



Predict the Best Team for Fantasy Premier League

2018-2019

WQD7011 Numerical Optimization

1. Aswadi Abdul Rahman (WQD180082)
2. Lee Kwan Li (WQD180019)
3. Chai Kun Ting (WQD180040)
4. Zulkanain Hasan (WQD180031)

Contents

1. Introduction
2. Problem Statement
3. Dataset
4. Objective Function
5. Constraints
6. Results
7. Discussion
8. Conclusion

Introduction

- Team managers spend lots of time in constructing what he perceive to be the winning formula.
- Everybody has their way, their approach towards the game and it requires strategic and analytical thinking, along with a huge chunk of luck.



Problem Statement

- Ideally, as a team manager, he/she can select whichever player should be playing for any games.
- In reality, a team manager has a problem to select only 15 players for every game due to normally total team consists of 20 to 30 players.
- As a consequence, team board management normally set the budget for the team manager to set their best team in order to win the games.
- Thus, as a proposal Linear Optimization to be used to help the team manager to select their best teams will conditions to fulfill all the requirements/ constraints.

Dataset

Information for
the last
gameweek of
last season
(2017-18)

21 variables i.e.

- Name
- Team
- Position
- Cost

500 rows

Data update as
and when API
updates

kaggle

Objective Functions

Maximize the point $\Rightarrow 56*x_0 + 72*x_1 + 169*x_2 + 102*x_3 + \dots \text{Points}*x_n$

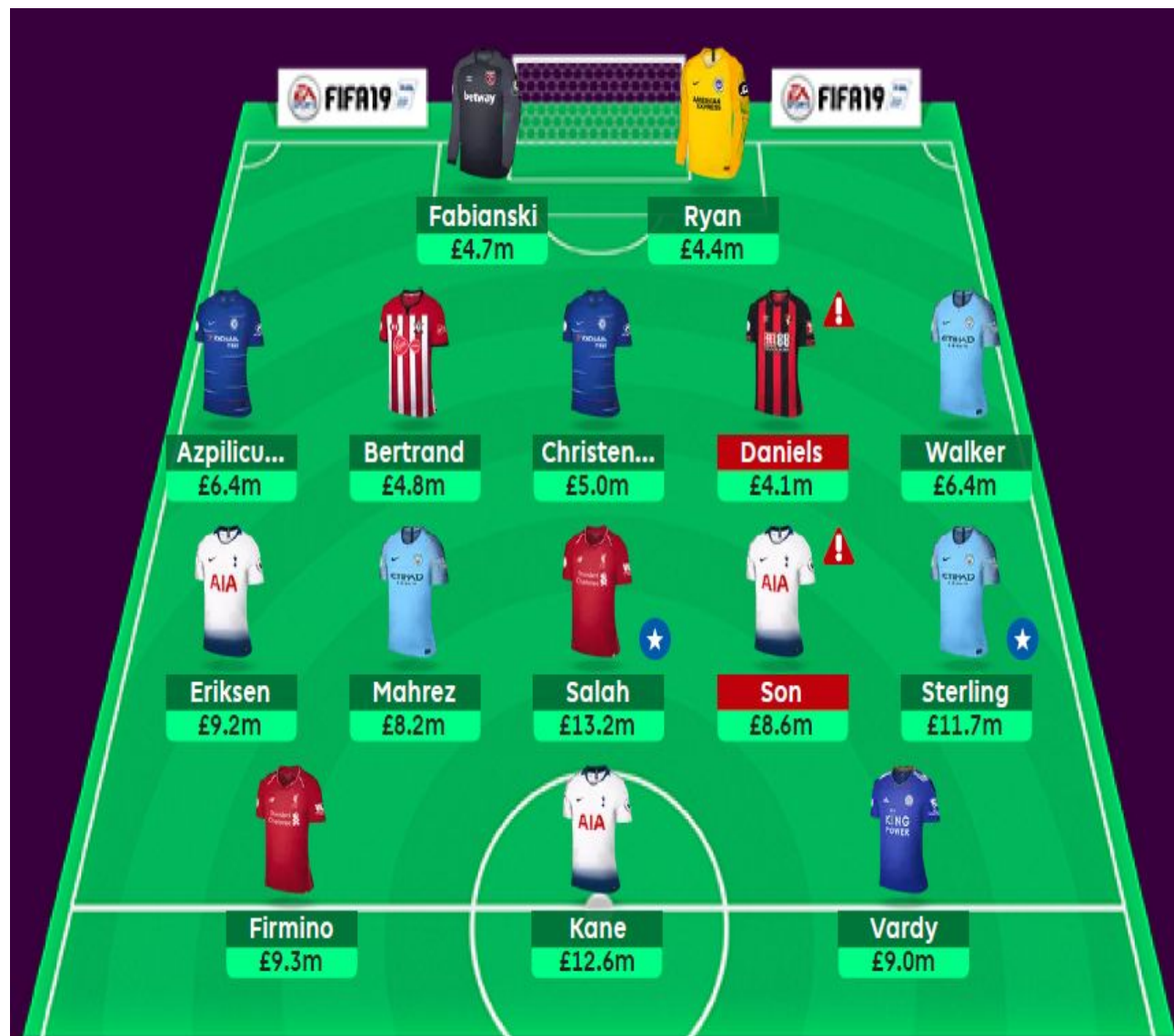
To maximize the point earn by using Constraint Optimization (Linear Optimization) algorithm with given a budget (total cost) 1200 and 15 players (2GKP, 5DEF, 5FWD, 3FWD)

