Triage Against the Machine: Can AI Reason Deliberatively?

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Large-Language Models (LLMs) Preview

Table 1: LLMs

				Parameters	Context		
	Provider	Model	Series	(B)	Length	Architecture	Version
1	anthropic	claude-3-5-haiku-	claude-haiku	-	200000	-	2
		20241022					
2	anthropic	claude-3-5-sonnet-	claude-	-	200000	-	2
		20241022	sonnet				
3	anthropic	claude-3-7-sonnet-	claude-	-	200000	-	3
		20250219	sonnet				
4	anthropic	claude-3-haiku- 20240307	claude-haiku	-	200000	-	1
5	anthropic	claude-3-opus-	claude-opus	-	200000	-	1
c	41 : -	20240229	claude-		200000		1
6	anthropic	claude-3-sonnet- 20240229	sonnet	-	200000	-	1
7	cohere	command	command		4096		1
8	cohere	command-a-03-2025	command	- 111	288000	dense,	3
0	conere	command-a-05-2025	command	111	200000	decoder-only	ა
9	cohere	command-r-08-2024	command	32	128000	-	2
10	cohere	command-r-plus-08- 2024	command	104	128000	dense, decoder-only	2
11	cohere	command-r7b-12-2024	command	7	128000	-	2
12		deepseek-chat	deepseek- chat	671	128000	MoE	3
13	deepseek	deepseek-reasoner	deepseek- reasoner	671	128000	MoE	1
14	deepseek	deepseek-v2	deepseek- chat	NA	128000	-	1
15	deepseek	${\it deepseek-v2.5}$	deepseek- chat	NA	128000	-	2
16	google	gemini-1.5-flash	gemini	-	1000000	MoE	1
17	google	gemini-1.5-flash-8b	gemini	8	1048576	MoE	1
18	google	gemini-1.5-pro	gemini	_	2000000	MoE	1
19	google	gemini-2.0-flash	gemini	-	1000000	-	2
20	google	gemini-2.0-flash- thinking-exp	gemini	NA	NA	NA	2
21	google	gemini-2.5-pro- preview-03-25	gemini	-	1048576	-	3

	Provider	Model	Series	Parameters (B)	Context Length	Architecture	Version
				(D)	Length		
22	google	gemma	gemma	-	-	dense,	1
99	1.	2 071 :4		07	NT A	decoder-only	9
23	google	gemma-3-27b-it	gemma	27	NA	NA	3
24	google	gemma2:27b	gemma	27	8190	dense, decoder-only	2
25	google	gemma3:12b	commo	12	128000	decoder-only	3
26	ibm	granite3.3	gemma granite	8	131072	dense	3
27	meta	llama2:13b	llama	13	4100	dense	3 1
28	meta	llama2:70b	llama	70	4100	-	1
29	meta	llama3.1:405B-turbo	llama	405	128000	-	3
$\frac{29}{30}$	meta	llama3.2	llama	3	131072	-	4
31	meta	llama3.3:70b	llama	3 70	128000	-	
32		llama3:70b		70 70	8190	-	$\frac{5}{2}$
33	meta	llama4-maverick	llama	10 17	1000000	MoE	6
34	meta		llama	17 17			
	meta	llama4-scout	llama		1000000000	MoE	6
35	microsoft	-	phi	NA	NA	-	1
36	microsoft		phi	NA	NA	-	2
37	microsoft		phi	NA	NA	-	3
38	microsoft		phi	NA	NA	-	4
39	microsoft	phi4	phi	14	16000	dense,	5
				_		decoder-only	
40		ministral-3b-latest	ministral	3	128000	-	1
41		ministral-8b-latest	\min istral	8	128000	-	1
42		mistral-large-latest	mistral	123	128000	-	1
43		mistral-small-latest	mistral	22	32800	-	1
44		open-mistral-7b	mistral	7	NA	-	NA
45		open-mistral-nemo	mistral	12	128000	-	1
46		open-mixtral-8x22b	mixtral	39	65400	SMoE	1
47	mistralai	open-mixtral-8x7b	mixtral	7	NA	SMoE	NA
48	openai	gpt-3.5-turbo	gpt	-	16385	-	1
49	openai	gpt-4	gpt	-	8192	-	3
50	openai	gpt-4-turbo	gpt	-	128000	-	3
51	openai	gpt-4.5-preview	gpt	-	128000	-	4
52	openai	gpt-4o	gpt	-	128000	-	2
53	openai	gpt-4o-mini	gpt	-	128000	-	2
54	openai	o1	O	-	200000	-	1
55	openai	o1-mini	O	NA	NA	-	1
56	openai	o3-mini	O	-	200000	-	2
57	qwen	qwen-max	qwen	-	32768	-	1
58	qwen	qwen-plus	qwen	-	131072	-	1
59	qwen	qwen-turbo	qwen	-	1000000	-	1
60	qwen	qwen1.5-110b-chat	open-qwen	110	NA	_	1
61	qwen	qwen1.5-72b-chat	open-qwen	72	8000	-	1
62	qwen	qwen2-72b-instruct	open-qwen	72	131072	-	2
63	qwen	qwen2.5-72b-instruct	open-qwen	72	131072	-	3
64	qwen	qwq-plus	qwq	_	131072	-	1
65	xai	grok-2-1212	grok	_	131072	-	$\stackrel{-}{2}$
66	xai	grok-3-beta	grok	_	131072	_	3
67	xai	grok-3-mini-beta	grok	_	131072	_	3
68	xai	grok-beta	grok	314	131072	MoE	1

We started the analysis with 68 models, but some models were dropped after data collection. The models and reason for dropping are discussed later on Excluded Models.

