The Jetson Nano can prove difficult to flash due to the lack of documentation available online. This document serves to fill in the gaps and aid in flashing all three developer kit models that exist at the time of writing.

Required Computer/Software

A device with at least 64GB of storage running Ubuntu (preferably 18.04.X 'Bionic') is required to flash a Jetson Nano. Other linux distributions may work, though are untested.

An Nvidia account https://developer.nvidia.com/login

NOTE: It would be advised to simply install Ubuntu to a removable storage device (such as an SD card or USB drive) to avoid issues with installing to your main computer. A Live-CD cannot be used for flashing a Jetson due to its lack in storage capacity.

Required Hardware

Jetson Nano Developer Kit (variants are listed below)

- P3448-0003
 - 2GB model, without EMMC. Requires an SD card for the OS to be installed to.
- P3448-0000
 - 4GB model, without EMMC. Requires an SD card for the OS to be installed to.
- P3448-0002
 - 4GB model, with 16GB EMMC. Does NOT require an SD card.

Standard Computer Jumper

- These can be borrowed from an old computer motherboard you may have laying around.
 - NOTE: A Female to Female breadboard wire will work in a pinch.





(Micro-USB or USB-C) cable

 Depending on the model daughterboard to be flashed, a Micro-USB or USB-C cable is needed to connect the board to another computer.



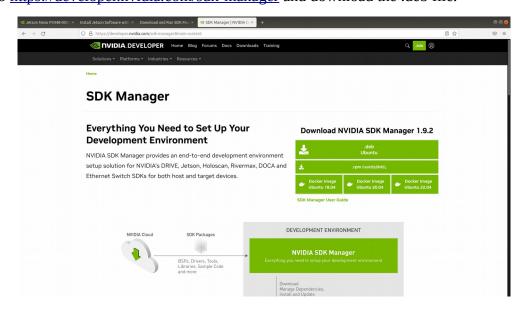
Power Supply (12V barrel jack or Micro-USB or USB-C)

 Depending on the model daughterboard to be flashed, a 12V barrel jack supply, Micro-USB, or USB-C power supply is necessary to ensure a stable power supply while flashing.



Installation Process

Navigate to https://developer.nvidia.com/sdk-manager and download the .deb file.



Open a terminal and cd to the location of the downloaded file:

cd ~/Downloads

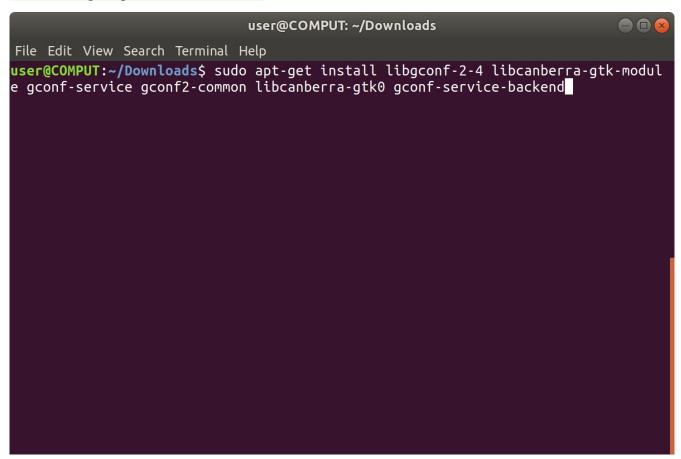
Attempt to install the sdkmanager:

sudo dpkg -i sdkmanager*.deb

```
user@COMPUT: ~/Downloads
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
user@COMPUT:~/Downloads$ sudo dpkg -i sdkmanager*.deb
(Reading database ... 179652 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack sdkmanager_1.9.2-10888_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking sdkmanager (1.9.2-10888) over (1.9.2-10888) ...
dpkg: dependency problems prevent configuration of sdkmanager:
 sdkmanager depends on libgconf-2-4; however:
  Package libgconf-2-4 is not installed.
 sdkmanager depends on libcanberra-gtk-module; however:
  Package libcanberra-gtk-module is not installed.
dpkg: error processing package sdkmanager (--install):
dependency problems - leaving unconfigured
Processing triggers for gnome-menus (3.13.3-11ubuntu1.1) ...
Processing triggers for desktop-file-utils (0.23-1ubuntú3.18.04.2) ...
Processing triggers for mime-support (3.60ubuntu1) ...
Processing triggers for hicolor-icon-theme (0.17-2) ...
Errors were encountered while processing:
sdkmanager
user@COMPUT:~/Downloads$
user@COMPUT:~/Downloads$
```

