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#!/usr/bin/env python2
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
import sys
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
RINEXFilter.py
This program reads and process RINEX and NMEA formats in order to compare and
filter data.
.....
#getRinexTime function creates python datetime object from a Rinex line
def getRinexTime(line):
    hour = int(line[10:12])
    minute = int(line[13:15])
    second = int(line[16:18])
    return datetime(1, 1, 1, hour, minute, second)
#getNmeaTime function creates python datetime object from nmea line where:
0 = hour
1 = minutes
2 = seconds
tuc = leapseconds to tuc
def getNmeaTime(nmea, tuc):
    time = datetime(1, 1, 1, nmea[0], nmea[1], nmea[2])
    return time - timedelta(hours=0) + timedelta(seconds = tuc);
#rinexSat2nmeaSat function adjusts RINEX satellite number to match NMEA
satellite number format
def rinexSat2nmeaSat(line):
    result = []
    for i in range(0, len(line)/3):
         # Loops in bundles of 3 due to GXX RXX satellite number format
        c = line[i*3] # G for GPS, R for GLONASS and E for GALILEO
        d = line[i*3+1] # Tenths
        u = line[i*3+2] # Units
        if not (c in ['g','G', 'r', 'R','e','E']):
            break
        elif c in ['g','G']:
            result.append( int(d)*10 + int(u) )
        elif c in ['r', 'R']:
            result.append( int(d)*10 + int(u) + 64)
            #64 is added to match NMEA numbering for GLONASS
        elif c in ['e','E']:
            result.append( int(d)*10 + int(u) + 100)
            #100 is added to match NMEA numbering for GLONASS
    return result
#getRinexEpoch function compares RINEX observed satellites to NMEA's,
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removing the ones that do not match
def getRinexEpoch(line, rsats, nsats):
    result = line # inserts first 29 spaces related to the epoch
    sats = []
    for rsat in rsats: # Checking each RINEX satellite
        for nsat in nsats: # checks each NMEA satellite
            if rsat == nsat:
                sats.append(rsat) # Includes RINEX satellite in the list
    for nsat in nsats:
        if not (nsat in sats):
             # Checks if all NMEA satellites were also observed in RINEX list
    result = result + '%3d' % len(sats)
    # Adds total number of satellites that match
    for i, sat in enumerate(sats):
        if (i > 0) and (i % 12 == 0): # Checks to see if line has 12 satellites
            result = result + \n' + (' ' * 32)
             # Adds new line with 32 blank spaces
        if sat > 64 and sat < 100:
            Rsat = sat - 64 # Restores RINEX numbering for GLONASS satellite
            result = result + 'R%02d' % Rsat # Concatenates GLONASS satellite
        elif sat > 100:
            Esat = sat - 100 # Restores RINEX numbering for GALILEO satellite
            result = result + 'E%02d' % Esat # Concatenates GALILEO satellite
        else:
            result = result + 'G%02d' % sat # Concatenates GPS satellite
    result = result + '\n'
    return result
.....
#getSatellites function reads RINEX satellites for a given epoch
def getSatellites(line):
    result = []
    for i in range(0, len(line)/3):
        # Loops in bundles of 3 due to GXX RXX satellite number format
        c = line[i*3] # G for GPS and R for GLONASS
        d = line[i*3+1] # Tenths
        u = line[i*3+2] # Units
        result.append(c+d+u)
    return result
.....
#smoothRange function filters pseudoranges by weighing in doppler measurement
to the pseudorange
def smoothRange(measuredRange,lastsmoothedRange,doppler,weight,wlength):
    deltaW = 0.20 # how much weight is added to each epoch
    Wrange = 1 - weight*deltaW # reduces weight for measured range
    if Wrange < 0.01:
        Wrange = 0.01 # minimum weight is 1%
    Wdoppler = 0 + weight*deltaW # increases weight for smoothed range
    if Wdoppler > 0.99:
        Wdoppler = 0.99 # maximum weight is 99%
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result = Wrange*measuredRange + Wdoppler * \
    (lastsmoothedRange-doppler*wlength) #formula for doppler smoothing
    return result
.....
readNMEA é função para leitura de fonte de dados NMEA e listagem dos satélites
           usados em cada época, cuja solução foi considerada fixada.