Surveys

Table 2: Surveys

	survey	considerations	policies	$scale_max$	q_method
1	acp	48	5	11	FALSE
2	auscj	45	8	7	FALSE
3	bep	43	7	7	FALSE
4	biobanking_mayo_ubc	38	7	11	FALSE
5	biobanking_wa	49	7	11	FALSE
6	ccps	33	7	11	FALSE
7	ds _aargau	33	7	7	FALSE
8	$ds_bellinzona$	32	7	7	FALSE
9	energy_futures	45	9	11	FALSE
10	fnqcj	42	5	12	FALSE
11	forestera	45	7	11	FALSE
12	fremantle	36	6	11	TRUE
13	gbr	35	7	7	FALSE
14	$swiss_health$	24	6	7	FALSE
15	$uppsala_speaks$	42	7	7	FALSE
16	valsamoggia	36	4	11	TRUE
17	${ m zh_thalwil}$	31	7	7	FALSE
18	${ m zh_uster}$	31	7	7	FALSE
19	${ m zh_winterthur}$	30	6	7	FALSE
20	zukunft	20	7	7	FALSE

LLM Data Collection

Handle special models

command-r7b-12-2024-t=1 grok-3-beta-r=TRUE

We collected a total of 36542 valid LLM responses across 20 surveys.

Cost

We spent a total of 411.3 USD. The cost breakdown per API is below.

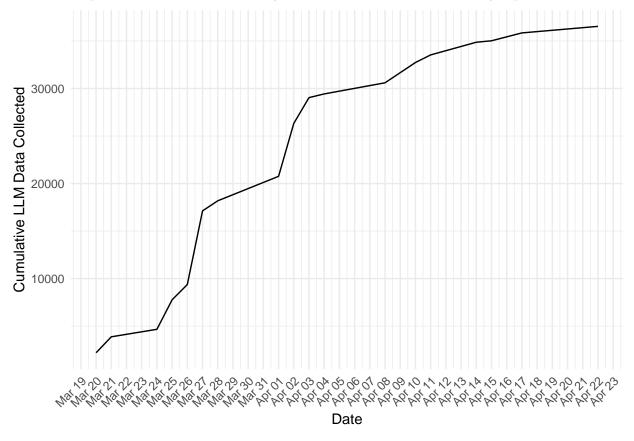
Table 3: Costs by API

api	num_models	${\it credits_paid}$
OpenAI API	9	225.52
Anthropic API	6	75.00
xAI API	4	29.95
Cohere API	6	20.34
Mistral AI API	8	20.00
Alibaba Cloud	8	17.49
Together AI	8	13.00

api	num_models	credits_paid
DeepSeek API	2	10.00
Google Could	7	NA
ollama	10	NA

Time

It took a total of 179 hours¹ across 33 days to complete data collection. Most of it was done in parallel. The first LLM response was collected on Thursday, Mar 20, 2025 and latest on Tuesday, Apr 22, 2025.



Excluded Models

18 out of 71 were excluded from the analysis for the following reasons.

Table 4: Excluded models and reasons

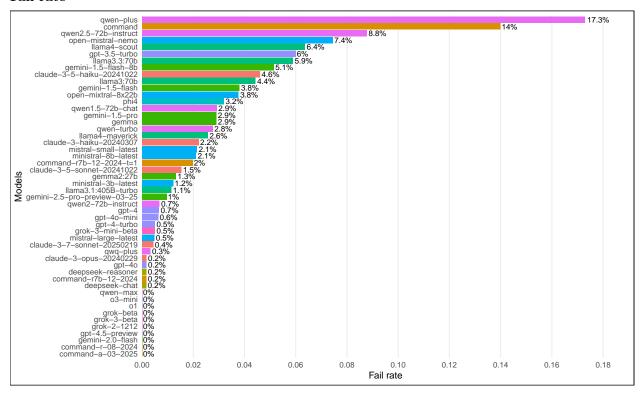
Provider	Model	Reason for exclusion
anthropic	claude-3-sonnet- 20240229	not available in Anthropic API anymore
cohere	command-r-plus-08- 2024	uniform aggregated considerations (1s)
deepseek deepseek google	deepseek-v2 deepseek-v2.5 gemma-3-27b-it	high fail rate (85%) too big to run locally; not available through APIs low rate limit (15K tokens/min)

¹Execution data is mostly accurate. Only a few (3-5) executions failed and, as a result, we have no record of it.

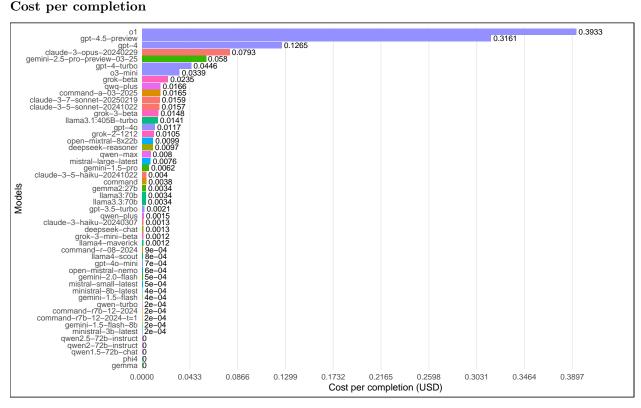
Provider	Model	Reason for exclusion
google	gemma3:12b	uniform aggregated considerations (1s)
ibm	granite3.3	testing
meta	llama2:13b	does not respond to prompts correctly
meta	llama2:70b	does not respond to prompts correctly
meta	llama3.2	3% success rate on auscj
microsoft	phi	does not respond to prompts correctly
microsoft	phi2	same model as phi
microsoft	phi3	does not respond to prompts correctly
microsoft	phi3.5	10% success rate for biobanking_wa
mistralai	open-mistral-7b	11% success rate for auscj, uppsala_speaks, and biobanking_wa
mistralai	open-mixtral-8x7b	6% success rate on fremantle only
openai	o1-mini	0% success rate on uppsala_speaks only; responds with "I'm sorry, but I
		can't help with that."
qwen	${\it qwen 1.5-110b-chat}$	has API limit of 10 RPM; too slow

