

Biological and Agricultural Engineering Department

Modeling and Analysis of Physical and Biological Processes: EBS 270

Homework No. 2

Points: 50

Due Date: May 10, 2019

- 8 1a) Evaluate the peanut oil concentration in peanut butter cup with time, if peanut butter cup is assumed cylindrical in geometry and has a height of 18 mm with a 12 mm layer of peanut butter in the middle (i.e., develop a MATLAB code). Assume that the diffusivity of the lipid in liquid medium is $5.5 \times 10^{-15} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$ and the initial concentration of peanut oil in peanut butter layer is 18%.
- 2 1b) Use the `surface`¹ plot in MATLAB to produce plot of concentration versus the height of the peanut butter cup and time.
- 2 1c) Also plot the concentration of peanut oil at times 0, 1, 3, and 5 years on a single 2-D (concentration versus position) plot.
- 1 1d) What do these results suggest?
- 2 1e) Discuss the limitation of the model developed – do not simply restate the assumptions as limitations, identify one or two major limitations. How can you overcome these limitations?
- 20 2a) A completely thawed thin patty is being cooked on a hot plate that is maintained at a temperature of T_H . The ambient temperature is T_∞ . Develop a model for the heat transfer through the thickness direction of the patty while properly accounting for the convective heat loss through the circumferential edge. State all your assumptions.
- 2b) If the diffusion of moisture within the patty and evaporation of moisture at the surface are also considered important, how will the model change?

¹ Use help 'surf' in MATLAB to find details of this built-in function.

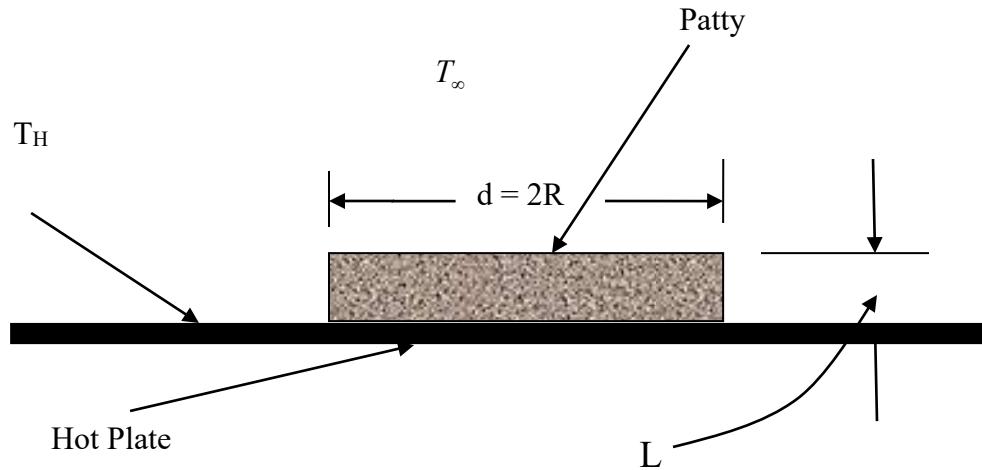


Figure 1. Cooking of a patty on a hot plate

- 15 3 A 6 cm radius and 35 cm long flexiglass cylinder is loaded with biomass at 50% humidity on a dry basis and inoculated with *Aspergillus niger*. A water jacket at a constant temperature of 35 °C surrounds the cylindrical face (See Figure 1). Develop a model to describe the temperature variation within the bioreactor. Assume also that the growth of *A. niger* follows the following growth equation:

$$\frac{dX}{dt} = \mu_{\max} X \left[1 - \frac{X}{X_{\max}} \right] \quad (3a)$$

$$\frac{d[m_{CO_2}]}{dt} = \left[a \frac{dX}{dt} + bX \right] \quad (3b)$$

where, μ_{\max} = Maximum growth rate that depends on temperature.

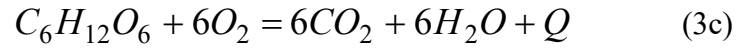
X = Mass of the microorganism

X_{\max} = Maximum biomass concentration that depends on temperature

a = 0.37 g-CO₂/cc-substrate (S)

b = 0.41 • 10⁻⁵ g-CO₂/(cc-S h)

m_{CO_2} = mass of CO_2 per unit volume of substrate.
 Moreover, respiration which leads to CO_2 generation is given by:



where $Q = 674$ Kcal/mole of glucose.

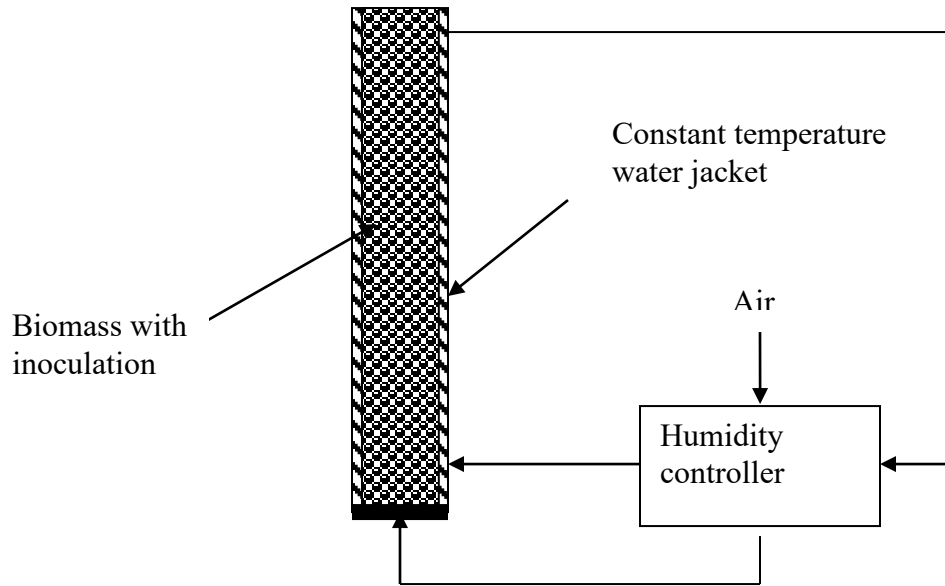


Figure 2. A flexiglass, cylindrical bioreactor of radius 6 cm and height 35 cm with a water jacket that is maintained at 35 °C.