

一、题目说明

题目448. Find All Numbers Disappeared in an Array, 给定有n个数的数组, 每个数 $1 \leq a[i] \leq n$, 其中一些数字出现2次, 一些出现一次。计算包含于1-n中未在数组中出现的数字。难度是Easy!

二、我的解答

这个题目, 思考一下, 一次循环, 将数字i放到第i+1上面。然后不在位置上的就是了。

```
class Solution{
public:
    vector<int> findDisappearedNumbers(vector<int>& nums){
        vector<int> res;
        int len = nums.size();
        for(int i=0;i<len;i++){
            while(nums[i] != i+1 && nums[nums[i]-1] != nums[i]){
                swap(nums[i], nums[nums[i]-1]);
            }
        }

        for(int i=0;i<len;i++){
            if(nums[i] != i+1){
                res.push_back(i+1);
            }
        }
        return res;
    }
};
```

性能如下:

```
Runtime: 112 ms, faster than 92.54% of C++ online submissions for Find All
Numbers Disappeared in an Array.
Memory Usage: 14.9 MB, less than 86.67% of C++ online submissions for Find All
Numbers Disappeared in an Array.
```

三、优化措施

无