



# **DATA STRUCTURE**

## **LAB FILE**

**Department of Computer Science & Engineering**

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# CERTIFICATE

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This is to certify that Mr/Ms Ashish Kumar Sahu

has satisfactorily completed the required number of programs in Data Structure Lab as per the University syllabus of B.E. III Semester for the academic session 2020.

**Signature of Faculty**

Date:

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Aim :- Write a program to perform insertion  
on array.

Code :

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void insertion(int list[], int lb, int ub, int max
               int item, int place)
{
    int temp, i, j, k;
    if (place + 1 > ub)
    {
        cout << "error";
        return;
    }
    if (ub > max)
    {
        cout << "error";
        return;
    }
    for (i = place; i < ub, i++)
    {
        temp = list[i];
        list[i] = item;
        item = temp;
    }
    cout << "\n after insertion \n";
    for (k = lb, k < ub; k++)
    {
        cout << list[k] << endl;
    }
}
```

```
int main()
{
    int a[5], i, p, n;
    cout << "enter array" << endl;
    for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
    {
        cin >> a[i];
    }
    cout << "In enter place(between 1 to 5) and
    number\n";
    cin >> p >> n;
    insertion(a, 0, 5, 5, n, p - 1);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:-

enter array

44

5

78

32

50

enter place (between 1 to 5) and number

4

888

after insertion

44

5

78

888

32

Aim :- Write a program to perform deletion  
on Array.

Code:-

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void deletion(int list[], int lb, int ub, int max, int place)
{ if(ub>max)
  { cout<<"error"; return; }
  if(place>max)
  { cout<<"error";
    return; }
  int i,j,k;
  for(i=place-1; i<=ub; i++)
  { int temp;
    list[i] = list[i+1];
  }
}
void traversal(int list[], int lb, int ub, int max)
{ if(ub>max)
  { cout<<"error";
    return; }
if for(int i=lb; i<ub, i++)
{ cout << list[i] << endl;
}
```

}

```
int main()
```

```
{ int i, p, a[5];
```

```
cout << "enter array" << endl;
```

```
for(i=0; i<5; i++)
```

```
{ cin >> a[i];
```

```
}
```

```
cout << "enter the place(between 1 to 5) for
```

```
performing deletion:" << endl;
```

```
cin >> p;
```

```
cout << "before deletion, array is :" << endl;
```

```
traverse(a, 0, 5, 5)
```

```
deletion(a, 0, 5, 5, p);
```

```
cout << "after deletion, array is :" << endl;
```

```
traverse(a, 0, 5, 5);
```

```
}
```

OUTPUT:-

enter array

22

67

8

10

6

enter the place for performing deletion:

2

before deletion, array is:

22

67

8

10

6

after deletion, array is:

22

8

10

6

0

Aim :- Write a program to perform reverse on array.

Code :-

```
#include<iostream>
#include<conio.h>
using namespace std;
Void traverse(int lb, int ub, int list[], int max)
{ if(lb>ub)
  { cout<<"error": return;
  }
  if(ub>max)
  { cout<<"error": return;
  }
  for(int i=0; i<max; i++)
  { cout<<' \t'<<list[i];
  }
}
```

