Q1) The dataset is highly skewed toward the cities included in Delhi-NCR. So, we will summarise all the other cities in Rest of India while those in New Delhi, Ghaziabad, Noida, Gurgaon, Faridabad to Delhi-NCR.

Doing this would make our analysis turn toward Delhi-NCR v Rest of India.

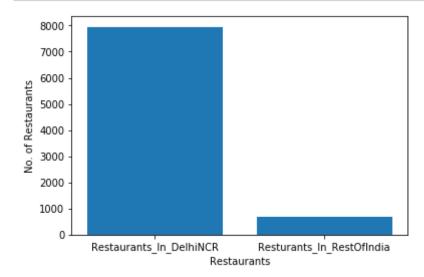
```
In [ ]:
```

Que 1 -Part 1)Plot the bar graph of number of restaurants present in Delhi NCR vs Rest of India.

```
In [15]: import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as pt
         from IPython.display import display, Markdown
         iris=pd.read csv("zomato.csv",encoding ="ISO-8859-1")
         df=iris.copy()
         #Fixing Column Names with spaces
         df.columns = df.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', '_').s
         tr.replace('(', '').str.replace(')', '')
         #Applying country code India
         df=df[(df.country code==1)]
         #Making NCR List
         NCR=['New Delhi','Ghaziabad','Noida','Gurgaon','Faridabad']
         #Initializing varibales for count
         ncr count=0
         rest=0
         #Calculating Count
         for i in range(df.shape[0]):
             if any(x in df.iloc[i,3] for x in NCR):
```

```
ncr_count=ncr_count+1
else:
    rest=rest+1

#Plotting with Bar Graph
x=["Restaurants_In_DelhiNCR","Resturants_In_RestOfIndia"]
y=[ncr_count,rest]
pt.xlabel("Restaurants")
pt.ylabel("No. of Restaurants")
pt.bar(x,y)
pt.show()
display(Markdown('*Conclusion - Restaurants in Delhi-NCR are more than Rest of the India*'))
```



Conclusion - Restaurants in Delhi-NCR are more than Rest of the India

Que 1 - Part 2) Find the cuisines which are not present in restaurant of Delhi NCR but present in rest of India. Check using Zomato API whether this cuisines are actually not served in restaurants of Delhi-NCR or just it due to incomplete dataset.

```
In [16]: import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as pt
         import numpy as np
         from IPython.display import display, Markdown
         import requests
         import json
         from requests.auth import HTTPBasicAuth
         iris=pd.read csv("zomato.csv",encoding ="ISO-8859-1")
         df=iris.copy()
         #Fixing column name with spaces
         df.columns = df.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', ' ').s
         tr.replace('(', '').str.replace(')', '')
         #Applying country as India
         df=df[(df.country code==1)]
         #Making NCR List
         ncr=["New Delhi", "Ghaziabad", "Noida", "Gurgaon", "Faridabad"]
         #Creating dictionary city as key and value as cuisine
         d=\{\}
         for i in range(df.shape[0]):
             key=df.iloc[i,3]
             value=df.iloc[i,9]
             if key in d:
                 d[key]=d[key]+","+value
             else:
                 d[key]=value
         #Creating ncr and rest of india list
         ncr l=[]
         rest l=[]
         for i in d:
             if i in ncr:
                 l1=d[i].split(",")
                 for j in l1:
                     ncr l.append(j)
```

```
else:
        l2=d[i].split(",")
        for j in 12:
            rest l.append(j)
#Removing Duplicates
s1=set()
s2=set()
for i in ncr l:
    i=i.strip()
    s1.add(i)
for i in rest l:
    i=i.strip()
    s2.add(i)
#Recreating list from set
ncr l=list(s1)
rest l=list(s2)
#Filtering the data
cuisine list csv=[]
display(Markdown('*Cuisines which are not present in NCR but are presen
t in rest of the India*'))
for i in rest l:
    if i not in ncr l:
        print(i)
        cuisine list csv.append(i.strip())
#Part2 Verifying whether these cuisines actually don't exist
Complete Cuisine List=[]
para={"city id":1}
header={"user-key":"db5cc0c3fa8e6679c4f19aeb201c1c0c"}
a=requests.get('https://developers.zomato.com/api/v2.1/cuisines',params
=para,headers=header)
pdata=json.loads(a.text)
for i in pdata['cuisines']:
    Complete Cuisine_List.append(i['cuisine']['cuisine_name'].strip())
display(Markdown('*Verifying whether above dishes are actually not pres
ent via API call*'))
```

```
for i in cuisine_list_csv:
    if i in Complete_Cuisine_List:
        print(i+" is present")

display(Markdown('*Conclusion - Based on the above inferences we can conclude that this result from csv is incorrect due to incomplete datase t.*'))
```

