

Basics.

- State vector ~~and~~ 2D - x, \dot{x}

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} y \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix}$$

y = altitude above Earth Surface

\dot{y} = velocity in vertical

→.

- State transition Model.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \Delta t \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

→ constant velocity. in next state.

- $g = - \frac{GM_{earth}}{y^2}$ gravitational acceleration.

- $B = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \Delta t^2 \\ \Delta t \end{bmatrix}$ use gravitational acceleration to update position & velocity.

- State prediction.

$$\hat{x}^- = Ax + Bu + w$$

- Covar Prediction.

$$P^- = APA^T$$

process noise negligible.

$$APA^T + Q \text{ with noise}$$

- Update step.

1. Measurement model. H

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. Noise Covariance.

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{meas}^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

→ s.d. of measurement noise.

3. Update: Gain K $K = P^- H^T (H P^- H^T + R)^{-1}$ ↑ how much predictions should be corrected

• Updated state \hat{x}

$$\hat{x} = \hat{x}^- + K (z - H \hat{x}^-)$$

↓
actual measurement.

4. Cov update.

↑ reduced uncertainty.

$$P = (I - KH)P^-$$

3D model:

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ \dot{z} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} x(t+\Delta t) \\ y(t+\Delta t) \\ z(t+\Delta t) \\ \dot{x}(t+\Delta t) \\ \dot{y}(t+\Delta t) \\ \dot{z}(t+\Delta t) \end{bmatrix}$$

$H = \text{eye}(6)$.

$$x_k = A_k x_{k-1} + B_k u_k + w_k$$

$$F = - \frac{G M_{\text{earth}} M_{\text{sat}}}{r^3} r$$

G - const Earth.

$M_{\text{earth}}, M_{\text{sat}}$ - satellite magnitude of

r = distance from centre to ~~sat~~ satellite

r = position vector

$$M_{\text{sat}} \ddot{r} = F$$

$$\ddot{r} = - \frac{G M_{\text{earth}}}{r^3} r$$

$$(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$