### Notebook creado por Guillermo Grande Santi

## **Imports**

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import logging
import math
from collections import Counter
# from scipy.stats import norm
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, roc auc score
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV, cross val score
import pickle
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential # type: ignore
from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM, Dense # type: ignore
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences #
type: ignore
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer # type:
ignore
# import torch
# import torch.nn as nn
# import torch.optim as optim
# from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, TensorDataset
# import torch.backends.cudnn as cudnn
# from sentence transformers import SentenceTransformer
# from transformers import AutoTokenizer, AutoModel
from gensim.models import Word2Vec
from gensim.utils import simple preprocess
import nltk
import re
import string
import spacy
import contractions
import shap
2025-06-05 15:50:59.105286: E
external/local xla/xla/stream executor/cuda/cuda fft.cc:467] Unable to
```

```
register cuFFT factory: Attempting to register factory for plugin
cuFFT when one has already been registered
WARNING: All log messages before absl::InitializeLog() is called are
written to STDERR
E0000 00:00:1749131459.194713 743 cuda dnn.cc:8579] Unable to
register cuDNN factory: Attempting to register factory for plugin
cuDNN when one has already been registered
E0000 00:00:1749131459.223437
                                  743 cuda blas.cc:1407] Unable to
register cuBLAS factory: Attempting to register factory for plugin
cuBLAS when one has already been registered
W0000 00:00:1749131459.421795
                                  743 computation placer.cc:177]
computation placer already registered. Please check linkage and avoid
linking the same target more than once.
W0000 00:00:1749131459.421818
                                  743 computation placer.cc:1771
computation placer already registered. Please check linkage and avoid
linking the same target more than once.
W0000 00:00:1749131459.421820
                                  743 computation placer.cc:177]
computation placer already registered. Please check linkage and avoid
linking the same target more than once.
                                  743 computation placer.cc:177]
W0000 00:00:1749131459.421821
computation placer already registered. Please check linkage and avoid
linking the same target more than once.
2025-06-05 15:50:59.442734: I
tensorflow/core/platform/cpu feature guard.cc:210] This TensorFlow
binary is optimized to use available CPU instructions in performance-
critical operations.
To enable the following instructions: AVX2 FMA, in other operations,
rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
/home/ggs/Fake-News-Detection/.venv/lib/python3.11/site-packages/tqdm/
auto.py:21: TgdmWarning: IProgress not found. Please update jupyter
and ipywidgets. See
https://ipywidgets.readthedocs.io/en/stable/user install.html
 from .autonotebook import tgdm as notebook tgdm
```

# División Train, Valid y Test

```
# Cargar el DataFrame limpio
df = pd.read_csv("../Datasets/Cleaned-FR-News_V2.csv")

# Dividimos los datos en entrenamiento y prueba
# Por ahora usaremos únicamente el texto de la noticia (omitimos el título)
X = df["clean_text"]
y = df["label"]
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

# Se usará para redes neuronales
```

```
# Usaremos un 20% del conjunto de datos para validación (16% del
total)
X_train, X_valid, y_train, y_valid = train_test_split(X_train,
y_train, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

