

# Building a List

## Problem Statement

Chan has decided to make a list of all possible combinations of letters of a given string  $S$ . If there are two strings with the same set of characters, print the lexicographically smallest arrangement of the two strings.

```
abc acb cab bac bca
```

all the above strings' lexicographically smallest string is  $abc$ .

Each character in the string  $S$  is unique. Your task is to print the entire list of Chan's in lexicographic order.

for string  $abc$ , the list in lexicographic order is given below

```
a ab abc ac b bc c
```

## Input Format

The first line contains the number of test cases  $T$ .  $T$  testcases follow.

Each testcase has 2 lines. The first line is an integer  $N$  ( the length of the string).

The second line contains the string  $S$ .

## Output Format

For each testcase, print the entire list of combinations of string  $S$ , with each combination of letters in a newline.

## Constraints

$0 < T < 50$

$1 < N < 16$

string  $S$  contains only small alphabets(a-z)

## Sample Input

```
2
2
ab
3
xyz
```

## Sample Output

```
a
ab
b
x
xy
xyz
xz
y
yz
z
```

## Explanation

In the first case we have  $ab$ , the possibilities are  $a$ ,  $ab$  and  $b$ . Similarly, all combination of characters of  $xyz$ .