No formato NMEA são inseridas diversas linhas (sentenças) com formatos
distintos, dos quais nos interessam os formatos a saber:
Formato da sentença $GPGSA
     Posição:
                  Domínio:
              $GPGSA => Satellite status
              A or M (for Automatic or Manual) selection of 2D or 3D fix
     1
     2
              3D fix - values include: 1 = no fix
                                        2 = 2D \text{ fix}
                                        3 = 3D \text{ fix}
     3 - 14
              PRNs of satellites used for fix (space for 12)
     15
              PDOP (dilution of precision)
              Horizontal dilution of precision (HDOP)
     16
     17
              Vertical dilution of precision (VDOP)
              The checksum data, always begins with *
     18
Formato da sentença $GPGGA
     Posição:
                  Domínio:
     0
                  $GPGGA => Global Positioning System Fix Data
     1
                  Fix taken at UTC (123519 => 12:35:19)
     2
                  Latitude ( 4807.038 => 48 deg 07.038')
     3
                  (N \text{ or } S)
     4
                  Longitude (01131.000 => 11 deg 31.000')
     5
                  (E or W)
     6
                  Fix quality: 0 = invalid
                                1 = GPS fix (SPS)
                                2 = DGPS fix
                                3 = PPS fix
                              4 = Real Time Kinematic
                              5 = Float RTK
                                6 = estimated (dead reckoning) (2.3 feature)
                              7 = Manual input mode
                              8 = Simulation mode
                  Number of satellites being tracked
     7
     8
                  Horizontal dilution of position
     9
                  Altitude, Meters, above mean sea level
     10
                  Metric unit
     11
                  Height of geoid (mean sea level) above WGS84 ellipsoid
     12
                  Metric unit
     13
                  Time in seconds since last DGPS update
                  DGPS station ID number
     14
                  The checksum data, always begins with *
     15
def readNMEASimple(fileName):
    result = []
    searchFix = True
    searchSat = False
    numberSat = 0
    satellites = []
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hTime = 0
    mTime = 0
    sTime = 0
    with open(fileName, 'r') as nmeaFile:
        for line in nmeaFile:
            line = line.translate(None, '$')
            dataArray = line.split(',')
            if len(dataArray) == 0: # Pula linhas vazias
                continue
            sentenceId = dataArray[0]
            if searchFix and sentenceId == "GPGGA":
                fixQuality = int(dataArray[6])
                if fixQuality == 1:
                    numberSat = int(dataArray[7])
                    hTime = int(dataArray[1][0:2])
                    mTime = int(dataArray[1][2:4])
                    sTime = int(dataArray[1][4:6])
                    searchSat = True
                    searchFix = False
            if searchSat and sentenceId == "GPGSA":
                fixType = int(dataArray[2])
                if fixType in [2, 3]:
                    satellites = [int(x) for x in dataArray[3:15]
                                              if x is not '']
                    if numberSat != len(satellites):
                        print "Incoherent satellite count at the line ", \
                        len(result), "\n"
                    epoch = (hTime, mTime, sTime, numberSat, satellites)
                    result.append( epoch )
                    searchSat = False
                    searchFix = True
        nmeaFile.close()
    return result
def readNMEA(fileName):
    result = []
    searchFix = True
    searchSat = False
    numberSat = 0
    satellites = []
    checkGPSsat = []
    hTime = 0
    mTime = 0
    sTime = 0
    nlines = 0
    with open(fileName, 'r') as nmeaFile:
        for line in nmeaFile:
            line = line.translate(None, '$')
            dataArray = line.split(',')
            if len(dataArray) == 0: # Skip blank lines
                continue
            sentenceId = dataArray[0]
            if searchFix and sentenceId == "GPGGA": # Searching for GNSS fixes
                fixQuality = dataArray[6]
                if fixQuality[0] == '1': # Check if solution exists
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numberSat = int(dataArray[7]) # Number of satellites in fix
                    hTime = int(dataArray[1][0:2]) # Hour of fix
                    mTime = int(dataArray[1][2:4]) # Minute of fix
                    sTime = int(dataArray[1][4:6]) # Second of fix
                    searchSat = True # Start Looking for fix satellites
                    searchFix = False
                    nlines = 0
                    satellites = []
            if searchSat and sentenceId == "GNGSA": # Searching for GPS and
                                                    # GLONASS satellites in fix
                fixType = int(dataArray[2]) # Checks if fix exists
                if fixType in [2, 3]:
                    satellites += [int(x) for x in dataArray[3:15]
                                              if x is not ''] # Add observed
                                                             #satellite numbers
            if searchSat and sentenceId == "GAGSA": # Searching for Galileo
                                                    #satellites in fix
                fixType = int(dataArray[2]) # Checks if fix exists
                if fixType in [2, 3]:
                    satellites += [int(x) for x in dataArray[3:15]
                                              if x is not ''] # Add observed
                                                             #satellite numbers
            if searchSat and sentenceId == "GPRMC":
                epoch = (hTime, mTime, sTime, len(satellites), satellites)
                result.append( epoch )
                searchSat = False
                searchFix = True # Starts Looking for next fix
        nmeaFile.close()
    return result
readRINEX is a function that reads RINEX data and lists the observed
satellites for each epoch.