# Explicabilidad

Modelo con Tensorflow para facilitar explicabilidad - Batch 128

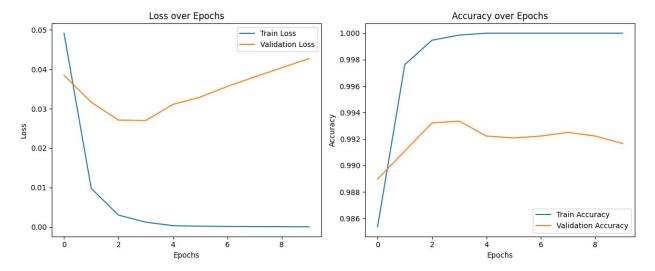
```
import tensorflow as tf
print(tf.config.list physical devices('GPU'))
[PhysicalDevice(name='/physical device:GPU:0', device type='GPU')]
def create dataset(train, test, shuffle=True):
    # Create a TensorFlow dataset from the text and fake columns of
the dataframe
    dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from tensor slices((train, test))
    if shuffle:
         # Shuffle the dataset if the shuffle parameter is True
        dataset = dataset.shuffle(1024, reshuffle_each_iteration=True)
    # Batch the dataset into smaller batches of size 256
    dataset = dataset.batch(128).cache().prefetch(tf.data.AUTOTUNE)
    # Prefetch the next batch of data to further optimize training
    return dataset
train ds = create dataset(X train, y train)
valid ds = create_dataset(X_valid, y_valid, shuffle=False)
test_ds = create_dataset(X_test, y_test, shuffle=False)
I0000 00:00:1749131479.004040 743 gpu device.cc:2019] Created
device /job:localhost/replica:0/task:0/device:GPU:0 with 5592 MB
memory: -> device: 0, name: NVIDIA GeForce RTX 3060 Ti, pci bus id:
0000:05:00.0, compute capability: 8.6
# Create a TextVectorization layer with specified parameters
vectorizer = tf.keras.layers.TextVectorization(
    \max tokens=10000.
    output sequence length=1024,
    pad to max tokens=True,
# Adapt the TextVectorization layer to the training data
vectorizer.adapt(X_train, batch size=1024)
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Input(shape=(), dtype=tf.string),
    vectorizer,
    tf.keras.layers.Embedding(
        input dim=10000,
```

```
output dim=64,
        input length=1024,
        mask zero=True
   tf.keras.layers.Bidirectional(tf.keras.layers.LSTM(64,
return sequences=True)),
   tf.keras.layers.Bidirectional(tf.keras.layers.LSTM(32)),
   tf.keras.layers.Dense(16, activation="relu"),
   tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")
])
model.compile(
   loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
   optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning rate=1e-3),
   metrics=[
        "accuracy",
        tf.keras.metrics.AUC(name="auc")
)
model.summary()
tf.keras.utils.plot model(model)
/home/ggs/Fake-News-Detection/.venv/lib/python3.11/site-packages/
keras/src/layers/core/embedding.py:90: UserWarning: Argument
`input length` is deprecated. Just remove it.
 warnings.warn(
Model: "sequential"
                                  Output Shape
Layer (type)
Param #
  text_vectorization
                                  (None, 1024)
  (TextVectorization)
 embedding (Embedding)
                                   (None, 1024, 64)
640,000
  bidirectional (Bidirectional)
                                  (None, 1024, 128)
66,048
  bidirectional 1 (Bidirectional) | (None, 64)
41,216
```

```
dense (Dense)
                                   (None, 16)
1,040
 dense 1 (Dense)
                                   (None, 1)
17 |
Total params: 748,321 (2.85 MB)
Trainable params: 748,321 (2.85 MB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)
You must install pydot (`pip install pydot`) for `plot model` to work.
# Verificación rápida
import tensorflow as tf
print("Asignación de ops en dispositivos:")
tf.debugging.set_log_device_placement(True)
file path = "../models/best bilstm test.keras"
history = model.fit(
   train ds,
   epochs=10,
   validation data=valid ds,
    callbacks=[
        tf.keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
            file path,
            save best only=True,
            monitor='val accuracy',
            mode='max'
        )
   ]
)
Asignación de ops en dispositivos:
Epoch 1/10
                ______ 57s 258ms/step - accuracy: 0.9825 - auc:
221/221 —
0.9969 - loss: 0.0597 - val accuracy: 0.9890 - val auc: 0.9988 -
val loss: 0.0385
Epoch 2/10
              ______ 59s 267ms/step - accuracy: 0.9969 - auc:
221/221 —
0.9997 - loss: 0.0127 - val_accuracy: 0.9911 - val_auc: 0.9981 -
val loss: 0.0316
Epoch 3/10
                   _____ 57s 260ms/step - accuracy: 0.9993 - auc:
221/221 —
1.0000 - loss: 0.0035 - val accuracy: 0.9932 - val auc: 0.9977 -
```

```
val loss: 0.0271
Epoch 4/10
                 56s 253ms/step - accuracy: 0.9998 - auc:
221/221 ———
1.0000 - loss: 0.0013 - val accuracy: 0.9934 - val auc: 0.9980 -
val loss: 0.0270
Epoch 5/10
              ______ 55s 249ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - auc:
221/221 —
1.0000 - loss: 3.9358e-04 - val accuracy: 0.9922 - val auc: 0.9977 -
val loss: 0.0311
Epoch 6/10
                  ______ 56s 251ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - auc:
221/221 —
1.0000 - loss: 2.3635e-04 - val accuracy: 0.9921 - val auc: 0.9977 -
val loss: 0.0329
Epoch 7/10
           63s 284ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - auc:
221/221 ——
1.0000 - loss: 1.5666e-04 - val accuracy: 0.9922 - val auc: 0.9974 -
val loss: 0.0356
Epoch 8/10
                 ______ 55s 249ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - auc:
221/221 —
1.0000 - loss: 1.1487e-04 - val_accuracy: 0.9925 - val_auc: 0.9971 -
val loss: 0.0380
Epoch 9/10
221/221 ______ 59s 265ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - auc:
1.0000 - loss: 8.6862e-05 - val accuracy: 0.9922 - val auc: 0.9971 -
val loss: 0.0404
Epoch 10/10
                  221/221 —
1.0000 - loss: 6.6984e-05 - val accuracy: 0.9917 - val auc: 0.9969 -
val loss: 0.0427
# Plot training and validation loss and accuracy
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
# Plot loss
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Train Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Loss over Epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
# Plot accuracy
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Accuracy over Epochs')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Consideramos óptimo el modelo que alcanza el máximo valor de *val\_accuracy* durante el entrenamiento. En este experimento, la mejor convergencia se produce en la cuarta época, con un val\_accuracy del **99,34** % y una pérdida de **0,027**, lo que supone un ligero progreso respecto al modelo en PyTorch. A continuación, presentamos los resultados obtenidos sobre el conjunto de prueba.

```
# Evaluate the TensorFlow model using the test_ds dataset
model = tf.keras.models.load_model(file_path)
eval_results = model.evaluate(test_ds)

70/70 _______ 8s 102ms/step - accuracy: 0.9950 - auc:
0.9991 - loss: 0.0176
```

En el conjunto de prueba, el modelo alcanza una precisión de **99,50 %**, el mejor resultado obtenido hasta la fecha. El área bajo la curva ROC —que mide la capacidad del modelo para distinguir correctamente entre clases positivas y negativas en todos los umbrales posibles— es de **99,91 %**, y la pérdida final se sitúa en **0,0176**.

Parece que **TensorFlow** no solo resulta ser más adecuado para aplicar explicabilidad a estos modelos, sino que también muestra un rendimiento ligeramente superior al de PyTorch con la misma configuración.

Comentario: El mismo modelo con Tensorflow con un batch de 256 obtiene aproximadamente el mismo rendimiento (99.11 %), por lo que el mejor batch sigue siendo 128.

### Explicabilidad mediante Deep SHAP

Utilizaremos **Deep SHAP** para la **explicabilidad** de nuestra LSTM Bidireccional, un método de explicabilidad que estima cómo cada característica contribuye a las predicciones de un modelo profundo.

- El método *Gradient Explainer de SHAP* utiliza **muestras de fondo** para aproximar valores SHAP de manera eficiente, ya que calcularlos para todos los datos de entrenamiento sería **computacionalmente inviable** en modelos complejos como BiLSTM.
- Además, para usar Gradient Explainer, se debe extraer la capa de vectorización, ya que SHAP requiere entradas numéricas (en lugar del texto en bruto). Se crea un submodelo que acepta secuencias de enteros, y se explican predicciones mapeando tokens a sus contribuciones.
- De hecho, la capa de embedding también debe ser extraída porque con mask\_zero=True, Embedding genera una máscara de padding que las LSTM cuDNN rechazan (requieren ceros al final); al usar mask\_zero=False eliminamos esa máscara y evitamos el chequeo de cuDNN. Además, los explainers por gradiente necesitan entradas float32 para calcular derivadas y no admiten IDs enteros, por lo que Deep SHAP comenzará con un tensor float32 de forma (batch\_size, 1024, 64) con los embeddings de cada token; la vectorización (texto—int64) y la conversión a embeddings (int32—float32) se hacen por tanto fuera del modelo.

