Question 1

assume that the FindMax function can not find the maximum value in the input vector for non empty input vectors => result(the variable) is not the maximum value => there is a situation that result is not updated when n is bigger than result => contradict with result is updated to n if n is bigger than result.

Question 2

https://github.com/guiquansun

https://stackoverflow.com/users/12720482/guiquan

Question 3

I take 4 inputs to test.

Inputs = $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$

Inputs = $\{1, 2, 3, 3, 4\}$

Inputs = $\{2\}$

Inputs = $\{\}$

All the outputs are correct. The first one is 2.5. The second one is 3. The third is 2. The last one is $\{\}$.

The time complexity is O(1).

Question 4

3. -r: remove all the files under current directory

-f: mandatory deletion.

Question 5

1.
$$T(n) = n + n/2 + n/4 + \cdots + 1$$

= $(1 + 1/2 + 1/4 + \cdots) * n + 1$
= $2n + 1$

So the time complexity is O(n)

2. Assume the loop executes t times, so $2^t = n \Rightarrow t = log_2^n$

So the time complexity is O(logn)

Question 6

- 1. the result is -1 when n < 0. The code is in the file.
- 2. Yes, I can. The code is in the file.
- 3. take 4 inputs, n = 5, n = 4, n = 1, n = 0. All the final results are correct, 120, 24, 1 and 1.
- 4. The time complexity of non-recursive version is O(n).

The time complexity of recursive version is also O(n).

- 5. I try to use mathematical induction to prove the correctness of the non-recursive version.
 - a. n = 0, n! = 1, so the algorithm is correct.
 - b. n = 1, n! = 1, so the algorithm is correct.
 - c. We assume n = k, the algorithm is correct and n! = m.

When n = k + 1, n! = (k + 1)* m = (k + 1)! = n!, so the algorithm is correct.