```
Void reverse(int lb, int ub, int list[], int max)
{ if(lb>ub)
  { cout<<"error": return;
  }
  if(ub>max)
  { cout<<"error": return;
  }
```

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cout << "before" <sup>performing</sup> reverse : " << endl ;  
traverse(lb, ub, list, max) ;

int temp :

for(int i=lb, i<=ub/2 ; i++)

{ temp = list[i] ;

list[i] = list[ub-i+1] ;

list[ub-i+1] = temp ;

}

<sup>performing</sup>

cout << endl << "after" <sup>reverse</sup> : " << endl ;

traverse(lb, ub, list, max) ;

}

int main()

{ int lb, ub, list[5], max ;

cout << " enter the array : " << endl ;

for(int i=0 ; i<5 ; i++)

{ cin >> list[i] ;

}

cout << " enter lb, ub, max : " << endl ;

(cin >> lb >> ub) >> max ;

reverse(lb, ub, list, max) ;

return 0 ;

}

OUTPUT:

enter the array:

2  
5  
8  
90  
12

enter lb, ub, max:

0  
5  
5

before deletion: performing reverse:

2 5 8 90 12

after performing reverse:

12 90 8 5 2

Aim :- Write a program to perform binary search on linear array.

Code :-

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int binary(int list[], int l, int r, int x)
{
    int mid = l + ((r - l) / 2);
    if (list[mid] == x)
    {
        cout << mid + 1 << endl;
        return mid + 1;
    }
    if (x < list[mid])
    {
        binary(list, l, mid, x);
    }
    if (x > list[mid])
    {
        binary(list, mid, r, x);
    }
    return 0;
}
int main()
{
    int a[10] = {2, 44, 55, 69, 74, 88, 91, 119, 154, 200};
```

```
int i, x;  
cout << "Array is : " << endl;  
for(i = 0; i < 10; i++)  
{  
    cout << a[i] << "\t";  
}  
cout << "\nEnter number for binary search: " << endl;  
cin >> x;  
cout << "index of " << x << " is ";  
binary(a, 0, 10, x);  
return 0;  
}
```

Output:-

array is :

2 44 55 69 74 88 91 119 154 200

enter number for binary search:

74

index of 74 is : 5

array is :

2 44 55 69 74 88 91 119 154 200

enter number for binary search:

154

index of 154 is : 9

Aim :- Write a Program to Perform Sequential Search on linear array.

Code:-

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int Set_Srch(int list[], int lb, int ub, int max, int item)
{
    if(lb > ub || ub > max)
    {
        cout << "error";
        return 0;
    }
    int i, n = -2;
    for(i = lb; i < ub; i++)
    {
        if(list[i] == item)
        {
            n = i;
            break;
        }
    }
    if(n == -2)
    {
        cout << "item not found";
    }
    else
    {
        cout << " item found at index" << i;
    }
}
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
    int a[5], x, n, i;
```

```
    cout << "enter numbers :" << endl;
```

```
    for(i=0; i<5; i++)
```

```
    { cin >> a[i];
```

```
}
```

```
    cout << "enter number for search :" << endl;
```

```
    cin >> x;
```

```
    seq_search(a, 0, 5, 5, x);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

OUTPUT:

enter numbers:

22

56

77

85

23

enter number for search:

85

item found at index 4

Aim :- Write a program to perform insertion sort on input array.

Code:-

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void insertion(int list[], int lb, int ub, int max)
{
    if (ub > ub || ub > max)
    {
        cout << "error" ; return ;
    }
    int i, j, k, temp, flag ;
    for(i=lb+1; i<ub; i++)
    {
        flag = list[i];
        for(j=i-1; j>=lb; j--)
        {
            if (flag < list[j])
            {
                temp = list[j];
                list[j] = list[j+1];
                list[j+1] = temp
            }
        }
    }
    cout << '\n' << "shorted array is : \n" ;
    for(k=lb; k<ub; k++)
    {
        cout << list[k] << endl;
    }
}
```

}

int main()

{ int i, a[5];

cout << "enter unsorted array" << endl;

for (i=0; i<5; i++)

{ (in) > a[i];

}

insertion(a, 0, 5, 5);

return 0;

}

**OUTPUT :-**

enter unsorted array

34

67

11

09

55

sorted array is :

9

11

34

55

67

Aim :- Write a program to perform bubble sort on input array;

Code :-

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void bubble(int list[], int lb, int ub, int mxt)
{
    int i, j, temp, k;
    for(i=lb; i<ub-1; i++)
    {
        for(j=lb; j<ub-1-i; j++)
        {
            if(list[j] > list[j+1])
            {
                temp = list[j];
                list[j] = list[j+1];
                list[j+1] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

cout<<"Sorted array is \n";