```
# ——— 1) Cargamos modelo y extraemos cap
model = tf.keras.models.load_model("../models/best_bilstm.keras")
              = model.get_layer("text_vectorization")
vectorizer
orig embedding = model.get layer("embedding")
          = model.get_layer("bidirectional")
bilstm1
              = model.get layer("bidirectional 1")
bilstm2
dense1
              = model.get layer("dense")
dense2
              = model.get layer("dense 1")
# ——— 2) Clonamos el embedding SIN máscara (mask zero=False) —
cfg = orig embedding.get config()
cfg["mask zero"] = False # Es necesario para que no haya
incompatibilidades de padding
emb_no_mask = tf.keras.layers.Embedding.from config(cfg)
emb no mask.build((None, 1024))
emb no mask.set weights(orig embedding.get weights())
# ——— 3) Creamos un sub-modelo que arranca en la salida del
embedding -----
seq len = 1024
emb input = tf.keras.Input(shape=(seq len, cfg["output dim"]),
dtype=tf.float32, name="emb input")
x = bilstm1(emb input)
x = bilstm2(x)
x = densel(x)
output = dense2(x)
model after emb = tf.keras.Model(inputs=emb input, outputs=output,
name="after emb")
model after emb.summary()
```

```
Model: "after emb"
Layer (type)
                               Output Shape
Param #
                               (None, 1024, 64)
 emb input (InputLayer)
 bidirectional (Bidirectional) (None, 1024, 128)
66,048
 bidirectional 1 (Bidirectional) | (None, 64)
41,216
 dense (Dense)
                               (None, 16)
1,040
                               (None, 1)
dense 1 (Dense)
17 |
Total params: 108,321 (423.13 KB)
Trainable params: 108,321 (423.13 KB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)
# ——— 4) Preparamos background y ejemplo, calculamos sus embeddings
# Usa NumPy para SHAP
bg texts = X train[:250]
         = vectorizer(bg texts).numpy().astype(np.int32)
bg ids
shape (100,1024)
bg emb = emb no mask(bg ids).numpy()
                                                         #
(100, 1024, 64) float32
# Ejemplo a explicar
(1, 1024)
tok_emb = emb_no_mask(tok_ids).numpy()
                                                         #
(1, 1024, 64)
```

```
# — 5) Creamos el explainer sobre el modelo "after embedding"
explainer = shap.GradientExplainer(model after emb, [bg emb])
# — 6) Calculamos los valores SHAP del embedding del ejemplo -
shap emb vals = explainer.shap values(tok emb)[0] # devuelve un array
(1, 1024, 64)
# ——— 7) Colapsamos las 64 dimensiones en un único valor por token
(sumando cada dimensión) —
shap token vals = np.sum(shap emb vals[0], axis=1) # shape (1024,)
# ——— 8) Mapeamos IDs → tokens y emparejamos con SHAP –
vocab
          = vectorizer.get vocabulary()
ids
          = tok ids[0]
token shap = [
    (vocab[token id], float(shap token vals[i]))
   for i, token id in enumerate(ids)
   if token id != 0
]
# ----- 9) Ordenamos por importancia y mostramos top-20 tokens más
influyentes en la clasificación de la noticia —
top20 = sorted(token shap, key=lambda x: abs(x[1]), reverse=True)[:20]
print("Tokens más influyentes:")
for tok, score in top20:
   print(f"{tok:>15} {score:.4f}")
Tokens más influyentes:
      judiciary 0.0035
    parliament 0.0031
         choose 0.0031
         broad 0.0024
       national 0.0022
 responsibility 0.0022
        friday 0.0021
        poland 0.0016
       country 0.0014
         still 0.0013
       council 0.0013
         change 0.0012
       approval 0.0012
           rule 0.0012
       overhaul 0.0011
         house 0.0009
           rule 0.0008
          judge 0.0007
       nominate 0.0006
   presidential 0.0006
```

```
# —— 10) Summary Plot ——

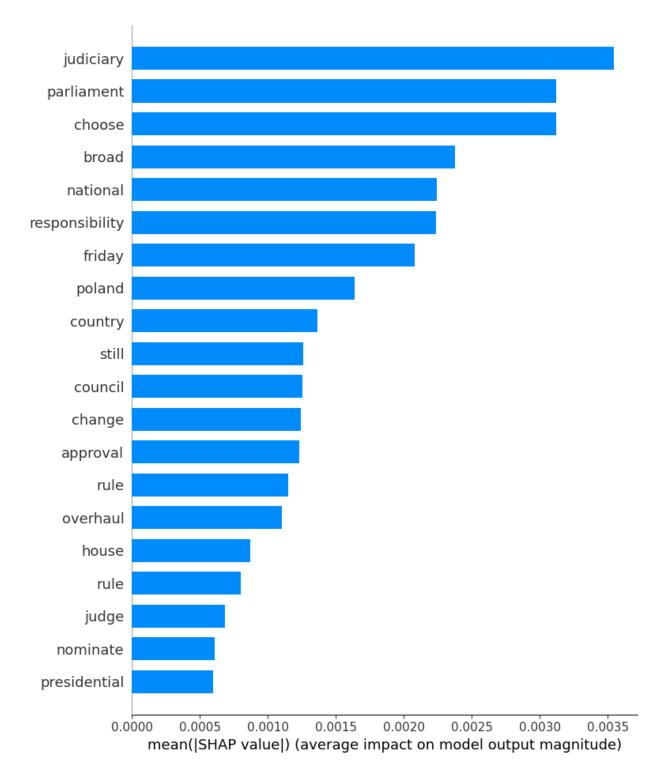
# Calculamos los indices de los tokens no-padding
nonzero_idx = [i for i, t in enumerate(ids) if t != 0]