Constraints

1. Cash constrain: $45*x_0 + 45*x_1 + 110*x_2 + 50*x_3 + \dots \text{Cost}*x_n \leq 1200$
2. GKP Player Position: $x_1 + x_{30} + x_{38} + x_{48} + \dots x_n$ (GKP position ONLY) = 2
3. DEF Player Position: $x_0 + x_3 + x_5 + x_6 + \dots x_n$ (DEF position ONLY) = 54.
4. MID Player Position: $x_4 + x_8 + x_{10} + x_{11} + \dots x_n$ (MID position ONLY) = 5
5. FWD Player Position: $x_2 + x_{12} + x_{15} + x_{18} + \dots x_n$ (FWD position ONLY) = 3
6. Total assist constraint: $3*x_0 + 6*x_2 + 3*x_3 + \dots \text{Cost}*x_n \geq 90$
7. Total yellow card constraint: $6*x_0 + 2*x_1 + 2*x_2 + 5*x_3 + \dots \text{Cost}*x_n \leq 20$
8. Total goals scored constraint: $x_0 + 21*x_2 + 2*x_3 + \dots \text{Goals_scored}*x_n \geq 150$
9. Total minutes played constraint: $2067*x_0 + 1710*x_1 + 1960*x_2 + 3352*x_3 + \dots \text{Cost}*x_n \geq 44100$

Results

Total Cost : 1190
Total Points : 2577
Total Goals : 152
Total Assists : 92
Total Yellow Cards : 20
Total Minutes : 44186



Discussion

Results:

Achieved objective function.

Constraint	Plan	Actual	Status
Cost	≤ 1200	1190	OK
GKP	2	2	OK
DEF	5	5	OK
MID	5	5	OK
FWD	3	3	OK
Goals	≥ 150	152	OK
Assists	≥ 90	92	OK
Yellow Cards	≤ 20	20	OK
Minutes	≥ 44100	44186	OK
Points		2577	GOOD

Conclusion

Linear Optimization can be used as a tool to solve for any constraint problem.

Question: Linear Optimization can be used in Football or other sports for reality?

Answer: Yes, but in reality another constraint should be consider i.e. Players Fitness. Thus, this additional data must be recorded and monitored by Team Management.