```
for(k=lb; k<=ub; k++)
{
    cout << list[k] << endl;
}
```

}

int main()

{

int i, a[5];

cout << "Enter unsorted array" << endl;

for (i=0; i<5; i++)

{ cin >> a[i];

}

bubble(a, 0, 5, 5);

return 0;

}

**OUTPUT:**

enter unsorted array

222

76

33

91

9

Sorted array is

9

33

76

91

222

Aim :- Write a program to perform Selection sort  
on INPUT arrays

Code :-

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
Void Selection(int list[], int lb, int ub, int max)
{
    int i, j, k, small, temp;
    for(i=lb, i<ub-1, i++)
    {
        small = list[i];
        for(j=i+1; j<ub; j++)
        {
            if(small > list[j])
            {
                temp = small;
                small = list[j];
                list[j] = temp;
            }
        }
        list[i] = small;
    }
    cout << "The sorted array is \n";
    for(k=lb; k<ub; k++)
    {
        cout << list[k] << endl;
    }
}
```

int main()

{

int i; a[5];

cout << "enter unsorted array" << endl;

for (i=0; i<5; i++)

{ cin >> a[i];

}

selection(a, 0, 5, 5);

return 0;

}

**Output :-**

enter unsorted array

23

56

1

89

0

Sorted array is

0

1

23

56

89

Aim:- Write a program to implement Stack and perform Push and Pop operation.

Code:-

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
#define MAX 100
class stackdemo
{
    int top;
public:
    int a[MAX];
    stackdemo()
    {
        top = -1;
    }
    bool push(int x)
    {
        if (top <= (MAX - 1))
            return false;
        else
        {
            a[++top] = x;
            return true;
        }
    }
    int pop()
    {
        if (top <= -1)
            return -1;
        else
            return a[top--];
    }
    int display()
    {
        cout << "Stack Elements are : ";
        for (int i = 0; i < top + 1; i++)
            cout << a[i] << " ";
        cout << endl;
    }
    bool isempty()
    {
        if (top <= -1)
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }
};
```

```
else
{ a[++top] = x ;
cout << x << " pushed into stack \n";
return true;
}
```

```
int stackdemo::Pop()
{ if (top < 0)
{ cout << "stack underflow" ;
return 0;
}
```

```
else
{ int x = a[top--];
return x;
}
```

```
int stackdemo :: display()
{ if (top < 0)
{ cout << "stack is empty" ;
return 0;
}
```

```
else
{ int x = a[top];
return x;
}
```

```
bool Stackdemo :: isEmpty()
{ return (top < 0); }
```

```
int main()
{ Stackdemo s;
  s.push(10);
  s.push(20);
  s.push(30);
  cout << s.pop() << " popped from stack \n";
  cout << s.display() << endl;
  cout << s.isEmpty();
  return 0;
}
```

## OUTPUT:

10 pushed into stack  
20 pushed into stack  
30 pushed into stack.  
30 popped from stack.  
20  
0

Aim :- Write a program to perform Traversse, insertion, deletion over Singly link list.

Code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
struct node
{
    int data;
    node *next;
};
class list
{
private:
    node *head;
    node *tail;
public:
    list()
    {
        head == NULL;
        tail == NULL;
    }
    void insert_start(int);
    void insert_end(int);
    void insertatPosition(int, int);
    void deleteFirst();
    void deleteLast();
    void deleteatPosition(int);
}
```

Void traverse();  
};

Void list::insert\_start(int item)

{ node \*temp = new node;

temp->data = item;

temp->next = NULL;

if(head = NULL)

{ head = temp;

tail = temp;

temp = NULL;

}

else

{ temp->next = head;

head = temp;

}

}

Void list::insert\_end(int item)

