# JAVA.LANG.STRING.CHARAT METHOD

http://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/lang/string charat.htm

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## **Description**

The **java.lang.String.charAt** method returns the char value at the specified index. An index ranges from 0 to length - 1. The first char value of the sequence is at index 0, the next at index 1, and so on, as for array indexing.

#### **Declaration**

Following is the declaration for java.lang.String.charAt method

```
public char charAt(int index)
```

#### **Parameters**

• index -- This is the index of the char value.

#### **Return Value**

This method returns the char value at the specified index of this string. The first char value is at index 0.

### **Exception**

• **IndexOutOfBoundsException** -- if the index argument is negative or not less than the length of this string.

## **Example**

The following example shows the usage of java.lang.String.charAt method.

```
package com.tutorialspoint;
import java.lang.*;
public class StringDemo {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     String str = "This is tutorialspoint";
     // prints character at 1st location
     System.out.println(str.charAt(0));
     // prints character at 5th location i.e white-space character
     System.out.println(str.charAt(4));
     // prints character at 18th location
     System.out.println(str.charAt(17));
   }
}
```

Let us compile and run the above program, this will produce the following result. It will also print white-space character.

```
T
n
Loading [Math]ax]/jax/output/HTML-CSS/fonts/TeX/fontdata.js
```