## Homework set 2

Due by 15:00 on Monday, September 4, 2023.

Please select three problems to solve and hand in written solutions either in person or to gunnar@magnusson.io.

A *metrizable vector space* is a vector space V that is equipped with a metric d for which the addition map  $(x,y)\mapsto x+y$  and multiplication map  $(\lambda,x)\mapsto \lambda x$  are continuous. We suppose here that V is defined over a field k such that  $\mathbf{R}\subset k$  (for example, the real or complex numbers<sup>1</sup>).

**Problem 1.** Let  $T_a(x) = x + a$  and  $M_{\lambda}(x) = \lambda x$  for  $a \in V$  and  $\lambda \in k$ . Show that  $T_a$  and  $M_{\lambda}$  are homeomorphisms of V with itself; that is, they are continuous maps that have a continuous inverse.

**Problem 2.** Let V and W be metrizable vector spaces and  $f:V\to W$  a linear map. Show that f is continuous if and only if it is continuous at 0.

A subset  $E \subset V$  of a metrizable vector space is *bounded* if for any neighborhood U of 0 there exists a  $\lambda > 0$  such that  $E \subset \mu U$  for any  $\mu \geq \lambda$ .

Note that this is *not* the same notion of boundedness we get from the metric on V; it can be defined if we only have a topology and not a metric. Sets can be bounded in one notion and not the other.

**Problem 3.** Let U be an open set that contains 0. Let  $(r_j)$  be an increasing sequence of positive real numbers such that  $r_j \to \infty$ . Show that  $V = \bigcup_{j=1}^{\infty} r_j U$ . Conclude that if  $K \subset V$  is compact, then K is bounded.

**Problem 4.** Let  $E \subset V$  be a set. Show that the following are equivalent:

- 1. *E* is bounded.
- 2. If  $(x_n)$  is a sequence in E and  $(\lambda_n)$  is a sequence of scalars such that  $\lambda_n \to 0$  as  $n \to \infty$ , then  $\lambda_n x_n \to 0$  as  $n \to \infty$ .

A map  $f:V\to W$  between metrizable vector spaces is *bounded* if it maps bounded sets to bounded sets.

**Problem 5.** Let V and W be metrizable vector spaces and  $f:V\to W$  a linear map. Show that if f is continuous then it is bounded.<sup>2</sup> Find spaces V and W and a linear function  $f:V\to W$  that is not continuous.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Or the field C(X) of rational functions over C if you want to get weird.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The converse is true if we assume the metric is translation invariant, that is, it satisfies d(x+z,y+z)=d(x,y) for all  $x,y,z\in V$ .