

igraph option

```
library(tidygraph)
```

```
## Warning: package 'tidygraph' was built under R version 4.0.4
```

```
set.seed(2021)
igraph_layouts <- c('circle', 'graphopt', 'grid', 'mds', 'nicely', 'fr')

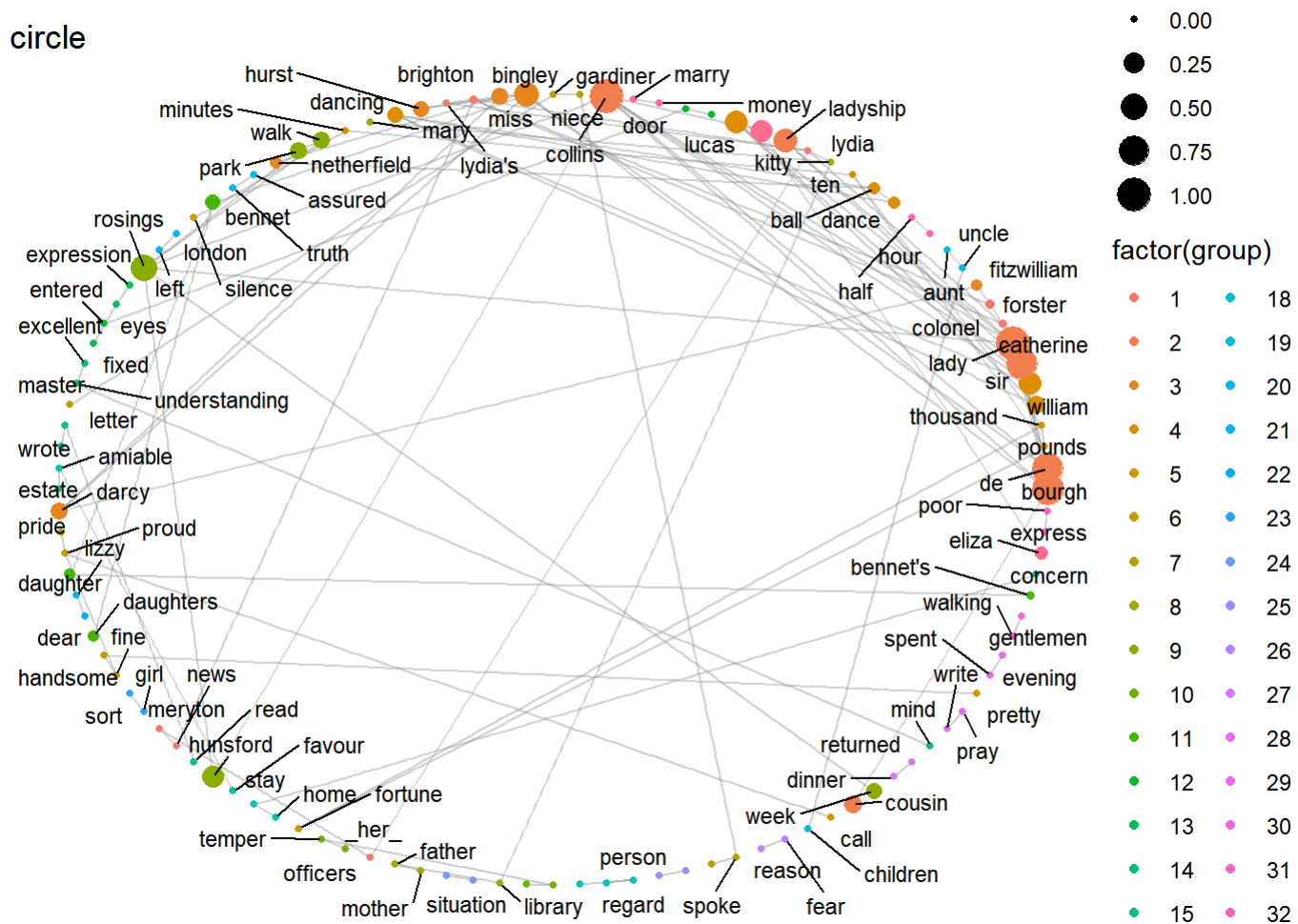
network.btw.data <- word_cors %>%
  filter(correlation > .15) %>%
  graph_from_data_frame() %>%
  as_tbl_graph(directed=F) %>% # 방향성이 있으면 TRUE, 하지만 여기서는 방향성 없이 보고싶음.
  mutate(eigen = centrality_eigen(), # 중심성 계산.
         group = group_infomap()) # 그룹화 시키는 과정.
```