Cuisines which are not present in NCR but are present in rest of the India

BBQ Cajun Malwani German

Verifying whether above dishes are actually not present via API call

BBQ is present German is present

Conclusion - Based on the above inferences we can conclude that this result from csv is incorrect due to incomplete dataset.

```
In [ ]:
```

Que 1- Part 3) Find the top 10 cuisines served by maximum number of restaurants in Delhi NCR and rest of India.

```
In [17]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as pt
import numpy as np
from IPython.display import display, Markdown
iris=pd.read_csv("zomato.csv",encoding="iso-8859-1")
df=iris.copy()

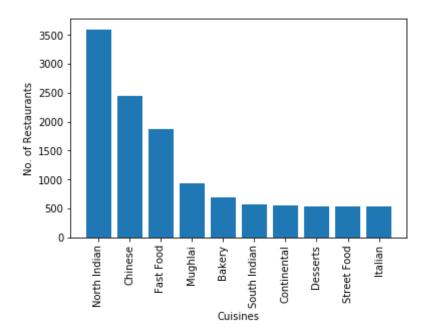
#Fixing columns with space in name
df.columns = df.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', '_').s
tr.replace('(', '').str.replace(')', '')
```

```
#Applying country code as India
df=df[(df.country code==1)]
#Making NCR List
ncr=["New Delhi", "Ghaziabad", "Noida", "Gurgaon", "Faridabad"]
#ncr calculation for all cuisines
cuisine list ncr=[]
for i in range(df.shape[0]):
    if df.iloc[i.3] in ncr:
        1=[]
        l.append(df.iloc[i,9])
        cuisine list ncr.append(l)
cuisines ncr=[]
for i in cuisine list ncr:
    for j in i:
        l=i.split(",")
        for k in l:
            cuisines ncr.append(k.strip())
#Creating a dataFrame for ncr
df1=pd.DataFrame(cuisines ncr)
vc=df1[0].value counts()
keys=vc.keys().tolist()
values=vc.tolist()
display(Markdown('*Delhi NCR Top 10 Cuisines Vs No. of Restaurants*'))
ncr top 10 x=[]
ncr top_10_y=[]
for i in range(10):
    print(keys[i],end=' ')
    ncr top 10 x.append(keys[i])
    print(values[i])
    ncr top 10 y.append(values[i])
pt.xlabel("Cuisines")
pt.ylabel("No. of Restaurants")
pt.xticks(rotation=90)
pt.bar(ncr top 10 x,ncr top 10 y)
```

```
pt.show()
#rest of india calculation
cuisine list non ncr=[]
for i in range(df.shape[0]):
    if df.iloc[i,3] not in ncr:
        1=[]
        l.append(df.iloc[i,9])
        cuisine list non ncr.append(l)
cuisines non ncr=[]
for i in cuisine list non ncr:
    for j in i:
        l=j.split(",")
        for k in l:
            cuisines non ncr.append(k.strip())
#Making data frame for Non NCR
df2=pd.DataFrame(cuisines non ncr)
vc=df2[0].value counts()
keys=vc.keys().tolist()
values=vc.tolist()
non ncr top 10 \times []
non_ncr_top_10_y=[]
display(Markdown('*Non Delhi NCR Top 10 Cuisines Vs No. of Restaurants
*'))
for i in range(10):
    print(keys[i],end=' ')
    non ncr top 10 x.append(keys[i])
    print(values[i])
    non ncr top 10 y.append(values[i])
pt.xlabel("Cuisines")
pt.ylabel("No. of Restaurants")
pt.xticks(rotation=90)
pt.bar(non ncr top 10 x,non ncr top 10 y)
pt.show()
```