It is likely some dependencies will be missing. Common dependencies can be installed with the following command.

sudo apt-get install libgconf-2-4 libcanberra-gtk-module gconf-service gconf2-common libcanberra-gtk0 gconf-service-backend



NOTE: If any additional dependencies are required, simply review the terminal log to find the missing packages and install with:

sudo apt-get install <package name>

ex: sudo apt-get install libgconf-2-4

After installing necessary dependencies, attempt to install the sdkmanager again.

sudo dpkg -i sdkmanager*.deb

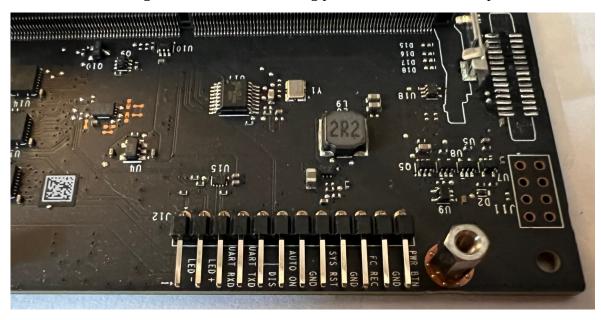
If no errors occur, proceed to the next step. Else, install any missing packages and repeat the install step prior.

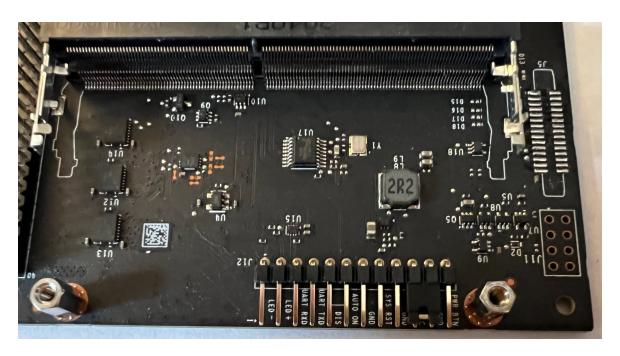
Once the sdkmanager is successfully installed without any errors, it may be launched with: sdkmanager

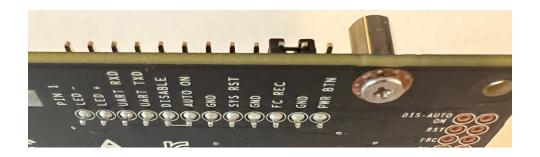
On first launch, it will be necessary to sign into an Nvidia account to proceed. Once signed in, an update window may open. Install updates as necessary and allow the sdkmanager to reopen.



Set the Jetson Nano Development kit to boot in recovery mode. This is done by utilizing a computer jumper or female to female jumper wire to bridge the 'FC_REC' pin to any GND pin. The module has been removed from its daughterboard in the following pictures to illustrate such process.



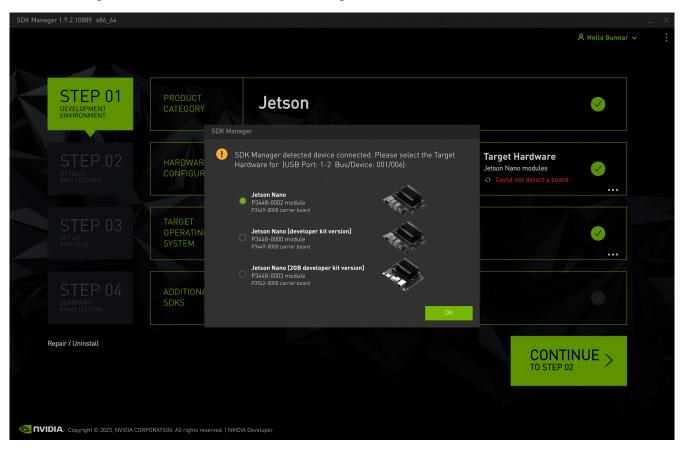




Once the recovery pin has been connected to ground, connect the power supply and Micro-USB or USB-C cable to the computer running Ubuntu.



The sdkmanager should now auto-detect that a compatible device was connected.



