



Tutorial #4

Hilary Term Weeks 10 and 11

General Question

Work in groups of 6 students using one of the whiteboards.
Complete the exercises in your own time if necessary.
Revise the exercises to prepare for the next lab.

Design and write an ARM Assembly Language subroutine that will determine whether a square two-dimensional array is a sub-array of a larger square two-dimensional array. For example, in the figure below, *B* is a sub-array of *A*.

48	37	15	44	3	17	26
2	9	12	18	14	33	16
13	20	1	22	7	48	21
27	19	44	49	44	18	10
29	17	22	4	46	43	41
37	35	38	34	16	25	0
17	0	48	15	27	35	11

A

49	44	18
4	46	43
34	16	25

B

Your answer must include:

- (i) a detailed explanation of your approach, including pseudo-code,
- (ii) an ARM Assembly Language listing for your subroutine, including a description of its interface.

Complete the exercises in your own time if necessary!



Tutorial #4 SOLUTION

Hilary Term Weeks 10 and 11

General Question

Sketch solution! Not tested!

The key idea is to iterate first over every element $LARGE[i][j]$ in the large array. For each of these elements, take the element as the starting element for a comparison with the smaller array, iterating over each element $SMALL[x][y]$. The comparison is between $LARGE[i+x][j+y]$ and $SMALL[x][y]$.

Iterating over the outer array, we assume we don't have a match and keep iterating until we find a match. Iterating over the inner array, we assume we do have a match and try to disprove that assumption.

The iteration over the larger array can be truncated in its rows and columns by the size of the smaller array.

```

1      AREA      RESET, CODE, READONLY
2      ENTRY
3
4      LDR      R0, =LGE
5      LDR      R1, =LGE_SZ
6      LDR      R2, =SML
7      LDR      R3, =SML_SZ
8      BL      subarray
9
10     stop      B      stop
11
12     ; subarray
13     ; paramaters:
14     ; R0: large array start address
15     ; R1: large array size
16     ; R2: small array start address
17     ; R3: small array size
18     subarray
19     STMFD     SP!, {R4-R12, LR}
20     SUB      R12, R1, R3      ; limit = largeSize - smallSize
21     MOV      R11, #0          ; result = FALSE
22     MOV      R4, #0           ; for (i = 0; i <= limit && !result; i++) {
23     fori
24     CMP      R11, #1           ;
25     BEQ      efori             ;
26     CMP      R4, R12           ;
27     BHI      efori             ;
28     MOV      R5, #0           ; for (j = 0; j <= limit && !result; j++) {
29     forj
30     CMP      R11, #1           ;
31     BEQ      eforj             ;
32     CMP      R5, R12           ;
33     BHI      eforj             ;
34     MOV      R11, #1           ; result = TRUE
35     MOV      R6, #0           ; for (x = 0; x < smallSize && result; x++) {
36     forx
37     CMP      R11, #1           ;

```



```

38      BNE      eforx      ;
39      CMP      R6, R3      ;
40      BHS      eforx      ;
41      MOV      R7, #0      ;      for (y = 0; y < smallSize && result; y++) {
42  fory      ;
43      CMP      R11, #1      ;
44      BNE      efory      ;
45      CMP      R7, R3      ;
46      BHS      efory      ;
47      ADD      R8, R4, R6      ;      lge = LARGE[i+x][j+y]
48      MUL      R8, R1, R8      ;
49      ADD      R8, R8, R5      ;
50      ADD      R8, R8, R7      ;
51      LDR      R9, [R0, R8, LSL #2];
52      MUL      R8, R6, R3      ;      sml = SMALL[x][y]
53      ADD      R8, R8, R7      ;
54      LDR      R10, [R2, R8, LSL #2];
55      CMP      R9, R10      ;      if (lge != sml) {
56      BEQ      stillEqual      ;
57      MOV      R11, #0      ;      result = 0
58  stillEqual      ;      }
59      ADD      R7, R7, #1      ;
60      B        fory      ;      }
61  efory      ;
62      ADD      R6, R6, #1      ;
63      B        forx      ;      }
64  eforx      ;
65      ADD      R5, R5, #1      ;
66      B        forj      ;      }
67  eforj      ;
68      ADD      R4, R4, #1      ;
69      B        fori      ;      }
70  efori      ;
71      MOV      R0, R11      ;
72      LDMFD    SP!, {R4-R12, PC} ; return result
73
74
75  LGE_SZ     EQU      7
76  SML_SZ     EQU      3
77
78  LGE        DCD      48,37,15,44, 3,17,26
79            DCD      2, 9, 12,18,14,33,16
80            DCD      13,20, 1,22, 7,48,21
81            DCD      27,19,44,49,44,18,10
82            DCD      29,17,22, 4,46,43,41
83            DCD      37,35,38,34,16,25, 0
84            DCD      17, 0,48,15,27,35,11
85
86  SML        DCD      49,44,18
87            DCD      4,46,43
88            DCD      34,16,25
89
90      END

```