CS140E: embedded OS

Stanford win 2024

Outline

- Staff:
 - Dawson Engler ("Dawson" is fine: if stuff is broken it's my fault)
 - CAs: Joe Tan, Daniel Rebelsky (paid for outside class stuff)
 - SLs: Parthiv Krishna, Tina Rogers (not paid for outside class stuff)

- What
- Why

What

Write small, clean OS on an r/pi A+:

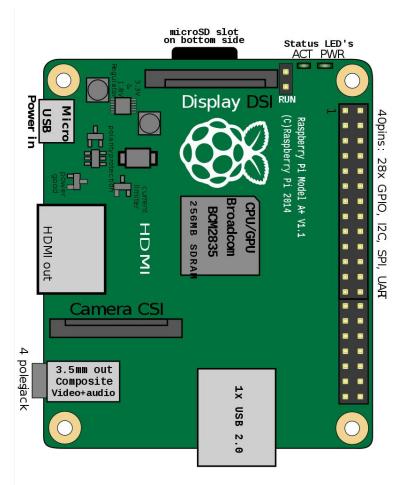
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Raspberry_Pi



What

Write small, clean OS on an r/pi A+:

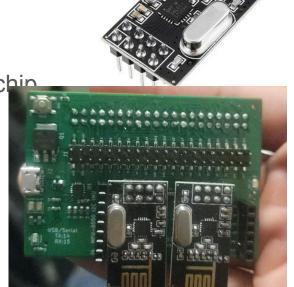
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Raspberry_Pi



What you will build (different than last year)

- Bootloader (ship code from your laptop to the pi)
- GPIO, UART, SPI Device drivers
- Threads + interrupts
- Virtual Memory
- Simple fat32 file system on SD card.
- Networking code that uses the cheap nrf24L01 chip
 - Will use a pcb that Parthiv designed as 340lx project

- End result: simple, small unix OS
 - Mostly your code



Why OS?

If you can write a real OS, you can write almost anything (non-math-y).

Once you get this, easy to delta to something else.

Classes are fake: real world is not a clean, textbook of systematized knowledge

Difficult to understand documents

Wrong

Incomplete

Not written to be used

You will learn to operate in such a world without a lot of panic/drama.

Your OS

You will write (almost) all code.

Small + lightweight = you can do things impossible on modern OSes.

Nanosecond latencies for messages

Real time guarantees faster than expensive digital tools

Exception tricks that let you build valgrind in < 1KLOC.

. . . .

Why R/PI A+?

Most OSes write code on a fake simulator

Alot of work, not that cool at the end.

R/pi = real computer for about \$20 and an ounce of weight.

Many examples / blog posts of how to do various things.

Unlike most machines, makes interacting with the real world easy.

Can build many interesting systems b/c can use weird hardware easily (motion sensors, IR sensors, accelerometer, gyroscope, light sensor...)

Class philosophy

Write a complete, narrow OS all the way down to the bare metal.

We cover less material than most OS classes (multi-level schedulers, multi-level page tables)

However, you will understand much more thoroughly

Hope: easy to do delta off of your knowledge to more fancy things.

Labs vs lectures:

Always try to have you be writing code. You will actually understand what is going on.

Common tragedy of OS: missing a key sentence, mistake in key document. We will use lab to fill this in, saving you many hours/days.

Goal: you do pre-work to pre for lab, walk in, by the end of the lab, you have a complete working simple version of a key trick.

Class philosophy, subtext

- This class is for people that are super interested in low level
 - If you're on the spectrum (hi): this class is designed for you.
 - Our goal: move fast with a bunch of people that are very interested.
 - Only take the class if (1) stanford is easy or (2) very interested and have an open quarter.
 - Our hope: we don't waste your time, and you cover adult stuff in a way and level haven't seen.
 - One result: you'll find the hardcore people at stanford you want to work with in the future.

Warning:

- Don't take this class thinking it is an "easier version of 112"
- It is not.
- Making harder: we don't have enough staff!

Goal: you will develop two super-powers

Power 1: Differential debugging.

Efficiently answering "why doesn't work" for complex things.

Swap working pieces + Binary search

Power 2: Epsilon development.

Epsilon sprint paradox: When building systems, the smaller the step you take, the faster you can run.

Differential debugging

You write code, it doesn't work, the error could be:

The code you wrote

Hardware fault (bad manufacturing, smoked something)

Wiring mistake

Subtle cache issue

Compiler problem (more on this)

. . .

You will get good at breaking down problems by swapping pieces between a working system (yesterday's code, your partners lab) and a non-working system (today's code, your lab)

Example from next lab.

