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## Annals of Nuclear Energy

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### Multi-group formulation of the temperature-dependent resonance scattering model and its impact on reactor core parameters



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Nuclear Engineering Research Seminar, March 24th, 2020

# Slowing Down Equation

## Brief Introduction

$$\Sigma_t(E')\phi(E') = \int_0^\infty P(E \rightarrow E')\sigma_s(E)\phi(E)dE$$

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$$\Sigma_t(E')\phi(E') = \int_0^\infty P(E \rightarrow E')\sigma_s(E)\phi(E)dE$$

$$\Sigma_t(E')\phi(E') = \int_{E'}^{E'/\alpha} \frac{\sigma_s(E)}{(1-\alpha)E} \phi(E) dE$$

$$\sigma_s(E)P(E \rightarrow E') = \begin{cases} \frac{\sigma_s(E)}{E(1-\alpha)}, & \alpha E \leq E' \leq E, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

# History of the Resonance Scattering Model

- ▶ Ouisloumen and Sanchez (1990) - RSM
- ▶ Rothenstein, 2004; Dagan, 2004 -  $S(\alpha, \beta)$  tables
- ▶ Becker et al. (2009b) - Doppler broadened rejection correction (DBRC) approach

# Summary of Results with the Mosteller Benchmark

**Table 1**

Summary of results performed using the resonance scattering model applied to the Mosteller benchmark.

| #  | Researcher(s)         | Energy range | Nuclei                             | Method                                       | CODE                 | LIBRARY       | Fuel  | $\Delta k$ (pcm) | FTC diff. (%) <sup>1</sup> |
|----|-----------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|--|----------------------|---------------|---|------------------|----------------------------|
| 1  | Becker et al., 2009c  | <210 eV      | <sup>238</sup> U                   | SVT vs. DBRC<br>SVT vs. DBRC<br>SVT vs. DBRC | MCNP5                | JEFF3.1       | UOX<br>MOX <sup>a</sup><br>MOX <sup>b</sup> | –                | 8–16 <sup>2</sup>          |
| 2  | Sunny et al., 2012    | <210 eV      | <sup>238</sup> U                   | DBRC   | MCNP5                | ENDF/B-VII    | UOX   | 6 ± 25–194 ± 40  | 4.2 ± 0.3–15.2 ± 1.0       |
| 3  | Sunny 2013            | <210 eV      | <sup>238</sup> U                   | DBRC   | MCNP5                | ENDF/B-VII    | UOX   | 20 ± 40–271 ± 41 | 8.8 ± 0.6–25.1 ± 1.7       |
| 4  | Mori and Nagaya, 2009 | >4.5 eV      | <sup>238</sup> U, <sup>235</sup> U | ASY vs. WCM                                  | MVP-2                | JENDL-3.3     | UOX   | 72 ± 8–222 ± 14  | 7.2 ± 0.1–11.7 ± 0.2       |
| 5  | Zoia et al., 2013     | <210 eV      | <sup>238</sup> U                   | SVT vs. DBRC                                 | TRIPOLI-4            | ENDF/B-VII    | UOX   | 66 ± 13–225 ± 14 | 6.2 ± 0.2–12.8 ± 0.3       |
| 6  |                       | <210 eV      | <sup>238</sup> U                   | SVT vs. WCM                                  |                      | ENDF/B-VII    | UOX   | 77 ± 13–274 ± 18 | 8.7 ± 0.2–15.6 ± 0.4       |
| 7  |                       | 0.1 eV–1 keV | <sup>238</sup> U                   | SVT vs. DBRC                                 |                      | CEAV5.1       | UOX   | 59 ± 6–232 ± 7   | 9.6 ± 0.1–12.7 ± 0.2       |
| 8  |                       | 0.1 eV–1 keV | All nuclei                         | SVT vs. DBRC                                 |                      | CEAV5.1       | UOX   | 62 ± 6–233 ± 7   | 9.3 ± 0.1–12.4 ± 0.1       |
| 9  |                       | 0.1 eV–1 keV | <sup>238</sup> U                   | SVT vs. DBRC                                 |                      | CEAV5.1       | MOX <sup>a</sup>                            | 67 ± 7–177 ± 6   | 7.0 ± 0.1–9.1 ± 0.1        |
| 10 |                       | 0.1 eV–1 keV | All nuclei                         | SVT vs. DBRC                                 |                      | CEAV5.1       | MOX <sup>a</sup>                            | 108 ± 7–222 ± 6  | 8.0 ± 0.1–11.2 ± 0.1       |
| 11 |                       | 0.1 eV–1 keV | Actinides                          | SVT vs. DBRC                                 |                      | CEAV5.1       | MOX <sup>a</sup>                            | 113 ± 7–232 ± 6  | 7.5 ± 0.1–11 ± 0.1         |
| 12 | Ono et al., 2012      | 4–200 eV     | Not specified                      | Deterministic                                | Not specified        | Not specified | UOX   | 50–200           | 9.3–10.1 <sup>3</sup>      |
| 13 |                       | 4–200 eV     |                                    |  |                      |               | MOX <sup>a</sup>                            | 70–160           | 6.5–7.2 <sup>4</sup>       |
| 14 | Lee et al., 2009      | <1000 eV     | <sup>238</sup> U                   | ASY vs. WCM                                  | CASMO-5 <sup>5</sup> | ENDF/B-VII    | UOX   | 59–212           | 9.2–9.8                    |
| 15 | Ghrayeb et al.        | <20 MeV      | Actinides                          | Deterministic                                | DRAGON               | ENDF/B-VII    | UOX   | 68–208           | 8.6–9.8                    |
| 16 | (current work)        | <20 MeV      | <sup>238</sup> U                   |  |                      |               | UOX   | 68–205           | 8.6–9.7                    |
| 17 |                       | <20 MeV      | <sup>238</sup> U                   |  |                      |               | MOX <sup>a</sup>                            | 74–165           | 6.2–7.9                    |
| 18 |                       | <20 MeV      | Actinides                          |  |                      |               | MOX <sup>a</sup>                            | 115–216          | 7.5–8.7                    |
| 19 |                       | <20 MeV      | <sup>238</sup> U                   |  |                      |               | MOX <sup>b</sup>                            | 89–187           | 6.9–9.6                    |
| 20 |                       | <20 MeV      | Actinides                          |  |                      |               | MOX <sup>b</sup>                            | 109–218          | 7.7–9.8                    |

