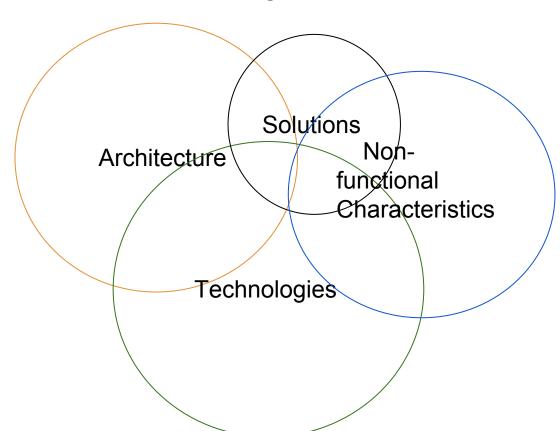
# W205 Overview

Jari Koister

## Objectives of this presentation

- Provide an overview of learning objectives and changes since last semester.
- Overview of architecture concepts.
- Related each module to the overall picture.

## Understanding how to build storage and retrieval



**Architecture**: How to piece together a solution from parts.

**Solution**: processes, representation, or models for various analytics problems.

**Non-functional**: scale, performance, reliability, security aspects.

**Technologies**: individual technologies that are used in architectures.

## Course Learning Objectives

- 1. Understand all main **architectural components** involved in **building analytics processes** and applications that results from data science activities. This includes for example data definition and storage, data ingestion, data processing querying, data cleaning, data serving.
- Understand fundamental non-functional architectural concepts and characteristics that are considered when building analytics processes and applications. This includes data scale, processing complexity, network performance.
- 3. **Understand the nature and needs of processing and storage** for the various processes involved in data analytics. Be able to evaluate any solution according to some fundamental concepts (dimensions)
- 4. Understand trade-offs between different technology choices. **Conceptual model** differences, **functional** differences, **scale** and **performance** differences.
- 5. **Hands-on experience** and introductory knowledge of selected technologies.
- 6. Ability to analyze a problem and **select an appropriate architecture based on functional and non-functional** requirements as well as known characteristics of technical solutions.

### Feedback from last semester

- 1. Difficult to get initial environments up which had downstream impact on later labs and exercises.
  - a. We have redone labs 1-4 to facilitate the initial learning and set up process.
  - b. We suggest bridge course or self learning of python and Unix/Linux.
- 2. Hard to see the forest for the tree's. How to put everything in context.
  - a. We will provide more guidance on context.
- 3. Some readings were hard to digest and to place in the right context.
  - a. We will provide reading guidance on challenging or long material.
- 4. Breadth v.s depth on technology.
  - a. More focus on Lab technologies in synchronous sessions.
  - b. Depth learning during exercises and projects, pick which tech you like to learn.

## **Example: Marketing Analytics**

Explore Search, Patterns, Query

### Ingest

Web-logs Email activity Transactions Product Cataloges

### Store

Protobuf Schemas on HDFS

Product data in RDBMS

### re Clean

Structure Values

Fuzzy clustering on customer

### 1

Enrich Wrangle

Prepare\

Features
Filtering
Summaries

#### Aggregate Sales cube

Marketing cube

### Process

Recommendations

**Promotions** 

Churn reduction

#### Score

Predictions
Clustering
Classification

### Train

Model creation

#### Serve

Recommendations

Customer Promotions

Analytics summaries

### **Overall Processes**

Explore Search, Patterns, Query

Ingest Streams Files DB's Logs

Store Format Typing Access

Clean
Structure
Values
Correction

Prepare Enrich Wrangle Features Filtering Summaries Aggregate
Slice/Dice
Rollups
Binning
Timeseries

Process App specific results.