- layout="circle" : 원형의 network plot을 그림.
- layout="graphopt" : 반복수행으로 최적의 그림을 표현.
- layout="grid" : 직사각형의 network plot을 그림.
- layout="mds" : 거리행렬에 대해 Multidimensional scaling을 실시한 후, 그림으로 표현.
- layout="nicely" : simple algorithm에 대해 적절한 형태의 그림으로 표현.
- layout="fr" : Fruchterman and Reingold의 force-directed layout algorithm.

```
for (i in seq_len(length(igraph_layouts))) {
  p<-network.btw.data %>%
    ggraph(layout=igraph_layouts[i])+
    geom_edge_link(color='gray50', alpha=.2) +
    geom_node_point(aes(color=factor(group), size=eigen)) +
    geom_node_text(aes(label=name), size=3, repel=TRUE) +
    theme_graph() +
    theme(legend.position='none')+
    ggtitle(igraph_layouts[i])+
    theme_void()
  plot(p)
}
```

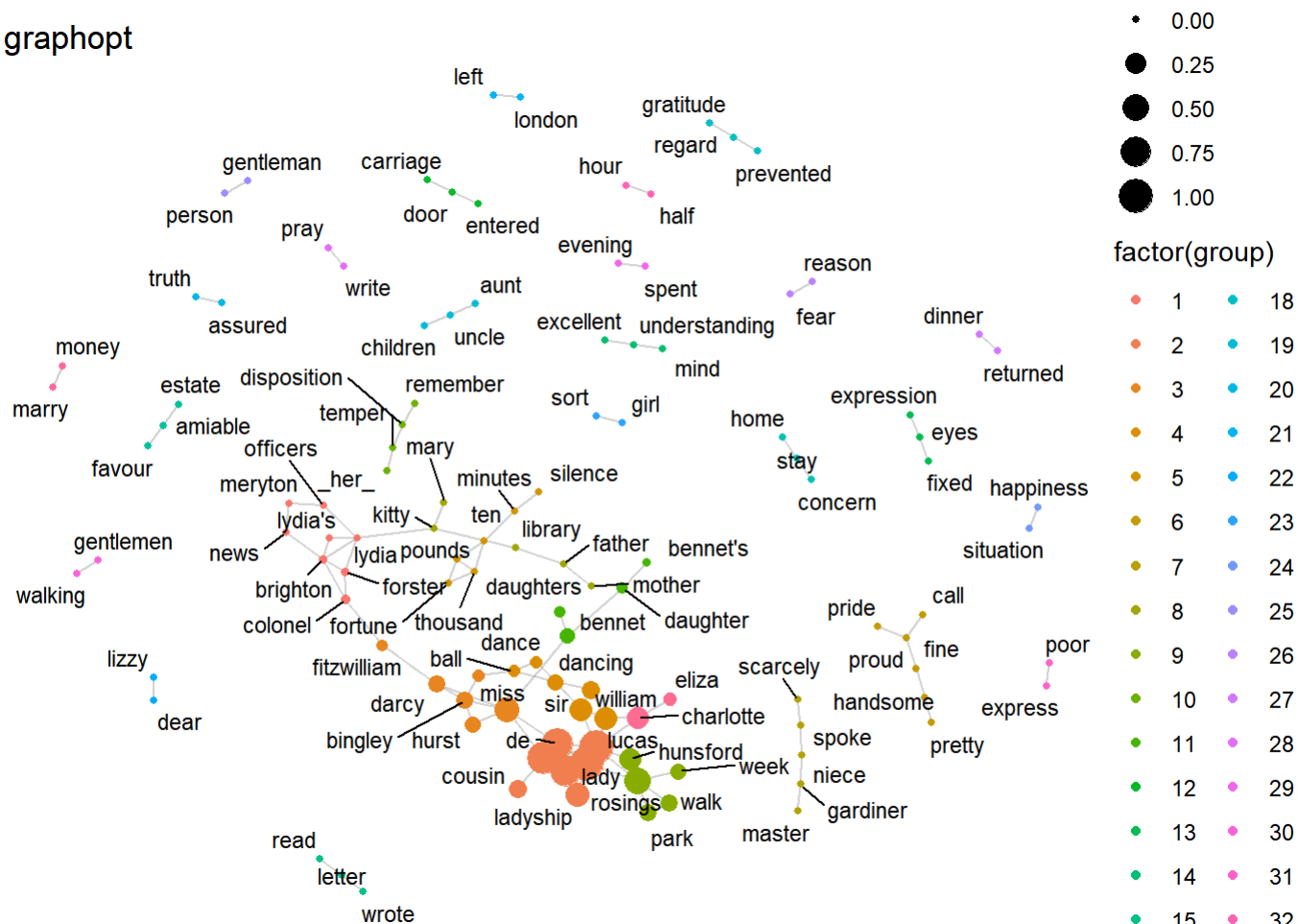
```
## Warning: ggrepel: 9 unlabeled data points (too many overlaps). Consider
## increasing max.overlaps
```