<sup>1</sup> FTC Diff. (%) =  $\frac{FTC_{ASY} - FTC_{ISM}}{FTC_{ASY}} \times 100$ , see Eq. (8) for FTC.

<sup>2</sup> The FTC differences for each enrichment case were not individually documented.

<sup>3</sup> The difference in the Doppler reactivity coefficient were calculated manually and vary from the numbers reported in their paper.

<sup>4</sup> Based on Pu<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> content of 4 wt.%, and 8 wt.% (their 20 wt.% cases was excluded due to a typo in their paper).

<sup>5</sup> The resonance integral data was calculated using their Monte Carlo Slowing Down code: MCSO code and supplied to CASMO-5.

<sup>a</sup> Reactor-Recycle MOX fuel.

<sup>b</sup> Weapons-Grade MOX fuel.

Ousilomen and Sanchez, 1990:

$$\sigma_{sn}^T(E \rightarrow E') = \frac{\beta^{5/2}}{4E} e^{\frac{E}{kT}} \int_0^\infty t \sigma_s^{\text{tab}} \left( \frac{\beta kT}{A} t^2 \right) e^{-\frac{t^2}{A}} \Psi_n(t) dt$$

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For isotropic scattering:

$$\sigma_{s_0, g \rightarrow g'}^T = \frac{1}{\delta_g \delta'_g} \int_{E_g}^{E_{g+1}} dE \int_{E_{g'}}^{E_{g'+1}} dE' \sigma_{s_0}^T(E \rightarrow E')$$

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For isotropic scattering:

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For within group scattering:

$$\sigma_{s_0, g \rightarrow g'}^T = \frac{1}{\delta_g \delta_{g'}} \int_{E_g}^{E_{g+1}} dE \left\{ \int_{E_g}^E dE' \sigma_{s_0}^T(E \rightarrow E') + \int_E^{E_{g+1}} dE' \sigma_{s_0}^T(E \rightarrow E') \right\}$$



Multi-group implementation of the scattering kernel with  $\delta_g < 10^{-3} eV$

$$\delta_g \rightarrow 0, \delta_{g'} \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow \sigma_{s_0, g \rightarrow g'}^T \approx \sigma_{s_0}^T(\bar{E}_g \rightarrow \bar{E}_{g'});$$
$$\bar{E}_g, \bar{E}_{g'} = \frac{E_{g+1} + E_g}{2}, \frac{E_{g'+1} + E_{g'}}{2}$$

# Scattering kernel of $^{238}\text{U}$ at 1000 K

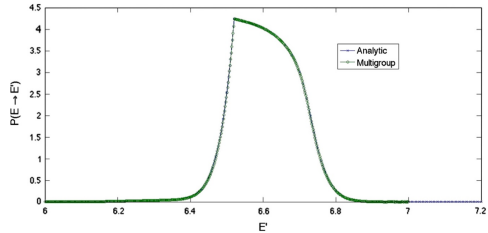


Fig. 1. Scattering kernel of  $^{238}\text{U}$  at 1000 K for neutron starting at energy 6.52 eV.

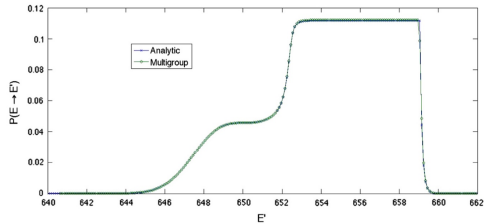
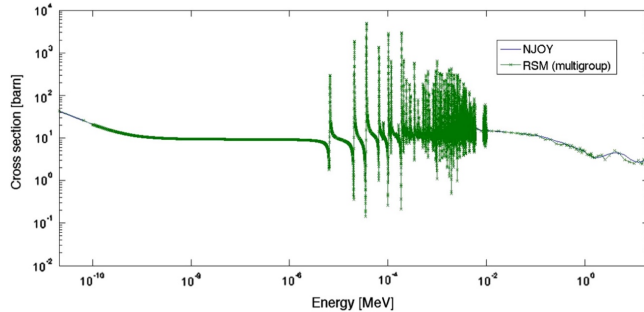


Fig. 2. Scattering kernel of  $^{238}\text{U}$  at 1000 K for neutron starting energy of 659.05 eV.

# Comparison with NJOY



**Fig. 3.** The elastic cross section for  $^{238}\text{U}$  at 900 K comparing NJOY multi-group results with those of the RSM using the same energy group structure.

# Multi-group RSM with Mosteller Benchmark

- ▶ Using DRAGON Code, Marleau et al., 2010

# Multi-group RSM with Mosteller Benchmark

- ▶ Using DRAGON Code, Marleau et al., 2010
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# Multi-group RSM with Mosteller Benchmark

- ▶ Using DRAGON Code, Marleau et al., 2010
- ▶ Scattering matrices generated with RSM calculation combined with NJOY data
- ▶ Fuel temperature coefficient:

$$FTC = \left( \frac{1}{k_{HZIP}} - \frac{1}{k_{HFP}} \right) \frac{1 \times 10^5}{\Delta T}$$

# Mosteller UOX benchmark, RSM kernel applied only to $^{238}\text{U}$

**Table 2**

Fuel temperature coefficients for the Mosteller UOX benchmark with uranium enrichments ranging from 0.711% to 5.0% and the RSM kernel applied only to  $^{238}\text{U}$ .