# Extraemos sólo esos valores y nombres
vals = shap_token_vals[nonzero_idx].reshape(1, -1)
names = [vocab[ids[i]] for i in nonzero_idx]

# Llamada a summary_plot
print(f"Clasificación de la noticia: {y_test.iloc[0]}")
shap.summary_plot(vals, feature_names=names, plot_type="bar")

Clasificación de la noticia: 1

/tmp/ipykernel_9706/1614587616.py:12: FutureWarning: The NumPy global
RNG was seeded by calling `np.random.seed`. In a future version this
function will no longer use the global RNG. Pass `rng` explicitly to
opt-in to the new behaviour and silence this warning.
    shap.summary_plot(vals, feature_names=names, plot_type="bar")
```

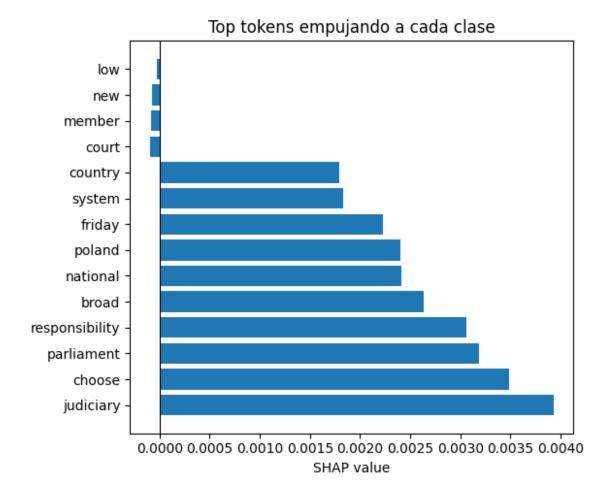


Mostrando tokens más influyentes en la clasificación de una noticia como verdadera o falsa

Hasta ahora simplemente mostramos los tokens más influyentes, pero al hacer el valor absoluto no podíamos saber hacía que lado de la clasificación estaban influyendo.

```
shap emb vals = explainer.shap values(tok emb)[0]
shap token vals = np.sum(shap emb vals[0], axis=1)
ids
                = tok ids[0]
                = vectorizer.get vocabulary()
vocab
# Emparejamos tokens con su valor SHAP (con signo)
token shap = [
    (vocab[token_id], float(shap_token_vals[i]))
    for i, token id in enumerate(ids)
    if token id != 0
1
# Separamos positivos y negativos
positive tokens = sorted(
    [ts for ts in token shap if ts[1] > 0],
    key=lambda x: x[1],
    reverse=True
)[:10]
negative tokens = sorted(
    [ts for ts in token shap if ts[1] < 0],
    key=lambda x: x[1]
)[:10] # aquí ya vendrán los más negativos al principio
print("Tokens que empujan hacia 'verdadero':")
for tok, score in positive tokens:
    print(f"{tok:>15} {score:.4f}")
print("\nTokens que empujan hacia 'falso':")
for tok, score in negative tokens:
    print(f"{tok:>15} {score:.4f}")
/home/ggs/Fake-News-Detection/.venv/lib/python3.11/site-packages/
keras/src/models/functional.py:238: UserWarning: The structure of
`inputs` doesn't match the expected structure.
Expected: emb input
Received: inputs=['Tensor(shape=(1, 1024, 64))']
 warnings.warn(msg)
Tokens que empujan hacia 'verdadero':
      judiciary 0.0039
         choose 0.0035
     parliament 0.0032
 responsibility 0.0031
          broad 0.0026
       national 0.0024
         poland 0.0024
         friday 0.0022
         system 0.0018
        country 0.0018
```

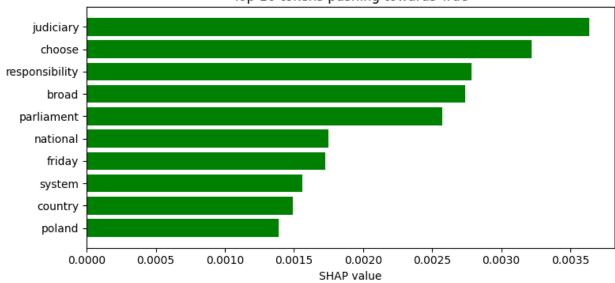
```
Tokens que empujan hacia 'falso':
           court -0.0001
         member -0.0001
             new -0.0001
             low -0.0000
# Combinar para gráfica, alternando color según signo
top combined = positive tokens[:10] + negative tokens[:10]
tokens, scores = zip(*top_combined)
y pos = range(len(tokens))
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 5))
plt.barh(y pos, scores)
plt.yticks(y_pos, tokens)
plt.axvline(\overline{0}, color="k", linewidth=0.8)
plt.title("Top tokens empujando a cada clase")
plt.xlabel("SHAP value")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Como la noticia es verdadera, se observa claramente que hay SHAP values mucho mayores en tokens que influyen en la clasificación hacia verdadera.

```
# Crearemos una función para facilitar el proceso
def get top shap tokens(explainer, vectorizer, emb no mask, text,
true label, top n=10):
    Given a SHAP explainer, a raw text string and its true label (0 or
1),
    returns the top n tokens pushing the model output towards that
label.
    0.00
    # 1) Tokenize and embed the input text
    tok ids = vectorizer([text]).numpy().astype(np.int32)
                                                                    #
(1, seg len)
    tok emb = emb no mask(tok ids).numpy()
                                                                    #
(1, seq_len, emb dim)
    # 2) Compute SHAP values on embedding
    shap emb = explainer.shap values(tok emb)[0]
                                                                    #
(1, seg len, emb dim)
    # 3) Sum across embedding dimensions to get one score per token
    shap token vals = np.sum(shap emb[0], axis=1)
(seg len,)
    # 4) Emparejamos tokens con sus valores SHAP, evitando overflow
    vocab = vectorizer.get vocabulary()
    token ids = tok ids[0]
    token shaps = [
        (vocab[token id], float(shap val))
        for token_id, shap_val in zip(token_ids, shap_token_vals)
        if token id != 0 and vocab[token id] != "[UNK]"
    1
    # 5) Separate positive vs. negative contributions
    pos = sorted([ts for ts in token shaps if ts[1] > 0], key=lambda
x: x[1], reverse=True)
    neg = sorted([ts for ts in token shaps if ts[1] < 0], key=lambda
x: x[1]
    # 6) Select top n tokens driving towards the true label
    selected = pos[:top n] if true label == 1 else neg[:top n]
    # 7) Plot pushes of those tokens
    tokens, scores = zip(*selected)
    y pos = list(range(len(tokens)))
    colors = ['green' if s > 0 else 'red' for s in scores]
    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 4))
    plt.barh(y_pos, scores, color=colors)
    plt.yticks(y pos, tokens)
    plt.axvline(0, color='black', linewidth=0.8)
    plt.gca().invert yaxis()
    plt.title(f"Top {top n} tokens pushing towards {'True' if
```

```
true label==1 else 'False'}")
    plt.xlabel("SHAP value")
    plt.tight layout()
    plt.show()
    # 8) Return the list of (token, score)
    return selected
top n = 10
for i in range(10):
    print(f"Example {i}:")
    print("Example text:", X_test.iloc[i])
    print("True label:", y_test.iloc[i])
    selected = get_top_shap_tokens(explainer, vectorizer, emb_no_mask,
X test.iloc[i], y_test.iloc[i], top_n=top_n)
    print("Selected tokens and their SHAP values:")
    for token, score in selected:
        print(f"{token}: {score:.4f}")
    print("-" * 40)
Example 0:
Example text: warsaw poland low house parliament friday approve
change country national judiciary council part broad overhaul court
system push rule conservative new rule still need senate presidential
approval parliament responsibility choose member council turn nominate
iudae
True label: 1
/home/ggs/Fake-News-Detection/.venv/lib/python3.11/site-packages/
keras/src/models/functional.py:238: UserWarning: The structure of
`inputs` doesn't match the expected structure.
Expected: emb input
Received: inputs=['Tensor(shape=(1, 1024, 64))']
 warnings.warn(msg)
```



