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--[[
Lua source code for the Lua/APR binding.
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Homepage: http://peterodding.com/code/lua/apr/
License: MIT
Version: 0.9.29
This Lua script is executed on require("apr"), loads the binary module using
require("apr.core"), defines several library functions implemented on top of
the binary module and returns the module table as the result of require().
--]]
local apr = require 'apr.core'
apr._VERSION = '0.9.29'
-- apr.md5(input [, binary]) -> digest {{{1}
-- Calculate the [MD5] [md5] message digest of the string @input. On success
— the digest is returned as a string of 32 hexadecimal characters, or a string
-- of 16 bytes if @binary evaluates to true. Otherwise a nil followed by an
— error message is returned.
-- *This function is binary safe.*
— Part of the "Cryptography routines" module.
function apr.md5(input, binary)
 assert(type(input) == 'string', "bad argument #1 to apr.md5() (string expected)")
 local context, digest, status, errmsg, errcode
 context, errmsg, errcode = apr.md5_init()
 if context then
   status, errmsq, errcode = context:update(input)
   if status then
     digest, errmsg, errcode = context:digest(binary)
     if digest then return digest end
   end
 end
 return nil, errmsg, errcode
end
-- apr.shal(input [, binary]) -> digest {{{1
-- Calculate the [SHA1] [sha1] message digest of the string @input. On success
— the digest is returned as a string of 40 hexadecimal characters, or a string
-- of 20 bytes if @binary evaluates to true. Otherwise a nil followed by an
— error message is returned.
-- *This function is binary safe.*
— Part of the "Cryptography routines" module.
function apr.shal(input, binary)
 assert(type(input) == 'string', "bad argument #1 to apr.shal() (string expected)")
 local context, digest, status, errmsg, errcode
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context, errmsq, errcode = apr.shal_init()

status, errmsg, errcode = context:update(input)

if context then

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if status then
     digest, errmsq, errcode = context:digest(binary)
     if digest then return digest end
   end
 end
 return nil, errmsg, errcode
end
-- apr.filepath_which(program [, find_all]) -> pathname {{{1
— Find the full pathname of @program by searching the directories in the
-- [$PATH] [path_var] environment variable and return the pathname of the
— first program that's found. If @find_all is true then a list with the
— pathnames of all matching programs is returned instead.
-- [path_var]: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/PATH_%28variable%29
— Part of the "File path manipulation" module.
function apr.filepath_which(program, find_all)
 local split = apr.filepath_list_split
 local is_windows = apr.platform_get() == 'WIN32'
 local extensions = is_windows and split(apr.env_get 'PATHEXT')
 local results = find_all and {}
 for _, directory in ipairs(split(apr.env_get 'PATH')) do
   local candidate = apr.filepath_merge(directory, program)
   if apr.stat(candidate, 'type') == 'file' then
     —— TODO if not is_windows check executable bits
     if not find_all then return candidate end
     results[#results + 1] = candidate
   if is_windows and #extensions >= 1 then
     for _, extension in ipairs(extensions) do
       candidate = apr.filepath_merge(directory, program .. '.' .. extension)
       if apr.stat(candidate, 'type') == 'file' then
         if not find_all then return candidate end
         results[#results + 1] = candidate
       end
     end
   end
 end
 return results
end
-- apr.glob(pattern [, ignorecase]) -> iterator {{{1
—— Split @pattern into a directory path and a filename pattern and return an
— iterator which returns all filenames in the directory that match the
-- extracted filename pattern. The 'apr.fnmatch()' function is used for
— filename matching so the documentation there applies.
-- *This function is not binary safe.*
-- Part of the "Filename matching" module.
function apr.glob(pattern, ignorecase)
 local fnmatch = apr.fnmatch
 local yield = coroutine.yield
 local directory, pattern = apr.filepath_parent(pattern)
 local handle = assert(apr.dir_open(directory))
 return coroutine.wrap(function()
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for path, name in handle:entries('path', 'name') do
     if fnmatch(pattern, name, ignorecase) then
       yield(path)
     end
   end
   handle:close()
 end)
end
-- apr.uri_encode(string) -> encoded {{{1
— Encode all unsafe bytes in @string using [percent—encoding] [percenc] so
— that the string can be embedded in a [URI] [uri] guery string.
-- [percenc]: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Percent-encoding
— Part of the "Uniform resource identifier parsing" module.
function apr.uri_encode(s)
 local byte = string.byte
 local format = string.format
 return (s:gsub('[^A-Za-z0-9_.-]', function(c)
   if c == ' ' then
     return '+'
   else
     return format('%%02x', byte(c))
   end
 end))
end
-- apr.uri_decode(encoded) -> string {{{1
-- Decode all [percent-encoded] [percenc] bytes in the string @encoded.
-- [percenc]: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Percent-encoding
— Part of the "Uniform resource identifier parsing" module.
function apr.uri_decode(s)
 local char = string.char
 local tonumber = tonumber
 s = s:gsub('+', '')
 return (s:gsub('%%(%x%x?)', function(code)
   return char(tonumber(code, 16))
 end))
end
-- }}}1
return apr
-- vim: ts=2 sw=2 et tw=79 fen fdm=marker
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