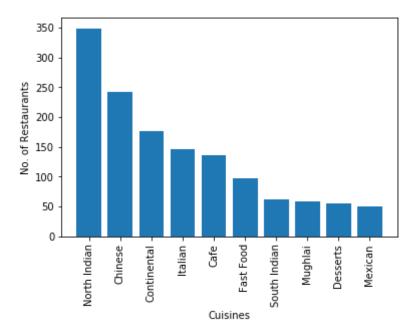
Delhi NCR Top 10 Cuisines Vs No. of Restaurants

North Indian 3597 Chinese 2448 Fast Food 1866 Mughlai 933 Bakery 697 South Indian 569 Continental 547 Desserts 542 Street Food 538 Italian 535



Non Delhi NCR Top 10 Cuisines Vs No. of Restaurants

North Indian 349 Chinese 242 Continental 177 Italian 147 Cafe 136 Fast Food 97 South Indian 62 Mughlai 59 Desserts 55 Mexican 50



In [ ]:

Que1-Part4) Write a short detailed analysis of how cuisine served is different from Delhi NCR to Rest of India. Plot the suitable graph to explain your inference.

```
In [4]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as pt
import numpy as np
from IPython.display import display, Markdown
iris=pd.read_csv("zomato.csv",encoding="iso-8859-1")
df=iris.copy()

#Fixing columns with space in name
df.columns = df.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', '_').s
tr.replace('(', '').str.replace(')', '')
```

```
#Applying country code as India
df=df[(df.country code==1)]
#Making NCR List
ncr=["New Delhi", "Ghaziabad", "Noida", "Gurgaon", "Faridabad"]
#Creating Dictionary for Cuisines Served in NCR
d1 = \{ \}
for i in range(df.shape[0]):
    key=df.iloc[i,3]
    value=df.iloc[i,9]
    if key in ncr:
        if key in d1:
            d1[key]=d1[key]+","+value
        else:
            d1[kev]=value
#Creating a ncr list out of d1 and removing duplicates
1=[]
for i in d1:
    x=d1[i].split(",")
    for j in x:
        l.append(j.strip())
s=set(l)
l=list(s)
ncr cuisine list=l
#Creating Dictionary for Cuisines Served in non NCR area
d2 = \{ \}
for i in range(df.shape[0]):
    key=df.iloc[i,3]
    value=df.iloc[i,9]
    if key not in ncr:
        if key in d2:
            d2[key]=d2[key]+","+value
        else:
            d2[kev]=value
#Creating a non ncr list out of d2 and removing duplicates
l=[]
```

```
for i in d2:
   x=d2[i].split(",")
    for j in x:
        l.append(j.strip())
s=set(l)
l=list(s)
non_ncr_cuisine_list=l
display(Markdown('*Cuisines present in NCR but not present in rest of t
he india*'))
for i in ncr cuisine list:
    if i not in non ncr cuisine list:
        print(i,end=',')
print()
print()
display(Markdown('*Cuisines present in Rest of the India but not presen
t in NCR*'))
for i in non ncr cuisine list:
    if i not in ncr cuisine list:
        print(i,end=',')
print()
print()
display(Markdown('*Also from Quel-Part3 above, common cuisines among bo
th region from the set of top 10 cuisines of both region along with the
re share are-*'))
x1=[]
x2=[1]
y1=[]
y2=[]
for i in range(len(ncr top 10 x)):
    if ncr top 10 x[i] in non ncr top 10 x:
        x1.append(ncr top 10 x[i])
        y1.append(ncr top 10 y[i])
display(Markdown('*NCR Region*'))
pt.xticks(rotation=40)
```

Cuisines present in NCR but not present in rest of the india

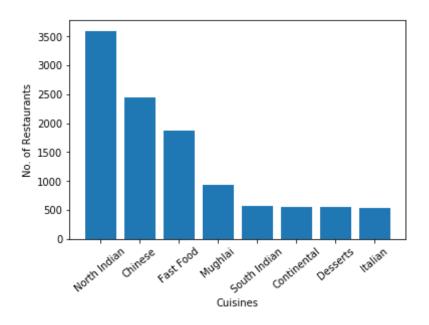
Assamese, Bihari, Pakistani, Persian, Raw Meats, Drinks Only, Deli, South American, Belgian, Nepalese, Iranian, Afghani, Naga, Cuisine Varies, Kashmiri, Sushi, Moroccan, Oriya, Turkish, Sri Lankan,