Top 10 tokens pushing towards True

Selected tokens and their SHAP values:

judiciary: 0.0036 choose: 0.0032

responsibility: 0.0028

broad: 0.0027

parliament: 0.0026 national: 0.0018 friday: 0.0017 system: 0.0016 country: 0.0015 poland: 0.0014

------

#### Example 1:

Example text: washington roger stone longtime ally president donald trump say thursday agree testify closed hearing house representatives intelligence committee investigation possible russia meddle presidential election member committee present hearing stone informal adviser republican president say statement hearing hold sept stone say ask open public hearing interest full transparency since close request immediate release transcript avoid confusion testimony much look forward testify anxious correct number misstatement committee member regard activity stone say spokeswoman representative mike conaway republican charge committee investigation decline comment house panel one main congressional committee investigate allegation russia seek interfere us election probe whether trump associate collude moscow russia deny effort trump dismiss talk collusion medium report early year say stone among trump associate whose communication financial transaction examine federal bureau investigation other part broad investigation time stone deny contact collusion russian True label: 1

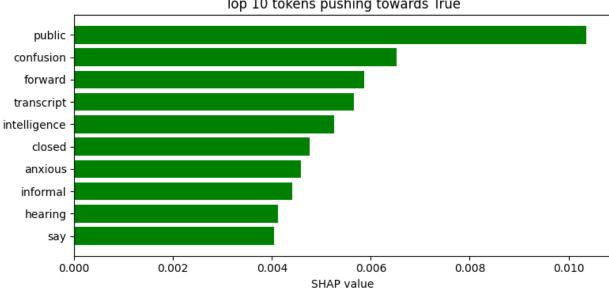
/home/ggs/Fake-News-Detection/.venv/lib/python3.11/site-packages/ keras/src/models/functional.py:238: UserWarning: The structure of

`inputs` doesn't match the expected structure.

Expected: emb input

Received: inputs=['Tensor(shape=(1, 1024, 64))']

warnings.warn(msg)



Top 10 tokens pushing towards True

Selected tokens and their SHAP values:

public: 0.0104 confusion: 0.0065 forward: 0.0059 transcript: 0.0057 intelligence: 0.0053

closed: 0.0048 anxious: 0.0046 informal: 0.0044 hearing: 0.0041 say: 0.0040

### Example 2:

Example text: effect donald trump presidency already start take shape hearing incident racism country people feel trump win give right racist violent wantanother thing remember everything trump promise election one thing ban muslim enter countrythe daily show hasan minaj take threat ban seriously family muslim mother currently countrywhile speak host trevor noah minaj break character correspondent take role concerned citizen look straight camera say true story mom country right visit grandma us citizen live thirty year phone last night like hasan know come back february go able get back country fact tell yes one hundred percent certainty heartbreaking lot people tell hey man

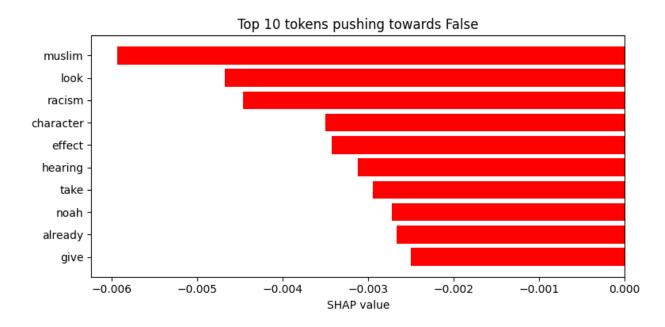
worry trump really go ban muslims know man mom need back home love add levity serious situation say owe three hundred dollar minaj look genuinely concerned family terribly heartbreake even remotely fearful trump ban muslims america live inwatch speak valid concern heretrump victory hit hasanminhaj close home httpstcoszjgxsonor daily show thedailyshow november image via video screen capture True label: 0

/home/ggs/Fake-News-Detection/.venv/lib/python3.11/site-packages/keras/src/models/functional.py:238: UserWarning: The structure of `inputs` doesn't match the expected structure.

