

3. a)

$$\bar{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 68 \\ 129 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 21 & 34 \\ 21 & 64 & 102 \\ 34 & 102 & 186 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_1 = 250.4$$

$$\lambda_2 = ?$$

$$\lambda_3 = ?$$

$$v_1 = ?$$

$$v_2 = ?$$

$$v_3 = ?$$

$$Sv_1 = \lambda_1 v_1$$

let  $v_1$  be  $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$7a + 21b + 34 = 250.4a$$

$$21a + 64b + 102 = 250.4b$$

$$\Rightarrow v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0.1887 \\ 0.5684 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

on solving.

$$a = 0.1887$$

$$b = 0.5684$$

normalising

$$\Rightarrow v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0.1618 \\ 0.4876 \\ 0.8579 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Tr}(S) = 7 + 64 + 186 = 250.4 + \lambda_2 + \lambda_3$$

$$|S| = 146 = \lambda_2 \times \lambda_3 \times 250.4$$

$$\lambda_2 + \lambda_3 = 6.6$$

$$\lambda_2 \lambda_3 = 0.583$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda_2 = 6.51$$

$$\lambda_3 = 0.089$$

let  $v_2$  be  $\begin{pmatrix} a' \\ b' \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

let  $v_3$  be  $\begin{pmatrix} a'' \\ b'' \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$S\mathbf{v}_2 = \lambda_2 \mathbf{v}_2$$

$$S\mathbf{v}_3 = \lambda_3 \mathbf{v}_3$$

$$7a' + 21b' + 34 = 6.51a'$$

$$7a'' + 21b'' + 34 = 0.089a''$$

$$21a' + 64b' + 102 = 6.51b'$$

$$21a'' + 64b'' + 102 = 6.51b''$$

$$a' = -0.4538$$

$$a'' = -44.96$$

$$b' = -1.608$$

$$b'' = 13.17$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -0.4538 \\ -1.608 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -44.96 \\ 13.17 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Normalising

Normalising

$$\begin{pmatrix} -0.233 \\ -0.8258 \\ 0.5135 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -0.959 \\ 0.281 \\ 0.021 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = 250.4$$

$$6.51$$

$$0.089$$

$$\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1618 & -0.233 & -0.959 \\ 0.4876 & -0.8258 & 0.281 \\ 0.8579 & 0.5135 & 0.021 \end{bmatrix}$$

b)

at least 95%

$$\text{Variance} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^k \lambda_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i} = \frac{250.4}{250.4 + 6.51 + 0.089} = 97\%$$

$\Rightarrow$  1 PC should be retained to

maintain 95% of variance.

c) One possible set of these linear relations

⇒ Corresponding to lowest two eigen values.

$$-0.959(m - 9) + 0.281(SVL - 68) + 0.021(HLS - 129) = 0$$

$$0.959m - 0.281SVL + 0.021HLS = -13.2068 \quad \text{---(i)}$$

$$-0.233(m - 9) - 0.8258(SVL - 68) + 0.5135(HLS - 129) = 0$$

$$0.233m + 0.8258SVL - 0.5135HLS = -7.99 \quad \text{---(ii)}$$

2 pairs

d)

$$X = [10.1 \quad 73 \quad 135.5]^T$$

$$X_S = X - \bar{X} = [1.1 \quad 5 \quad 6.5]^T$$

$$X_S = \begin{bmatrix} 1.1 \\ 5 \\ 6.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1618 \\ 0.4876 \\ 0.8579 \end{bmatrix}$$

Scores

Corresponding to largest eigen vector

$$= [1.1 \quad 5 \quad 6.5] \begin{bmatrix} 0.1618 \\ 0.4876 \\ 0.8579 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= 8.192.$$

$$T_{\text{score}} = 8.192$$

E)

Using i & ii

$$SVL = 73\text{mm}$$

$$0.959m - 0.281 SVL - 0.021 HLS = -13.186$$

$$0.233m + 0.8258 SVL - 0.5135 HLS = -7.99$$

$$0.959m - 0.021 HLS = 7.327$$

$$0.233m - 0.5135 HLS = -68.27$$

$$m = 10.66\text{gm}$$

$$HLS = 137.84$$

F)

$$SVL = 73\text{mm}$$

$$HLS = 135.5\text{mm}$$

Using Relation corresponding to  
Lowest eigen vector

$$0.959m - 0.281(73) - 0.021(135.5) = -13.186$$

$$m = 10.607\text{gm}$$