Cuisines present in Rest of the India but not present in NCR

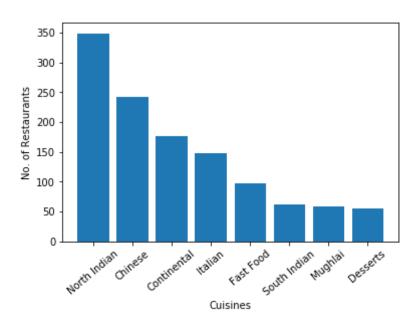
BBQ, Cajun, Malwani, German,

Also from Que1-Part3 above, common cuisines among both region from the set of top 10 cuisines of both region along with there share are-

NCR Region



## Non NCR Region



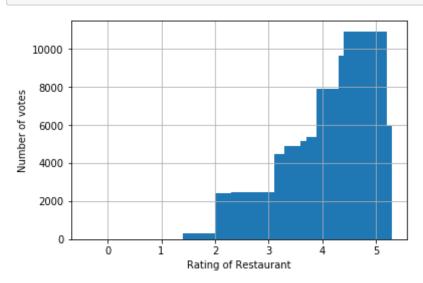
Que2) User Rating of a restaurant plays a crucial role in selecting a restaurant or ordering the food from the restaurant.

Que 2-Part1) Write a short detail analysis of how the rating is affected by restaurant due following features: Plot a suitable graph to explain your inference.

a) Number of Votes given Restaurant

```
In [18]: import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as pt
         import numpy as np
         from IPython.display import display, Markdown
         iris=pd.read csv("zomato.csv",encoding="iso-8859-1")
         df=iris.copy()
         #Fixing columns with spaces
         df.columns = df.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', '_').s
         tr.replace('(', '').str.replace(')', '')
         #Applying country code as India
         df=df[(df.country code==1)]
         #Creating x and y list for plotting
         x=[]
         y=[]
         for i in range(df.shape[0]):
             x.append(df.iloc[i,17])
             y.append(df.iloc[i,20])
         #Plotting bar graph
         pt.bar(x,v)
         pt.grid()
         pt.xlabel("Rating of Restaurant")
         pt.ylabel("Number of votes")
         pt.show()
```

display(Markdown('\*Conclusion- As we can see the rating getting increas
ed with votes, we can conclude that both entities are directly proporti
onal\*'))



Conclusion- As we can see the rating getting increased with votes, we can conclude that both entities are directly proportional

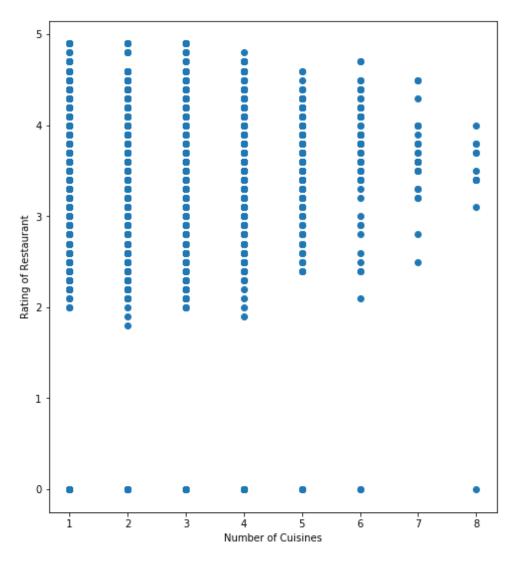
```
In [ ]:
```

Que2-Part1-b) Restaurant serving more number of cuisines.

```
In [19]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as pt
import numpy as np
from IPython.display import display, Markdown
iris=pd.read_csv("zomato.csv",encoding="iso-8859-1")
df=iris.copy()

#Fixing columns with spaces in name
df.columns = df.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', '_').s
tr.replace('(', '').str.replace(')', '')
```