Execution Summary Plots

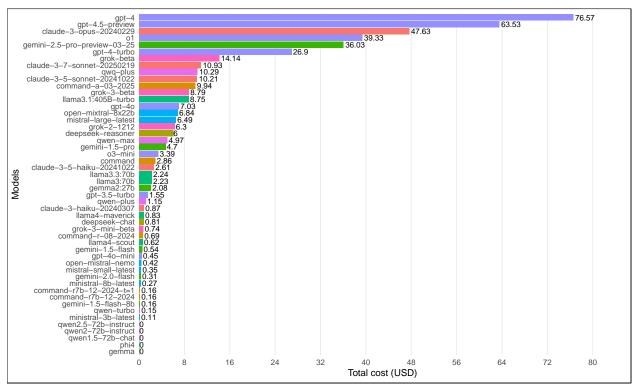
Fail rate



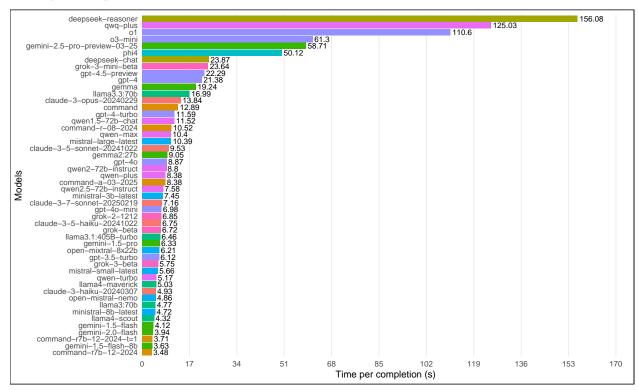
Cost per completion



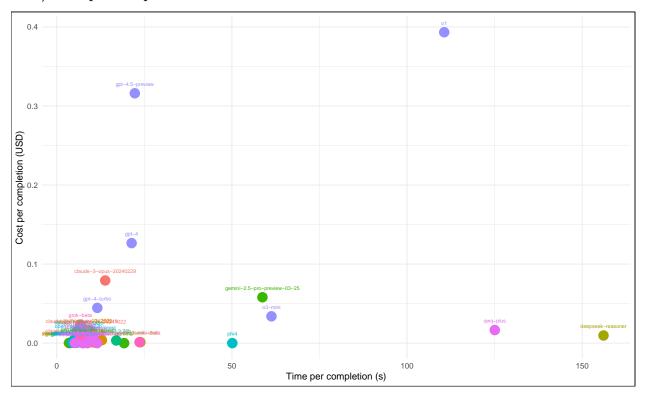
Total cost



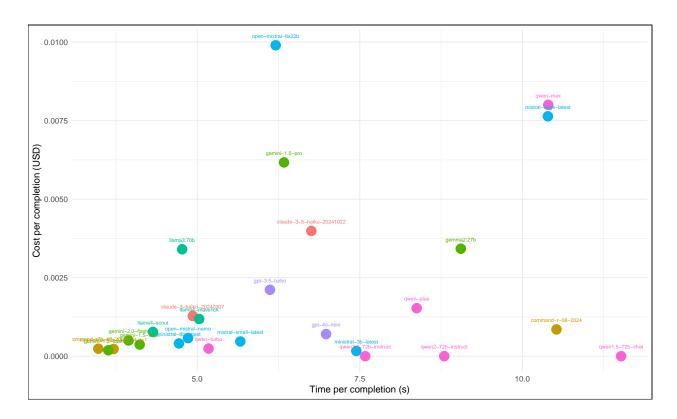
Time per completion



Cost/Time per completion



Zoomed in to cost < 0.01 USD and time $< 12~\rm s.$



Internal Consistency of Responses

We calculate Cronbach's Alpha from the top 30 iterations.

Check alpha results per model

Table 5: Alpha summary across models, mean across surveys

	provider	model	N	all	considerations	policies
1	qwen	qwen1.5-72b-chat	600	0.70	0.75	0.49
2	google	gemma2:27b	600	0.71	0.75	0.50
3	meta	llama4-maverick	600	0.71	0.78	0.44
4	openai	gpt-4o-mini	600	0.72	0.74	0.45
5	anthropic	claude-3-haiku-20240307	600	0.74	0.82	0.44
6	google	gemini-1.5-flash	600	0.74	0.76	0.52
7	anthropic	$claude \hbox{-} 3\hbox{-} 5\hbox{-} sonnet \hbox{-} 20241022$	600	0.75	0.81	0.58
8	deepseek	deepseek-reasoner	600	0.75	0.79	0.55
9	openai	$\operatorname{gpt-4}$	600	0.75	0.82	0.52
10	openai	gpt-4-turbo	600	0.75	0.82	0.53
11	xai	grok-beta	600	0.75	0.85	0.49
12	google	gemini-1.5-pro	600	0.76	0.78	0.57
13	google	${\it gemini-2.5-pro-preview-03-25}$	600	0.76	0.83	0.67
14	openai	gpt-4o	600	0.76	0.86	0.50
15	cohere	command	600	0.78	0.78	0.44
16	google	gemma	600	0.78	0.80	0.45
17	meta	llama3.3:70b	600	0.78	0.82	0.52
18	mistralai	mistral-small-latest	600	0.78	0.84	0.52
19	mistralai	open-mistral-nemo	600	0.78	0.80	0.49
20	qwen	qwq-plus	600	0.78	0.79	0.58