def filterRINEX(fileName, nmea):
    result = []
    onHeader = True
    currNmea = None
    nmeaTime = None
    currTime = None
    searchTime = True
    ignoreLines = 0
    extendLines = 0
    numSat = 0
    epoch = 0
    tuc = 0
    sat = []
    out = []
    with open(fileName, 'r') as rinexFile:
        for line in rinexFile:
            if onHeader: # Keeps Header and gets Leap seconds
                result.append(line)
                if "LEAP SECONDS" in line:
                    tuc = int(line[0:6]) # Gets Leap seconds
                if "END OF HEADER" in line:
                    onHeader = False
                    currNmea = nmea.pop(0) # List a file and read first line
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else: # Start reading epochs
            if searchTime:
                if ignoreLines == 0:
                    currTime = getRinexTime(line)
                    nmeaTime = getNmeaTime(currNmea, tuc)
                    numSat = int(line[29:32])
                    # Number of satellites in epoch
                    extendLines = (numSat - 1) / 12 # Check if epoch has
                                # more than 1 line of observed satellites
                    if (currTime < nmeaTime): # Checks if RINEX epoch</pre>
                                              # matches NMEA epoch
                        ignoreLines = numSat + extendLines # Skip satellite
                                                         # observation lines
                    elif (currTime >= nmeaTime): # Checks if RINEX
                                                #epoch matches NMEA epoch
                        while(currTime > nmeaTime): # Gets new NMEA line
                                   # If RINEX epoch is ahead of NMEA epoch
                            if len(nmea) == 0:
                                break
                            currNmea = nmea.pop(∅) # Get new NMEA line
                            nmeaTime = getNmeaTime(currNmea, tuc)
                        if (currTime == nmeaTime): #Epochs match
                            epoch = line[0:29] # Reads epoch date
                            sat = rinexSat2nmeaSat(line[32:]) # List
                                                # satellites for this epoch
                            searchTime = False # Start reading
                                               #each satellite observation
                        else:
                            break
                else:
                    ignoreLines -= 1 # Counts down lines
                                     # that need to be skipped
                    continue
            else: # Start reading each satellite observation
                if extendLines > 0: # Read extra observed satellite line
                    extendLines -= 1
                    sat = sat + rinexSat2nmeaSat(line[32:]) # concatenates
                                           # second satellite line to first
                else:
                    if len(out) == 0:
                        out.append(getRinexEpoch(epoch, sat, currNmea[4]))
                        # Compares RINEX observed satellites to NMEA's
                    if sat[-numSat] in currNmea[4]:
                        # Test Sat to append in out
                        out.append(line[:32])
                    numSat -= 1
                    if numSat == 0: # Finished reading all satellites
                        searchTime = True
                        while (len(out) > 0):
                            result.append(out.pop(0))
                             # pop out to result, resetting out
                        if len(nmea) == 0:
                        currNmea = nmea.pop(∅) # Get new NMEA Line
    rinexFile.close()
return result
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#with open('filteredRinex Debug.19o', 'w') as outputFile:
# for line in result:
         outputFile.write(line)
#outputFile.close()
filterRiod is a function that reads IBGE RINEX for Riod station and removes
satellites that don't match the NMEA file indicated. It also removes all the
other observations with the exception of C1 and S1 values.
