## MCE4101 Robotic Engineering

Assignment 4

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## Assignment 4



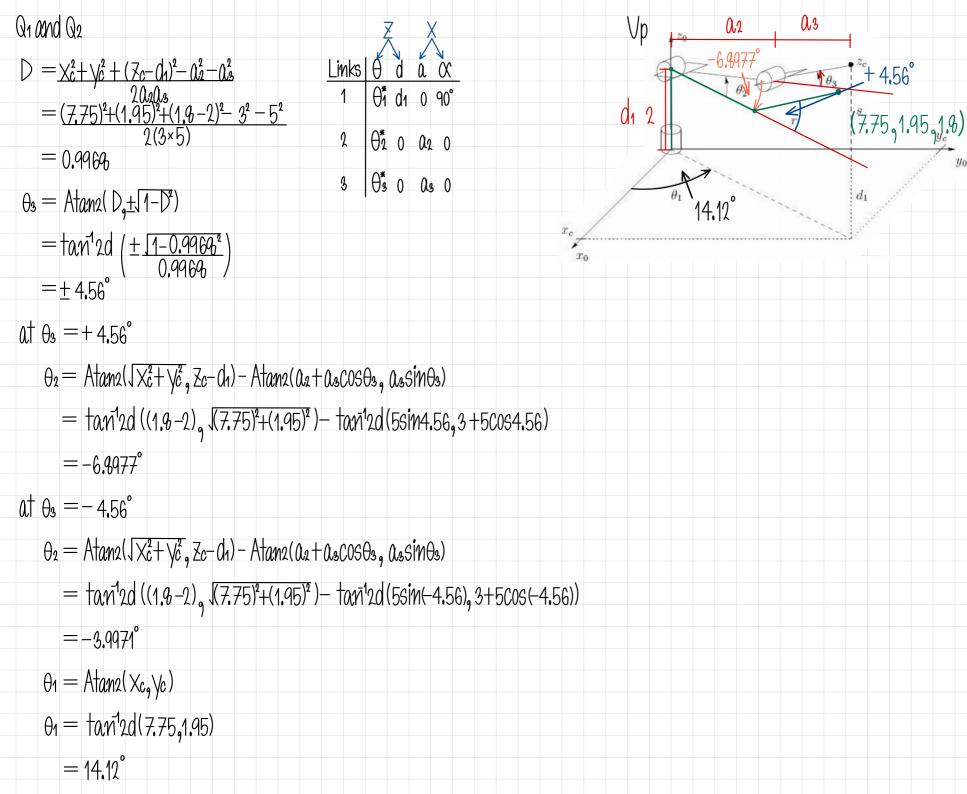
Q1 RRR with no offset configuration.

- a. Let  $\alpha_2 = 3$  and  $\alpha_3 = 5$ ,  $d_1 = 2$ , obtain the possible values of  $\theta_1$ ,  $\theta_2$  and  $\theta_3$  for point (7.75,1.95, 1.8). Compute with using Atan2 function.
- b. Draw (by hand) the following configurations of RRR, specify arm up and arm down configuration.

Hint: there should be 2 set of values of  $\theta_1$ ,  $\theta_2$  and  $\theta_3$ .

Attach your code with answers.

Q2 Obtain DH table and check both sets of answer from Q1 by using fkine function in MATLAB. Attached your code, answer, and plot the position of robot.



```
Down
   Assignment4Q1.m* X Assignment4Q2.m X +
                                                                                                                 Q3
                                                                                                        0.2
 1
       %%RRR with no offset
                                                                                                      -3,997
       d1 = 2; a2 = 3; a3 = 5;
       Xc = 7.75; Yc = 1.95; Zc = 1.8;
       r = sqrt(Xc^2+Yc^2)
                                                                                                                       (7.75,1.95,1.9)
                                                                                          0_1
       s = Zc - d1
       D = (Xc^2+Yc^2+(Zc-d1)^2-a2^2-a3^2)/(2*a2*a3)
 7
 8 -
       th3 = atan2d((sgrt(1-D^2)),D) %%tan = tang in rad %tand = tang in degree
       th2 UP = atan2d(Zc-d1, sqrt(r)) - atan2d(a3*sind(th3), a2+a3*cosd(th3))
 9 -
                                                                                                                        d_1
       th2 DOWN = atan2d(Zc-d1, sqrt(r)) - atan2(a3*sind(-th3), a2+a3*cosd(-th3))
10 -
       th1 = atan2d(Yc,Xc)
11 -
12
       %%For Checking
13
14 -
       th1 = 0; th2 = 0; th3 = 0;
15 -
       d1 = 2; a2 = 3; a3 = 5;
16
       %RRR
17
       %%L = link([alpha A theta D])
18 -
       L1 = link([pi/2 0 th1 d1, 0]); %%0 is revolute (and default), 1 is prismatic
       L2 = link([0 a2 th2 0, 0]);
19 -
       L3 = link([0 a3 th3 0, 0]);
20 -
       RRR = robot(\{L1 L2 L3\});
21 -
23
       %UP
24 -
       th1 rad = deg2rad(14.12);
25 -
       th2 rad = deg2rad(-6.897);
26 -
       th3 rad = deg2rad(4.5609);
27
28
       %DOWN
       %th1 rad = deg2rad(14.12);
29
       %th2 rad = deg2rad(-6.897);
30
       %th3 rad = deg2rad(-3.9971);
31
32
33 -
       RRR PP = fkine(RRR,[th1 rad th2 rad th3 rad])
       Pend = RRR PP*[th1;th2;th3;1]
34 -
35 -
       plot(RRR,[th1 th2 th3])
```