	provider	model	N	all	considerations	policies
21	xai	grok-2-1212	600	0.78	0.89	0.47
22	cohere	command-a-03-2025	600	0.79	0.86	0.51
23	cohere	command-r-08-2024	600	0.79	0.81	0.50
24	deepseek	deepseek-chat	600	0.79	0.86	0.52
25	google	gemini-1.5-flash-8b	600	0.79	0.84	0.50
26	meta	llama3:70b	600	0.79	0.79	0.52
27	qwen	qwen-turbo	600	0.79	0.83	0.48
28	anthropic	claude-3-7-sonnet-20250219	600	0.80	0.84	0.53
29	meta	llama4-scout	600	0.80	0.85	0.51
30	qwen	qwen-plus	600	0.80	0.82	0.49
31	qwen	qwen2-72b-instruct	600	0.80	0.86	0.48
32	qwen	qwen2.5-72b-instruct	600	0.80	0.84	0.51
33	xai	grok-3-mini-beta	600	0.80	0.78	0.67
34	anthropic	claude-3-5-haiku-20241022	600	0.81	0.86	0.47
35	microsoft	phi4	600	0.81	0.82	0.55
36	xai	grok-3-beta	600	0.81	0.84	0.53
37	mistralai	ministral-8b-latest	600	0.82	0.83	0.51
38	qwen	qwen-max	600	0.82	0.84	0.51
39	anthropic	claude-3-opus-20240229	600	0.83	0.87	0.50
40	mistralai	mistral-large-latest	600	0.83	0.86	0.54
41	google	gemini-2.0-flash	600	0.84	0.84	0.62
42	openai	gpt-3.5-turbo	600	0.84	0.87	0.48
43	openai	gpt-4.5-preview	201	0.84	0.87	0.70
44	cohere	$\operatorname{command-r7b-12-2024-t=1}$	600	0.85	0.86	0.47
45	meta	llama3.1:405B-turbo	600	0.85	0.88	0.49
46	mistralai	ministral-3b-latest	600	0.85	0.86	0.53
47	cohere	command-r7b-12-2024	600	0.86	0.87	0.46
48	mistralai	open-mixtral-8x22b	600	0.87	0.90	0.52
49	openai	o1	100	0.92	0.92	0.77
50	openai	o3-mini	100	0.92	0.91	0.80

Aggregation

We then aggregated LLM data into 1 response per model/survey. Based on (Motoki, Pinho Neto, and Rodrigues 2024), we bootstrap considerations 1000 times.

Aggregate considerations and preferences

We aggregated 31683 LLM responses into 1000 responses: 1 response per model per survey.

Human Data

Table 6: Number of participants in each case study

	Case	Survey	Participants
1	Citizen Parliamentarian	acp	45
2	HGE Control Group	auscj	19
3	HGE Deliberative Group	auscj	23
4	BEP	bep	16
5	Mayo	biobanking mayo ubc	17

	Case	Survey	Participants
6	UBC Bio	biobanking_mayo_ubc	17
7	WA Citizens	biobanking_wa	9
8	WA Stakeholder	biobanking_wa	15
9	CCPS ACT Deliberative	ccps	31
10	Aargau	ds _aargau	16
11	Bellinzona	$ds_bellinzona$	8
12	CSIRO NSW	energy_futures	12
13	CSIRO WA	energy_futures	17
14	FNQCJ	fnqcj	11
15	Forest Lay Citizen	forestera	9
16	Forest Stakeholder	forestera	11
17	Fremantle	fremantle	41
18	GBR	gbr	7
19	Activate	$uppsala_speaks$	26
20	Standard	$uppsala_speaks$	22
21	UPSA Control Group	$uppsala_speaks$	20
22	Valsamoggia	valsamoggia	16
23	Thalwill	${ m zh_thalwil}$	14
24	USTER	${ m zh_uster}$	15
25	Winterthur	$zh_winterthur$	16
26	Zukunft	zukunft	63

We collected 1032 human responses across 26 case studies, including pre-post deliberation responses.

Randomly Generated Data

Then, we generated 20 random reseponses, one for each survey.

DRI Analysis

We begin by defining DRI calculation functions.

```
# original DRI formula
dri_calc <- function(data, v1, v2) {
  lambda <- 1 - (sqrt(2) / 2)
  dri <- 2 * (((1 - mean(abs((data[[v1]] - data[[v2]]) / sqrt(2)
  ))) - (lambda)) / (1 - (lambda))) - 1

  return(dri)
}

# updated DRI formula
# FIXME: only accounts for negligible positive correlations, but not negative ones
dri_calc_v2 <- function(data, v1, v2) {
  # Calculate orthogonal distance for each pair
  d <- abs((data[[v1]] - data[[v2]]) / sqrt(2))

# Define lambda as in the original
  lambda <- 1 - (sqrt(2) / 2)

# Calculate penalty: 0.5 if both correlations are in [0, 0.2], 1 otherwise</pre>
```

```
penalty <- ifelse(data[[v1]] >= 0 & data[[v1]] <= 0.2 & #0.3</pre>
                        data[[v2]] >= 0 & data[[v2]] <= 0.2, # 0.3
                      0, 1)
  # Adjusted consistency per pair
  consistency <- (1 - d) * penalty</pre>
  # Average consistency across all pairs
  avg consistency <- mean(consistency)</pre>
  # Scale to [-1, 1] as in the original
  dri <- 2 * ((avg_consistency - lambda) / (1 - lambda)) - 1</pre>
  return(dri)
}
# updated DRI formula: penalizes both negligible
# positive and negative correlations in a scalar way.
dri_calc_v3 <- function(data, v1, v2) {</pre>
  d <- abs((data[[v1]] - data[[v2]]) / sqrt(2))</pre>
  lambda \leftarrow 1 - (sqrt(2) / 2)
  # Scalar penalty based on strength of signal (|r| \text{ and } |q|)
  penalty <- ifelse(pmax(abs(data[[v1]]), abs(data[[v2]])) <= 0.2, pmax(abs(data[[v1]]), abs(data[[v2]])</pre>
  consistency <- (1 - d) * penalty</pre>
  avg consistency <- mean(consistency)</pre>
  dri <- 2 * ((avg_consistency - lambda) / (1 - lambda)) - 1</pre>
  return(dri)
}
```

Warning: Missing swiss_health from DRIInd.LLMs!