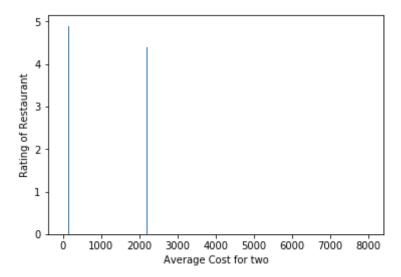
```
#Applying country code as India
df=df[(df.country code==1)]
#Creating list for plotting
x=[]
y=[]
for i in range(df.shape[0]):
    s=str(df.iloc[i,9])
   x.append(len(s.split(",")))
   y.append(df.iloc[i,17])
pt.figure(figsize=(8,9))
pt.scatter(x,y)
pt.xlabel("Number of Cuisines")
pt.ylabel("Rating of Restaurant")
pt.show()
display(Markdown('*Conclusion- As we can see that highest rated restaur
ants have less number of cuisines in comparison to resturants having mo
re cuisines, we can conclude that rating is somewhat inversely proporti
onal here with number of cuisines*'))
```



Conclusion- As we can see that highest rated restaurants have less number of cuisines in comparison to resturants having more cuisines, we can conclude that rating is somewhat inversely proportional here with number of cuisines

## Que2 Part 1-c) Average Cost of Restaurant

```
In [7]: import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as pt
        import numpy as np
        from IPython.display import display, Markdown
        iris=pd.read csv("zomato.csv",encoding="iso-8859-1")
        df=iris.copy()
        #Fixing columns
        df.columns = df.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', ' ').s
        tr.replace('(', '').str.replace(')', '')
        #Taking country code of India
        df=df[(df.country code==1)]
        #Plotting with x, y list
        x=[]
        y=[]
        for i in range(df.shape[0]):
            x.append(df.iloc[i,10])
            y.append(df.iloc[i,17])
        pt.bar(x,y)
        pt.xlabel("Average Cost for two")
        pt.ylabel("Rating of Restaurant")
        pt.show()
        display(Markdown('*Inference- Highest rated restaurants have less avera
        ge cost in comparison to resturants having more average cost*'))
```



Inference- Highest rated restaurants have less average cost in comparison to resturants having more average cost

```
In [ ]:
```

Que 2- Part 1-d) Restaurant serving some specific cuisines.

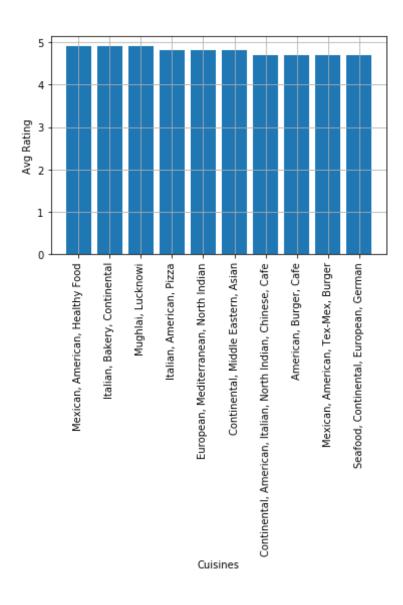
```
In [8]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as pt
import numpy as np
from IPython.display import display, Markdown
import numpy as np
iris=pd.read_csv("zomato.csv",encoding="iso-8859-1")
df=iris.copy()

#Fixing columns with spaces in name
df.columns = df.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', '_').s
tr.replace('(', '').str.replace(')', '')
#Applying country code as India
df=df[(df.country_code==1)]
```

```
#Creating dictionary for cuisines vs Rating of restuarant serving the s
ame
d={}
for i in range(df.shape[0]):
    kev=df.iloc[i,9]
    value=df.iloc[i,17]
    if key in d:
        d[key]=str(d[key])+","+str(value)
    else:
        d[key]=str(value)
def Average(lst):
    return round(sum(lst) / len(lst),2)
#Finding average rating of each restaurant for cuisines in dictionary
for i in d:
    l=d[i].split(",")
    for j in range(len(l)):
        l[j]=l[j].strip()
        l[j]=float(l[j])
    d[i]=Average(l)
#Finding Top 10 Cuisines with maximum average rating of restaurants ser
ving them
#Sorting the final dictionary in reverse order and fetching 10 records
counter=0
x1=[]
v1=[]
for key, value in sorted(d.items(), key=lambda item: item[1], reverse=Tr
ue):
    counter=counter+1
   x1.append(key)
   y1.append(value)
    if counter==10:
        break
pt.bar(x1,y1)
pt.xlabel("Cuisines")
pt.ylabel("Avg Rating")
```

```
pt.grid()
pt.xticks(rotation=90)
pt.show()
print()
print()

display(Markdown('*Conclusion- We can infer that serving above dishes l
eads to highest rating for resturants*'))
```



Conclusion- We can infer that serving above dishes leads to highest rating for resturants

Que 2- Part2-a)Find the weighted restaurant rating of each locality and find out the top 10 localities with more weighted restaurant rating?

