## 一、题目说明

这个题目是21. Merge Two Sorted Lists,归并2个已排序的列表。难度是Easy!

## 二、我的解答

既然是简单的题目,应该一次搞定。确实1次就搞定了,但是性能太差:

```
Runtime: 20 ms, faster than 8.74% of C++ online submissions for Merge Two Sorted Lists.

Memory Usage: 9.4 MB, less than 5.74% of C++ online submissions for Merge Two Sorted Lists.
```

## 代码如下:

```
class Solution{
    public:
        ListNode* mergeTwoLists(ListNode* 11, ListNode* 12){
            if(11 ==NULL && 12==NULL) return NULL;
            if(11 !=NULL && 12==NULL) return 11;
            if(11 ==NULL && 12!=NULL) return 12;
            ListNode dummy(-1);
            ListNode* p = &dummy;
            while(11 !=NULL && 12 !=NULL){
                 if(11->val <= 12->val){}
                      p->next = 11;
                      p = p->next;
                      11 = 11 - \text{next};
                 }else{
                     p->next = 12;
                     p = p->next;
                     12 = 12 - \text{next};
                 }
            }
            if(11 !=NULL){
                 p->next = 11;
             }
            if(12 !=NULL){
                 p->next = 12;
             }
             return dummy.next;
        }
};
```

## 三、优化措施

优化后, 8s, 代码如下:

```
#include<iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
struct ListNode{
    int val;
    ListNode*next;
    ListNode(int x):val(x),next(NULL){
};
* Definition for singly-linked list.
* struct ListNode {
      int val;
       ListNode *next;
     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(NULL) {}
 * };
 */
class Solution{
    public:
        ListNode* mergeTwoLists(ListNode* 11, ListNode* 12){
            if(NULL == 11) return 12;
            if(NULL == 12) return 11;
            ListNode dummy(-1);
            ListNode* p = &dummy;
            while(l1 && l2){
                if(11->val <= 12->val){}
                      p->next = 11;
                     11 = 11 - \text{next};
                }else{
                    p->next = 12;
                    12 = 12 - \text{next};
                p = p->next;
            }
            p->next = 11 ? 11 : 12;
            return dummy.next;
        }
};
int main(){
    Solution s;
    ListNode* 11,*12;
    ListNode* tmp;
    //init 11
    tmp = new ListNode(4);
    11 = tmp;
    tmp = new ListNode(2);
    tmp->next = 11;
    11 = tmp;
    tmp = new ListNode(1);
    tmp->next = 11;
    11 = tmp;
```

```
//init 12
tmp = new ListNode(4);
12 = tmp;

tmp = new ListNode(3);
tmp->next = 12;
12 = tmp;

tmp = new ListNode(1);
tmp->next = 12;
12 = tmp;

ListNode* 13 = s.mergeTwoLists(11,12);
while(13!=NULL){
    cout<<13->val<<' ";
    13 = 13->next;
}
return 0;
}
```