

PERSONALITY ANALYSIS

MYERS-BRIGGS TYPE
INDICATOR

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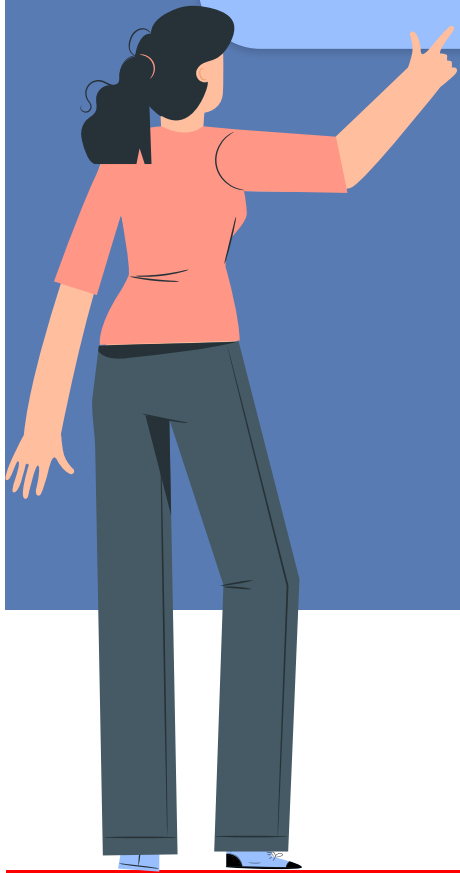
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ANALYSIS



Journal Pre-proof



Journal Pre-proof

Journal Pre-proof

EXAMINE PROVIDED DATA

In [3]: 1 df.head(5)

Out[3]:

	type	posts
0	INFJ	'http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qsXHcwe3krw http://41.media.tumblr.com/tumblr_ifouy03PMA1qa1rooo1_500.jpg enf and intj moments https://www.youtube.com/watc...
1	ENTP	'I'm finding the lack of me in these posts very alarming. Sex can be boring if it's in the same position often. For example me and my girlfriend are currently ...
2	INTP	'Good one ____ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fHiGbolFFGw Of course, to which I say I know; that's my blessing and my curse. Does being absolutely posit...
3	INTJ	'Dear INTP, I enjoyed our conversation the other day. Esoteric gabbing about the nature of the universe and the idea that every rule and social code being arb...
4	ENTJ	'You're fired. That's another silly misconception. That approaching is logically is going to be the key to unlocking whatever it is you think you are entitled ...



1 df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 8675 entries, 0 to 8674
Data columns (total 2 columns):
#   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0    type    8675 non-null      object
1    posts   8675 non-null      object
dtypes: object(2)
memory usage: 135.7+ KB
```

STEP 1: SPLIT POSTS INTO ROWS

```
1 # Split grouped posts into indiv. rows
2 def extract(posts, new_posts):
3     for post in posts[1].split("|||"):
4         new_posts.append((posts[0], post))