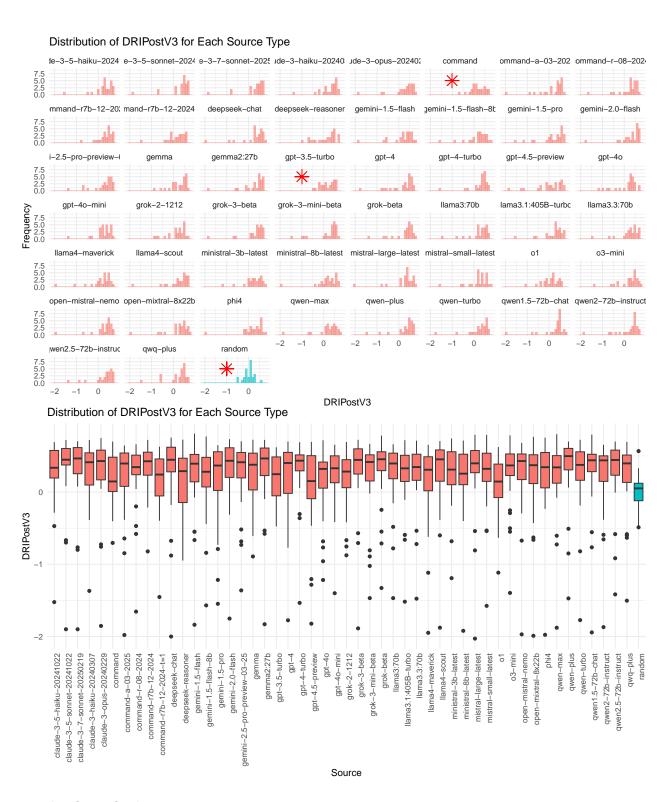
Hypotheses Testing

H1. DRI scores of LLMs do not significantly differ from those produced by a random generation process.

Testing assumptions

We employed a one-way ANOVA (or a Kruskal-Wallis test, depending on the results of the exploratory analysis) between subjects to analyze our results. If normality and homogeneity of variance assumptions are met, we will use ANOVA followed by Tukey's HSD post-hoc test for pairwise comparisons between LLM/version DRI and random DRI. If assumptions are violated, we will use the non-parametric Kruskal-Wallis test, followed by Dunn's post-hoc test with Bonferroni correction.

The independent variable is be the type of participant (e.g., random, model). The dependent variable is the individual-level DRI score.



Testing hypothesis

```
##
## Kruskal-Wallis rank sum test
##
## data: DRIPostV3 by source
## Kruskal-Wallis chi-squared = 73.821, df = 50, p-value = 0.01587
```

Post-hoc tests

```
##
```

alpha = 0.05 ## Reject Ho if p <= alpha/2

Table 7: Models compared to random

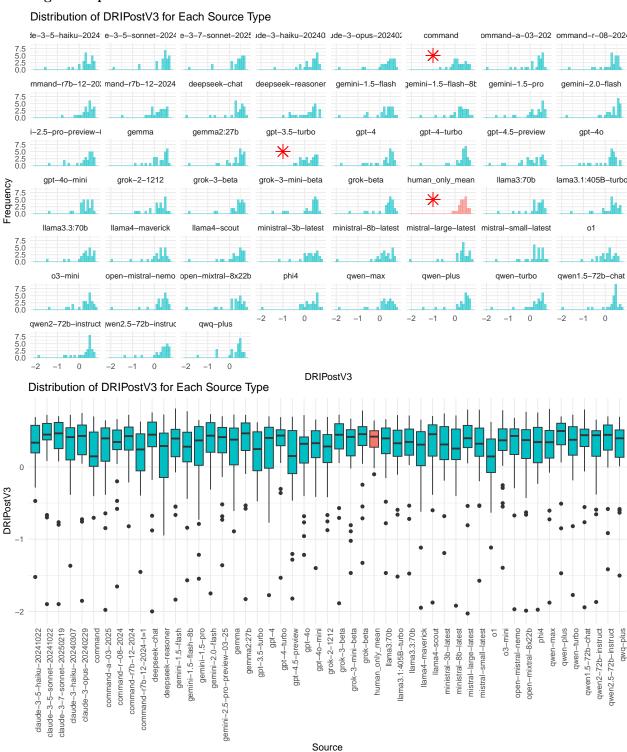
Model	P-adjusted
claude-3-5-sonnet-20241022	0.004*
qwen-plus	0.008*
gemini-2.0-flash	0.011*
claude-3-7-sonnet-20250219	0.013*
deepseek-chat	0.014*
grok-3-beta	0.021*
gemma2:27b	0.023*
qwen2.5-72b-instruct	0.028*
claude-3-opus-20240229	0.048*
grok-beta	0.05
command-r7b-12-2024	0.075
qwen1.5-72b-chat	0.1
llama4-scout	0.102
gpt-4-turbo	0.113
mistral-large-latest	0.147
open-mistral-nemo	0.19
gemini-2.5-pro-preview-03-25	0.199
claude-3-haiku-20240307	0.263
claude-3-5-haiku-20241022	0.353
llama3.3:70b	0.365
qwen-turbo	0.396
qwen2-72b-instruct	0.454
grok-3-mini-beta	0.462
llama3:70b	0.517
o3-mini	0.552
open-mixtral-8x22b	0.559
qwq-plus	0.636
command-a-03-2025	0.912
command-r-08-2024	0.932
gemma	0.945
command	1
command-r7b-12-2024-t=1	1
deepseek-reasoner	1
gemini-1.5-flash	1
gemini-1.5-flash-8b	1
gemini-1.5-pro	1
gpt-3.5-turbo	1
gpt-4	1
gpt-4.5-preview	1
gpt-4o	1
gpt-4o-mini	1
grok-2-1212	1
llama3.1:405B-turbo	1
llama4-maverick	1
ministral-3b-latest	1

Model	P-adjusted			
ministral-8b-latest	1			
mistral-small-latest	1			
o1	1			
phi4	1			
qwen-max	1			

Some models, 10 out of 50, are significantly different than random.