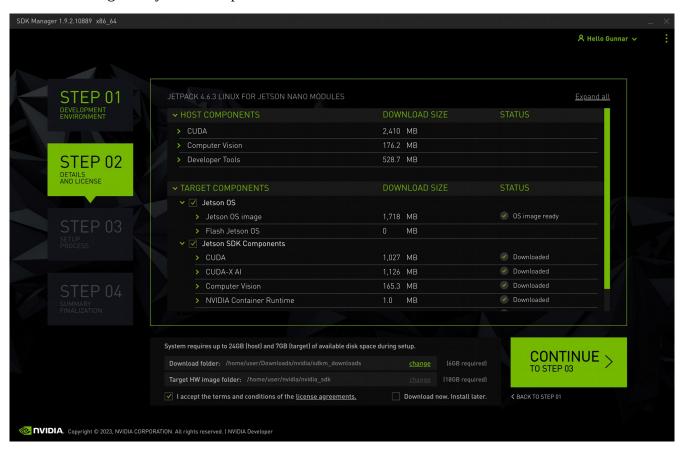
Select your appropriate device as listed on Pg. 1

Pick an OS- Jetpack 4.6.3 will suffice.

No additional SDKs are necessary to install.

Proceed to Step 02.

Now select the software to be installed. It is fine to select all components. Read and accept the terms and conditions given by Nvidia to proceed.



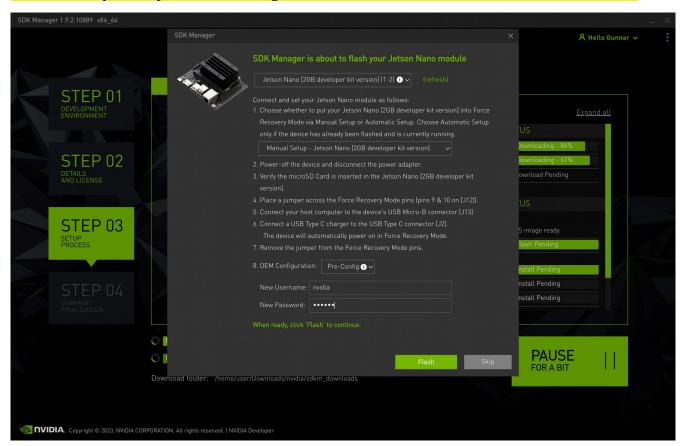
The device will now download the required software before flashing. Once complete, Step 03 will be available to proceed to.

A window will open prompting the configuration of the Jetson. Your device should be the same as selected prior. If not, select the correct device in the top drop-down menu.

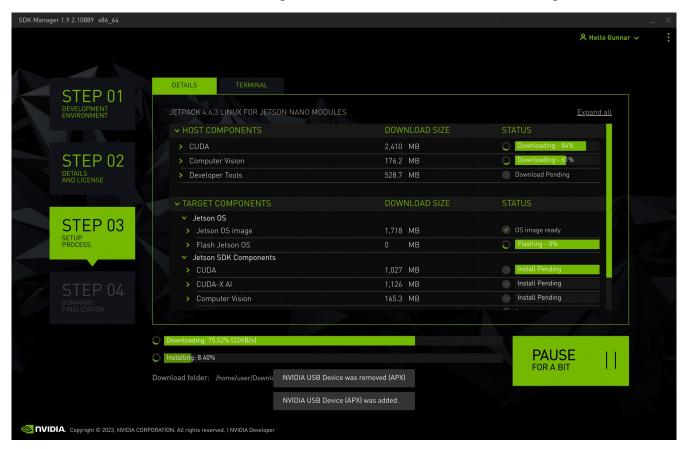
Select the manual setup pertaining to the model you selected prior.

Select Pre-Config and choose a username and password.

NOTE: in this example, the Username and Password are "nvidia" and a 2GB board without EMMC is being flashed. MAKE SURE to select your correct board type and MANUAL method, otherwise you will have to repeat the process. If flashing a Jetson without EMMC, ensure an SD card is inserted.



The device will now flash. The execution process can be monitored via the sdkmanager.



NOTE: Be sure to not unplug the power supply or the connection to the computer from the device during flashing. It would be wise to also ensure the flashing computer is not set to sleep, to avoid flashing problems. Sleep can be configured from Settings/Power in Ubuntu.

Let the device flash and follow any prompts from the sdkmanager. The sdkmanager will create a usb-internet tunnel into the device and configure the username and password as entered.

Post-Installation

As a tunnel to the device was created during installation, now is an optimal time to install any missing packages. The IP of the device can be found with nmcli via the terminal. The default IP is: 192.168.55.1

SSH into the device as necessary nvidia@192.168.55.1 and install missing packages, such as WIFI, etc.