{ node \*temp = new node;

temp->data = item;

temp->next = NULL;

tail->next = temp;

tail = temp;

}

Void list::insertatposition(int pos, int item)

{ node \*temp = new node;

node \*temp1 = new nodes;

```

node *temp2 = new node;
int i;
temp2 = head;
for(i=1; temp2 != NULL; i++)
{
    temp2 = temp2->next;
}
if(i < pos)
{
    cout << "link list has only " << i-1 << " contents so
    you can't insert data at position " << pos << endl;
    return;
}

```

```

temp2 = head;
temp2->data = item;
temp2->next = NULL;
for(int i=1; i < pos; i++)
{
    temp1 = temp2;
    temp2 = temp2->next;
}

```

```

temp->next = temp2;
temp1->next = temp;
}
```

Void list::delete - first()

```

{
    node *temp = new node;
    temp = head;
    temp = temp->next;
    head = temp;
}
```

Void delete\_last()

```
{
    Node *temp1 = new Node;
    Node *temp2 = new Node;
    temp2 = head;
    while(temp2->next != NULL)
    {
        temp1 = temp2;
        temp2 = temp2->next;
    }
    temp1->next = NULL;
    tail = temp1;
}
```

Void list :: deleteatposition (int pos)

```
{
    Node *temp1 = new Node;
    Node *temp2 = new Node;
    Node *temp3 = new Node;
    int j;
    temp2 = head;
    for(j=1; temp2 != NULL; j++)
    {
        temp2 = temp2->next;
    }
    if(j < pos)
    {
        cout << "linked list has only " << j-1 << " nodes,
        So you can't delete node No. " << pos << endl;
        return;
    }
    temp2 = head;
```

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```
for(int i=1 ; i<pos ; i++)
```

```
{ temp1 = temp2;
```

```
temp2 = temp2->next;
```

```
}
```

```
temp3 = temp2->next;
```

```
temp1->next = temp3;
```

```
temp2->next = NULL;
```

```
}
```

```
void list::traverse()
```

```
{ node *temp = new node;
```

```
temp = head;
```

```
while(temp != NULL)
```

```
{ cout << temp->data << '\t' ;
```

```
temp = temp->next;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
{ int n, a, p;
```

