

COMP 350 Assignment 3

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October 13, 2015

$$\begin{aligned}
 [A|b] &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & -4 & 6 \\ -2 & 3 & -4 & 5 & -14 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 & -6 & 10 \\ 4 & -5 & -6 & 7 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{r_1 \leftrightarrow r_4} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -5 & -6 & 7 & -4 \\ -2 & 3 & -4 & 5 & -14 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 & -6 & 10 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & -4 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\begin{matrix} r_2 + \frac{1}{2}r_1 \\ r_3 + \frac{3}{4}r_1 \\ r_4 + \frac{1}{4}r_1 \end{matrix}} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -5 & -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & -7 & \frac{17}{2} & -16 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{19}{2} & \frac{45}{4} & 13 \\ 0 & \frac{13}{4} & \frac{9}{2} & \frac{23}{4} & 7 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &\xrightarrow{r_2 \leftrightarrow r_3} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -5 & -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{19}{2} & \frac{45}{4} & 13 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & -7 & \frac{17}{2} & -16 \\ 0 & \frac{13}{4} & \frac{9}{2} & \frac{23}{4} & 7 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\begin{matrix} r_2 \leftrightarrow r_3 \\ r_1 \leftrightarrow r_4 \end{matrix}} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -5 & -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{19}{2} & \frac{45}{4} & 13 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{-236}{31} & \frac{286}{31} & \frac{-528}{31} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{16}{31} & \frac{-34}{31} & \frac{48}{31} \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\begin{matrix} r_2 \leftrightarrow r_3 \\ r_1 \leftrightarrow r_4 \end{matrix}} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -5 & -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{19}{2} & \frac{45}{4} & 13 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{-236}{31} & \frac{286}{31} & \frac{-528}{31} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{-24}{59} & \frac{24}{59} \end{bmatrix} \\
 \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

1.

2. The number of flops is

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=i}^n \sum_{k=j}^n 2 = \frac{1}{3}n(n+1)(n+2)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=i}^n \sum_{k=j}^n 2 \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=i}^n \sum_{k=1}^{n-j+1} 2 \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n 2 \sum_{j=i}^n (n-j+1) \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n 2 \sum_{j=1}^{n-i+1} (n-(j+i-1)+1) \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n 2 \sum_{j=1}^{n-i+1} (n-j+i+2) \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n 2 \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n-i+1} (n-i+2) + \sum_{j=1}^{n-i+1} j \right) \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n 2 \left((n-i+2)(n-i+1) + \frac{(n-i+1)(n-i+2)}{2} \right) \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n (n-i+1)(n-i+2) \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n (n^2 - 2ni + 3n + i^2 - 3i + 2) \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n (-2ni + i^2 - 3i) + n(n^2 + 3n + 2) \\
 &= \left(-n \cdot n \cdot (n+1) + \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} - \frac{3}{2}n(n+1) \right) + n(n^2 + 3n + 2) \\
 &= n \left(-n^2 - n + \frac{2n^2 + 3n + 1}{6} - \frac{3}{2}n - \frac{3}{2} \right) + n(n^2 + 3n + 2) \\
 &= n \left(-\frac{2}{3}n^2 - \frac{2}{3}n - \frac{2}{3} \right) + n(n^2 + 3n + 2) \\
 &= n \left(-\frac{2}{3} \right) (n^2 + 3n + 2) + n(n^2 + 3n + 2) \\
 &= \frac{1}{3}n(n^2 + 3n + 2) = \frac{1}{3}n(n+1)(n+2)
 \end{aligned}$$

3.

- a. See q3a_genp.m and q3a_gepp.m for the source code.
 - GENP: $5n + 1n + 3n = 9n$ flops and $4 * (2n + 1)$ memory locations
 - GEPP: $9n$ flops and $4 * (2n + 1)$ memory locations
- b. See q3b.m for the source code.
- c. See q3c.m for the source code.

```
>> q3b
avg_imp =    3.7894
>> q3b
avg_imp =    2.9249
>> q3b
avg_imp =    4.7632
>> q3c
avg_imp = 6.6232e+11
>> q3c
avg_imp = 6.6881e+11
>> q3c
avg_imp = 6.7002e+11
```