You get the following set of stuff:

To run you:

Copy blink.bin to sd

Wire up led

Wire up serial device

Plug into your laptop

It doesn't work.

But your partner's does



Example from next lab.

You get the following set of stuff:

To run you:

Copy blink.bin to sd

Wire up led

Wire up serial device

Plug into your laptop

It doesn't work.

But your partner's does



Example from next lab.

You get the following set of stuff:

To run you:

Copy blink.bin to sd

Wire up led

Wire up serial device

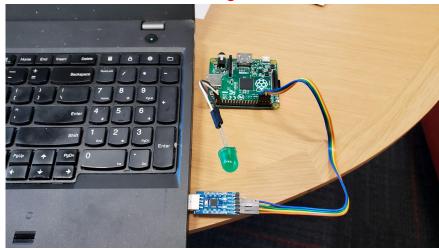
Plug into your laptop

It doesn't work.

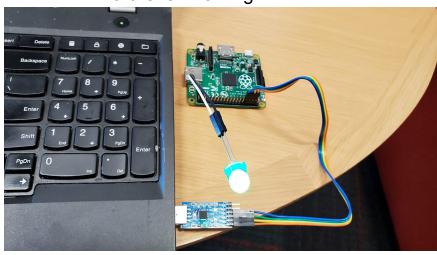
But your partner's does



Yours: Not working



Partner's: Working

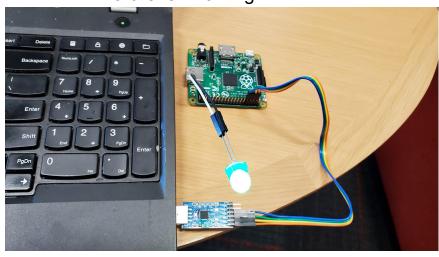


What to do first?

Yours: Not working



Partner's: Working



What does swapping tell you if doesn't work?

What does swapping tell you if works?

Yours: Not working



Partner's: Working

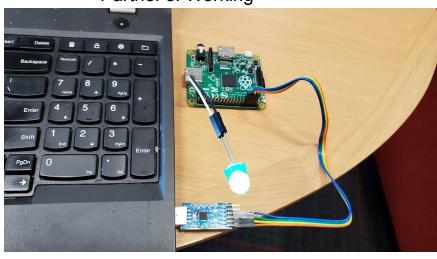


Swapping works: how to narrow down with least work?

Yours: Not working



Partner's: Working



Entire class: whenever we control device, has some software component S (can be wrong) and some hardware component H (can be broken).

Doesn't work = linear equation solving with two variables. How to isolate?

Epsilon sprinting: Slow is fast.

What is wrong?

If I did X, it's X.

If I did X1+X2+...+Xn it could be any, or some combination.

Inverting crash / bug to root cause is much harder in the latter case.

My epsilon-sprint theorem:

Given a working system $W \square$ and a change C, then as $|C| \mapsto \epsilon$, the time + computation (IQ) it takes to figure out why $\{W \square + C\}$ doesn't work goes to 0.

Related claim: the time it takes to debug why a change broke the system increases non-linearly with the size of the change.

Administrivia

Rules:

- Feel free to leave early, but don't be late (makes us run O(n))
- Don't use co-pilot or other people's code. You have to write.
- Don't miss more than 2 labs (even that is very tough).

Grade:

- "A" requires 3+ hard extensions
- Absolutely must turn in lab w/in 7 days. No exceptions!
- Usually prelab due before lab. Won't accept after.
- Will have a final project (roughly 3+ labs worth of work)
- Will have 2 homeworks.

Plus side:

- We pay for food.
- We pay for equipment
- We stay til 11:30pm or so.

Administrivia

Two labs each week.

Each lab will have pre-lab work you should turn in before lab.

Ideally finish during the lab period (I will stay til everyone is done).

Must finish within a week of the lab, or start losing a letter grade each day.

Must pre-arrange missed labs. It's a problem to miss more than a couple.

There (tentatively) will be three "capstone" homework assignments that consolidate a chunk of labs together.

If you've done the lab, this shouldn't be a big deal.

Administrivia

You can work with other people!

However, you *must* type and turn in everything yourself.

Please post to the newsgroup.

If the rules on in-person meetings lift, it's great if you can do the labs in groups.

(We will pay for food you order during lab if this happens.)

What to do now

0

0

- clone the class git repository:
 - https://github.com/dddrrreee/cs140e-24win
 - o git clone git@github.com:dddrrreee/cs140e-24win.git

For lab next tues, make sure you:

o have a way to write either a micro-SD or SD card.

Have a way to plug in a standard USB device

Do PRELAB for lab 2-trust