5
6 posts = []
7 df.apply(lambda x: extract(x, posts), axis=1)
8 print("Number of users", len(df))
9 print("Number of posts", len(posts))
10
11 df = pd.DataFrame(posts, columns=["type", "posts"])
```

Number of users 8675

Number of posts 422845

	type	posts
0	INFJ	'http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qsXHcwe3krw
1	INFJ	http://41.media.tumblr.com/tumblr_lfouy03PMA1qa1rooo1_500.jpg
2	INFJ	enfp and intj moments https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iz7IE1g4XM4 sportscenter not top ten plays https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uCdfze1etec pranks
3	INFJ	What has been the most life-changing experience in your life?
4	INFJ	http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vXZeYwwRDw8 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u8ejam5DP3E On repeat for most of today.
...
422840	INFP	I was going to close my facebook a few months back, but as well as wanting to be able to message my family in ausse and school friends i found that i had connect...
422841	INFP	30 Seconds to Mars - All of my collections. It seems to be fitting my mood right now.
422842	INFP	I have seen it, and i agree. I did actually think that the first time I watched the movie, and from the beginning (or when they got their powers) I kinda thought...
422843	INFP	Ok so i have just watched Underworld 4 (Awakening) and must say it was a really good film, Compared to the other films out in the last few months anyway. I don't...
422844	INFP	I would never want to turn off my emotions. sometimes I hide them from the world, but I still need them for me.'

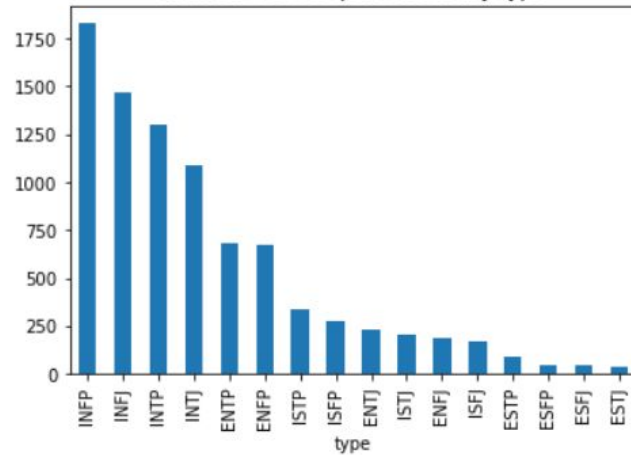
DATA CLEANING FUNCTION