circle

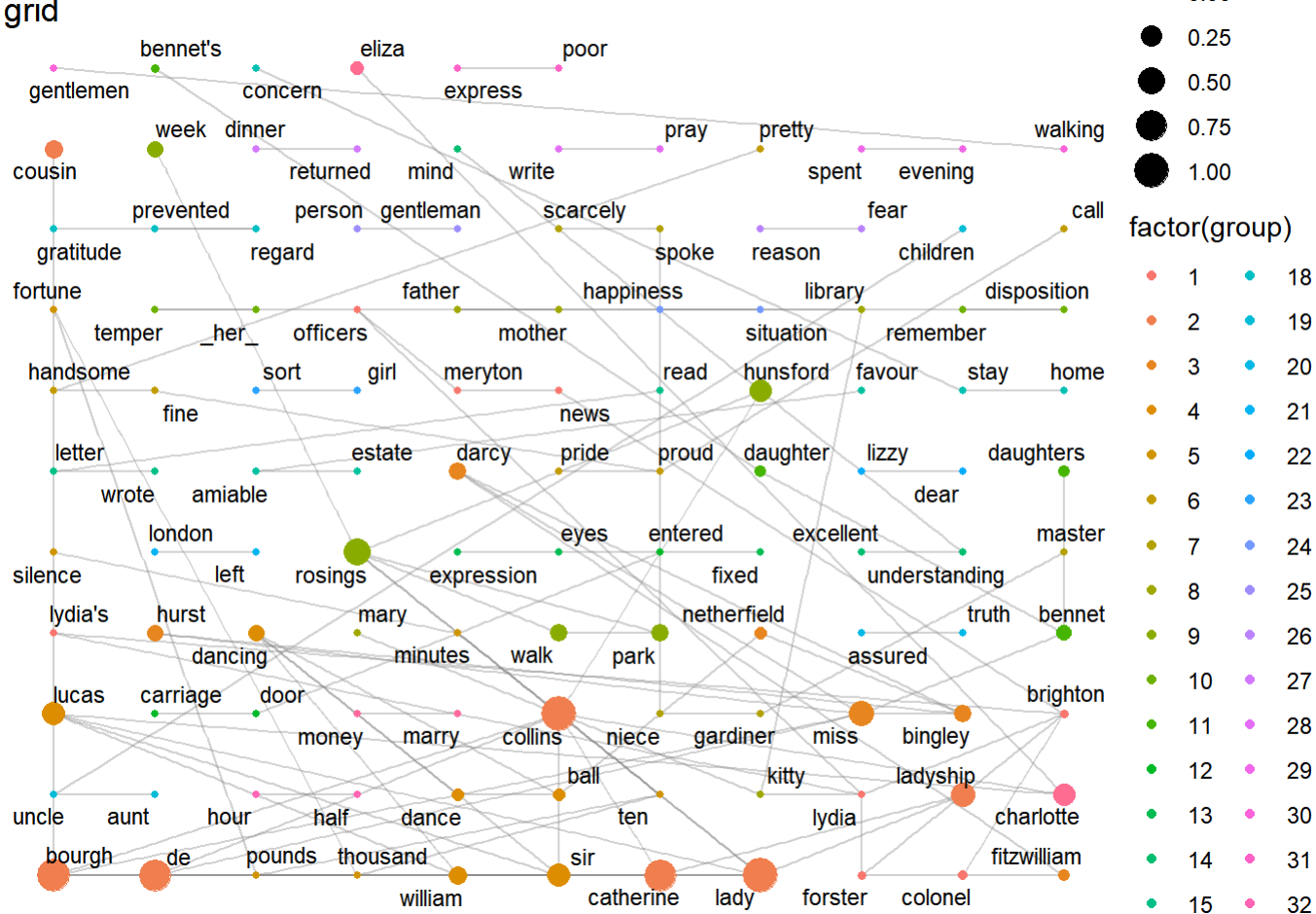


```
## Warning: ggrepel: 4 unlabeled data points (too many overlaps). Consider
## increasing max.overlaps
```