| wt (%) | $k$ (asymptotic kernel) |           |       | $k$ (RSM kernel only for $^{238}\text{U}$ ) |           |       | FTC diff (%) |
|--------|-------------------------|-----------|-------|---|-----------|-------|--------------|
|        | HZP                     | HFP       | FTC   | HZP   | HFP       | FTC   |              |
| 0.711  | 0.6621394               | 0.6560206 | -4.70 | 0.6614598                                   | 0.6548324 | -5.10 | -8.62        |
| 1.6    | 0.9562254               | 0.9478355 | -3.09 | 0.9553188                                   | 0.9461777 | -3.37 | -9.25        |
| 2.4    | 1.0939660               | 1.0847290 | -2.59 | 1.0929660                                   | 1.0828760 | -2.84 | -9.52        |
| 3.1    | 1.1716930               | 1.1620540 | -2.36 | 1.1706490                                   | 1.1601060 | -2.59 | -9.66        |
| 3.9    | 1.2341210               | 1.2242040 | -2.19 | 1.2330470                                   | 1.2221950 | -2.40 | -9.70        |
| 4.5    | 1.2694110               | 1.2593600 | -2.10 | 1.2683240                                   | 1.2573230 | -2.30 | -9.72        |
| 5.0    | 1.2936360               | 1.2835050 | -2.03 | 1.2925430                                   | 1.2814540 | -2.23 | -9.72        |

# Mosteller UOX benchmark, RSM kernel applied to all heavy nuclides

**Table 3**

Fuel temperature coefficients for the Mosteller UOX benchmark with uranium enrichments ranging from 0.711% to 5.0% and the RSM kernel applied for all the heavy nuclei.

| wt (%) | $k$ (RSM kernel for all uranium nuclei) |           |       | FTC diff (%) |
|--------|---|-----------|-------|--------------|
|        | HZP                                     | HFP       | FTC   |              |
| 0.711  | 0.6614576                               | 0.6548296 | −5.10 | −8.63        |
| 1.6    | 0.9553133                               | 0.9461702 | −3.37 | −9.27        |
| 2.4    | 1.0929570                               | 1.0828640 | −2.84 | −9.56        |
| 3.1    | 1.1706380                               | 1.1600910 | −2.59 | −9.70        |
| 3.9    | 1.2330470                               | 1.2221950 | −2.40 | −9.70        |
| 4.5    | 1.2683090                               | 1.2573000 | −2.30 | −9.81        |
| 5.0    | 1.2925260                               | 1.2814290 | −2.23 | −9.81        |



# FTCs, RSM kernel applied to all heavy nuclides

**Table 4**

Fuel temperature coefficients for the Mosteller Reactor-Recycle MOX fuel benchmark with 1–8 wt.% PuO<sub>2</sub> and the RSM kernel applied to all the heavy nuclei.

| MOX composition (PuO <sub>2</sub> wt.%) | <i>k</i> (asymptotic kernel) |           |       | <i>k</i> (RSM kernel) |           |       | FTC diff. (%) |
|---|------------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------------------|-----------|-------|---------------|
|   | HZP                          | HFP       | FTC   | HZP                   | HFP       | FTC   |               |
| 1.0                                     | 0.9407429                    | 0.9312128 | −3.63 | 0.9395729             | 0.9292448 | −3.94 | −8.74         |
| 2.0                                     | 1.0183990                    | 1.0076460 | −3.49 | 1.0171230             | 1.0055030 | −3.79 | −8.43         |
| 4.0                                     | 1.0759170                    | 1.0644960 | −3.32 | 1.0746340             | 1.0623330 | −3.59 | −8.05         |
| 6.0                                     | 1.1057560                    | 1.0942010 | −3.18 | 1.1045310             | 1.0921170 | −3.43 | −7.76         |
| 8.0                                     | 1.1297120                    | 1.1181500 | −3.05 | 1.1285580             | 1.1161660 | −3.28 | −7.48         |

**Table 5**

Fuel temperature coefficients for the Mosteller Weapons-Grade MOX fuel benchmark with 1–6 wt.% PuO<sub>2</sub> and the RSM kernel applied to all the heavy nuclei.