Weighted Restaurant Rating= $\Sigma$ (number of votes \* rating) /  $\Sigma$  (number of votes) .

```
In [9]: import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as pt
        import numpy as np
        from IPython.display import display, Markdown
        import numpy as np
        iris=pd.read csv("zomato.csv",encoding="iso-8859-1")
        df=iris.copy()
        #Fixing columns with spaces in name
        df.columns = df.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', ' ').s
        tr.replace('(', '').str.replace(')', '')
        #Applying country code as India
        df=df[(df.country code==1)]
        #Dictionary1 - Locality vs Ratings of restaurant
        d1 = \{ \}
        for i in range(df.shape[0]):
            l=[df.iloc[i,17]]
            key=df.iloc[i,5]
            value=l
            if key in d1:
                d1[key]=d1[key]+value
            else:
                d1[kev]=value
        #Dictionary2- Locality vs Votes of restaurant
        d2={}
        for i in range(df.shape[0]):
            l=[df.iloc[i.20]]
            key=df.iloc[i,5]
            value=(l)
            if key in d2:
                d2[key]=d2[key]+value
            else:
                d2[key]=value
```

```
#Weighted Rating calculation and making dictionary of Locality to Weigh
ted Rating
for i in d1:
    kev=i
    vr=0
    tv=0
    for j in range(len(d1[key])):
                   vr=vr+d1[key][j]*d2[key][j]
                   tv=tv+d2[key][i]
    if(tv!=0):
        wr=vr/tv
    else:
        wr=0
    d2[key]=wr
#Sorting the final dictionary in reverse order and fetching 10 records
counter=0
x=[]
V=[]
display(Markdown('*Top 10 localities with weighted rating in India*'))
for key, value in sorted(d2.items(), key=lambda item: item[1], reverse=T
rue):
    counter=counter+1
    print("%s: %s" %(key, "%0.3f"%(value)))
    x.append(key)
    y.append(value)
    if counter==10:
        break
pt.bar(x,y)
pt.xlabel("Locality")
pt.ylabel("Weighted Rating")
pt.xticks(rotation=90)
pt.show()
Top 10 localities with weighted rating in India
Hotel Clarks Amer, Malviya Nagar: 4.900
Aminabad: 4.900
Friends Colony: 4.887
Dovai, 4 942
```

ruwa⊥: 4.ŏ4∠

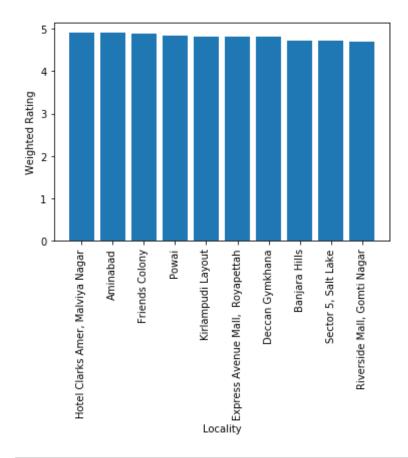
Kirlampudi Layout: 4.820

Express Avenue Mall, Royapettah: 4.800

Deccan Gymkhana: 4.800 Banjara Hills: 4.719

Sector 5, Salt Lake: 4.707

Riverside Mall, Gomti Nagar: 4.700

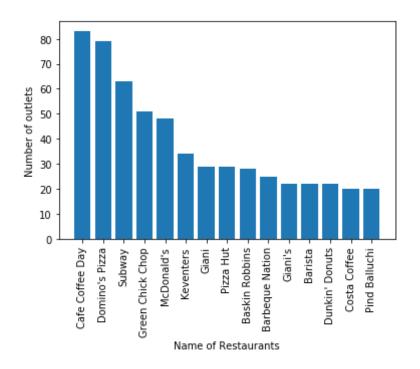


In [ ]:

