Solution of Q9.3.21

SUJAL GUPTA - EE22BTECH11052

It is known that 10% of certain articles manufactured are defective. What is probability that a random sample space of 12 such articles,9 are defective?

Solution:

Parameter	Values	Description
n	12	Number of articles
k	9	Number of defective articles
p	0.1	Probability of being defective
X	$1 \le X \le 12$	X defective elements out of 12

TABLE 0 Table 1

1) Binomial Distribution:

The X is the random variable, the pmf of X is given by

$$p_X(k) = {}^{n}C_k p^k (1 - p)^{n-k}$$
 (1)

We require Pr(X = 9). Since n = 12,

$$p_X(9) = 1.60379(10^{-7}) (2)$$

2) Gaussian Distribution

Let Y be gaussian variable

$$\mu = np \tag{3}$$

$$\sigma^2 = np(1-p) \tag{4}$$

Using Normal distribution at X=9.

$$Z \approx \frac{X - \mu}{\sigma}$$
 (5)
=
$$\frac{9 - 1.2}{\sqrt{1.08}}$$
 (6)

$$= 7.5055534 \tag{7}$$

For pdf(probability density function) calculation

$$f_Y(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$
 (8)

$$p_Y(9) = p_Z(7.5055534) \tag{9}$$

$$= 3.89010(10^{-9}) \tag{10}$$

Hence we observe that the gaussian and binomial distribution have very less absolute error.

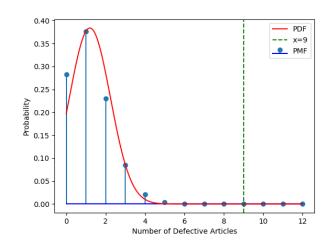


Fig. 2. Binomial-PMF and Gaussian-PDFof X