National University of Singapore School of Computing CS1101S: Programming Methodology Semester I, 2024/2025

S11-in-class

Problems:

Stream of pairs

1. Given a stream ${\tt s}$ the following function returns a stream of pairs of elements from ${\tt s}$:

- (a) Suppose that ints is the (finite) stream 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. What is stream_pairs(ints)?
- (b) Give the clearest explanation that you can of how stream_pairs works.
- (c) Suppose that integers is the infinite stream of positive integers. What is the result of evaluating

```
const s2 = stream_pairs(integers);
```

Hint: Note that the function stream_append is defined in Source §3 as follows:

(d) Consider the following variant of stream_append, called stream_append_pickle and the function stream_pairs2 which makes use of it.

```
function stream_append_pickle(xs, ys) {
    return is_null(xs)
        ? ys()
        : pair(head(xs),
               () => stream_append_pickle(stream_tail(xs),
                                           ys));
}
function stream_pairs2(s) {
    return is_null(s)
        ? null
        : stream_append_pickle(
            stream_map(
               sn => pair(head(s), sn),
                stream_tail(s)),
            () => stream_pairs2(stream_tail(s)));
}
const s2 = stream_pairs2(integers);
```

Why does the function stream_pair2 solve the problem that arose in the previous question?

(e) What are the first few elements of stream_pairs2(integers)? Can you suggest a modification of stream_pairs2 that would be more appropriate in dealing with infinite streams?