

一、题目说明

题目297. Serialize and Deserialize Binary Tree, 序列化和反序列化二叉树。难度是Hard!

二、我的解答

这个题目用了3个小时，用的非递归遍历算法。用stack实现：

```
class Codec{
public:
    // Encodes a tree to a single string.
    string serialize(TreeNode* root) {
        //先根遍历二叉树
        string res;

        if(root ==NULL) return "[null]";
        stack<TreeNode*> st;
        st.push(root);
        res.append(to_string(root->val));
        res.push_back(',');

        while(! st.empty()){
            TreeNode* tmp = st.top();
            st.pop();

            if(tmp->left !=NULL){
                res.append(to_string(tmp->left->val));
                res.push_back(',');
            }else{
                res.append("null,");
            }

            if(tmp->right !=NULL){
                st.push(tmp->right);
                res.append(to_string(tmp->right->val));
                res.push_back(',');
            }else{
                res.append("null,");
            }

            if(tmp->left !=NULL){
                st.push(tmp->left);
            }
        }
        res.pop_back();

        return "["+res+"]";
    }
    // Decodes your encoded data to tree.
    TreeNode* deserialize(string data) {
        data = data.substr(1, data.size() - 2);

        TreeNode* root =NULL,*p;

        int len = data.size();
        if(data.compare("null")==0){
```

```

        return root;
    }

    if(!data.empty()){
        stack<TreeNode*> st;
        int l=0,r=0;
        while(data[r]!=','){
            r++;
        }
        string str = data.substr(l,r-l);
        //cout<<str<<"->";
        int cur = stoi(str);
        root = new TreeNode(cur);
        st.push(root);
        while(! st.empty()){
            p = st.top();
            st.pop();

            //左子树
            l=r+1,r=l;
            while(r<len && data[r]!=','){
                r++;
            }
            str = data.substr(l,r-l);
            //cout<<str<<"->";
            if(str.compare("null") !=0){
                cur = stoi(str);
                p->left = new TreeNode(cur);
            }

            //右子树
            l=r+1,r=l;
            while(r<len && data[r]!=','){
                r++;
            }
            str = data.substr(l,r-l);
            //cout<<str<<"->";
            if(str.compare("null") !=0){
                cur = stoi(str);
                p->right = new TreeNode(cur);
                st.push(p->right);
            }

            if(p->left !=NULL){
                st.push(p->left);
            }
        }
        return root;
    }else{
        return root;
    }
}

};

```

性能如下:

Runtime: 40 ms, faster than 83.45% of C++ online submissions for Serialize and Deserialize Binary Tree.
Memory Usage: 32.2 MB, less than 44.83% of C++ online submissions for Serialize and Deserialize Binary Tree.

三、优化措施

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