INTSALL --no-docs pkgs
```

```
R CMD INSTALL --no-configure pkgs
```

```
R CMD INSTALL --help
```

.Rprofile

```
.First <- function() {cat("\n Hello! \n\n")}  
  
if (interactive()) {  
  tryCatch({  
    source("http://bioconductor.org/biocLite.R")  
  }, error=function(e) invisible(NULL),  
    warning=function(w) message("Not connected to the net"))  
}  
  
reload_pkg <- function(p) {  
  detach(paste("package", p, sep = ":"), unload = TRUE,  
    character.only = TRUE)  
  library(p, character.only = TRUE)  
}
```

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- ▶ John Chambers. *Software for Data Analysis*. Springer, New York, 2008.
- ▶ *Writing R Extensions* manual,
<http://cran.r-project.org/doc/manuals/R-exts.html>
- ▶ *Version Control with Subversion*,
<http://svnbook.red-bean.com/>
- ▶ *Sweave User Manual*,
<http://www.stat.uni-muenchen.de/~leisch/Sweave>