# Prática\_3\_Respostas

August 1, 2020

## 1 Prática 3

Aprendizado Dinâmico

por Cibele Russo (ICMC/USP - São Carlos SP)

#### MBA em Ciências de Dados

Considere as duas bases de dados a seguir

- Dados de fechamento do papel PETR4 a partir de 18/3 no arquivo PETR4.csv.
- Dados de mortes por COVID-19 no estado de SP.

Nesta prática, aplicaremos os conhecimentos adquiridos na Aula 3 a esses dados, a saber:

- Função de autocorrelação
- Função de autocorrelação parcial
- Repetir a modelagem para os dados de PETR4 visto em aula.
- Desafio para COVID-19: Um modelo ARIMA sazonal.

#### 1. Carregue as bibliotecas

```
[49]: # Bibliotecas

import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

%matplotlib inline

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from statsmodels.graphics.tsaplots import plot_acf,plot_pacf # para determinar_
→ (p,q)
```

2. Faça a leitura dos dados de PETR4 em df1 e de COVID-19 no estado de SP em df2. Para os dados PETR4 usaremos a variável Close e para os dados de COVID-19 usaremos a variável deaths. Complete as bases de dados usando reindex e fillna.

```
[50]: pkgdir = '/home/cibele/CibelePython/AprendizadoDinamico/Data'

# PETR4 - Leitura dos dados
df1 = pd.read_csv(f'{pkgdir}/PETR4.csv', index_col='Date', parse_dates=True)

idx1 = pd.date_range(start=df1.index.min(), end=df2.index.max(), freq='D')
df1 = df1.reindex(idx1)
df1.fillna(method='ffill', inplace=True)

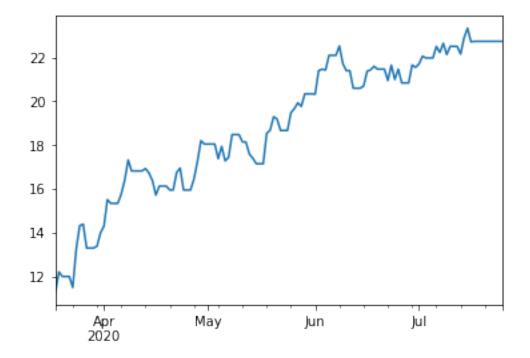
# COVID-19 no estado de SP
df2 = pd.read_csv(f'{pkgdir}/covidSP.csv', index_col='date', parse_dates=True)

idx2 = pd.date_range(start=df2.index.min(), end=df2.index.max(), freq='D')
df2 = df2.reindex(idx2)
df2.fillna(0,inplace=True)
```

### 3. Verifique graficamente se os dados foram lidos de forma correta.

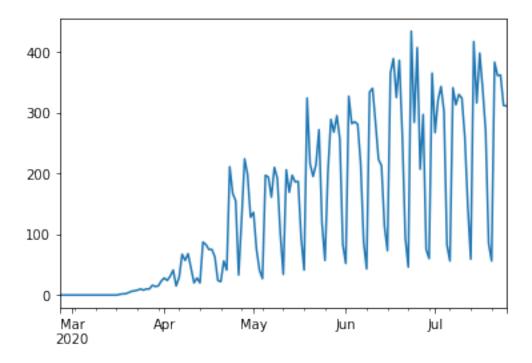
```
[51]: df1['Close'].plot()
```

[51]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f27ed35d050>



```
[52]: df2['deaths'].plot()
```

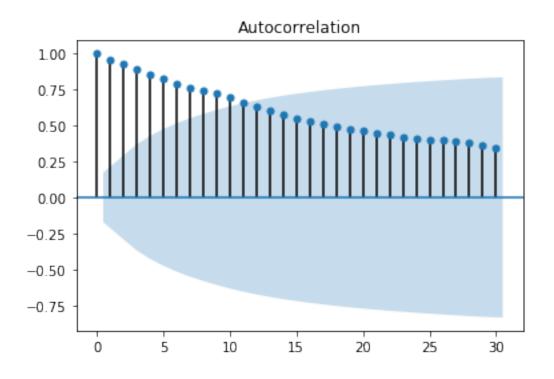
[52]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f27ed557fd0>

