一、题目说明

题目94. Binary Tree Inorder Traversal,给一个二叉树,返回中序遍历序列。题目难度是Medium!

二、我的解答

用递归遍历, 学过数据结构的应该都可以实现。

```
class Solution{
    public:
        vector<int> inorderTraversal(TreeNode* root){
        if(root != NULL){
            if(root->left !=NULL)inorderTraversal(root->left);
            res.push_back(root->val);
            if(root->right !=NULL)inorderTraversal(root->right);
        }
        return res;
    }
    private:
        vector<int> res;
};
```

```
Runtime: 4 ms, faster than 61.00% of C++ online submissions for Binary Tree Inorder Traversal.

Memory Usage: 10.5 MB, less than 5.00% of C++ online submissions for Binary Tree Inorder Traversal.
```

三、优化措施

用非递归算法,需要一个栈,代码如下:

```
class Solution{
    public:
        //iteratively
        vector<int> inorderTraversal(TreeNode* root){
            stack<TreeNode*> st;
            TreeNode* p = root;
            if(p != NULL){
                while(p !=NULL) {
                     st.push(p);
                     p = p \rightarrow left;
                while(!st.empty()){
                     p = st.top();
                     st.pop();
                     res.push_back(p->val);
                     if(p->right !=NULL) {
                         p = p->right;
                         while(p !=NULL) {
                             st.push(p);
                             p = p->left;
```

```
}
}

return res;
}
private:
    vector<int> res;
};
```

性能:

Runtime: 4 ms, faster than 60.93% of C++ online submissions for Binary Tree Inorder Traversal.

Memory Usage: 9.2 MB, less than 89.00% of C++ online submissions for Binary Tree

Inorder Traversal.