

ml-scratch-pooling

December 19, 2023

1 More Filters!

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy.ndimage import gaussian_filter

[2]: img = plt.imread("ImageSq.jpeg")
Nx, Ny, Nz = np.shape(img)
print(f"Height: {Nx}, Width: {Ny}, RGB: {Nz}")
plt.imshow(img)
plt.show()
```

Height: 6069, Width: 4855, RGB: 3



```
[3]: print(img)
```

```
[[[ 86  62  38]
   [ 86  62  38]
   [ 86  62  38]
   ...
   [164 132 109]
   [164 132 109]
   [164 132 109]]]
```

```
[[[ 86  62  38]
   [ 86  62  38]
   [ 86  62  38]
   ...
   [164 132 109]
   [164 132 109]
   [164 132 109]]]
```

```
[[[ 86  62  38]
   [ 86  62  38]
   [ 86  62  38]
   ...
   [164 132 109]
   [164 132 109]
   [164 132 109]]]
```

...

```
[[[156 129 100]
   [156 129 100]
   [156 129 100]
   ...
   [146 118  94]
   [146 118  94]
   [146 118  94]]]
```

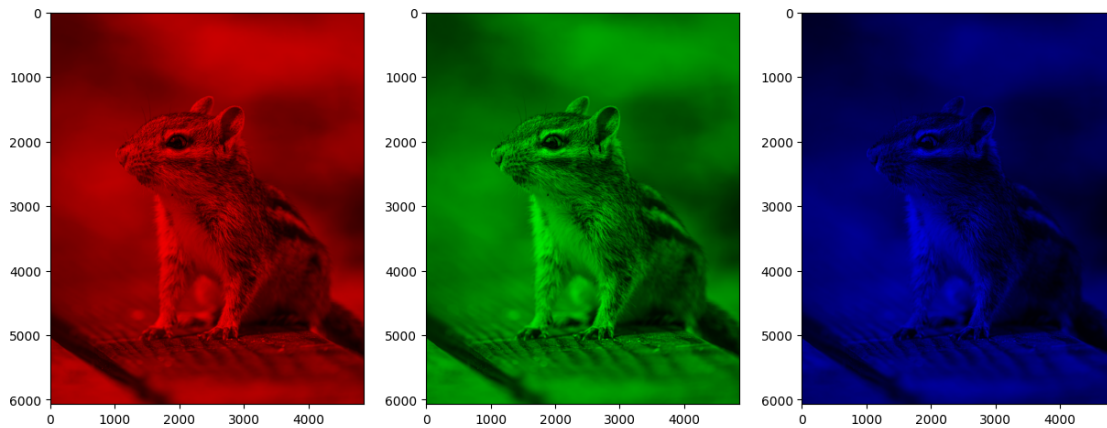
```
[[[156 129 100]
   [156 129 100]
   [156 129 100]
   ...
   [146 118  94]
   [146 118  94]
   [146 118  94]]]
```

```
[[[156 129 100]
   [156 129 100]]]
```

```
[156 129 100]
...
[146 118 94]
[146 118 94]
[146 118 94]]]
```

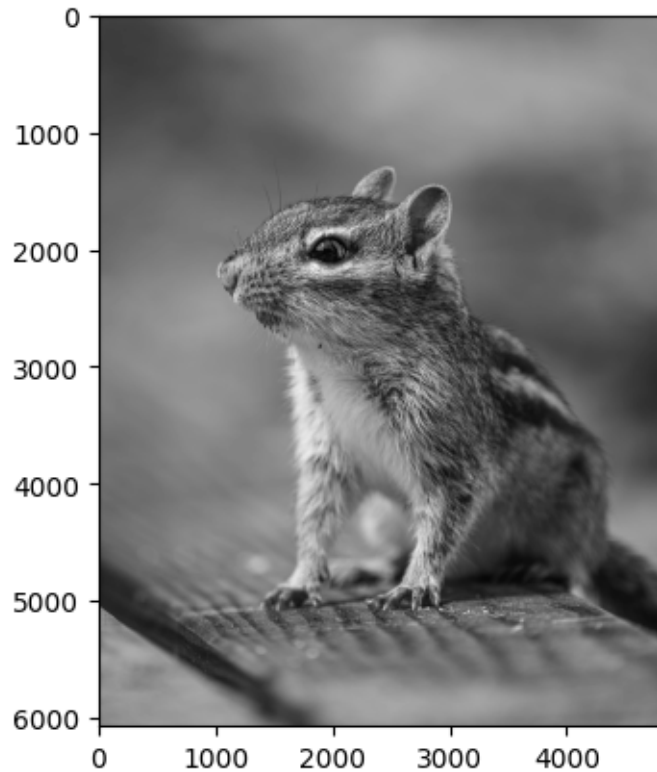
1.1 The RGB Channels

```
[4]: imgR, imgG, imgB = img.copy(), img.copy(), img.copy()
imgR[:, :, (1, 2)] = 0
imgG[:, :, (0, 2)] = 0
imgB[:, :, (0, 1)] = 0
fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows = 1, ncols = 3, figsize=(15, 15))
ax[0].imshow(imgR)
ax[1].imshow(imgG)
ax[2].imshow(imgB)
plt.show()
```



1.2 The Grayscale Image