Que3-Part1)Plot the bar graph top 15 restaurants have a maximum number of outlets.

```
In [10]: import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as pt
         import numpy as np
         from IPython.display import display, Markdown
         import numpy as np
         iris=pd.read csv("zomato.csv",encoding="iso-8859-1")
         df=iris.copy()
         #Fixing columns with spaces in name
         df.columns = df.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', ' ').s
         tr.replace('(', '').str.replace(')', '')
         #Applying country code as India
         df=df[(df.country code==1)]
         #Getting value Counts
         vc=df.restaurant name.value counts()
         keys=vc.keys().tolist()
         values=vc.tolist()
         display(Markdown('*Top 15 retaurants in India with respect to number of
          outlets*'))
         #Making blank lists for plotting
         X=[]
         v=[]
         for i in range(15):
             x.append(keys[i])
             y.append(values[i])
         #Plotting the bar graph
         pt.xlabel("Name of Restaurants")
         pt.ylabel("Number of outlets")
         pt.bar(x,y)
         pt.xticks(rotation=90)
         pt.show()
```

Top 15 retaurants in India with respect to number of outlets



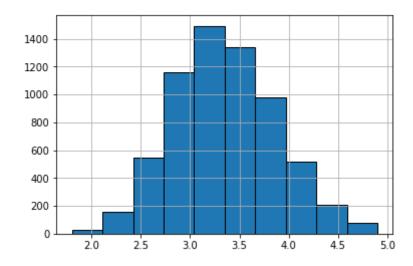
Que3-Part2)Plot the histogram of aggregate rating of restaurant( drop the unrated restaurant).

```
In [11]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as pt
import numpy as np
from IPython.display import display, Markdown
import numpy as np
iris=pd.read_csv("zomato.csv",encoding="iso-8859-1")
df=iris.copy()

#Fixing columns with spaces in name
df.columns = df.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', '_').str.replace(' ', ''').str.replace(')', ''')
#Applying country code as India
```

```
df=df[(df.country_code==1)]
display(Markdown('*Aggregate rating of restuarants in India without con
sidering unrated restaurants*'))
x=[]
for i in range(df.shape[0]):
    if df.iloc[i,17]!=0:
        x.append(df.iloc[i,17])
pt.grid()
pt.hist(x,edgecolor='black')
pt.show()
```

## Aggregate rating of restuarants in India without considering unrated restaurants



In [ ]:

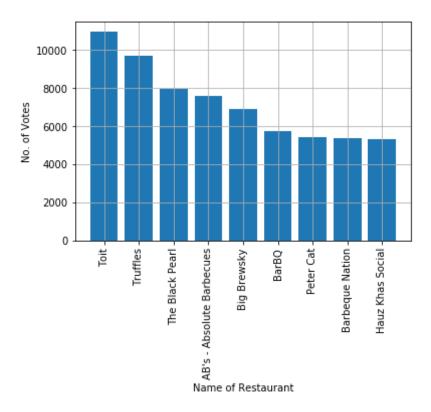
Que3-Part3)Plot the bar graph top 10 restaurants in the data with the highest number of votes.

```
In [12]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as pt
import numpy as np
```

```
from IPython.display import display, Markdown
import numpy as np
iris=pd.read csv("zomato.csv",encoding="iso-8859-1")
df=iris.copy()
#Fixing columns with spaces in name
df.columns = df.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', ' ').s
tr.replace('(', '').str.replace(')', '')
#Applying country code as India
df=df[(df.country code==1)]
#Making dictionary of keys as Restaurant Name and values as Number of v
otes
d={}
for i in range(df.shape[0]):
    key=df.iloc[i,0]
    value=df.iloc[i,20]
    if key in d:
        d[key]=d[key]+value
    else:
        d[key]=value
#Sorting the dictionary in reverse order and fetching 10 records
counter=0
x=[]
y=[]
for key, value in sorted(d.items(), key=lambda item: item[1], reverse=Tr
ue):
    counter=counter+1
   x.append(key)
   y.append(value)
    if counter==10:
        break
display(Markdown('*Top 10 Restaurants in India with maximum number of v
otes*'))
z=[]
for i in range(df.shape[0]):
    if df.iloc[i,0] in x:
        z.append(df.iloc[i,1])
```

```
pt.xticks(rotation=90)
pt.bar(z,y)
pt.grid()
pt.xlabel("Name of Restaurant")
pt.ylabel("No. of Votes")
pt.show()
```