```
1 def preprocess_text(df, mbpt_token=True):
2     # Remove url links
3     df["posts"] = df["posts"].apply(lambda x: re.sub(r'https?:\//.*?[\s+]', '', x.replace("|", " ") + " "))
4
5     # Strip misc punctuation
6     df["posts"] = df["posts"].apply(lambda x: re.sub(r'^[\w\s]', '', x))
7
8     # Remove Non-words
9     df["posts"] = df["posts"].apply(lambda x: re.sub(r'^a-zA-Z\s', '', x))
10
11     # Remove multiple letter repeating words
12     df["posts"] = df["posts"].apply(lambda x: re.sub(r'([a-z])\1{2,}[\s|\w]*', '', x))
13
14     # Remove short/long words
15     df["posts"] = df["posts"].apply(lambda x: re.sub(r'(\b\w{0,2})?\b', '', x))
16     df["posts"] = df["posts"].apply(lambda x: re.sub(r'(\b\w{30,1000})?\b', '', x))
17
18     # Remove Personality Type identifiers/tokens from posts
19     # MBPT identifier is substituted with 'PtypeToken' to avoid bias when training model
20     if mbpt_token:
21         pers_types = ['INFP', 'INFJ', 'INTP', 'INTJ', 'ENTP', 'ENFP', 'ISTP', 'ISFP', 'ENTJ', 'ISTJ', 'ENFJ', 'ISFJ', 'ESFJ', 'ESFP']
22         pers_types = [p.lower() for p in pers_types]
23         p = re.compile("(" + "|".join(pers_types) + ")")
24
25     df["posts"] = df["posts"].apply(lambda x: p.sub(' PtypeToken ', x))
26     return df
```

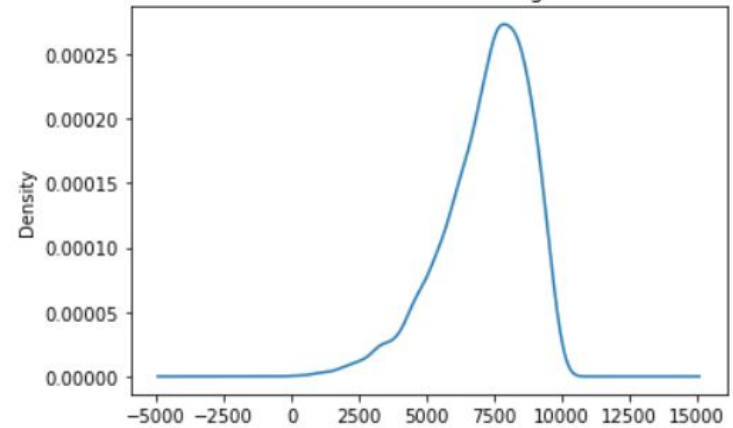
	type	posts
0	INFJ	
1	INFJ	
2	INFJ	PtypeToken and PtypeToken moments sportscenter not top ten plays pranks