def filterRiod(fileName, nmeaFile):
    result = []
    onHeader = True
    currNmea = None
    nmeaTime = None
    currTime = None
    searchTime = True
    searchS1 = False
    ignoreLines = 0
    extendLines = 0
    numSat = 0
    epoch = 0
    tuc = 0
    sat = []
    out = []
    linecount = 0
    nmea = readNMEA(nmeaFile)
    ignorecount = 0
    foundcount = 0
    with open(fileName, 'r') as rinexFile:
        for line in rinexFile:
            print line
            linecount += 1
            if onHeader: # Keeps Header and gets Leap seconds
                result.append(line)
                if "LEAP SECONDS" in line:
                    tuc = int(line[0:6]) # Gets Leap seconds
                    print tuc
                if "END OF HEADER" in line:
                    onHeader = False
                    print 'End of header'
                    currNmea = nmea.pop(∅) # List a file and read first line
            else: # Start reading epochs
                if searchTime:
                    if ignoreLines == 0:
                        currTime = getRinexTime(line) # reads RINEX time
                        nmeaTime = getNmeaTime(currNmea, tuc)
                         # reads NMEA time and adds Leap seconds
                        numSat = int(line[29:32])
                        # Number of satellites in epoch
                        extendLines = (numSat - 1) / 12
                  # Check if epoch has more than 1 line of observed satellites
                        if (currTime < nmeaTime):</pre>
                            # Checks if RINEX epoch matches NMEA epoch
                            ignorecount += 1
                            ignoreLines = numSat*4 + extendLines
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# Skip satellite observation lines If RINEX epoch is behind of NMEA epoch
                    elif (currTime >= nmeaTime):
                        # Checks if RINEX epoch matches NMEA epoch
                        while(currTime > nmeaTime):
                # Gets new NMEA line If RINEX epoch is ahead of NMEA epoch
                            if len(nmea) == 0:
                                break
                            currNmea = nmea.pop(∅) # Get new NMEA line
                            nmeaTime = getNmeaTime(currNmea, tuc)
                        if (currTime == nmeaTime): #Epochs match
                            foundcount += 1
                            epoch = line[0:29] # Reads epoch date
                            sat = rinexSat2nmeaSat(line[32:])
                             # List satellites for this epoch
                            searchTime = False
                            # Start reading each satellite observation
                        else:
                            break
                else:
                    ignoreLines -= 1
                     # Counts down lines that need to be skipped
                    continue
            else: # Start reading each satellite observation
                if extendLines > 0: # Read extra observed satellite line
                    extendLines -= 1
                    sat = sat + rinexSat2nmeaSat(line[32:])
                     # concatenates second satellite line to first
                else:
                    if ignoreLines == 0 and numSat > 0: # read current line
                        if len(out) == 0:
                       # In case this is the epoch line, out will be empty
                            out.append(getRinexEpoch(epoch,
                                                     sat, currNmea[4]))
                   # Creates epoch line with filtered RINEX satellites only
                        if searchS1 == False and \
                        sat[-numSat] in currNmea[4]:
                            # Test if current RINEX satellite is in NMEA
                            out.append(line[:14]+26*' ')
      # adds L1 for current satellite and 26 blank spaces (to later add S1)
                            ignoreLines = 3 # skips the 3 following lines
                            searchS1 = True # search for S1
                        else:
                            ignoreLines = 3
    # skips the 3 following lines because current RINEX sat is not in NMEA
                    elif ignoreLines > 0:
                        # satellite was found and we have the measurement!
                        if searchS1 and ignoreLines == 2:
                            # if satellite was found, we need to add S1
                            out.append(line[40:46]+'\n')
                            # adds S1 if current RINEX satellite is in NMEA
                            searchS1 = False # jump the rest of the lines
                        ignoreLines -=1 # one less line to read
                        continue # next line in list
                    numSat -= 1
                # count down one less satellite after it is read up there
                    if numSat <= 0: # Finished reading all satellites</pre>
                        if searchS1:
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if ignoreLines != 0:
                                     print line
                                     print linecount
                                      out.append(line+'\n')
                                     ignoreLines -=1
                                     continue
                             searchTime = True
                             while (len(out) > 0):
                                 result.append(out.pop(0))
                                 # pop out to result, resetting out
                             if len(nmea) == 0:
                                 break
                             currNmea = nmea.pop(♥) # Get new NMEA line
        output = fileName[:-4]+'_filtered'+fileName[-4:]
        with open(output, 'w') as outputFile:
            for line in result:
                outputFile.write(line)
            outputFile.close()
        rinexFile.close()
    #return result
    print ignorecount
    print foundcount
smoothRINEX is a function that reads a RINEX v2.11 from GEO++ RINEX Logger
and edits the pseudoranges through doppler smoothing technique.