Top 10 Restaurants in India with maximum number of votes



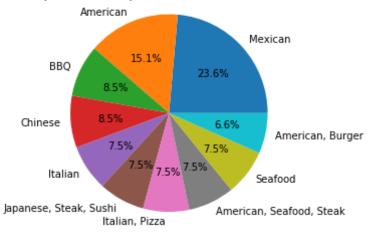
```
In [ ]:
```

Que3-Part4)Plot the pie graph of top 10 cuisines present in restaurants in the USA.

```
In [13]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as pt
```

```
import numpy as np
from IPython.display import display, Markdown
import numpy as np
iris=pd.read csv("zomato.csv",encoding="iso-8859-1")
df=iris.copy()
#Fixing columns with spaces in name
df.columns = df.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', ' ').s
tr.replace('(', '').str.replace(')', '')
#Applying country code as USA
df=df[(df.country code==216)]
vc=df.cuisines.value counts()
keys=vc.keys().tolist()
values=vc.tolist()
labels=[]
sizes=[]
for i in range(10):
    labels.append(keys[i])
    sizes.append(values[i])
pt.title("Top 10 Cuisines present in restaurants of USA")
pt.pie(sizes,labels=labels,autopct="%.1f%%")
pt.axis("equal")
pt.show()
```

Top 10 Cuisines present in restaurants of USA



Que3-Part5)Plot the bubble graph of a number of Restaurants present in the city of India and keeping the weighted restaurant rating of the city in a bubble.

```
In [14]: import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as pt
         %matplotlib inline
         import numpy as np
         from IPython.display import display, Markdown
         import numpy as np
         iris=pd.read csv("zomato.csv",encoding="iso-8859-1")
         df=iris.copv()
         #Fixing columns with spaces in name
         df.columns = df.columns.str.strip().str.lower().str.replace(' ', ' ').s
         tr.replace('(', '').str.replace(')', '')
         #Applying country code as India
         df=df[(df.country code==1)]
         #Dictionary1 - City vs Ratings of restaurant
         d1 = \{ \}
         for i in range(df.shape[0]):
             l=[df.iloc[i,17]]
             key=df.iloc[i,3]
             value=l
             if key in d1:
                 d1[key]=d1[key]+value
             else:
                 d1[key]=value
         #Dictionary2- City vs Votes of restaurant
         d2 = \{ \}
         for i in range(df.shape[0]):
             l=[df.iloc[i,20]]
             key=df.iloc[i,3]
             value=l
             if key in d2:
                 d2[key]=d2[key]+value
             else:
```

```
d2[key]=value
#Weighted Rating calculation and making dictionary(d2) of City to Weigh
ted Rating
for i in d1:
    key=i
    vr=0
    tv=0
    for j in range(len(d1[key])):
                   vr=vr+d1[key][j]*d2[key][j]
                   tv=tv+d2[key][i]
    if(tv!=0):
        wr=vr/tv
    else:
        wr=0
    d2[key]=wr
#Now getting number of resturants in a City(d3)
d3 = \{\}
for i in range(df.shape[0]):
    key=df.iloc[i,3]
    if key in d3:
        d3[key]=d3[key]+1
    else:
        d3[key]=1
x=[] #CityName
y=[] #Number Of resturants
z=[] #Weighted Rating
#Now d2 has data of City VS Weighted Rating and d3 has data of City Vs
Number of Restaurants
counter=0
for i in d2:
    for j in d3:
        if(i==j):
            counter=counter+1
            x.append(i)
            y.append(d3[j])
            z.append(d2[i])
```

```
display(Markdown('*Bubble graph of number of Restaurants present in the
  cities of India and keeping the weighted restaurant rating of the city
  in a bubble.*'))

y=np.array(y)
z=np.array(z)
pt.figure(figsize=(25,7))
pt.xticks(fontsize=15,rotation=90)

pt.xlabel("City Name")
pt.ylabel("No of Restaurants")
pt.scatter(x,y,s=(z*70))
pt.plot()
pt.show()
```

Bubble graph of number of Restaurants present in the cities of India and keeping the weighted restaurant rating of the city in a bubble.