Expected: emb input

Received: inputs=['Tensor(shape=(1, 1024, 64))']

warnings.warn(msg)



Selected tokens and their SHAP values:

muslim: -0.0059 look: -0.0047 racism: -0.0045 character: -0.0035 effect: -0.0034 hearing: -0.0031 take: -0.0029 noah: -0.0027 already: -0.0027 give: -0.0025

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Example 3:

Example text: washington us house representative speaker paul ryan say tuesday applaud new house bill help puerto rico deal billion debt

applaud rep duffy introduce hr hold right people accountable crisis shrink size government authorize independent board help get puerto rico path fiscal health ryan say statement

True label: 1

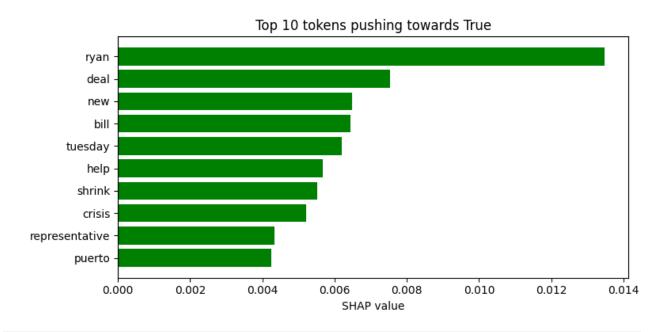
/home/ggs/Fake-News-Detection/.venv/lib/python3.11/site-packages/keras/src/models/functional.py:238: UserWarning: The structure of

`inputs` doesn't match the expected structure.

Expected: emb\_input

Received: inputs=['Tensor(shape=(1, 1024, 64))']

warnings.warn(msg)



Selected tokens and their SHAP values:

ryan: 0.0135 deal: 0.0075 new: 0.0065 bill: 0.0064 tuesday: 0.0062 help: 0.0057 shrink: 0.0055 crisis: 0.0052

representative: 0.0043

puerto: 0.0042

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### Example 4:

Example text: donald trump successfully tear republican party america apart policy divide americans across country even member party odd president policiesone thing shatter gop grow opposition trump immigration agenda trump campaign bud presidency trump tout border wall mass deportation trump announce somewhat concrete plan high

profile republican publicly voice disappointmentone outspoken goper going trump south carolina senator lindsey graham warning trump meritbase immigration plan would disaster state like south carolina graham say statement deal issue decade know restrict legal labor employer incentivize cheat trump announce meritbase system call raise acti campaign create meritbase immigration system protect we worker taxpayer watch raiseact donald trump realdonaldtrump august trump announce raise act tuesday oppose several democratic lawmaker several republicans like graham lawmaker argue trump propose plan put service industry peril graham explain south carolina number one industry agriculture tourism number two proposal become law would devastate state economy rely immigrant workforce south carolina agriculture tourism industry advertise american worker want fill open position american worker unfortunately many advertised position go unfilled hotel restaurant golf course farmer tell proposal cut legal immigration half would put business peril another south carolina republican tim scott also oppose trump plan scott state america need fix break illegal immigration problem also want country encourage legal process due positive effect labor force senate republican conference chairman john thune similar concern labor workforce say get immigration lot different perspective workforce need fill immigrant labor supply unfortunately likely go fall deaf ear consider current potus ignorant enough say campaign announcement mexico send people send good trump antiimmigration start clearly care way goes sucksfeature image screenshot

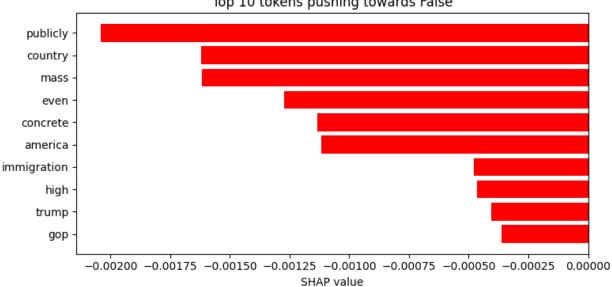
/home/ggs/Fake-News-Detection/.venv/lib/python3.11/site-packages/keras/src/models/functional.py:238: UserWarning: The structure of `inputs` doesn't match the expected structure.