graphopt

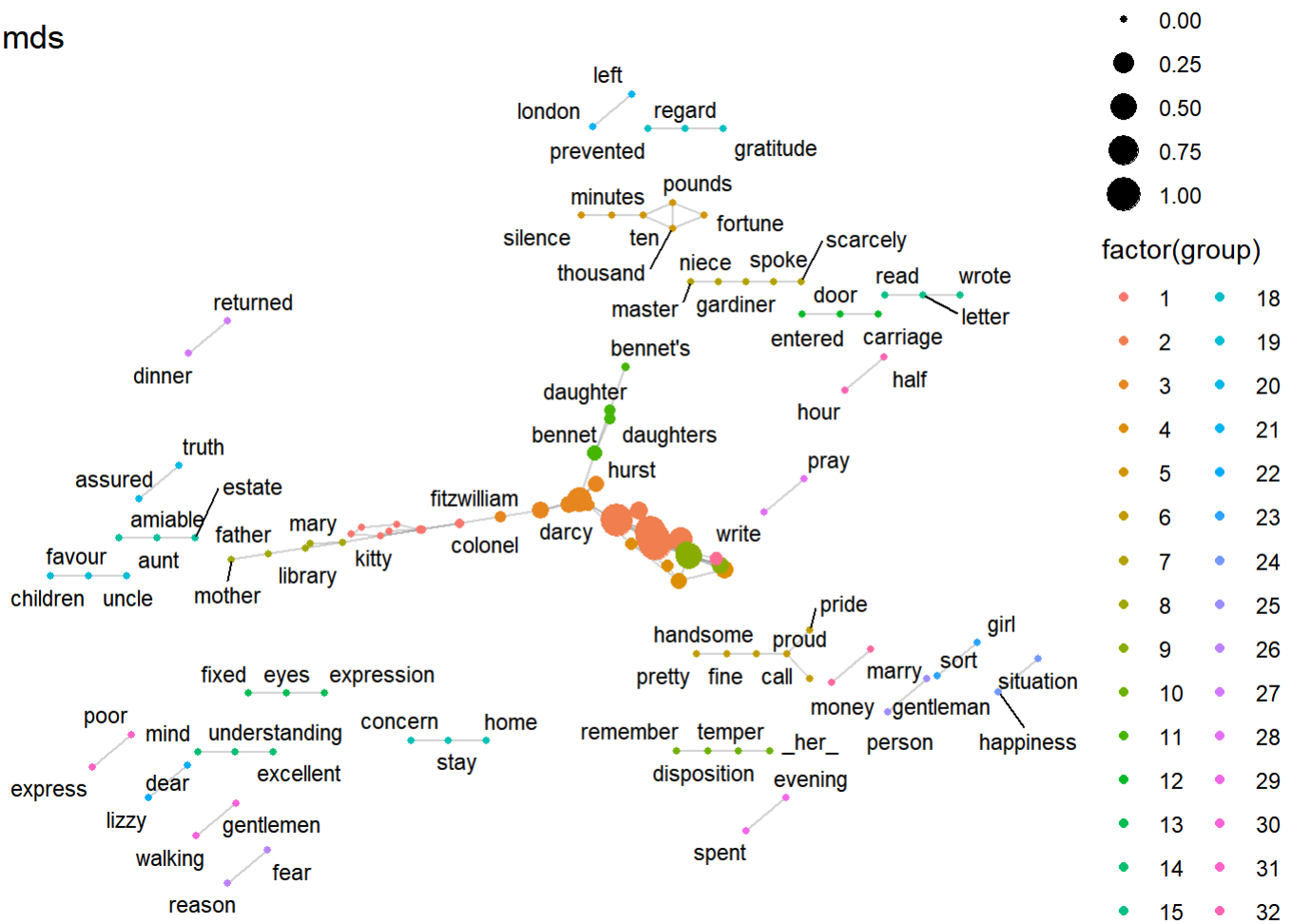


grid

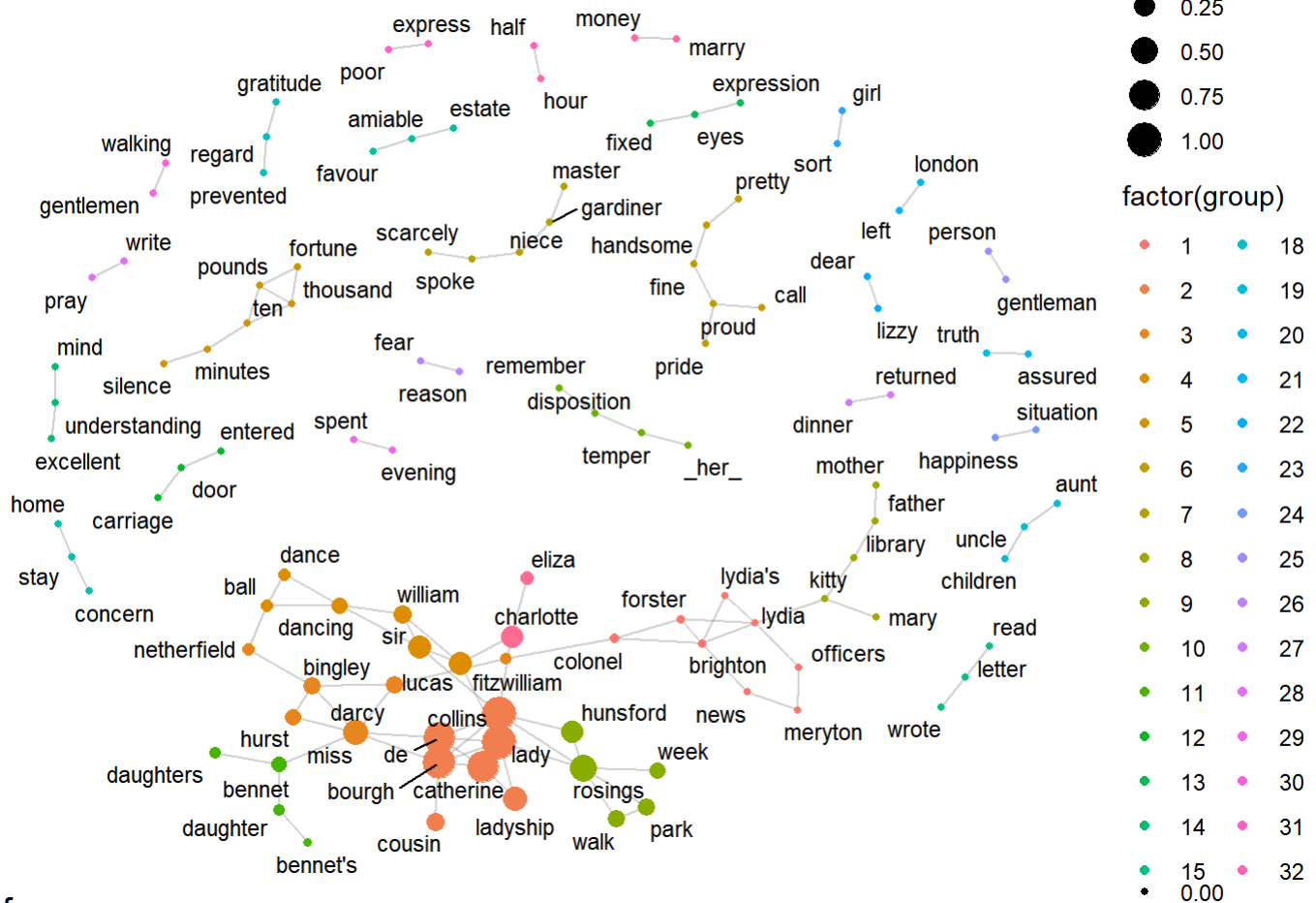


```
## Warning: ggrepel: 30 unlabeled data points (too many overlaps). Consider
## increasing max.overlaps
```

mds



nicely



fr

