原理:

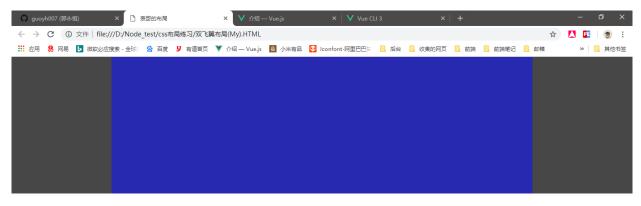
自己的理解:子元素利用margin值把父元素撑开,剩下的两个box自己调

别人的解释:

- <!--双飞翼布局:
- 1.给左,中,右加浮动,在一行显示
- 2.给middle宽度为100%
- 3.让左边的模块移动middle的左边 margin-left:-100%
- 4.让右边的模块移动middle的右边 margin-left:-自己宽度
- 5.给middle里面的容器添加外间距 margin: 左右

-->

1.



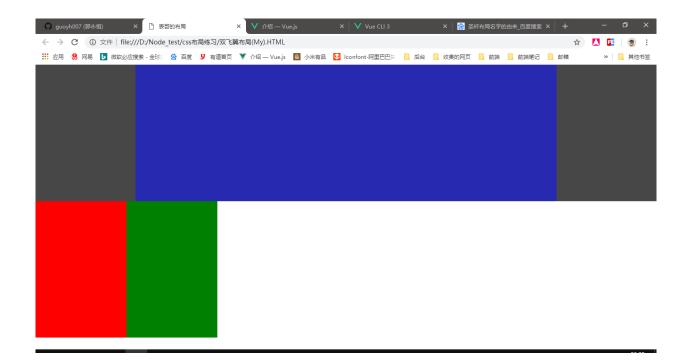
```
.main>div {
    float: left;
    height: 300px;
}
.middle {
    width: 100%;
    background: □rgb(71, 71, 71);
}
.middle-inner {
    margin: 0 220px;
    height: 300px;
    /* width: 100%;这个不能加 */
    background: □rgb(39, 41, 177);
}
```

2.

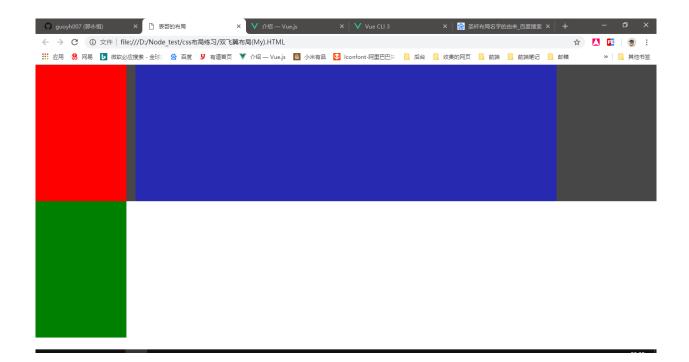
```
.left {
    width: 200px;
    /* margin-left: -100%; */
    background: □red;
}

/* 向左移动上边一行 */
.right {
    width: 200px;
    /* margin-left: -200px; */
    background: □green;
}
```

2

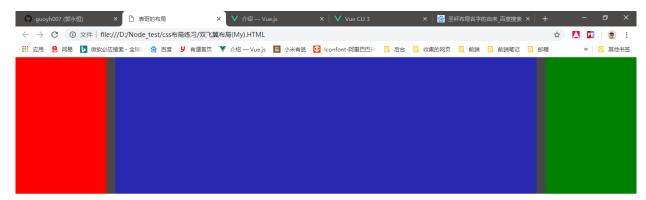


```
.left {
      width: 200px;
      /* margin-left: -100%; */
       background: ■red;
  /* 向左移动上边一行 */
   .right {
      width: 200px;
      /* margin-left: -200px; */
      background: ■green;
   </style>
/head>
body>
   <div class="main">
       <div class="middle">
           <div class="middle-inner"><</pre>
       </div>
       <div class="left"></div>
       <div class="right"></div>
  /div>
```



```
.left {
     width: 200px;
     margin-left: -100%;
     background: ■red;
}
```

4



```
.right {
    width: 200px;
    margin-left: -200px;
    background: □green;
}
```