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Problem 3 a)
> x1 < c(1, 2, 3, 3, 4, 5)

> x2 < c(35, 15, 50, 30, 35, 75)

> x2 < c(17, 20, 11, 14, 14, 8)
> N = length(Y)
> X = cbind(rep(1, N), x1, x2)
         x1 x2
[1, ] 1
[2, ] 1
[3, ] 1
[4, ] 1
          1 35
          2 15
           3 50
          3 30
[5, ] 1 4 35
[6, ] 1 5 75
> C = solve(t(X) %*% X)
1. 157575758 - 0. 209090909 - 0. 0090909091
x1 - 0. 209090909 0. 190909091 - 0. 0090909091
x2 - 0. 009090909 - 0. 009090909 0. 0009090909
> betahat = C %*% t(X) %*% Y
> betahat
    [, 1]
22. 70
x1 - 0.90
x2 - 0. 15
b) & c)
> fit = lm(Y \sim x1+x2)
> summary(fit)
lm(formula = Y \sim x1 + x2)
Resi dual s:
 0. 45 1. 35 - 1. 50 - 1. 50 0. 15 1. 05
Coeffi ci ents:
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 22.70000
                                 1. 71809 13. 212 0. 000937 ***
x1
                 -0.90000
                                 0. 69772 -1. 290 0. 287520
                                             -3.115 0.052659 .
x2
                 -0.15000
                                 0.04815
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 1.597 on 3 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.915, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8583
F-statistic: 16.15 on 2 and 3 DF, p-value: 0.02478
d)
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```
> beta2hat = -0.15000
> beta2stderr = 0.04815
> t2 = beta2hat/beta2stderr; t2
[1] -3.115265
> pt(t2,3,lower.tail=TRUE)
[1] 0.02633258
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e)
> beta0hat = 22.70000
> beta0stderr = 1.71809
> t0 = (beta0hat-25)/beta0stderr; t0
[1] -1.338696
> pt(t0, 3, lower. tail=TRUE)
[1] 0.1365377
f)
> beta1hat = -0.90000
> beta1stderr = 0.69772
> left = beta1hat - qt(0.975, 3)*beta1stderr; left
[1] -3.120456
> right = beta1hat + qt(0.975,3)*beta1stderr; right
[1] 1. 320456
g)
> predict. lm(fit, data. frame(x1=5, x2=60), interval=c("prediction"), <math>level=0.9)
  fit
                lwr
                             upr
1 9. 2 4. 496216 13. 90378
h)
> SYY = sum((Y-mean(Y))^2)
> RSS = sum(fit$residuals^2)
> R2 = 1-RSS/SYY; R2
[1] 0.915
```