satdict format:
"G13": [weight, pseudorange, doppler]
satdict[sat][0] = Grabs the weight value on the "sat" key
satdict[sat][1] = Grabs the pseudorange value on the "sat" key
satdict[sat][2] = Grabs the dopplerunder value on the "sat" key
def smoothRINEXavgD(fileName):
    out = []
    onHeader = True
    searchTime = True
    extendLines = 0
    numSat = 0
    tuc = 0
    satdict = {}
    # Creates satellite dictionary for Sat number, weight and pseudorange
    sats = [] # Creates list to receive satellite for each epoch
    c = 299792458.0 \# speed of light in m/s
    GPSL1length = c/1575420000
    GLONASSF0L1 = 1602000000
    # initial value used to calculate GLONASS wavelength
    GLONASSdeltafL1 = 562500 # delta to be multiplied the RF channel
    GLONASSf = {"R01": 1, "R02": -4, "R03": 5, "R04": 6, "R05": 1, "R06": -4, "R07": 5, "R08": 6} # RF channels
    GLONASSf.update({"R09": -2, "R10": -7, "R11": 0, "R12": -1,
                      "R13": -2, "R14": -7, "R15": 0, "R16": -1}) # RF channels
    GLONASSf.update({"R17": 4, "R18": -3, "R19": 3, "R20": 2,
                      "R21": 4, "R22": -3, "R23": 3, "R24": 2}) # RF channels
    epochnum = 0
    with open(fileName, 'r') as rinexFile:
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for line in rinexFile:
    if onHeader: # Keeps Header and gets leap seconds
        out.append(line)
        if "LEAP SECONDS" in line:
            tuc = int(line[0:6]) # Gets Leap seconds
        if "END OF HEADER" in line:
            onHeader = False
    else: # Start reading epochs
        if searchTime:
            out.append(line)
            numSat = int(line[29:32]) # Number of satellites in epoch
            extendLines = (numSat - 1) / 12
          # Check if epoch has more than 1 line of observed satellites
            sats = getSatellites(line[32:])
             # List satellites with timestamp for this epoch
            searchTime = False
        elif extendLines > 0:
            extendLines -= 1
            sats = sats + getSatellites(line[32:])
             # concatenates second satellite line to first
        else: # Start reading each satellite observation
            sat = sats[len(sats) - numSat]
            pseudorange = float(line[0:14])
            # Reads measured pseudorange
            doppler = float(line[52:62])
             # reads measured doppler
            if epochnum == 0:
                satdict[sat] = [0, pseudorange, doppler]
                # Set initial weight to zero and initial pseudorange
                newRangeline = ' ' + str(format(pseudorange,'.3f')) +\
                line[14:62] + '\n'
            else:
                if sat in satdict.keys():
                    satdict[sat][0] += 1
                     #adds one to the satellite weight
                    avgDoppler = (doppler + satdict[sat][2]) / 2.0
                    if sat in GLONASSf.kevs():
                        wlength = c/(GLONASSf0L1 + \
                                     GLONASSf[sat]*GLONASSdeltafL1)
                        newRange = smoothRange(pseudorange,
                                               satdict[sat][1],
                                               avgDoppler,
                                               satdict[sat][0],
                                               wlength)
                        # calculates smoothed range
                        satdict[sat][1] = newRange
                        satdict[sat][2] = doppler
                        newRangeline = ' ' + \
                        str(format(newRange,'.3f')) +\
                        line[14:62] + '\n'
                    else:
                        wlength = GPSL1length
                        newRange = smoothRange(pseudorange,
                                               satdict[sat][1],
                                               avgDoppler,
                                               satdict[sat][0],
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wlength)
                                  # calculates smoothed range
                                  satdict[sat][1] = newRange
                                  satdict[sat][2] = doppler
                                  newRangeline = ' ' + \
                                  str(format(newRange,'.3f')) +\
                                  line[14:62] + '\n'
                         else:
                              satdict[sat] = [0, pseudorange, doppler]
                          # create an entry for new satellite with zero weight
                              newRangeline = ' ' +\
                              str(format(pseudorange,'.3f')) + line[14:62] + '\n'
                     remove = []
                     for key in satdict.keys():
                          if not (key in sats):
                              remove.append(key)
                     for key in remove:
                         del satdict[kev]
                     out.append(newRangeline)
                     numSat -= 1
                     if numSat == 0:
                           # END OF EPOCH: Finished reading all satellites
                          searchTime = True # Read new epoch
                         epochnum +=1
        output = fileName[:-4]+'doppleravg_Smoothed'+fileName[-4:]