3	INFJ	What has been the most lifechanging experience your life
4	INFJ	repeat for most today
...
422840	INFP	was going close facebook few months back but well wanting able message family ausse and school friends found that had connected few other websites
422841	INFP	Seconds Mars All collections seems fitting mood right now
422842	INFP	have seen and agree did actually think that the first time watched the movie and from the beginning when they got their powers kinda thought Andrew would ...
422843	INFP	have just watched Underworld Awakening and must say was really good film Compared the other films out the last few months anyway dont think was good ...
422844	INFP	would never want turn off emotions sometimes hide them from the world but still need them for

DISTRIBUTION OF DATA

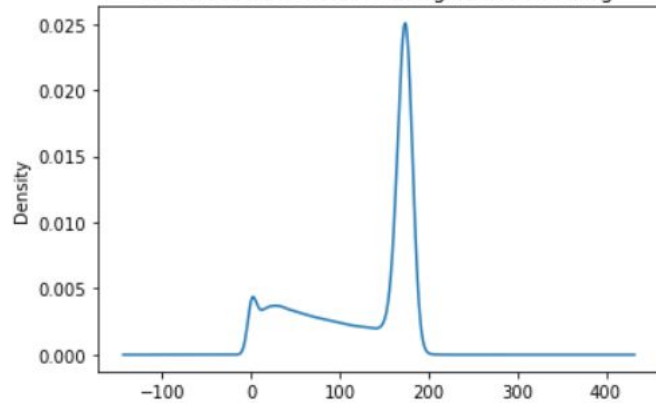
Number of Users per Personality type



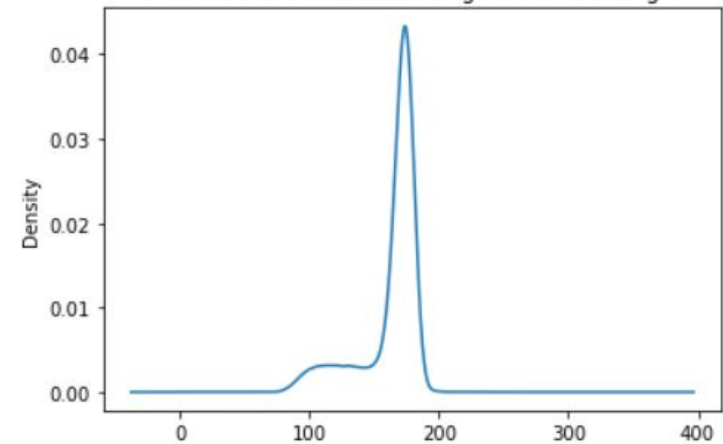
Distribution of Post Lengths



Distribution of Character length after cleaning



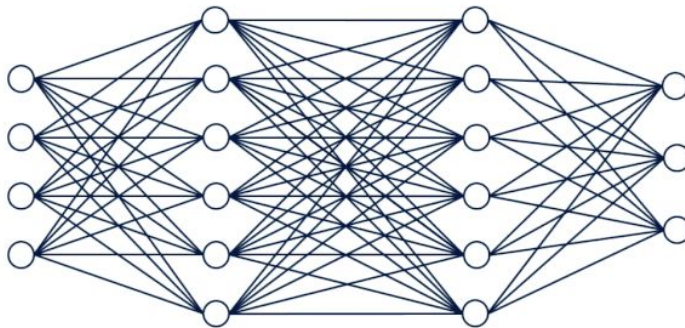
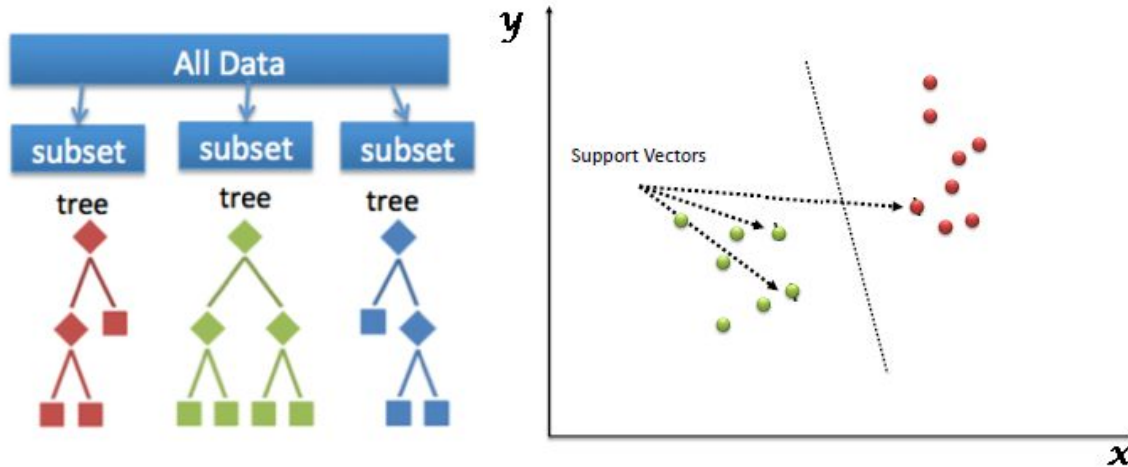
Distribution of Character length after cleaning 2



SQLITE DATABASE

[illegible]

ML APPROACH



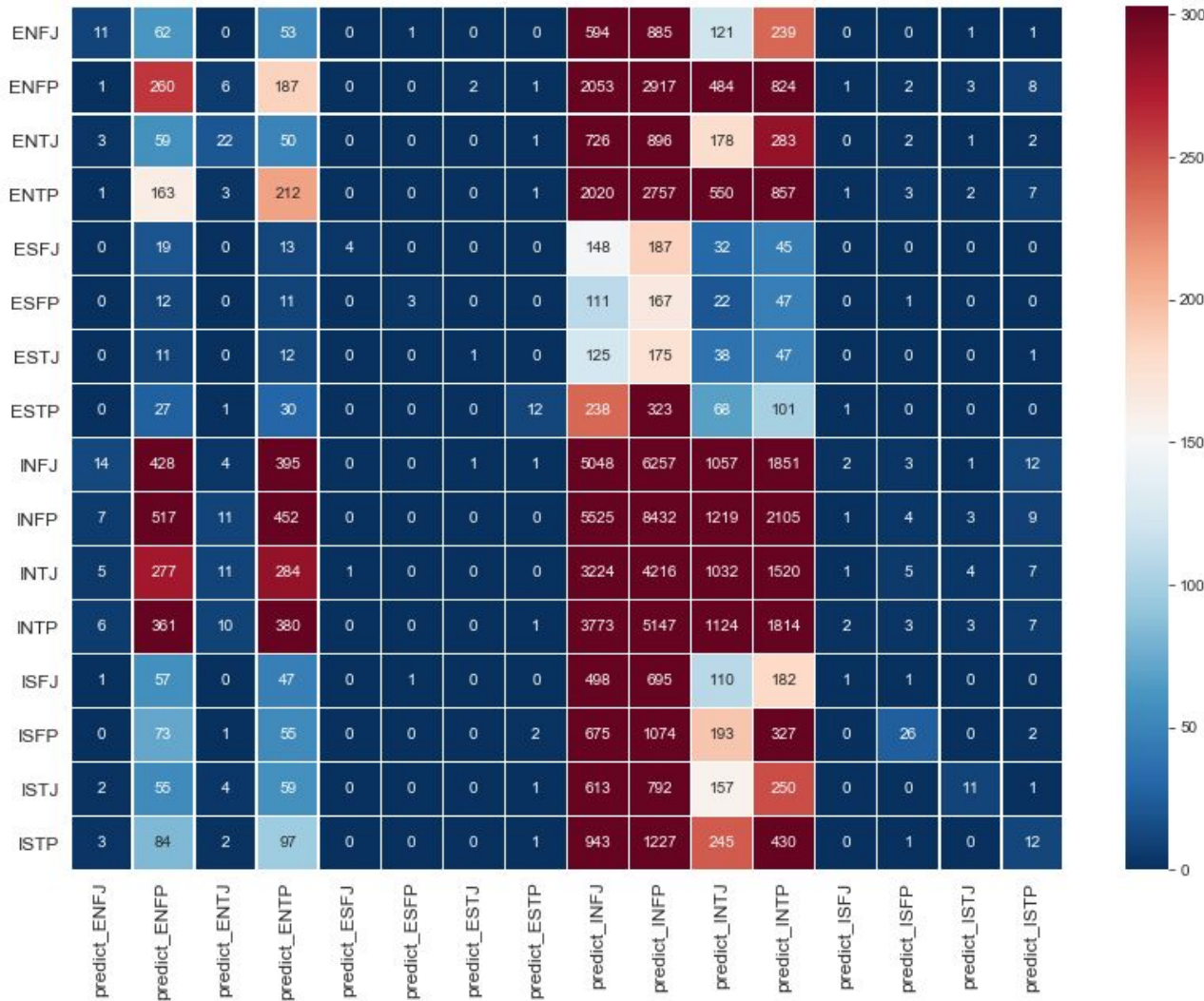
Random Forest: Large number of individual decision trees that operate together. Each tree has a class prediction and the one with most votes becomes our model's prediction.