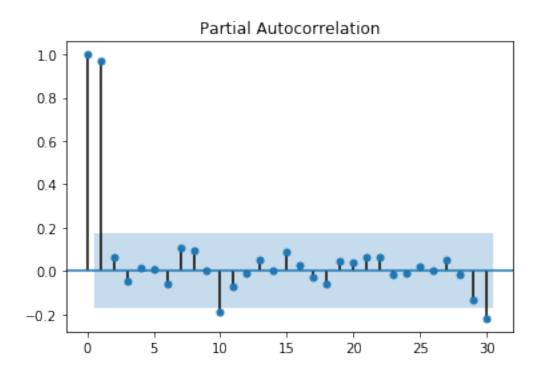


4. Obtenha os gráficos de autocorrelação e autocorrelação parcial para ambas as aplicações. Que características você observa nesses gráficos? Que modelo sugeriria com base nos correlogramas?

```
[53]: # Correlograma

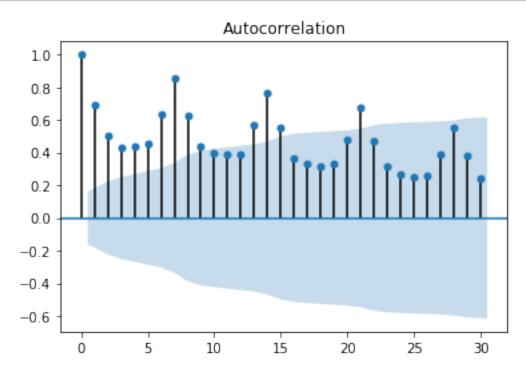
plot_acf(df1['Close'], lags=30)
 plot_pacf(df1['Close'], lags=30)
 plt.show()
```

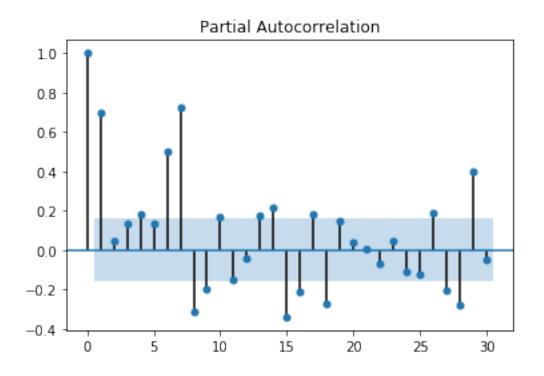




[54]: # Correlograma

```
plot_acf(df2['deaths'], lags=30)
plot_pacf(df2['deaths'], lags=30)
plt.show()
```

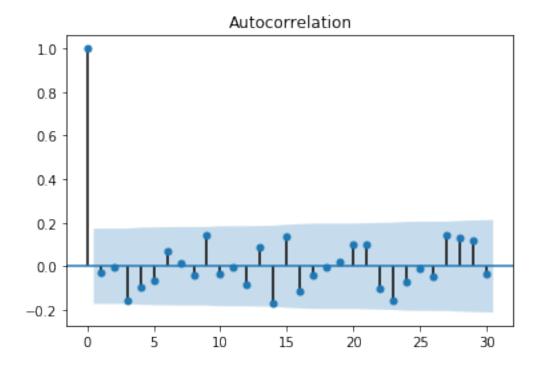


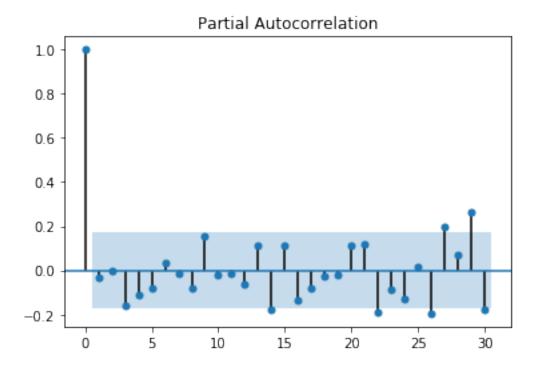


5. Repita os gráficos de autocorrelação e autocorrelação parcial para a primeira diferença de cada aplicação. O que você pode concluir?

```
[55]: # Correlograma

plot_acf(np.diff(df1['Close']), lags=30)
plot_pacf(np.diff(df1['Close']), lags=30)
plt.show()
```