Expected: emb input

True label: 0

Received: inputs=['Tensor(shape=(1, 1024, 64))']

warnings.warn(msg)



Top 10 tokens pushing towards False

Selected tokens and their SHAP values:

publicly: -0.0020 country: -0.0016 mass: -0.0016 even: -0.0013 concrete: -0.0011 america: -0.0011

immigration: -0.0005

high: -0.0005 trump: -0.0004 qop: -0.0004

#### Example 5:

Example text: strasbourg european parliament propose wednesday reduce eu funds turkey link stall bid join bloc call eu leader expect back give deteriorate relation ankara million euro set go turkey reform infrastructure agriculture eu lawmakers agree cut million euro million euro cut first reduction turkey improve human right record turkey respect freedom speech freedom expression human right drift away european democratic standard say centreright lawmaker siegfrie muresan lead budget discussion can not pretend see tell emphasizing cut would affect money earmark political reform infrastructure farming eu leader must still sign cut expect agreement summit last week reduce socalle preaccession aid mean help eu candidate country prepare membership german chancellor angela merkel press action turkey reelection campaign describe turkish behavior human right unacceptable brussels last thursday european parliament decision come first day trial istanbul human right activist turkey include german swedish national eu summit merkel say rule law turkey move wrong direction reference largescale purge president tayyip erdogan carry follow fail coup attempt july eu condemn coup attempt scope erdogan response detention

we european citizen include dual national jibes germany call nazilike behavior sour euturkey tie erdogan say purge across society necessary maintain stability nato country border irag syria launch decade seek formal start eu membership bid ankara membership negotiation always sensitive france germany turkey status large mainly muslim country officially freeze despite call austria formally scrap turkey eu membership program part eu rely ankara take syrian refugee return billion euro aid majority eu country lead germany netherlands say long make sense fund political reform turkey formal eu membership talk take place since last year aside money eu give turkey part migration deal ankara set receive billion euro eu eu government want money go nongovernmental group turkey ankara

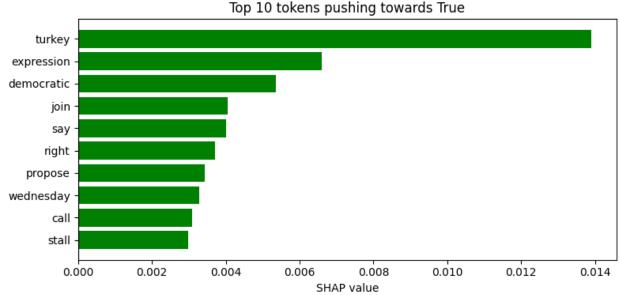
True label: 1

/home/ggs/Fake-News-Detection/.venv/lib/python3.11/site-packages/ keras/src/models/functional.py:238: UserWarning: The structure of `inputs` doesn't match the expected structure.

Expected: emb input

Received: inputs=['Tensor(shape=(1, 1024, 64))']

warnings.warn(msg)



Selected tokens and their SHAP values:

turkey: 0.0139 expression: 0.0066 democratic: 0.0054

join: 0.0041 say: 0.0040 right: 0.0037 propose: 0.0034 wednesday: 0.0033 call: 0.0031 stall: 0.0030

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Example 6:

Example text: los angeles comedian kathy griffin tearfully apologize friday press conference pose fake bloody sever head depict we president donald trump saying feel career trump broke griffin lose sponsorship job include role cohost cnn new year eve coverage journalist anderson cooper since photograph video shoot appear social medium tuesday president trump say image griffin gory mask resemble sick traumatize family especially young son barron trump old son donald jr call employer drop comedian think career go honest trump broke say griffin twotime emmywinne performer know deliberately provocative brand humor add receive death threat griffin reiterate apology post social medium late tuesday remain defiant say afraid donald trump he s bully add intended continue make joke president also describe provocative woman often deal old white man position power happen never happen ever history great country sit president united states grow child first lady personally feel try ruin life forever say griffin say photo intend mock trump comment presidential campaign tell cnn fox news anchor megyn kelly blood come eye blood come wherever moderated presidential debate trump remark widely interpret refer menstrual blood imply kelly unfriendly mood menstruate daily briefing friday white house spokesman sean spicer decline respond griffin remark say president first lady secret service make clear view photo katrina pierson former trump campaign spokeswoman criticize griffin twitter appearance friday say griffin nervous breakdown misogyny mean white man press conference us secret service responsible presidential security open inquiry photo griffin pose severedhead replica True label: 1

/home/ggs/Fake-News-Detection/.venv/lib/python3.11/site-packages/keras/src/models/functional.py:238: UserWarning: The structure of `inputs` doesn't match the expected structure.

Expected: emb input

Received: inputs=['Tensor(shape=(1, 1024, 64))']

warnings.warn(msg)

mask pose barron los sever say trump family griffin career 0.002 0.004 0.006 0.008 0.000 SHAP value

Top 10 tokens pushing towards True

Selected tokens and their SHAP values:

mask: 0.0090 pose: 0.0080 barron: 0.0068 los: 0.0065 sever: 0.0059 say: 0.0058 trump: 0.0055 family: 0.0055 griffin: 0.0054 career: 0.0053

#### Example 7:

Example text: paris president emmanuel macron monday name awardwinne author leila slimani france top emissary promote use french language appointment old francomoroccan writer emissary francophone affair follow macron decision name tv presenter wellknown ecologist environment minister olympic fencer sport minister open government civil society slimani propel limelight prestigious prix goncourt last year novel chanson douce translate lullaby year publish book sexuality morocco francophone affairs brief past ministerial post junior minister position often occupy career politician macron whose upstart centrist party trounce france traditional political force election early year name series newcomer government nicolas hulot appoint energy environment minister laura flesselcolovic olympic gold medalist minister sport

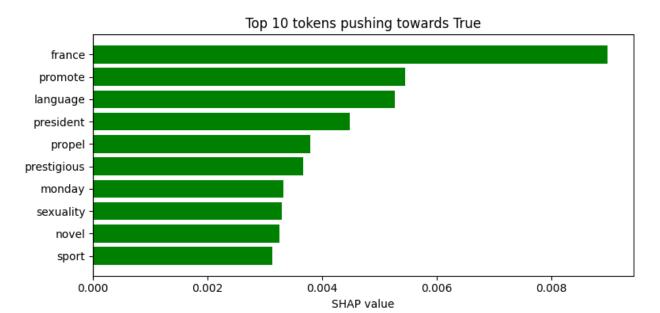
True label: 1

/home/ggs/Fake-News-Detection/.venv/lib/python3.11/site-packages/keras/src/models/functional.py:238: UserWarning: The structure of `inputs` doesn't match the expected structure.