SVM: Supervised learning models with associated learning algorithms that analyze data for classification.

Neural Network: Multitude of simple processing nodes that are highly interconnected and send data through these network connections to estimate a target variable.

RANDOM FOREST RESULTS

Confusion Matrix for Random Forest Classifier



- Accuracy: 19.9%
- Confusion Matrix: Best performance shown in subset 'IN' and 'EN' personalities
- Conclusion: Slightly lower accuracy than baseline so not suited to predicting classes outside of the ones with the highest frequency.

SVM RESULTS

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
ENFJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	74
ENFP	0.00	0.00	0.00	174
ENTJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	87
ENTP	0.00	0.00	0.00	158
ESFP	0.00	0.00	0.00	5
ESTP	0.00	0.00	0.00	12
INFJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	404
INFP	0.23	1.00	0.37	569
INTJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	297
INTP	0.00	0.00	0.00	482
ISFJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	37
ISFP	0.00	0.00	0.00	74
ISTJ	0.00	0.00	0.00	53
ISTP	0.00	0.00	0.00	74
accuracy			0.23	2500
macro avg	0.02	0.07	0.03	2500
weighted avg	0.05	0.23	0.08	2500

- Accuracy: 23%
- Confusion Matrix:
Best performance shown in subset 'INFP' personality
- Conclusion:
Slightly better accuracy than baseline model at 21%.

NEURAL NETWORK RESULTS