| MOX composition (PuO <sub>2</sub> wt.%) | <i>k</i> (asymptotic kernel) |           |       | <i>k</i> (RSM kernel) |           |       | FTC diff. (%) |
|---|------------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------------------|-----------|-------|---------------|
|   | HZP                          | HFP       | FTC   | HZP                   | HFP       | FTC   |               |
| 1.0                                     | 1.0838630                    | 1.0748170 | −2.59 | 1.0827770             | 1.0728730 | −2.84 | −9.79         |
| 2.0                                     | 1.1765110                    | 1.1656680 | −2.64 | 1.1753040             | 1.1635420 | −2.87 | −8.79         |
| 4.0                                     | 1.2472990                    | 1.2352440 | −2.61 | 1.2460520             | 1.2330640 | −2.82 | −8.04         |
| 6.0                                     | 1.2847710                    | 1.2725020 | −2.50 | 1.2835640             | 1.2703840 | −2.69 | −7.71         |

# FTCs, RSM kernel applied only to $^{238}\text{U}$

**Table 6**

Fuel temperature coefficients for the Mosteller Reactor-Recycle MOX fuel benchmark with 1–8 wt.%  $\text{PuO}_2$  and the RSM kernel applied to  $^{238}\text{U}$  only.

| MOX composition ( $\text{PuO}_2$ wt.%) | HZP       | HFP       | FTC   | FTC diff. (%) |
|--|-----------|-----------|-------|---------------|
| 1.0                                    | 0.9398723 | 0.9296191 | –3.91 | –7.87         |
| 2.0                                    | 1.0175060 | 1.0059940 | –3.75 | –7.33         |
| 4.0                                    | 1.0750620 | 1.0628910 | –3.55 | –6.81         |
| 6.0                                    | 1.1049570 | 1.0926810 | –3.39 | –6.46         |
| 8.0                                    | 1.1289670 | 1.1167140 | –3.24 | –6.18         |

**Table 7**

Fuel temperature coefficients for the Mosteller Weapons-Grade MOX fuel benchmark with 1–6 wt.%  $\text{PuO}_2$  and the RSM kernel applied to  $^{238}\text{U}$  only.

| MOX composition ( $\text{PuO}_2$ wt.%) | HZP       | HFP       | FTC   | FTC diff. (%) |
|--|-----------|-----------|-------|---------------|
| 1.0                                    | 1.0828870 | 1.0730010 | –2.84 | –9.57         |
| 2.0                                    | 1.1755180 | 1.1637980 | –2.86 | –8.35         |
| 4.0                                    | 1.2463530 | 1.2334410 | –2.80 | –7.35         |
| 6.0                                    | 1.2838850 | 1.2707980 | –2.67 | –6.88         |

# FTCs, RSM kernel applied to individual nuclei

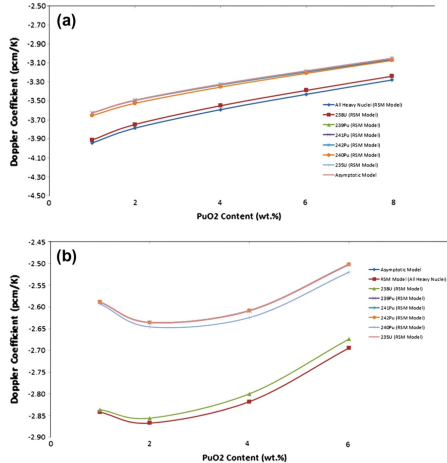


Fig. 4. Fuel temperature coefficient for the (a) Reactor-Recycle MOX fuel pin and (b) Weapons-Grade MOX fuel pin when applying the RSM to individual nuclei.