H2. LLMs' DRI scores will be significantly lower than those obtained from human participants after deliberation.

Testing assumptions



Testing hypothesis

To test H2, we will compare the average individual-level, post-deliberation DRI scores obtained by human

participants with the individual-level DRI scores obtained by LLMs both across case studies and across LLM/version.

First, for each case study, we will employ a t-test (or non-parametric equivalent, depending on the results of the exploratory analysis) to analyze our results across case studies. The independent variable is participant type (human-only vs. LLM) and the dependent variable is the individual-level DRI scores.

For each case study...

human average

Second, for each LLM/version, we will employ a t-test (or non-parametric equivalent, depending on the results of the exploratory analysis) to analyze our results across LLM/version. The independent variable is participant type (human-only vs. LLM/version) and the dependent variable is the individual-level DRI scores.

```
##
## Kruskal-Wallis rank sum test
##
## data: DRIPostV3 by source
## Kruskal-Wallis chi-squared = 54.465, df = 50, p-value = 0.3085
```

Post-hoc tests

Kruskal-Wallis test is not significant; no need for post-hoc testing.

H3. LLMs' DRI scores are improving over time, across each version.

Random slope -

Assume each case Multilevel analysis – each case behave differently

LMER -

To test H3, we will conduct a repeated measures ANOVA (or Friedman test if the assumptions of normality or sphericity are violated) to test for differences in the mean DRI across all versions (e.g., v1, v2, v3) of an LLM across each case study. We will treat different LLM versions as related groups and the individual-level LLM DRI in each case study as a subject. In this within-subjects design, we can assess whether more recent versions of LLMs have a significant impact on the DRI scores they produce.

Dependent variable: - DRIPostV3

Independent variable: - case - series

- Levels
- version

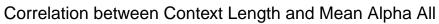
gemini

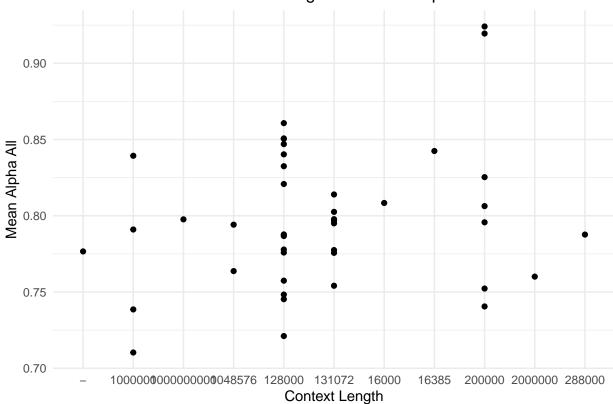
```
## Joining with `by = join_by(provider, model)`
```

If a significant difference is found, we will conduct a post-hoc analysis using paired t-tests (or Wilcoxon signed-rank tests) for pairwise comparisons, with adjustments for multiple comparisons.

DRI Benchmark

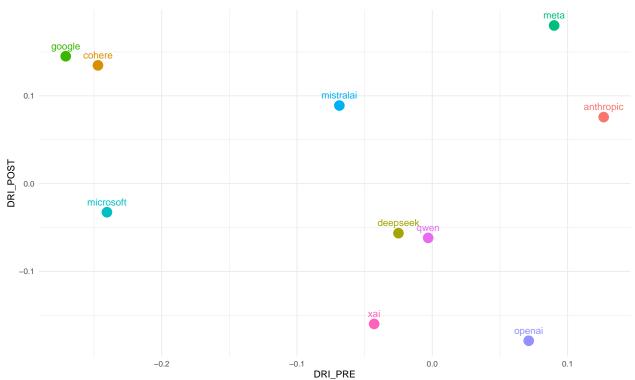
```
## `geom_smooth()` using formula = 'y ~ x'
```



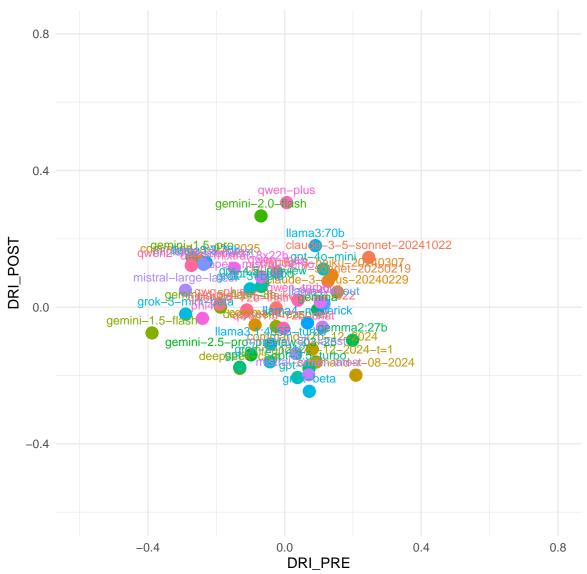


`summarise()` has grouped output by 'provider', 'model'. You can override using
the `.groups` argument.

