Water Quality Analysis

Analysis Objectives:

- 1. Assess Water Potability: Determine if the water is suitable for drinking based on regulatory standards, focusing on parameters like pH, Hardness, and Solids.
- 2. Identify Deviations: Detect any deviations from regulatory standards and highlight the parameters contributing to these deviations.
- 3. Parameter Relationships: Explore relationships between water quality parameters to understand how they affect potability.

Data Collection:

- 1. Gather Water Quality Data: Collect comprehensive water quality data sets from reliable sources, ensuring they include pH, Hardness, Solids, and other relevant parameters.
- 2. Data Preprocessing: Clean and preprocess the data to handle missing values, outliers, and ensure consistency in units and formats.

Visualization Strategy:

- 1. Parameter Distributions: Utilize histograms, box plots, and density plots to visualize the distributions of key parameters like pH, Hardness, and Solids.
- 2. Correlation Heatmap: Create a correlation heatmap to visualize the relationships between parameters. Identify which parameters strongly correlate with potability.
- 3. Potability Visualization: Use bar charts or pie charts to visually represent the proportion of potable and non-potable water samples in the dataset.

Predictive Modeling:

- 1. Feature Selection: Identify relevant features (parameters) for predicting water potability based on exploratory data analysis.
- 2. Model Selection: Choose suitable machine learning algorithms for classification tasks. Algorithms like Random Forest, Logistic Regression, or Support Vector Machines can be considered.
- 3. Data Split: Split the dataset into training and testing sets for model evaluation.
- 4. Model Training: Train the selected models on the training data and tune hyperparameters to optimize performance.

- 5. Evaluation Metrics: Assess model performance using metrics like accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-score.
- 6. Predictive Model Deployment: Once a satisfactory model is obtained, deploy it for real-time predictions, if applicable.

Solution:

The solution will be a comprehensive report that includes:

- Analysis objectives and methodology.
- Data sources and preprocessing steps.
- Visualizations of parameter distributions, correlations, and potability proportions.
- Details of the selected predictive model, including algorithms used, feature importance, and performance metrics.
- Recommendations based on the analysis, such as potential water quality improvement strategies or further investigations.