## Assignment 4



Q3 RRP with no offset configuration.

- a. Given  $d_1 = 2$  and  $\alpha_2 = 3$ , Obtain the possible values of  $\theta_1$ ,  $\theta_2$  and  $d_3$  for point (7.75,1.95, 1.8). Compute with using Atan2 function.
- b. Draw the following configurations of RRP, specify arm up and arm down configuration. Hint: there should be 2 set of values of  $\theta_1$ ,  $\theta_2$  and  $d_3$ .

Attach your code with answers.

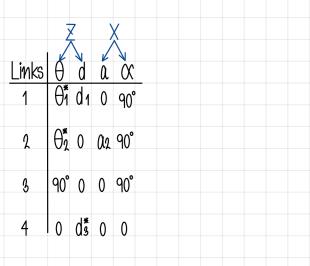
Q4 Obtain DH table and check both sets of answer from Q3 by using fkine function in MATLAB. Attached your code, answer, and plot the position of robot.

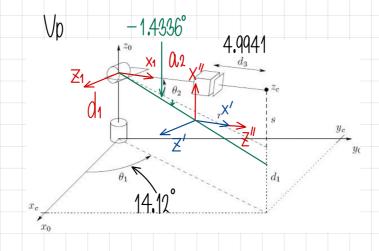
Q3000d Q4  $d_3 = \sqrt{\chi_c^2 + \chi_c^2 + (Z_c - Q_1)^2} - Q_2$  $=(7.75)^2+(1.95)^2+(1.9-2)^2-3$ =4.9941 $\uparrow = \sqrt{\chi_c^2 + \chi_c^2} = \sqrt{(7.75)^2 + (1.95)^2} = 7.9916$  $S = Z_{c} - Q_{1} = 1.9 - 2 = -0.2$  $\theta_2 = \text{Atan2}(\sqrt{\chi_c^2 + \chi_c^2}, Z_c - d_1) = \text{Atan2}(\Upsilon_s S)$ 

$$= tan^{1}2d(-0.2, 7.9916)$$

$$\theta_1 = \tan^{1}2d(7.75, 1.95)$$

$$= 14.12^{\circ}$$





Down

```
nment4Q1.m × Assignment4Q2.m × +
%%RRP with no offset d = 0
d1 = 2; a2 = 3;
Xc = 7.75; Yc = 1.95; Zc = 1.8;
r = sqrt(Xc^2+Yc^2)
s = Zc-d1
d3 = sqrt(r^2+s^2)-a2
th2 = atan2d(s,r)
th1 = atan2d(Yc,Xc)
%RRP
%%L = link([alpha A theta D])
L1 = link([pi/2 0 0 d1, 0]); %%0 is revolute (and default), 1 is prismatic
L2 = link([pi/2 a2 0 0, 0]);
L23 = link([pi/2 0 pi/2 0, 0]); %dummy link
L3 = link([0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1, \ 1]);
RRPRobot = robot({L1 L2 L23 L3});
%%For Checking
%UP
th1 = deg2rad(14.1232);
th2 = deg2rad(-1.4336);
d3 = 4.9941;
%DOWN
%th1 = deg2rad(14.1232);
%th2 = deg2rad(1.4336);
%d3 = 4.9941;
RRP FK = fkine(RRPRobot, [th1 th2 pi/2 d3])
RRP Pend= RRP FK*[0;0;0;1]
plot (RRR, [th1 th2 0 d31)
```