1 What will be the output of the following code snippet? def func(a, b): return b if a == 0 else func(b % a, a) **print**(**func**(**30**, **75**)) a) 10 **b)** 20 c) 15 **d**) **0** ANS= C 2 numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22)  $sorted\_numbers = sorted(numbers)$ even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0 even\_numbers = filter(even, sorted\_numbers) print(type(even\_numbers)) a) Int b) Filter c) List d) Tuple ANS = B3) As what datatype are the \*args stored, when passed into a) Tuple b) List c) Dictionary d) none ANS = A4)  $set1 = \{14, 3, 55\}$ 

 $set2 = \{82, 49, 62\}$ 

set3={99,22,17}

# print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))a) 105 b) 270 c) 0 d) Error ANS=D 5) What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions? a) raise b) try c) goto d) except ANS=A 6) Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python? a) timedate b) date c) datetime d) Time ANS = C7) What will be the output of the following code snippet? print(4\*\*3 + (7 + 5)\*\*(1 + 1))a) 248 b) 169 c) 208 d) 233 ANS=C 8) Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python? a) strptime b) strftime c) both a) and b) d) None

ANS=B

9) The python tuple is	in nature.
a) mutable	
b)immutable	
c)unchangeable	
d) None	

ANS=B

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The\_\_\_\_is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which we can iterate using a for loop.

- A. range()
- B. set()
- C. dictionary{}
- D. None of the mentioned above

## ANS=A

### **Question 11**

Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?

- A. Del function
- B. Show function
- C. Lambda function
- D. None of the mentioned above

### ANS=C

Question 12

The module Pickle is used to\_\_\_\_.

- A. Serializing Python object structure
- B. De-serializing Python object structure
- C. Both A and B
- D. None of the mentioned above

# ANS=C

Question 13

Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?

- A. set() method
- B. dump() method
- C. load() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

## ANS=B

A 1 1 1 C41 C 11 1	• / 41 41 1	14 • 11•	1 4 6	1	1 0
Amongst which of the following	2 is / are the method	usea to undickling	g data irom a	ı dinarv ii	ie:

- A. load()
- B. set() method
- C. dump() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

### ANS=A

15.

# A text file contains only textual information consisting of \_\_\_\_.

- A. Alphabets
- B. Numbers
- C. Special symbols
- D. All of the mentioned above

## ANS=D

16

Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output? (Select all that apply.)

```
captains = {
   "Enterprise": "Picard",
   "Voyager": "Janeway",
   "Defiant": "Sisko",
}
```

Enterprise Picard,

Voyager Janeway

Defiant Sisko

a) for ship, captain in captains.items():

```
print(ship, captain)
```

b) for ship in captains:

```
print(ship, captains[ship])
```

c) for ship in captains:

```
print(ship, captains)
```

d) both a and b

#### ANS=D

**17**)

Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named captains?

```
a) captains = \{dict\}
```

- b) type(captains)
- c) captains.dict()
- d) captains  $= \{ \}$

### ANS=D

18) Now you have your empty dictionary named captains. It's time to add some data!

Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", and "Defiant": "Sisko".

Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing captains dictionary?

```
a) captains{"Enterprise" = "Picard"}
captains{"Voyager" = "Janeway"}
captains{"Defiant" = "Sisko"}
b) captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard"
captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"
captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"
c) captains = {
"Enterprise": "Picard",
"Voyager": "Janeway",
"Defiant": "Sisko",
}
```

d) None of the above

ANS=D

19) You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have:

```
captains = {
    "Enterprise": "Picard",
    "Voyager": "Janeway",
    "Defiant": "Sisko",
    "Discovery": "unknown",
```

Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?

```
a) for item in captains.items():
    print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")
b) for ship, captain in captains.items():
    print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
c) for captain, ship in captains.items():
    print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
d) All are correct
```

#### ANS = D

20)

You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it with a for loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:

```
captains = {
    "Enterprise": "Picard",
    "Voyager": "Janeway",
    "Defiant": "Sisko",
    "Discovery": "unknown",
}
```

What statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?

- a) del captainsb) captains.remove()c) del captains["Discovery"]d) captains["Discovery"].pop()

# ANS=C