Expected: emb input

Received: inputs=['Tensor(shape=(1, 1024, 64))']

warnings.warn(msg)



Selected tokens and their SHAP values:

france: 0.0090 promote: 0.0054 language: 0.0053 president: 0.0045 propel: 0.0038 prestigious: 0.0037

prestigious: 0.0037 monday: 0.0033 sexuality: 0.0033 novel: 0.0033 sport: 0.0031

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#### Example 8:

Example text: washington leading senate democrat tuesday accuse we attorney general jeff sessions conceal policy recommendation could change justice department enforce law illegal immigration drug traffic violent crime letter session oregon democrat ron wyden say justice department release recommendation make task force crime reduction public safety note policy change could end hurt americans decision could dramatic wideranging consequence americans daily life wyden write note task force work could impact everything marijuana asset forfeiture policy hate crime immigration human trafficking yet americans remain dark content task force recommendation task force crime reduction public safety establish executive order president donald trump february name serve task force publish group suppose deliver recommendation july public statement last week session say

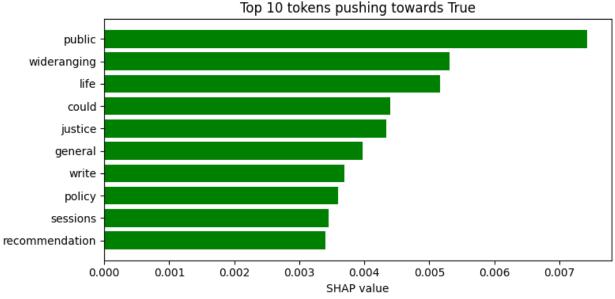
receive recommendation roll basis already act task force recommendation set policy department justice department spokesman refer session prior statement ask comment say department make announcement policy change appropriate department already announce policy change stem task force work early month instance department say plan reinstate controversial civil asset forfeiture program let we local police department seize cash people without first charge crime even state condone policy policy roll back obama administration amid concern allow government take away people property without due process may department also undo another obamaera policy allow tough charge long prison sentence wyden whose state vote legalize use recreational marijuana say particularly concern secrecy shroud recommendation relate drug session previously make critical comment marijuana use role attorney general unilaterally undermine oregon voter write True label: 1

/home/ggs/Fake-News-Detection/.venv/lib/python3.11/site-packages/ keras/src/models/functional.py:238: UserWarning: The structure of `inputs` doesn't match the expected structure.

Expected: emb input

Received: inputs=['Tensor(shape=(1, 1024, 64))']

warnings.warn(msg)



Selected tokens and their SHAP values:

public: 0.0074

wideranging: 0.0053

life: 0.0052 could: 0.0044 justice: 0.0043 general: 0.0040 write: 0.0037 policy: 0.0036 sessions: 0.0035

recommendation: 0.0034

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Example 9:

Example text: ted cruz keep proving legitimately want president every chance get late dumbassery campaign come national security advisor frank gaffney start lobby member congress refuse meet people participate national muslim advocate daynmad event muslimamericans across nation go washington dc meet representative order voice opinion public policy also make attempt outreach muslimamerican community help bridge cultural gap develop americaseem pretty reasonable right keep hear muslim enough combat threat islamic extremism united states literally every republican however republicans get chance meet muslim something productive turn coward run hideand people say hate we freedom yeah right us council muslim organization release follow statement regard cruz outright cowardice campaign staff meet themthis evening representative we council muslim organization uscmo coalition lead national local american muslim group hold news conference capitol hill washington dc condemn refusal gop presidential candidate sen ted cruz rtx congressional staff meet muslim constituent today second national muslim advocacy day capitol hillsome muslim delegates state meet third house representative almost half senateearli today texas muslim delegates national muslim advocacy day capitol hill try meet either sen cruz member congressional staff tell one would meet delegate try arrange meeting several week prior today eventsource right wing watchso te entire campaign parade idiot frightened actually meet regular americans happen muslim ever find courage fight isis question need answerted cruz stop remind we love religious freedom constitution however condemn people choice religion deny right petition government happen constitution really make wonder te even understand run president reality showwhen trump win nomination republicans act surprised look golden boy cruz remember nobody blame lose cruz campaign explain america would insane vote feature image via spencer platt getty

True label: 0

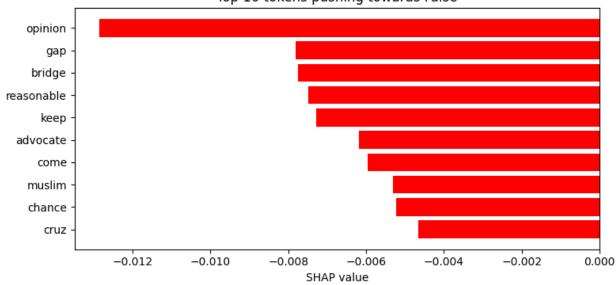
/home/ggs/Fake-News-Detection/.venv/lib/python3.11/site-packages/keras/src/models/functional.py:238: UserWarning: The structure of `inputs` doesn't match the expected structure.

Expected: emb input

Received: inputs=['Tensor(shape=(1, 1024, 64))']

warnings.warn(msg)

Top 10 tokens pushing towards False



```
Selected tokens and their SHAP values:
```

opinion: -0.0128 gap: -0.0078 bridge: -0.0077 reasonable: -0.0075 keep: -0.0073

advocate: -0.0062 come: -0.0060 muslim: -0.0053 chance: -0.0052 cruz: -0.0047

El funcionamiento es sobresaliente: guardemos el modelo para integrarlo en la aplicación web

```
# Como no se puede guardar el explainer de SHAP, guardamos el modelo y
los datos background con los que se creó
model_after_emb.save("models/model_after_emb_explainability.keras")
np.save("models/background_explainability.npy", bg_emb)
```

Posteriormente, lo cargaremos con:

#### 

3. Reinicializar el explainer
python explainer = shap.DeepExplainer(model, bg\_emb)