# COMP30510 Mobile Application Development

## Debugging

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#### Outline

- Debugging
- Android Debug Bridge
- Debugging in Code
- Debugging in Emulator
- Debugging in Hardware
- Eclipse Debugging
- Debug & Dalvik Debug Monitor Server (DDMS)
- Other tools

#### Debugging

• **Debugging** is a methodical process of finding and reducing the number of bugs, or defects, in a computer program or a piece of electronic hardware, thus making it behave as expected.

(Wikipedia ©)

#### Why We Need Debugging

- No one is perfect, that includes me, you and every developer in the world.
- You never learn unless you try things.
  - Developing by 'Trial and error' is sometimes necessary
  - remember Computer Science we build to learn
- Faulty/complex underlying frameworks
  - App ->Android Libs -> Dalvik -> OS
  - Faulty / Complex / Differnet hardware ( CPU (ARM or Intel) native element breaks, etc..

#### Android Debug Bridge

- Almost all debugging features of Android in Eclipse are also available in command line interface (CLI) via Android Debug Bridge (adb)
  - Eclipse just makes it nicer
- For example, LogCat tab in Eclipse is available via 'adb logcat' command in CLI
- CLI is useful for debugging but in an ideal world is used to integrating 3rd party tools

#### Debugging in Code

 Android's alternative to Java's 'System.out.println' statements (you can still use java.util.logging in Android)

```
import android.util.Log;
...
Log.i("MyActivity", "we're here!");
```

- You'll see in LogCat tab:
  - "I/MyActivity we're here!"

## android.util.Log

- Other methods:
  - Log.v() verbose
  - Log.d() debug
  - Log.i() information
  - Log.w() warning
  - Log.e() error
  - Log.wtf() 'what a terrible failure' :-) (take action)
- LogCat allows flexible filtering configuration

#### Debugging in Emulator

- You can easily debug your programs in emulator
- Emulator allows you to change/emulate
  - Android version
  - Screen size/dpi
  - Network speed
  - Location (mockup locations)
  - Phone calls/SMS sending and receiving

#### Debugging in Hardware

- Nothing beats a real device for look & feel,
- speed, reaction, etc.
- Enable Developer options (might be hidden, 'secret taps' required to open them up!)
  - Normally got to "about phone"
  - Tap on "Build number" until you're a developer
  - Can be different so check your android version / model on-line to find out
- Available Options:
  - Drawing, Monitoring, Animation, Apps

#### Debugging in Hardware

- Drawing:
  - Show layout bounds
  - Various GPU settings
  - Disable HW overlays
- Monitoring
  - Show CPU usage
  - Profile GPU rendering
  - Enable traces

- Animation:
  - Scale of animation for window and transition.
  - Animation duration
- Apps:
  - Don't keep activities
  - BG process limit
  - Show all ANR's

## **Eclipse Debugging**

- Eclipse has two useful perspectives for debugging:
  - Debug Perspective
  - Dalvik Debug Monitor Server (DDMS) Perspective

 Can be added in Eclipse via 'Window -> Open Perspective -> Other ... -> (Debug | DDMS)

#### Eclipse: Debug Perspective

 Built into Eclipse already, and enhanced by Android ADT

#### Allows:

- Debug display android apps and currently running threads
- Variables when breakpoints are set, display variable values
- Breakpoints display list of breakpoints in your code
- LogCat allows to view system messages

#### Eclipse: DDMS

- All features of DDMS (also available in CLI)
  - Devices list of devices and AVDs
  - Emulator Control device functions
  - LogCat system messages (also in Debug)
  - Threads running threads within VM
  - Network Network traffic
  - Heap heap usage for a VM
  - Allocation Tracker memory allocations for objects
  - File Explorer device filesystem

#### Other Debugging Tools

- Lint help identify and correct problems with the structural quality of your code
- Hierarchy Viewer debug & optimize your user interfaces
- Traceview graphical viewer of execution logs
- Systrace collect and review code execution data for your app and Android system

#### **Toasts**

 Sometimes you just want to generate a short message to give to the user or yourself when debugging.

```
Context context = getApplicationContext();
CharSequence text = "Hello toast!";
int duration = Toast.LENGTH_SHORT;

Toast toast = Toast.makeText(context, text, duration);
toast.show();
```