

# Software Security

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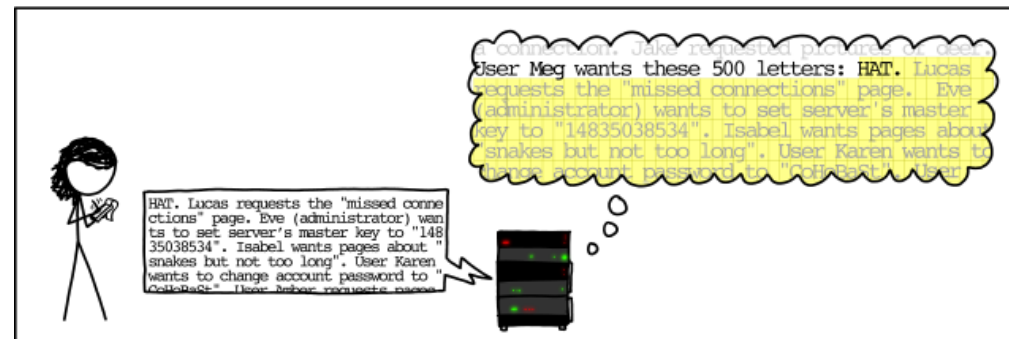
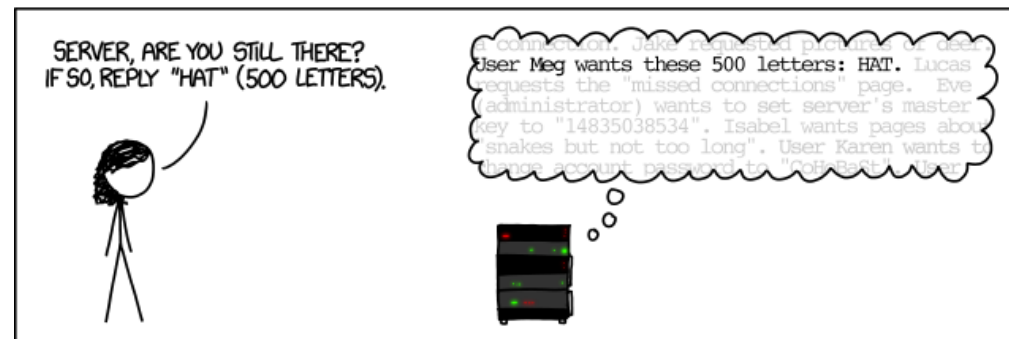
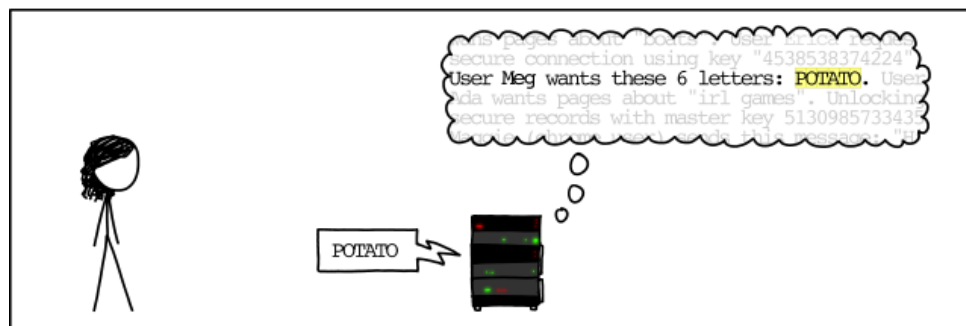
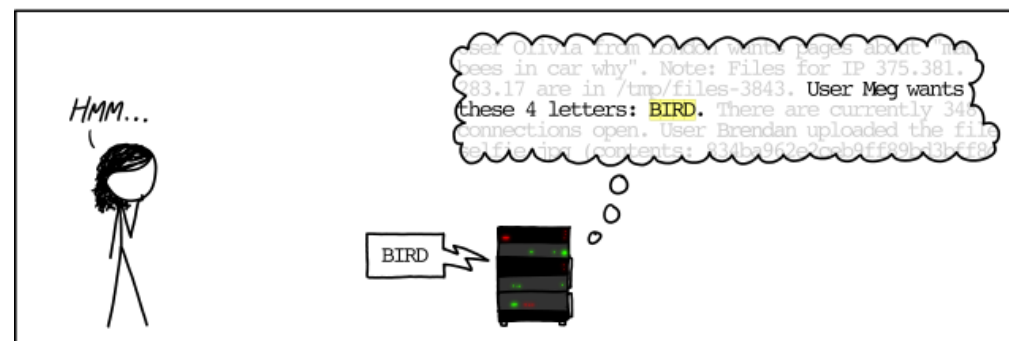
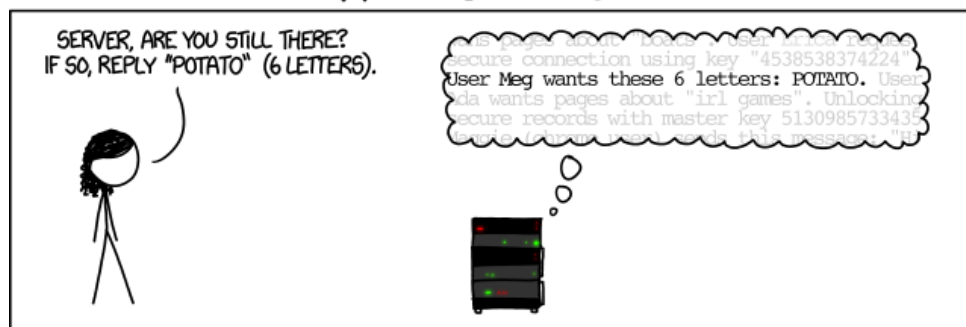
# Challenge: Fuzzing OpenSSL

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- OpenSSL è una libreria che implementa i protocolli TLS (Transport Layer Security) ed SSL (Secure Socket Layer)
- Nel 2014, è stata riscontrata una vulnerabilità buffer over-read ([CVE-2014-0160](#)) nel componente Heartbeat Extension
- È possibile identificarla usando ASAN ed AFL
- La versione vulnerabile della libreria è:
  - <https://ftp.openssl.org/source/old/1.0.1/openssl-1.0.1f.tar.gz>
- Per suggerimenti e soluzioni:
  - <https://github.com/mykter/afl-training/tree/master/challenges/heartbleed>

# Challenge: Fuzzing OpenSSL

## HOW THE HEARTBLEED BUG WORKS:



# Challenge: Fuzzing OpenSSL

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- Compilare OpenSSL abilitando ASAN

```
$ AFL_USE_ASAN=1 CC=afl-clang-fast CXX=afl-clang-fast++ ./config -d -g  
$ make
```

- Compilare il test harness abilitando ASAN

```
$ AFL_USE_ASAN=1 afl-clang-fast target.c -o target  
openssl/libssl.a openssl/libcrypto.a -I  
openssl/include -ldl
```

# Challenge: Fuzzing OpenSSL

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- Creare un certificato fittizio

```
$ openssl req -x509 -newkey rsa:512 -keyout  
server.key -out server.pem -days 365 -nodes -subj  
/CN=a/
```

- Avviare il test harness con AFL

```
$ afl-fuzz -i in -o out -m none -t 5000 ./target
```