**Table 8**

The up-scattering percentage contribution of each nucleus towards the eigenvalue for Mosteller Reactor-Recycle MOX fuel benchmark with 1–8 wt.% PuO<sub>2</sub> at 600 K.

| MOX composition (PuO <sub>2</sub> wt.%) | <sup>238</sup> U | <sup>235</sup> U | <sup>239</sup> Pu | <sup>240</sup> Pu | <sup>241</sup> Pu | <sup>242</sup> Pu |
|---|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1.0                                     | 74.51            | 0.09             | 0.04              | 2.59              | 22.58             | 0.19              |
| 2.0                                     | 70.15            | 0.16             | 0.08              | 6.13              | 23.33             | 0.16              |
| 4.0                                     | 66.85            | 0.39             | 0.23              | 11.65             | 20.72             | 0.16              |
| 6.0                                     | 65.60            | 0.49             | 0.33              | 15.19             | 18.23             | 0.16              |
| 8.0                                     | 64.84            | 0.78             | 0.52              | 17.75             | 15.93             | 0.17              |

**Table 9**

The up-scattering percentage contribution of each nucleus towards the eigenvalue for Mosteller Reactor-Recycle MOX fuel benchmark with 1–8 wt.% PuO<sub>2</sub> at 900 K.

| MOX composition (PuO <sub>2</sub> wt.%) | <sup>238</sup> U | <sup>235</sup> U | <sup>239</sup> Pu | <sup>240</sup> Pu | <sup>241</sup> Pu | <sup>242</sup> Pu |
|---|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1.0                                     | 81.17            | 0.07             | 0.03              | 1.65              | 16.95             | 0.14              |
| 2.0                                     | 77.30            | 0.14             | 0.09              | 4.07              | 18.25             | 0.14              |
| 4.0                                     | 74.62            | 0.28             | 0.14              | 8.00              | 16.83             | 0.14              |
| 6.0                                     | 73.54            | 0.39             | 0.24              | 10.64             | 15.05             | 0.15              |
| 8.0                                     | 73.12            | 0.56             | 0.31              | 12.53             | 13.39             | 0.10              |

**Table 10**

The up-scattering percentage contribution of each nucleus towards the eigenvalue for Mosteller Weapons-Grade MOX fuel benchmark with 1–6 wt.% PuO<sub>2</sub> at 600 K.

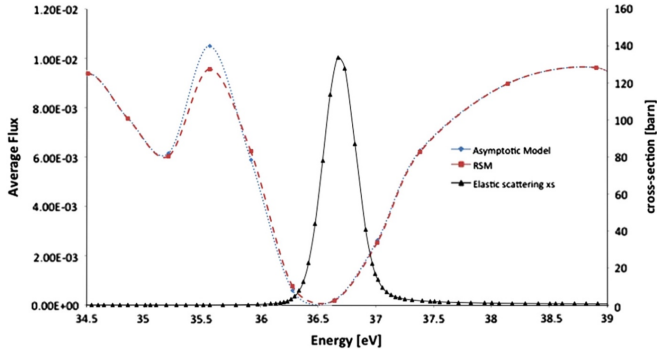
| MOX composition (PuO <sub>2</sub> wt.%) | <sup>238</sup> U | <sup>235</sup> U | <sup>239</sup> Pu | <sup>240</sup> Pu | <sup>241</sup> Pu | <sup>242</sup> Pu |
|---|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1.0                                     | 89.87            | 0.18             | 0.00              | 0.00              | 9.76              | 0.18              |
| 2.0                                     | 82.41            | 0.33             | 0.00              | 0.00              | 17.10             | 0.17              |
| 4.0                                     | 75.98            | 0.64             | 0.00              | 0.00              | 23.21             | 0.16              |
| 6.0                                     | 73.59            | 0.91             | 0.00              | 0.00              | 25.33             | 0.17              |

**Table 11**

The up-scattering percentage contribution of each nucleus towards the eigenvalue for Mosteller Weapons-Grade MOX fuel benchmark with 1–6 wt.% PuO<sub>2</sub> at 900 K.