```
# Define the model - deep neural net, i.e., the number of input features and hidden nodes for each layer.
number_input_features = X_train_scaled.shape[1]
hidden_nodes_layer1 = 80
hidden_nodes_layer2 = 30

nn = tf.keras.models.Sequential()

# First hidden layer
nn.add(
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=hidden_nodes_layer1, input_dim=number_input_features, activation="relu")
)

# Second hidden layer
nn.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=hidden_nodes_layer2, activation="relu"))

# Output layer
nn.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=16, activation="sigmoid"))

# Compile the Sequential model together and customize metrics
nn.compile(loss="binary_crossentropy", optimizer="adam", metrics=["accuracy"])

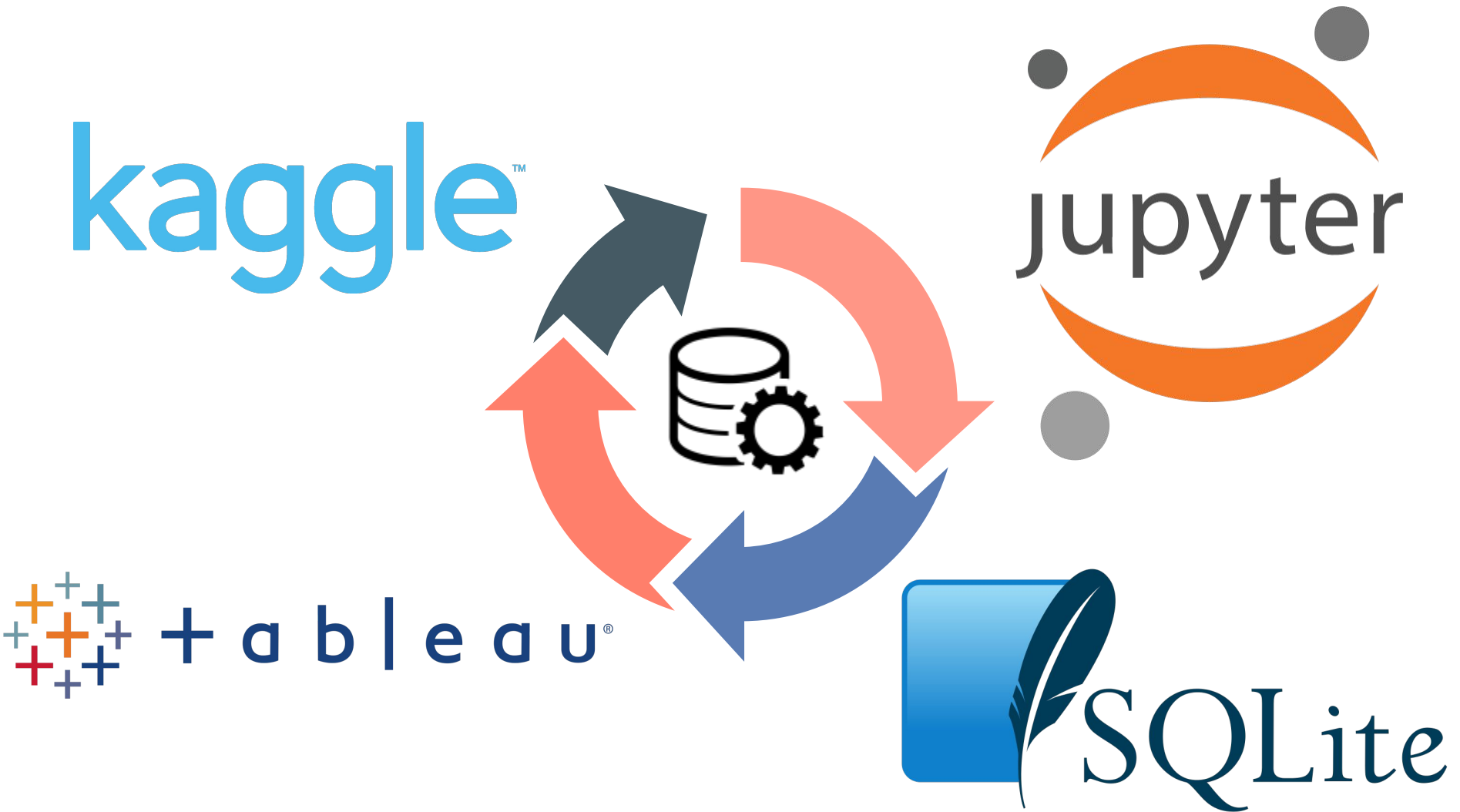
# Define the checkpoint path and filenames
os.makedirs("Optimization_Checkpoints/checkpoints3/", exist_ok=True)
checkpoint_path = "Optimization_Checkpoints/checkpoints3/weights.{epoch:02d}.hdf5"

# Create a callback that saves the model's weights
cp_callback = ModelCheckpoint(
    filepath=checkpoint_path,
    verbose=1,
    save_weights_only=True,
    save_freq=4020)