Score
Predictions
Clustering
Classification

Train
Model creation

Serve

## Overall Architecture: Layer Diagram

Query & Exploration Data Cleaning SQL, Search, Pattern Detection, Spark, OpenRefine Cypher Stream Processing Platforms Storm, SparkStreaming Data Ingest Data Serving Solutions Cubes Batch Processing Platforms FTL **RDBMS** Kafka M/R. Spark, SQL, Cypher, Pig, Cascading, Scalding Key-value stores Distcp Data Definition SQL DDL, Avro, Protobuf, CSV-files Storage Systems HDFS, RDBMS, Column Storage Graph Databases

#### **Compute Platforms**

Distributed Commodity, Clustered High-Performance, Single Node

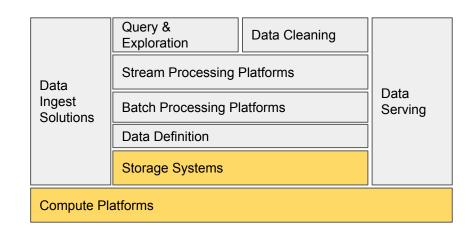
### Module 1 and 2: Infrastructure Basics.

What are the considerations when selecting and using technologies?

What are important aspects for scaling: data size, network, processing.

What are common architectural patterns?

What are the considerations between single node and distributed processing?



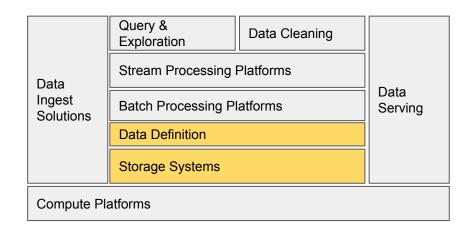
## Module 3 and 4: Storing and Defining Data

Understand storage and definition of data.

Schemas at different levels.

Different storage architectures: HDFS, RDBMS, NOSQL, Object Storage

What is the concept of a Data Lake.



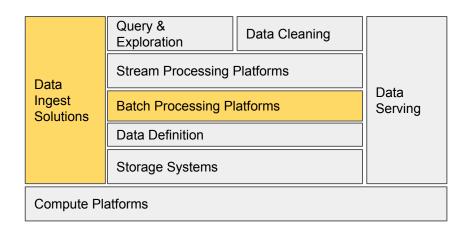
## Module 5 and 6: Ingestion and Processing

How do you get data to your analytics processing.

Batch and real-time ingestion.

Schemas at different levels.

What are methods for processing data: grouping, filtering, aggregation.



## Module 7, 8 and 9: Querying, Exploring and Cleaning

Using queries: SQL, Joins, Indexes

Approximate SQL

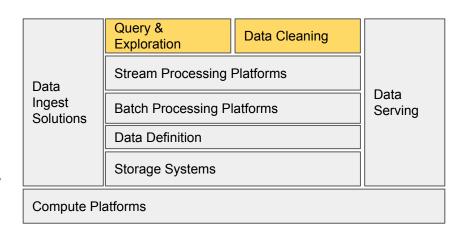
Exploring Data: Enriching, sampling.

Exploratory v.s Confirmatory Discovery

Unsupervised techniques.

What is involved in cleaning data. What are the processing needs.

How do you scale cleaning of data.

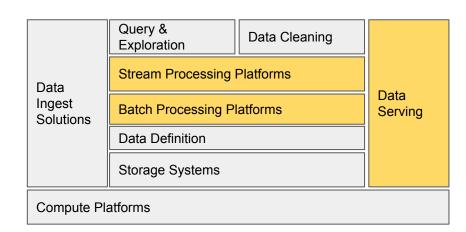


# Module 10, 11, and 12: Streaming, Graphs and

Serving An infrastructure of real-time analytics of streams.

An infrastructure for representing and querying data as graphs.

How are analytics results served.



## Summary

 Learning objectives are broad and ambitious; included conceptual and handson learnings.

2. We changed labs, provide more overview, will focus more on tech i sync sessions and will provide guidance on readings. You need to make sure you have the basics in python and linux.

 When you feel lost in the woods, related back to the overall process and architectural context.