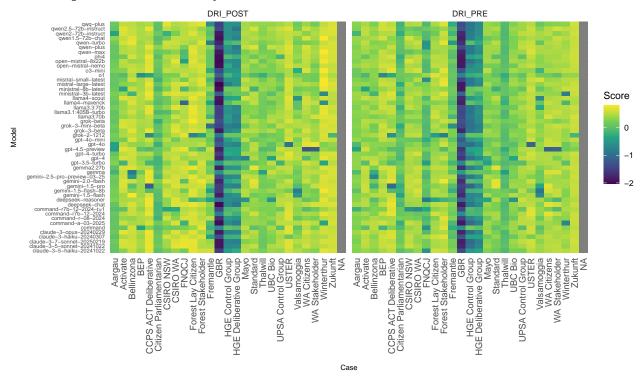
Comparison PRE and POST DRI by Provider



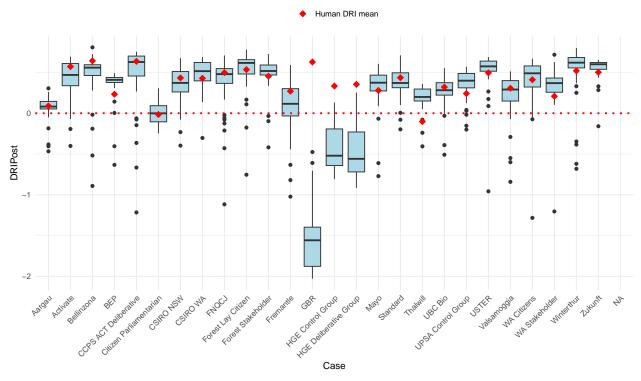
Comparison PRE and POST DRI by Model



Heatmap of DRI Scores by Case and Model



Boxplot of LLM DRI Post by Case



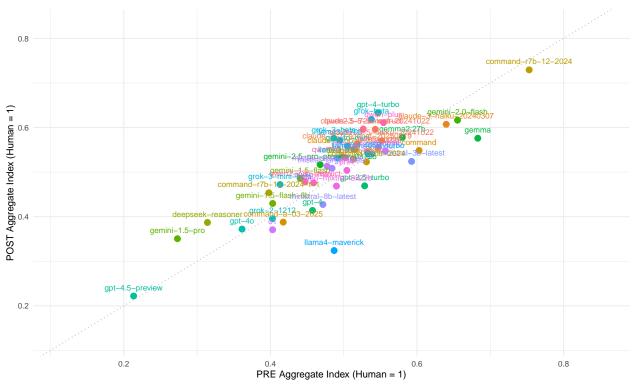
LLM Performance Metrics Against Human DRI Post-Scores

Table 8: LLM Performance Metrics Against Human DRI Post-Scores

		MAPE Hum						
Model	MAE	RMSE	(%)	Human Range	NMAE	NRMSE Spearman		Delta
command-r7b-12-2024	0.197	0.344	85.810	0.744	0.265	0.463	0.538	-0.041
command	0.283	0.387	89.798	0.744	0.381	0.521	0.406	-0.187
gpt-3.5-turbo	0.310	0.414	128.487	0.744	0.417	0.557	-0.010	-0.185
gemma	0.245	0.424	76.739	0.744	0.330	0.570	0.339	-0.129
claude-3-haiku-20240307	0.254	0.462	98.213	0.744	0.341	0.622	0.475	-0.102
gpt-4o-mini	0.255	0.469	100.318	0.744	0.342	0.631	0.398	-0.137
gpt-4-turbo	0.227	0.478	80.697	0.744	0.306	0.643	0.547	-0.080
ministral-3b-latest	0.289	0.491	111.081	0.744	0.388	0.660	0.220	-0.131
grok-beta	0.270	0.494	134.830	0.744	0.363	0.664	0.543	-0.088
claude-3-5-haiku-20241022	0.268	0.495	76.615	0.744	0.360	0.666	0.371	-0.108
o1	0.318	0.505	92.257	0.744	0.427	0.679	0.309	-0.301
o3-mini	0.292	0.510	95.798	0.744	0.393	0.686	0.454	-0.139
command-r7b-12-2024-t=1	0.284	0.511	113.498	0.744	0.382	0.687	0.389	-0.225
llama3.3:70b	0.275	0.514	111.403	0.744	0.369	0.691	0.521	-0.124
llama3.1:405B-turbo	0.260	0.521	92.533	0.744	0.349	0.701	0.537	-0.155
llama3:70b	0.298	0.526	129.718	0.744	0.400	0.707	0.380	-0.135
qwen2.5-72b-instruct	0.277	0.527	84.711	0.744	0.373	0.709	0.525	-0.092
mistral-small-latest	0.284	0.527	119.671	0.744	0.382	0.709	0.483	-0.172
grok-2-1212	0.317	0.528	109.056	0.744	0.426	0.710	0.063	-0.221
qwen-plus	0.293	0.529	157.093	0.744	0.395	0.711	0.474	-0.067
gemini-2.0-flash	0.283	0.530	142.756	0.744	0.381	0.713	0.469	-0.060
command-r-08-2024	0.279	0.534	122.313	0.744	0.375	0.718	0.394	-0.143
qwq-plus	0.282	0.541	90.107	0.744	0.379	0.728	0.543	-0.153
qwen-turbo	0.267	0.548	85.491	0.744	0.360	0.737	0.562	-0.131
deepseek-reasoner	0.375	0.549	123.108	0.744	0.504	0.739	0.282	-0.258
gemini-2.5-pro-preview-03- 25	0.301	0.553	110.210	0.744	0.404	0.744	0.381	-0.138
gemini-1.5-flash-8b	0.328	0.561	97.684	0.744	0.442	0.755	0.227	-0.198
gemma2:27b	0.285	0.567	103.724	0.744	0.383	0.762	0.570	-0.101
phi4	0.287	0.571	83.983	0.744	0.385	0.767	0.426	-0.151
llama4-scout	0.287	0.575	86.507	0.744	0.386	0.773	0.513	-0.127
open-mistral-nemo	0.276	0.580	104.933	0.744	0.371	0.780	0.516	-0.120
grok-3-beta	0.279	0.582	96.493	0.744	0.376	0.783	0.555	-0.093
gpt-4o	0.357	0.586	158.169	0.744	0.481	0.788	0.258	-0.252
ministral-8b-latest	0.309	0.587	109.421	0.744		0.789	0.208	-0.186
claude-3-opus-20240229	0.284	0.588	92.192	0.744	0.382	0.790	0.548	-0.114
claude-3-5-sonnet-20241022	0.289	0.589	115.990	0.744	0.388	0.791	0.573	-0.072
gemini-1.5-flash	0.307	0.592	102.964	0.744	0.413	0.797	0.521	-0.176
qwen-max	0.313	0.596	111.424	0.744	0.420	0.801	0.390	-0.162
qwen1.5-72b-chat	0.298	0.600	103.533	0.744	0.400	0.807	0.480	-0.117
claude-3-7-sonnet-20250219	0.290	0.601	99.713	0.744	0.391	0.808	0.551	-0.097
qwen2-72b-instruct	0.331	0.602	142.072	0.744	0.445	0.809	0.443	-0.166
grok-3-mini-beta	0.325	0.602	101.669	0.744	0.438	0.809	0.482	-0.179
mistral-large-latest	0.325	0.616	99.385	0.744	0.430 0.410	0.828	0.422	-0.173
open-mixtral-8x22b	0.308	0.610	108.671	0.744	0.410 0.415	0.828	0.420 0.436	-0.124
gpt-4	0.360	0.623	141.193	0.744	0.415 0.484	0.839	0.430 0.388	-0.103
deepseek-chat	0.300	0.624 0.625	141.193 129.052	0.744 0.744	0.484 0.423	0.840	0.366 0.471	-0.213
command-a-03-2025	0.315 0.375	0.625 0.659	129.032 140.325	0.744 0.744	0.423 0.504	0.840 0.887	0.471 0.227	-0.106
llama4-maverick	0.378	0.659 0.672	98.374	0.744 0.744	0.304 0.482	0.887 0.904	0.227 0.212	-0.190
gemini-1.5-pro	0.389	0.672 0.672	98.574 138.578	0.744 0.744	0.482 0.524	0.904 0.904	0.212 0.179	-0.234
gemmi-1.9-bro	0.369	0.072	190.910	0.744	0.024	0.904	0.179	-0.221

