## 1

## Solution of Q10.13.3.24

## SUJAL GUPTA - EE22BTECH11052

A coin is tossed two times. Find the probability of getting at most one head.

**Solution:** Let the event of getting a head on one coin toss be H. Then

$$\Pr(H) = \frac{1}{2} \tag{1}$$

Variable	Description	Value
n	Number of tosses	2
$X_1$	Result of first coin	$X_1$
$X_2$	Result of second coin	$X_2$
X	No of heads	$X_1 + X_2$

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^{2} X_i \tag{2}$$

$$X = X_1 + X_2 \tag{3}$$

$$X \le 2 \tag{4}$$

The probability of getting a head is:

$$p_X(k) = {}^{2}C_k(0.5)^k(0.5)^{2-k}$$
 (5)

$$= {}^{2}C_{k}(0.5)^{2} \tag{6}$$

The above equation gives the PMF of getting k heads on 2 coint tosses. Let  $F_X(k)$  denote the cumulative distribution function of X:

$$F_X(k) = p(X \le k) \tag{7}$$

$$=\sum_{i=0}^{k} {}^{2}C_{i} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2} \tag{8}$$

Let  $F_X(k)$  denote the cumulative distribution function of X:

$$F_X(k) = p(X \le k) \tag{9}$$

$$F_X(1) = p(X \le 1)$$
 (10)

$$=F_X(1) \tag{11}$$

$$=\sum_{i=0}^{1} {}^{2}C_{i} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2} \tag{12}$$

$$=\frac{3}{4}\tag{13}$$

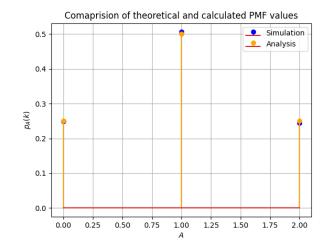


Fig. 0. PMF of X

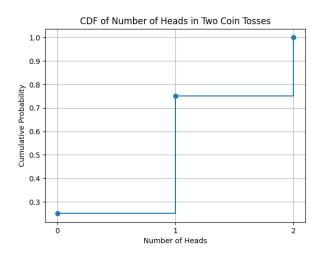


Fig. 0. CDF of X