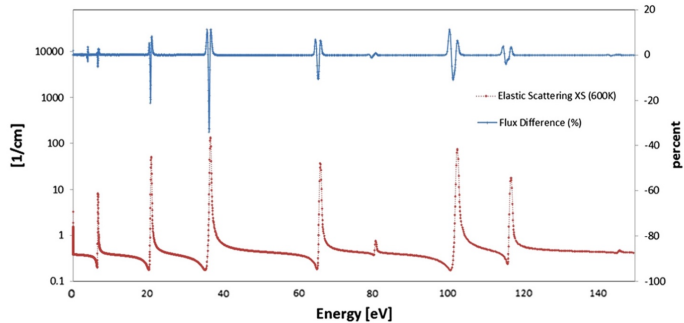
| MOX composition (PuO <sub>2</sub> wt.%) | <sup>238</sup> U | <sup>235</sup> U | <sup>239</sup> Pu | <sup>240</sup> Pu | <sup>241</sup> Pu | <sup>242</sup> Pu |
|---|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1.0                                     | 93.51            | 0.15             | 0.00              | 0.00              | 6.18              | 0.15              |
| 2.0                                     | 88.08            | 0.28             | 0.00              | 0.00              | 11.49             | 0.14              |
| 4.0                                     | 82.90            | 0.51             | 0.00              | 0.00              | 16.46             | 0.14              |
| 6.0                                     | 80.80            | 0.71             | 0.00              | 0.00              | 18.40             | 0.09              |

# Neutron Flux Near Third Resonance of $^{238}\text{U}$



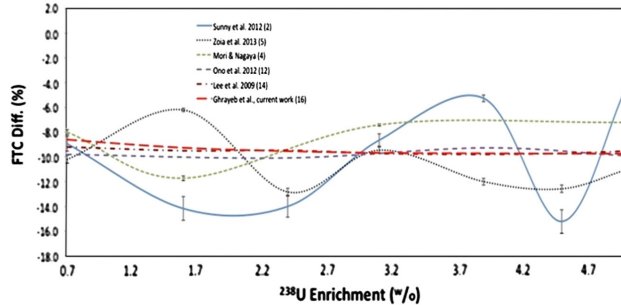
**Fig. 5.** Neutron flux of the fuel region for  $\text{UO}_2$  pin-cell at 0.711 wt.% enrichment at 600 K near the third resonances of  $^{238}\text{U}$ , 36.68 eV, using the RSM (dashed curve) and the traditional asymptotic (dotted curve) model. The elastic scattering cross section is also plotted (solid curve).

# Relative Differences



**Fig. 6.** Relative difference in flux (%; solid curve above) between the asymptotic model and the resonance scattering model plotted against the macroscopic cross-section of the fuel (dotted curve below). Where the flux is almost zero, the relative error is very large (which cannot be seen in Fig. 5 due to the scale in that figure).

# Comparison of Works with the Mosteller Benchmark



**Fig. 7.** Comparison of the FTC differences for UOX Mosteller benchmark. The results of Ghrayeb et al. (long dashed curve) and Lee et al. 2009 (dash dot curve) compare relatively well against each other showing a nearly constant behavior in FTC difference with respect to  $^{235}\text{U}$  enrichment. However, there is no consensus among the work of others to show consistency in FTC difference with respect to  $^{235}\text{U}$  enrichment. The numbers in parentheses correspond to the first column of Table 1.

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- ▶ Temperature-dependent resonance scattering and up scattering effects are considered in slowing down calculation.
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- ▶ In the case of the  $\text{UO}_2$  fuel, the contribution of up-scattering was overwhelmingly due to  $^{238}\text{U}$ .
- ▶ When using RSM instead of asymptotic model, in case of  $\text{UO}_2$  fuel, change in eigenvalues varies from 68 to 208 pcm.

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- ▶ Temperature-dependent resonance scattering and up scattering effects are considered in slowing down calculation.
- ▶ Asymptotic model for neutron-nuclei elastic scattering under predicts the Doopole coefficient by as much as 10% in LWR lattices.
- ▶ In the case of the  $\text{UO}_2$  fuel, the contribution of up-scattering was overwhelmingly due to  $^{238}\text{U}$ .
- ▶ When using RSM instead of asymptotic model, in case of  $\text{UO}_2$  fuel, change in eigenvalues varies from 68 to 208 pcm.
- ▶ In the case of the weapons-grade MOX fuel the largest and most significant contribution to resonance up-scattering after that of  $^{238}\text{U}$  is that of  $^{241}\text{Pu}$ , which is responsible for as much as 25% of up-scattering

Thanks!  
Questions?