```
list var;
```

```
char ch;
```

```
while(1)
```

```
{ cout << "Enter 1 for insert at begin" << endl;
```

```
cout << "Enter 2 for insert at last" << endl;
```

```
cout << "Enter 3 for insert at position" << endl;
```

```
cout << "Enter 4 for delete at begin" << endl;
```

`cout << "Enter 5 for delete at last" << endl;`

`cout << "Enter 6 for delete at position" << endl;`

`cout << "Enter 7 for delete at traversing" << endl;`

`(in) >> n;`

`switch(n)`

{ case 1 :

`cout << "Enter number in"; (in) >> a;`

`var.insert_start(a); cout << endl;`

`break;`

case 2 :

`cout << "Enter number" << endl; (in) >> a;`

`var.insert_end(a);`

`cout << endl; break;`

case 3 :

`cout << "Enter number and position" << endl;`

`(in) >> a >> p; var.insert_at_position(p, a);`

`cout << endl; break;`

case 4 :

`var.delete_first(); cout << endl; break;`

case 5 :

`var.delete_last(); cout << endl; break;`

case 6 :

`cout << "Enter position:" << endl; (in) >> p;`

`var.delete_at_position(p); cout << endl; break;`

case 7 :

`var.traverse(); cout << endl; break;`

default :

cout << "option not found \n";

}

cout << "put 'y' to get options otherwise 'n' \n";

cin >> ch;

if (ch == 'n')

{ break;

}

}

return 0;

}

Output:

enter 1 for insert at begin  
enter 2 for insert at last.  
enter 3 for insert at position  
enter 4 for delete at begin  
enter 5 for delete at last  
enter 6 for delete at position  
enter 7 for traversing

1

enter number

11

put 'y' to get options otherwise 'n'

y

enter 1 for insertion at begin  
enter 2 for insertion at last  
enter 3 for insertion at position  
enter 4 for deletion at begin  
enter 5 for deletion at last  
enter 6 for deletion at position  
enter 7 for deletion traversing

2

enter number.

22

Put 'y' to get option otherwise 'n'

y

Enter 1 for insert at begin

Enter 2 for insert at last

Enter 3 for insert at position

Enter 4 for delete at begin

Enter 5 for delete at last

Enter 6 for delete at position

Enter 7 for traversing

3

Enter number and position

33

3

Put 'y' to get options otherwise 'n'

y

Enter 1 for insert at begin

Enter 2 for insert at last

Enter 3 for insert at position

Enter 4 for delete at begin

Enter 5 for delete at last

Enter 6 for delete at position

Enter 7 for delete at traversing

7

11 22 33

Put y to get option otherwise n

8

enter 1 for insert at begin  
enter 2 for insert at last  
enter 3 for insert at position  
enter 4 for delete at begin  
enter 5 for delete at last  
enter 6 for delete at position  
enter 7 for traversing

4

put 'y' to get options otherwise 'n'

y

enter 1 for insert at begin  
enter 2 for insert at last  
enter 3 for insert at position  
enter 4 for delete at begin  
enter 5 for delete at last  
enter 6 for delete at position  
enter 7 for traversing.

5

put 'y' to get options otherwise 'n'

y

enter 1 for insert at begin  
enter 2 for insert at last  
enter 3 for insert at position  
enter 4 for delete at begin

enter 5 for delete at last

enter 6 for delete at position

enter 7 for traversing

7

22

put 'y' to get options otherwise 'n'

n

Aim :- Write a program to convert infix to postfix expression.

Code :-

```
#include<iostream>
#include<stack>
using namespace std;
void convertPostfix(char *a)
{
    stack<char> s;
    char output[50], t;
    for (int i=0; a[i] != '\0'; i++)
    {
        char ch = a[i];
        switch(ch)
        {
            case '^':
            case '-':
            case '+':
            case '/':
            case '*': s.push(ch); break;
            case ')': t = s.pop();
            s.pop();
            cout << t ; break;
        }
        if(isalpha(ch))
            cout << ch;
    }
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
char a[] = "(((a*b)+(c/d))-e)";
```

```
convertPostfix(a);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

Output :-

$ab * cd / e -$

Aim :- Write a program to perform Quick sort on input array.

Code :-

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void swap(int *a, int *b)
{
    int t = *a;
    *a = *b;
    *b = t;
}
void print(int array[], int size)
{
    int i;
    for(i=0; i<size; i++)
    {
        cout << array[i] << endl;
    }
}
int divide(int array[], int low, int high)
{
    //int i;
    //for(i=0; i<size; i++)
    int pNot = array[high];
    int i = (low-1);
    for(int j = low; j<high; j++)
    {
        if (array[j] <= pNot)
        {
```

```

    i++ ;
    swap(&array[i], &array[j]);
}
}

print(array, 7);
cout << "..... \n";
swap(&array[i+1], &array[high]);
return(i+1);
}

Void Quicksort(int array[], int low, int high)
{
    if(low < high)
    {
        int pi = divide(array, low, high);
        Quicksort(array, low, pi-1);
        Quicksort(array, pi+1, high);
    }
}

int main()
{
    int data[] = {8, 7, 6, 1, 0, 9, 2};
    int n = sizeof(data) / sizeof(data[0]);
    Quicksort(data, 0, n-1);
    cout << "Sorted array in ascending order : ";
    print(data, n);
}

```

Output:

L 0 6 8 7 9 2

L 0 2 8 7 9 6

0 1 2 8 7 9 6

0 1 2 6 7 9 8

Sorted array in ascending order:

0 1 2 6 7 8 9