

## Problem Set 3, Math 191 Fall '15

This problem set is due Tuesday, September 15, 2014 at **the beginning of class**. All class guide rules apply. **Please remember to set aside “self-work time”** before consulting Piazza or working with others.

1. Show if  $\sum_n a_n$  converges, where  $\{a_n\}$  form a decreasing sequence of nonnegative real numbers, then

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} na_n = 0.$$

2. Prove or disprove: every positive integer  $n$  can be written as some

$$e_1 1^2 + e_2 2^2 + e_3 3^2 + \cdots + e_k k^2,$$

where each  $e_i$  equals 1 or  $-1$ .

3. Show that, for nonnegative  $r_i$ ,

$$(1 + (r_1 r_2 \cdots r_n)^{1/n})^n \leq \prod_k (1 + r_k) \leq (1 + (r_1 + r_2 + \cdots + r_n)/n)^n.$$

4. Prove or disprove: for any  $n \times n$  matrix  $A$  with real entries, we have

$$\det(I + A^2) \geq 0,$$

where  $I$  is the identity matrix of dimension  $n$ .

5. There are 33 rooks on a  $8 \times 8$  chessboard (bet you are sick of chessboards right now, but they'll keep coming!). Prove that you can find 5 of them such that no rook is attacking any other one.
6. For any positive integer  $n$ , prove there is a Fibonacci number that is a multiple of  $n$ .
7. Suppose  $p(x)$  is a polynomial of degree  $n$  and for all  $x$ ,  $p(x) \geq 0$ . Show that for all  $x$ , we have

$$p(x) + p'(x) + p''(x) + \cdots + p^{(n)}(x) \geq 0.$$

8. Find (or prove one doesn't exist) a square  $ABCD$  in the plane and a point  $X$  such that the sides of the square are integral and the distance from  $X$  to each vertex  $A$ ,  $B$ ,  $C$ , and  $D$  are also integral.
9. **(required)** How much time (including self-work time) did you spend on this problem set? What comments do you have of the problems? (difficulty, type, enjoyment, etc.)