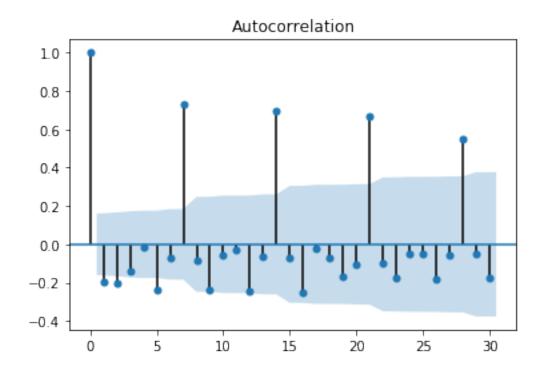


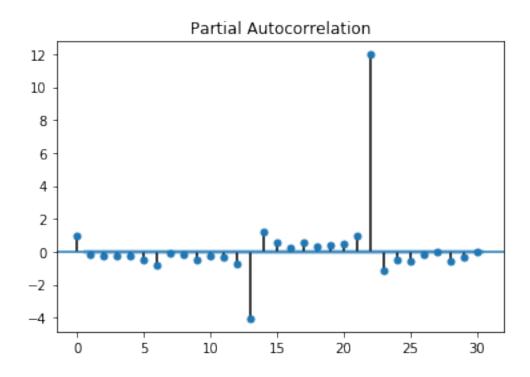


```
[56]: # Correlograma

plot_acf(np.diff(df2['deaths']), lags=30)
plot_pacf(np.diff(df2['deaths']), lags=30)
plt.show()
```

/home/cibele/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/sitepackages/statsmodels/regression/linear\_model.py:1406: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in sqrt return rho, np.sqrt(sigmasq)





- 6. Para os dados de PETR4, refaça a modelagem vista em aula.
- 7. Desafio: Ainda não vimos o modelo SARIMA, mas já sabemos que a série de COVID-19

