

Least Square Method

Key Formulas

1. Regression Line Equation

$$Y = mx + b$$

m: slope

b: intercept

2. Slope(m):

$$m = \frac{n \sum (x_i y_i) - \sum x_i \sum y_i}{n \sum (x_i^2) - (\sum x_i)^2}$$

3. Intercept(b):

$$b = \frac{\sum y_i - m \sum x_i}{n}$$

4. Prediction:

$$\hat{y} = mx + b$$

5. Residuals (Error):

$$e_i = y_i - \hat{y}_i$$

6. Mean Squared Error (MSE):

$$\text{MSE} = \frac{1}{n} \sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

Gradient Descent

Key Formulas

1. Regression Line Equation:

$$y = mx + b$$

2. Cost Function (Mean Squared Error):

$$J(m, b) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - (mx_i + b))^2$$

3. Gradients (Partial Derivatives):

- For Slope (m):

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial m} = -\frac{2}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \cdot (y_i - (mx_i + b))$$

- For Intercept (b):

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial b} = -\frac{2}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - (mx_i + b))$$

4. Update Rules:

- Update m :

$$m = m - \alpha \cdot \frac{\partial J}{\partial m}$$

- Update b :

$$b = b - \alpha \cdot \frac{\partial J}{\partial b}$$

Where α is the learning rate.

Normal Equation

$$\mathbf{w} = (\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X})^{-1} \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{y}$$