

# Recap

- Flask automatically detects templates in `templates/`
- Flask uses `render_template` function
- To create new filters in Flask you use the `jinja_env` property
- Flask will pick up the `static/` folder automatically
- Flask there's a `session` object
- FastAPI needs `Jinja2Templates` configuration
- FastAPI will use `TemplateResponse` and needs a request object.
- FastAPI will use the `env` property.
- FastAPI you need to “mount” the folder and use the `StaticFiles` class.
- FastAPI the `session` object is part of the `Request` class.

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- To create new filters in Flask you use the `jinja_env` property
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- Flask there's a `session` object
- Flask routers are defined using `Blueprint`. Blueprints needs to be registered with a Flask app
- FastAPI needs `Jinja2Templates` configuration
- FastAPI will use `TemplateResponse` and needs a request object.
- FastAPI will use the `env` property.
- FastAPI you need to “mount” the folder and use the `StaticFiles` class.
- FastAPI the `session` object is part of the `Request` class.
- FastAPI routers use `APIRouter`. Routers needs to be included in a FastAPI app