

Running OpenClaw in Docker

I'm not brave enough to run [OpenClaw](#) (aka Clawdbot aka Moltbot) directly on my Mac, so I decided to try running it in a Docker instead container.

OpenClaw has Docker support out of the box, described [on this page](#) of their documentation. Here's what worked for me.

Use their Docker Compose configuration

First, clone their GitHub repository:

```
git clone https://github.com/openclaw/openclaw
```

It contains a script for running OpenClaw in Docker called [docker-setup.sh](#) which in turn uses Docker Compose and their [docker-compose.yml](#) file.

The script will create two folders directly on your Mac which will then be mounted as volumes in the Docker container:

- `~/.openclaw` is the configuration directory. This will eventually contain OpenClaw memory, configuration, third party API keys, etc.
- `~/openclaw/workspace` is the workspace directory full of files that are directly

available to the agent as it runs inside the container. Files the agent creates will be saved here too.

Answering all of those questions

On first run OpenClaw asks you a *lot* of questions. Most of these are reasonably obvious but I still had to start over a couple of times to get everything right. Some that I found tricky:

- Onboarding mode: manual
- What do you want to set up?: Local gateway (this machine)
- Model provider. I decided to go for OpenAI Codex with ChatGPT OAuth, which then allowed me to authenticate against ChatGPT to spend tokens already covered by my \$20/month OpenAI subscription. I did this because I've heard that OpenClaw can spend a *lot* of tokens on API plans, and using ChatGPT put an easy upper limit on how much it could spend. When you opt for this OpenClaw gives you a URL to open in your browser which redirects back to a non-running `localhost` service and displays an error message - you then copy and paste that `localhost` URL back into OpenClaw to complete the authentication. Here's [what that looks like](#).
- Tailscale: I tried to configure this the first time and it resulted in a machine I couldn't use, so the second time I said "no".

Once it's up and running you can run:

```
docker ps
```

To see the container. Mine is running the image `openclaw:local` and has a container name `openclaw-openclaw-gateway-1`.

Running administrative commands

The other container provided by Docker Compose is called `openclaw-cli` and can be used to run the [openclaw CLI commands](#) for managing the instance.

This works for that, but you *must* run it in the same folder as that `docker-compose.yml` file.

```
docker compose run --rm openclaw-cli status
```

Setting up a Telegram bot

OpenClaw can communicate via a number of different messaging platforms, including WhatsApp and iMessage and Telegram and Slack and Discord. This means you can control the instance in your container directly from your phone.

I decided Telegram looked like the least hassle to set up.

You'll need a Telegram account. Then create a new bot by chatting to [@BotFather](#) on Telegram.

1. Start a chat with @BotFather
2. Send the command `/newbot`
3. Follow the instructions to name your bot and get a token

That token can then be provided to OpenClaw as part of the initial setup wizard.

There's one remaining step: you have to *pair* your Telegram account with your new bot and your OpenClaw instance.

OpenClaw will send you a message via Telegram with the pairing code, then run this:

```
docker compose run --rm openclaw-cli pairing  
approve telegram <CODE>
```

At this point you should be able to message your bot directly from Telegram on your phone!

Accessing the web UI

OpenClaw runs a default web UI on port 18789. If you access this directly at `http://localhost:18789` you'll see an error telling you that you need to authenticate first.

To do that you need a special `?token=...` URL parameter. This may have been displayed during setup, but if you lose it you can get a new one like this:

```
docker compose run --rm openclaw-cli dashboard  
--no-open
```

Follow the URL that spits out to access the interface.

Sometimes that's not enough either - you may see this error:

```
disconnected (1008): pairing required
```

For some reason the `openclaw-cli` container didn't work for me here, but this alternative way of

running the openclaw commands did:

```
docker compose exec openclaw-gateway \
  node dist/index.js devices list
```

That shows a list of pairings, hopefully including a request that is not yet approved like this one:

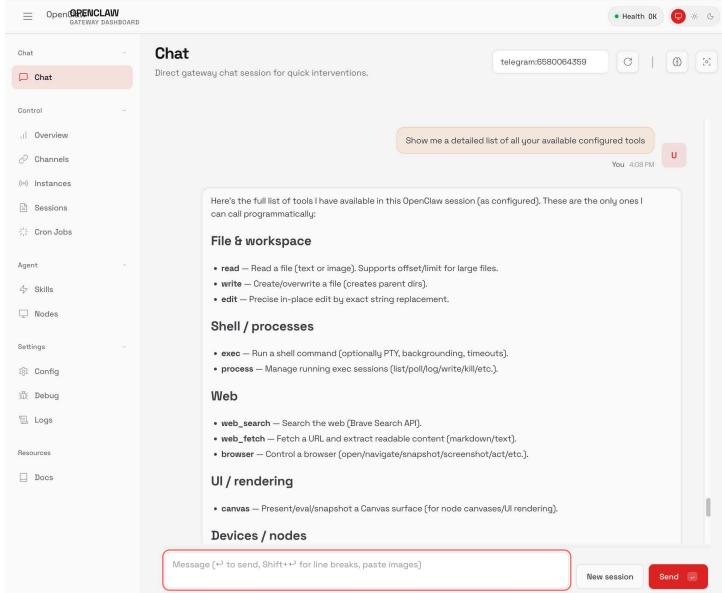
Pending (1)

Request					Device		Role	
IP		Age	Flags					
6f9db1bd-a1cc-4d3f-b643-2c195262464e		8b7bbf4f69633058dc3beee8a56adbccf	operator		172.18.0.1		2m ago	
aafc8be8058bea8a06be1cb7bfad9b3								

To approve that, run this command:

```
docker compose exec openclaw-gateway \
  node dist/index.js devices approve \
    6f9db1bd-a1cc-4d3f-b643-2c195262464e
```

The dashboard UI looks like this, and has a whole load of different debugging tools plus a web chat interface:



Running commands as root

I found myself wanting to install some extra packages, but the OpenClaw bot itself runs as a user without `sudo` access (probably for the best!)

You can access a Bash shell as root like this:

```
docker compose exec -u root openclaw-gateway bash
```

I installed extra packages there like this:

```
apt-get update && apt-get install -y ripgrep
```

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