```
[5]: rgb_weights = [0.2989, 0.5870, 0.1140]
grayscale_image = np.dot(img, rgb_weights)
plt.imshow(grayscale_image, cmap = "gray")
plt.show()
```



```
[6]: print(np.shape( grayscale_image))
      print( grayscale_image)
```

```
(6069, 4855)
[[ 66.4314  66.4314  66.4314 ... 138.9296 138.9296 138.9296]
 [ 66.4314  66.4314  66.4314 ... 138.9296 138.9296 138.9296]
 [ 66.4314  66.4314  66.4314 ... 138.9296 138.9296 138.9296]
 ...
 [133.7514 133.7514 133.7514 ... 123.6214 123.6214 123.6214]
 [133.7514 133.7514 133.7514 ... 123.6214 123.6214 123.6214]
 [133.7514 133.7514 133.7514 ... 123.6214 123.6214 123.6214]]
```

1.3 Max Pooling

```
[104]: def max_pool(image, kernel_size, stride):
        image_height, image_width, channels = image.shape
        kernel_height, kernel_width = kernel_size[0], kernel_size[1]

        output_height = (image_height - kernel_height) // stride + 1
        output_width = (image_width - kernel_width) // stride + 1
        output = np.zeros((output_height, output_width, 3))
```

```

    for c in range(channels):
        for i in range(0, output_height * stride, stride):
            for j in range(0, output_width * stride, stride):
                output[i // stride, j // stride, c] = np.max(image[i : i +
↪kernel_height, j : j + kernel_width, c])

    final = output.astype(np.uint8)
    return final

```

```
[105]: imgnew = max_pool(img, (3, 3), 3)
```

```
[106]: imgnew
```

```
[106]: array([[[ 86,  62,  38],
               [ 86,  62,  38],
               [ 86,  62,  38],
               ...,
               [164, 132, 109],
               [164, 132, 109],
               [164, 132, 109]],

              [[ 86,  62,  38],
               [ 86,  62,  38],
               [ 86,  62,  38],
               ...,
               [164, 132, 109],
               [164, 132, 109],
               [164, 132, 109]],

              [[ 86,  62,  38],
               [ 86,  62,  38],
               [ 86,  62,  38],
               ...,
               [164, 132, 109],
               [164, 132, 109],
               [164, 132, 109]],

              ...,

              [[160, 130, 102],
               [160, 130, 102],
               [160, 130, 102],
               ...,
               [147, 119,  95],
               [147, 119,  95],
               [147, 119,  95]],

              ...])
```

```

[[159, 129, 101],
 [159, 129, 101],
 [160, 130, 102],
 ...,
 [147, 119, 95],
 [147, 119, 95],
 [147, 119, 95]],

[[156, 129, 100],
 [156, 129, 100],
 [156, 129, 100],
 ...,
 [148, 120, 96],
 [146, 118, 94],
 [146, 118, 94]]], dtype=uint8)

```

```
[107]: imgnew.shape
```

```
[107]: (2023, 1618, 3)
```

1.3.1 Max Pooled using 3×3 filter and stride = 3 Final Image: (2023,1618)

```
[108]: plt.imshow(imgnew)
```

```
[108]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7e45ffabed70>
```



```
[109]: plt.imsave("MaxPooled.jpeg", imgnew)
```

```
[110]: imgnew1 = max_pool(imgnew, (3, 3), 3)
```

```
[111]: imgnew1.shape
```

```
[111]: (674, 539, 3)
```

1.3.2 Further Max Pooled using 3×3 filter and stride = 3 Final Image: (674, 539)

```
[112]: plt.imshow(imgnew1)
```

```
[112]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7e461814e050>
```



```
[113]: plt.imshow("FurtherMaxPooled.jpeg", imgnew1)
```

1.4 Average Pooling

```
[114]: def avg_pool(image, kernel_size, stride):
    image_height, image_width, channels = image.shape
    kernel_height, kernel_width = kernel_size[0], kernel_size[1]

    output_height = (image_height - kernel_height) // stride + 1
    output_width = (image_width - kernel_width) // stride + 1
    output = np.zeros((output_height, output_width, 3))

    for c in range(channels):
        for i in range(0, output_height * stride, stride):
            for j in range(0, output_width * stride, stride):
                output[i // stride, j // stride, c] = np.mean(image[i : i +
↪kernel_height, j : j + kernel_width, c])

    final = output.astype(np.uint8)
    return final
```



```
[115]: imgavg = avg_pool(img, (3, 3), 3)
imgavg.shape
```

```
[115]: (2023, 1618, 3)
```

1.4.1 Average Pooled using 3×3 filter and stride = 3 Final Image: (2023, 1618)

```
[116]: plt.imshow(imgavg)
```

```
[116]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7e45ff6cf160>
```



```
[117]: plt.imsave("AvgPooled.jpeg", imgavg)
```