# Train the model
fit_model = nn.fit(X_train_scaled, encoded_y_train, epochs=100, callbacks=[cp_callback])
```

- Accuracy: 27%
- Loss: 18.9%
- Conclusion: Best accuracy than baseline model at 21%.

DASHBOARD CONNECTION



DASHBOARD (CLICK HERE)

Personality Analysis (Myers-Briggs Indicator Test)

What's Your Personality Type?

Use the questions on the outside of the chart to determine the four letters of your Myers-Briggs type.
For each pair of letters, choose the side that seems most natural to you, even if you don't agree with every description.

1. Are you outwardly or inwardly focused? If you:

- Could be described as talkative, outgoing
 - Like to be in a fast-paced environment
 - Tend to work out ideas with others, think out loud
 - Enjoy being the center of attention
- then you prefer

E
Extraversion

then you prefer
I
Introversion

2. How do you prefer to take in information? If you:

- Focus on the reality of how things are
 - Pay attention to concrete facts and details
 - Prefer ideas that have practical applications
 - Like to describe things in a specific, literal way
- then you prefer

S
Sensing

then you prefer
N
Intuition

ISTJ
Responsible, sincere, analytical, reserved, realistic, systematic. Handworking and trustworthy with sound practical judgment.

ISFJ
Warm, considerate, gentle, responsible, pragmatic, thorough. Devoted caretakers who enjoy being helpful to others.

INFJ
Idealistic, organized, insightful, dependable, compassionate, gentle. Seek harmony and cooperation, enjoy intellectual stimulation.

INTJ
Innovative, independent, strategic, logical, reserved, insightful. Driven by their own original ideas to achieve improvements.

ISTP
Action-oriented, logical, analytical, spontaneous, reserved, independent. Enjoy adventure, skilled at understanding how mechanical things work.

ISFP
Gentle, sensitive, nurturing, helpful, flexible, realistic. Seek to create a personal environment that is both beautiful and practical.

INFP
Sensitive, creative, idealistic, perceptive, caring, loyal. Value inner harmony and personal growth, focus on dreams and possibilities.

INTP
Intellectual, logical, precise, reserved, flexible, imaginative. Original thinkers who enjoy speculation and creative problem solving.

3. How do you prefer to make decisions? If you:

- Make decisions in an impersonal way, using logical reasoning
 - Value justice, fairness
 - Enjoy finding the flaws in an argument
 - Could be described as reasonable, level-headed
- then you prefer

T
Thinking

then you prefer
F
Feeling

4. How do you prefer to live your outer life? If you:

- Prefer to have matters settled
 - Think rules and deadlines should be respected
 - Prefer to have detailed, step-by-step instructions
 - Make plans, want to know what you're getting into
- then you prefer

J
Judging

then you prefer
P
Perceiving

ESTP
Outgoing, realistic, action-oriented, curious, versatile, spontaneous. Pragmatic problem solvers and skillful negotiators.

ESFP
Playful, enthusiastic, friendly, spontaneous, tactful, flexible. Have strong common sense, enjoy helping people in tangible ways.

ENFP
Enthusiastic, creative, spontaneous, optimistic, supportive, playful. Value inspiration, enjoy starting new projects, see potential in others.

ENTP
Inventive, enthusiastic, strategic, enterprising, inquisitive, versatile. Enjoy new ideas and challenges, value inspiration.

ESTJ
Efficient, outgoing, analytical, systematic, dependable, realistic. Like to run the show and get things done in an orderly fashion.

ESFJ
Friendly, outgoing, reliable, conscientious, organized, practical. Seek to be helpful and please others, enjoy being active and productive.

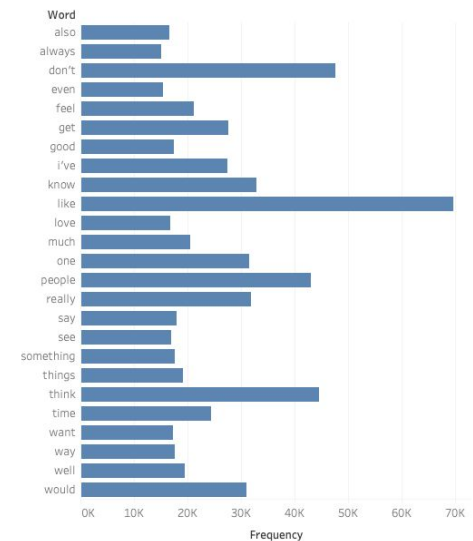
ENFJ
Caring, enthusiastic, idealistic, organized, diplomatic, responsible. Skilled communicators who value connection with people.

ENTJ
Strategic, logical, efficient, outgoing, ambitious, independent. Effective organizers of people and long-range planners.

Summary:

The last 50 tweets from various accounts on Twitter were gathered and a Myers-Briggs Personality Type was assigned. Using Machine Learning (SVM, Random Forest, and Neural Networks), the dataset was analyzed to see if we could correctly predict the personality type based on their tweets.

Top 25 Word Frequencies



Explore a ML

Model Analysis

Confusion Matrix for Random Forest Classifier

Distribution of Myer-Briggs Personality Types in the Dataset



ANALYSIS

Let's take a moment to contemplate the planets



THANKS!



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