        with open(output, 'w') as outputFile:
             for line in out:
                 outputFile.write(line)
             outputFile.close()
def smoothRINEX(fileName):
    out = []
    onHeader = True
    searchTime = True
    extendLines = 0
    numSat = 0
    tuc = 0
    satdict = {}
    # Creates satellite dictionary for Sat number, weight and pseudorange
    sats = [] # Creates list to receive satellite for each epoch
    c = 299792458.0 \# speed of light in m/s
    GPSL1length = c/1575420000
    GLONASSF0L1 = 1602000000
     # initial value used to calculate GLONASS wavelength
    GLONASSdeltafL1 = 562500 # delta to be multiplied the RF channel
    GLONASSf = {"R01": 1, "R02": -4, "R03": 5, "R04": 6,
                 "R05": 1, "R06": -4, "R07": 5, "R08": 6} # RF channels
    GLONASSf.update({"R09": -2, "R10": -7, "R11": 0, "R12": -1, "R13": -2, "R14": -7, "R15": 0, "R16": -1}) # RF channels GLONASSf.update({"R17": 4, "R18": -3, "R19": 3, "R20": 2,
                      "R21": 4, "R22": -3, "R23": 3, "R24": 2}) # RF channels
    epochnum = 0
    with open(fileName, 'r') as rinexFile:
        for line in rinexFile:
             if onHeader: # Keeps Header and gets leap seconds
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out.append(line)
    if "LEAP SECONDS" in line:
        tuc = int(line[0:6]) # Gets Leap seconds
    if "END OF HEADER" in line:
       onHeader = False
else: # Start reading epochs
    if searchTime:
        out.append(line)
        numSat = int(line[29:32]) # Number of satellites in epoch
        extendLines = (numSat - 1) / 12
       # Check if epoch has more than 1 line of observed satellites
        sats = getSatellites(line[32:])
        # List satellites with timestamp for this epoch
        searchTime = False
    elif extendLines > 0:
        extendLines -= 1
        sats = sats + getSatellites(line[32:])
        # concatenates second satellite line to first
   else: # Start reading each satellite observation
        sat = sats[len(sats) - numSat]
        pseudorange = float(line[0:14])
        # Reads measured pseudorange
        doppler = float(line[52:62]) # reads measured doppler
        if epochnum == 0:
            satdict[sat] = [0,pseudorange,doppler]
            # Set initial weight to zero and initial pseudorange
            newRangeline = ' ' + str(format(pseudorange,'.3f')) +\
            line[14:62] + '\n'
        else:
            if sat in satdict.keys():
                satdict[sat][0] += 1
                 #adds one to the satellite weight
                avgDoppler = (doppler + satdict[sat][2]) / 2.0
                if sat in GLONASSf.keys():
                    wlength = c/(GLONASSf0L1 + \
                                 GLONASSf[sat]*\GLONASSdeltafL1)
                    newRange = smoothRange(pseudorange,
                                           satdict[sat][1],
                                           doppler,
                                           satdict[sat][0],
                                           wlength)
                    # calculates smoothed range
                    satdict[sat][1] = newRange
                    satdict[sat][2] = doppler
                    newRangeline = ' ' +\
                    str(format(newRange,'.3f')) + \
                    line[14:62] + '\n'
                else:
                    wlength = GPSL1length
                    newRange = smoothRange(pseudorange,
                                           satdict[sat][1],
                                           doppler,
                                           satdict[sat][0],
                                           wlength)
                    # calculates smoothed range
                    satdict[sat][1] = newRange
```

```
satdict[sat][2] = doppler
                                newRangeline = ' ' +\
                                str(format(newRange,'.3f')) +\
                                line[14:62] + '\n'
                        else:
                            satdict[sat] = [0,pseudorange,doppler]
                           # create an entry for new satellite with zero weight
                            newRangeline = ' ' +\
                            str(format(pseudorange,'.3f')) + line[14:62] + '\n'
                    remove = []
                    for key in satdict.keys():
                        if not (key in sats):
                            remove.append(key)
                    for key in remove:
                        del satdict[key]
                    out.append(newRangeline)
                    numSat -= 1
                    if numSat == 0:
                        # END OF EPOCH: Finished reading all satellites
                        searchTime = True # Read new epoch
                        epochnum +=1
        output = fileName[:-4]+' Smoothed5sec'+fileName[-4:]
        with open(output, 'w') as outputFile:
            for line in out:
                outputFile.write(line)
            outputFile.close()
....
RINEX Filtering
smoothRINEXavgD('20190115_Sta91500.19o')
smoothRINEXavgD('20190211_Sta91500.19o')
smoothRINEXavgD('20190212 Sta91500.19o')
smoothRINEX('20190115 Sta91500.19o')
smoothRINEX('20190211_Sta91500.19o')
smoothRINEX('20190212_Sta91500.19o')
```