# LC 1042: Flower Planting With No Adjacent

```
class Solution(object):
    def gardenNoAdj(self, N, paths):
        """
            :type N: int
            :type paths: List[List[int]]
            :rtype: List[int]
            """
            res = [0] * N
            conn = [[] for i in range(N)]
            for (i, j) in paths:
                 conn[i - 1].append(j - 1)
                 conn[j - 1].append(i - 1)
            for i in range(N):
                 res[i] = ({1, 2, 3, 4} - {res[j] for j in conn[i]}).pop()
            return res
```

Success Details >

Runtime: 408 ms, faster than 73.81% of Python online submissions for Flower Planting With No Adjacent.

Memory Usage: 18.6 MB, less than 100.00% of Python online submissions for Flower Planting With No Adjacent.

### LC 133: Clone Graph

```
# Definition for a Node.
class Node(object):
   def init (self, val, neighbors):
        self.val = val
        self.neighbors = neighbors
11 11 11
class Solution(object):
    def cloneGraph(self, node):
        :type node: Node
                                             Success
                                                        Details >
        :rtype: Node
       dic = {}
                                             Runtime: 52 ms, faster than 90.34% of Python online submissions for Clone
       node copy = self.dfs(node, dic)
       return node copy
                                             Graph.
   def dfs(self, node, dic):
       if not node:
                                             Memory Usage: 13 MB, less than 6.25% of Python online submissions for Clone
            return
        node copy = Node(node.val, [])
                                             Graph.
        dic[node] = node copy
        for neighbor in node.neighbors:
           if neighbor in dic:
                node copy.neighbors.append(dic[neighbor])
            else:
                node copy.neighbors.append(self.dfs(neighbor, dic))
        return node copy
```

# LC 332: Reconstruct Itinerary

```
import collections
class Solution(object):
    def findItinerary(self, tickets):
         :type tickets: List[List[str]]
         :rtype: List[str]
         dest = collections.defaultdict(list)
         for a, b in sorted(tickets)[::-1]:
              dest[a].append(b)
                                                   Success Details >
                                                   Runtime: 56 ms, faster than 94.40% of Python online submissions for Reconstruct
         res = []
         def visit(airport):
                                                   Itinerary.
              while dest[airport]:
                                                   Memory Usage: 12.4 MB, less than 53.85% of Python online submissions for
                   tmp = dest[airport].pop()
                                                   Reconstruct Itinerary.
                   visit(tmp)
              res.append(airport)
         visit('JFK')
         return res[::-1]
```

#### LC 210: Course Schedule II

```
import collections
class Solution(object):
    def findOrder(self, numCourses, prerequisites):
        :type numCourses: int
        :type prerequisites: List[List[int]]
        :rtype: List[int]
        req = [0 for i in range(numCourses)]
        child = collections.defaultdict(list)
        for item in prerequisites:
            req[item[0]] += 1
            child[item[1]].append(item[0])
        stack = [i for i in range(numCourses) if not req[i]]
        res = []
        while stack:
                                                  Success
                                                            Details >
            course = stack.pop()
            res.append(course)
            for i in child[course]:
                                                  Runtime: 80 ms, faster than 83.86% of Python online submissions for Course
                req[i] -= 1
                                                  Schedule II.
                if rea[i] == 0:
                     stack.append(i)
                                                  Memory Usage: 13.1 MB, less than 100.00% of Python online submissions for
        for i in range(numCourses):
                                                  Course Schedule II.
            if req[i] > 0:
                return []
        return res
```

### LC 269: Alien Dictionary

```
import collections
class Solution(object):
   def alienOrder(self, words):
        :type words: List[str]
        :rtype: str
        res, char in front me, char after me = [], collections.defaultdict(set), collections.defaultdict(set)
        top queue = collections.deque()
        chars = set()
       for word in words:
            for c in word:
                chars.add(c)
        # Build the Graph
       for i in range(1, len(words)):
            word1, word2 = words[i - 1], words[i]
            if (len(words[i-1]) > len(words[i]) and words[i-1][:len(words[i])] == words[i]):
                return "
            str min len = min(len(word1), len(word2))
           for j in range(str min len):
                c1, c2 = word1[j], word2[j]
               if c1 != c2:
                    char in front me[c2].add(c1)
                   char after me[c1].add(c2)
                    break
        for c in chars:
           if c not in char in front me:
                top queue.append(c)
        while top queue:
           tmp_char = top_queue.popleft()
           res.append(tmp char)
           if tmp char in char after me:
               for c in char after me[tmp char]:
                   char in front me[c].discard(tmp char)
                   if not char in front me[c]:
                        top queue.append(c)
                del char after me[tmp char]
        print(char in front me)
        print(char after me)
        if char after me:
            return ""
        return "".join(res)
```

#### LC 1136: Parallel Courses

```
import collections
class Solution(object):
    def minimumSemesters(self, N, relations):
        :type N: int
        :type relations: List[List[int]]
        :rtype: int
        prev_courses = [0 for i in range(N + 1)]
        conn = [set() for i in range(N + 1)]
        for prev, curr in relations:
            prev courses[curr] += 1
            conn[prev].add(curr)
        queue = collections.deque()
        for i in prev courses[1:]:
            if prev courses[i] == 0:
                queue.append(i)
        semesters = 0
        finished course = 0
        while queue:
            tmp queue = deque()
            semesters += 1
            for cur in queue:
                finished course += 1
                for nxt course in conn[cur]:
                    prev courses[nxt course] -= 1
                    if prev_courses[nxt_course] == 0:
                        tmp queue.append(nxt course)
            queue = tmp queue
        return semesters if finished course == N else -1
```