tem sazonalidade. Como os dados de COVID-19 apresentam sazonalidade, vamos arriscar no tema da próxima aula? Altere seasonal para True e escolha o melhor modelo entre os SARIMA propostos. Discutiremos com detalhes este modelo na Aula 4.

```
Performing stepwise search to minimize aic
Fit ARIMA(0,0,0)x(1,1,1,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1503.140, BIC=1515.019,
Time=0.461 seconds
Fit ARIMA(0,0,0)x(0,1,0,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1546.346, BIC=1552.285,
Time=0.023 seconds
Fit ARIMA(1,0,0)x(1,1,0,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1506.697, BIC=1518.577,
Time=0.418 seconds
Fit ARIMA(0,0,1)x(0,1,1,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1504.764, BIC=1516.643,
Time=0.394 seconds
Fit ARIMA(0,0,0)x(0,1,0,7) [intercept=False]; AIC=1553.312, BIC=1556.281,
Time=0.019 seconds
Fit ARIMA(0,0,0)x(0,1,1,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1505.935, BIC=1514.844,
Time=0.261 seconds
Fit ARIMA(0,0,0)x(1,1,0,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1506.823, BIC=1515.733,
Time=0.550 seconds
Fit ARIMA(0,0,0)x(2,1,1,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1501.191, BIC=1516.040,
Time=1.153 seconds
Fit ARIMA(0,0,0)x(2,1,0,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1500.211, BIC=1512.091,
Time=0.795 seconds
Fit ARIMA(1,0,0)x(2,1,0,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1497.094, BIC=1511.944,
Time=1.094 seconds
Fit ARIMA(1,0,0)x(2,1,1,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1498.545, BIC=1516.364,
Time=1.546 seconds
Fit ARIMA(1,0,0)x(1,1,1,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1500.782, BIC=1515.631,
Time=0.597 seconds
Fit ARIMA(2,0,0)x(2,1,0,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1495.055, BIC=1512.874,
Time=1.300 seconds
Fit ARIMA(2,0,0)x(1,1,0,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1502.469, BIC=1517.319,
Time=0.488 seconds
Fit ARIMA(2,0,0)x(2,1,1,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1496.087, BIC=1516.875,
Time=1.940 seconds
Fit ARIMA(2,0,0)x(1,1,1,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1498.097, BIC=1515.916,
```

```
Fit ARIMA(3,0,0)x(2,1,0,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1491.535, BIC=1512.324,
    Time=1.537 seconds
    Fit ARIMA(3,0,0)x(1,1,0,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1496.157, BIC=1513.976,
    Time=0.851 seconds
    Fit ARIMA(3,0,0)x(2,1,1,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1492.478, BIC=1516.237,
    Time=1.934 seconds
    Fit ARIMA(3,0,0)x(1,1,1,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1493.818, BIC=1514.606,
    Time=1.109 seconds
    Fit ARIMA(4,0,0)x(2,1,0,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1488.717, BIC=1512.476,
    Time=2.341 seconds
    Fit ARIMA(4,0,0)x(1,1,0,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1493.623, BIC=1514.412,
    Time=0.921 seconds
    Fit ARIMA(4,0,0)x(2,1,1,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1490.135, BIC=1516.864,
    Time=3.059 seconds
    Fit ARIMA(4,0,0)x(1,1,1,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1490.818, BIC=1514.577,
    Time=1.425 seconds
    Fit ARIMA(5,0,0)x(2,1,0,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1490.106, BIC=1516.835,
    Time=2.722 seconds
    Fit ARIMA(4,0,1)x(2,1,0,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1488.725, BIC=1515.453,
    Time=3.578 seconds
    Fit ARIMA(3,0,1)x(2,1,0,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1490.816, BIC=1514.575,
    Time=2.565 seconds
    Fit ARIMA(5,0,1)x(2,1,0,7) [intercept=True]; AIC=1490.307, BIC=1520.005,
    Time=4.308 seconds
    Total fit time: 38.161 seconds
[60]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
                                       SARIMAX Results
     ______
     =======
     Dep. Variable:
                                                y No. Observations:
     151
     Model:
                      SARIMAX(4, 0, 0)x(2, 1, 0, 7)
                                                   Log Likelihood
     -736.359
                                  Tue, 28 Jul 2020
     Date:
                                                   AIC
     1488.717
                                          00:28:50
     Time:
                                                   BIC
     1512.476
     Sample:
                                                    HQIC
     1498.371
                                            - 151
     Covariance Type:
                                              opg
     ______
                    coef
                           std err
                                           Z
                                                P>|z|
                                                           [0.025
```

Time=0.679 seconds

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intercept	16.9028	5.491	3.078	0.002	6.140	27.665
ar.L1	0.2212	0.072	3.065	0.002	0.080	0.363
ar.L2	0.1651	0.071	2.325	0.020	0.026	0.304
ar.L3	-0.2270	0.086	-2.652	0.008	-0.395	-0.059
ar.L4	0.1806	0.075	2.412	0.016	0.034	0.327
ar.S.L7	-0.6434	0.073	-8.836	0.000	-0.786	-0.501
ar.S.L14	-0.2184	0.095	-2.288	0.022	-0.406	-0.031
sigma2	1579.5096	162.146	9.741	0.000	1261.709	1897.310

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Ljung-Box (Q): 31.23 Jarque-Bera (JB):

14.88

Prob(Q): 0.84 Prob(JB):

0.00

Heteroskedasticity (H): 8.88 Skew:

0.49

Prob(H) (two-sided): 0.00 Kurtosis:

4.23

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## Warnings:

[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).

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