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Solution of Q9.3.21

SUJAL GUPTA - EE22BTECH11052

It is known that 10% of certain articles manufactured are defective. What is probability that a random sample space of 12 such articles,9 are defective?

Solution:

| Parameter | Values | Description |
|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|
| n | 12 | Number of articles |
| k | 9 | Number of defective articles |
| p | 0.1 | Probability of being defective |
| X | $1 \le X \le 12$ | X defective elements out of 12 |
| Y | $1 \le Y \le 12$ | gaussian variable |
| $\mu = np$ | 1.2 | mean |
| $\sigma = \sqrt{np(1-p)}$ | 1.039 | standard deviation |

TABLE 0 TABLE 1

1) Binomial Distribution:

The X is the random variable, the pmf of X is given by

$$p_X(k) = {}^{n}C_k p^k (1 - p)^{n - k}$$
 (1)

We require Pr(X = 9). Since n = 12,

$$p_X(9) = 1.60379(10^{-7})$$
 (2)

2) Gaussian Distribution

Let Y be gaussian variable. Using central limit theorem, we can use the gaussian distribution function:

$$p_Y(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$
 $(x \in Y)$ (3)

Using Normal distribution at X=9.

$$p_Y(9) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi \left(\frac{27}{25}\right)}} e^{-\frac{\left(x - \frac{6}{5}\right)^2}{2\left(\frac{27}{25}\right)}} \tag{4}$$

$$=\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\left(\frac{27}{25}\right)}}e^{-\frac{169}{3}}\tag{5}$$

$$=3.89010(10^{-9})\tag{6}$$

Hence we observe that the gaussian and binomial distribution have very less absolute error.

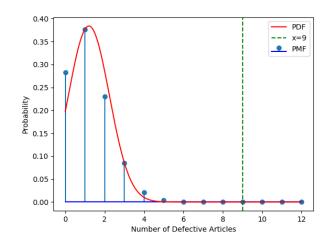


Fig. 2. Binomial-PMF and Gaussian-PDFof X