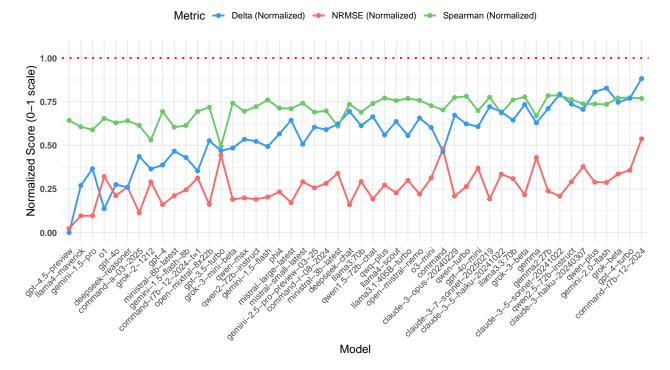
			MAPE	Human				_
Model	MAE	RMSE	(%)	Range	NMAE	NRMSE	ESpearman	Delta
gpt-4.5-preview	0.459	0.727	160.975	0.744	0.617	0.977	0.286	-0.348

PRE vs. POST Aggregate Scores Correlation Across LLMs



Human-Normalized Performance

Red dotted line = Human benchmark (Normalized Score for each indicators = 1)

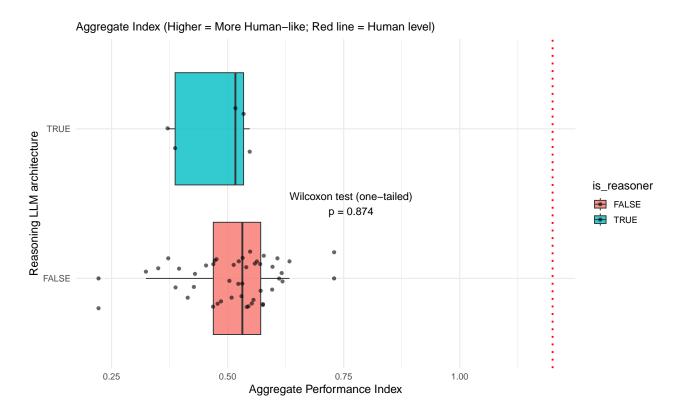


LLM Performance by Reasoner Classification

Architecture types:

• Transformer-based models (Vaswani et al. 2017).

Some models are considered "reasoning" models, like , reason using chain-of-thought (CoT) – this is not a difference in architecture



References

Motoki, Fabio, Valdemar Pinho Neto, and Victor Rodrigues. 2024. "More Human Than Human: Measuring ChatGPT Political Bias." *Public Choice* 198(1): 3–23. doi:10.1007/s11127-023-01097-2.

Vaswani, Ashish, Noam Shazeer, Niki Parmar, Jakob Uszkoreit, Llion Jones, Aidan N Gomez, Ł ukasz Kaiser, and Illia Polosukhin. 2017. "Attention Is All You Need." In Curran Associates, Inc. https://papers.nips.cc/paper_files/paper/2017/hash/3f5ee243547dee91fbd053c1c4a845aa-Abstract.html.