

# Take Home Exam 1

## Question 1

$\neg(p \wedge q) \Leftrightarrow (\neg q \rightarrow p) \equiv (\neg p \vee \neg q) \Leftrightarrow (\neg q \rightarrow p)$	by the second De Morgan law
$\equiv (\neg p \vee \neg q) \Leftrightarrow (\neg(\neg q) \vee p)$	by the truth table for $\rightarrow$
$\equiv (\neg p \vee \neg q) \Leftrightarrow (q \vee p)$	by the double negation law
$\equiv ((\neg p \vee \neg q) \rightarrow (q \vee p)) \wedge ((q \vee p) \rightarrow (\neg p \vee \neg q))$	by truth table for $\Leftrightarrow$
$\equiv (\neg(\neg p \vee \neg q) \vee (q \vee p)) \wedge (\neg(q \vee p) \vee (\neg p \vee \neg q))$	by the truth table for $\rightarrow$
$\equiv ((p \wedge q) \vee (q \vee p)) \wedge (\neg(q \vee p) \vee (\neg p \vee \neg q))$	by the second De Morgan law
$\equiv ((p \wedge q) \vee (q \vee p)) \wedge ((\neg q \wedge \neg p) \vee (\neg p \vee \neg q))$	by the second De Morgan law
$\equiv ((p \vee q \vee p) \wedge (q \vee q \vee p)) \wedge ((\neg q \wedge \neg p) \vee (\neg p \vee \neg q))$	by the Distributive law (1)
$\equiv ((q \vee p) \wedge (q \vee p)) \wedge ((\neg q \wedge \neg p) \vee (\neg p \vee \neg q))$	by the Idempot. and Comm. law (1)
$\equiv (q \vee p) \wedge ((\neg q \wedge \neg p) \vee (\neg p \vee \neg q))$	by the Idempotent law (1)
$\equiv (q \vee p) \wedge ((\neg q \vee \neg p \vee \neg q) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg p \vee \neg q))$	by the Distributive law (1)
$\equiv (q \vee p) \wedge ((\neg q \vee \neg p) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg q))$	by the Idempot. and Comm. law (1)
$\equiv (p \vee q) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg q)$	by the Comm. law (1) and Idempot. law (2)

## Question 2

- a. Two different interns in the same faculty cannot have the same employee id number.

$$\forall x \forall y (\forall z (x \neq y) \wedge (I(x, z) \wedge I(y, z)) \rightarrow \exists a \exists b (E(x, a) \wedge E(y, b) \wedge (a \neq b)))$$

- b. There are some interns in all faculties who are supervised by no one but themselves.

$$\exists x (\forall y I(x, y) \rightarrow \forall z ((x \neq z) \wedge S(x, x) \wedge \neg S(x, z)))$$

- c. At most two interns can be admitted to each job position in the medicine faculty.

$$\exists x \exists y \forall c ((x \neq y) \wedge J(c, \text{medicine}) \wedge (A(x, c) \vee A(y, c)) \wedge \forall z (A(z, c) \rightarrow (z = x) \vee (z = y)))$$

### Question 3

a.

1: $(p \vee \neg q)$	Premise
2: $(p \vee r)$	Premise
3: $r \rightarrow q$	Assumption
4: $p$	Assumption
5: $p \rightarrow p$	4, 4, $\rightarrow i$
6: $\neg q$	Assumption
7: $r$	Assumption
8: $q$	3, 7, $\rightarrow e$
9: $\perp$	6, 8, $\neg e$
10: $p$	9, $\perp e$
11: $r \rightarrow p$	7 - 10, $\rightarrow i$
12: $p$	2, 5, 11, $\vee e$
13: $\neg q \rightarrow p$	6 - 12, $\rightarrow i$
14: $p$	1, 5, 13, $\vee e$
15: $(r \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p$	3 - 14, $\rightarrow i$

b.

1: $(q \rightarrow p) \rightarrow q$	Assumption
2: $\neg q$	Assumption
3: $q$	Assumption
4: $\perp$	2, 3, $\neg e$
5: $p$	4, $\perp e$
6: $q \rightarrow p$	3 - 5, $\rightarrow i$
7: $q$	1, 6, $\rightarrow e$
8: $\perp$	2 - 7, $\neg e$
9: $\neg q \rightarrow \perp$	2 - 8, $\rightarrow i$
10: $q$	9, $\neg e$
11: $((q \rightarrow p) \rightarrow q) \rightarrow q$	1 - 10, $\rightarrow i$

## Question 4

a.	1: $\neg\forall x (P(x) \rightarrow Q(x))$	Premise
	t fresh name	
	2: $\neg(P(t) \rightarrow Q(t))$	1, $\forall x e$
	3: $\neg(P(t) \wedge \neg Q(t))$	Assumption
	4: $P(t)$	Assumption
	5: $\neg Q(t)$	Assumption
	6: $P(t) \wedge \neg Q(t)$	4 – 5, $\wedge i$
	7: $\perp$	3 – 6, $\neg e$
	8: $\neg\neg Q(t)$	5 – 7, $\neg i$
	9: $Q(t)$	8, $\neg\neg e$
	10: $P(t) \rightarrow Q(t)$	4 – 9, $\rightarrow i$
	11: $\perp$	3 – 10, $\neg e$
	12: $\neg\neg(P(t) \wedge \neg Q(t))$	3 – 11, $\neg i$
	13: $P(t) \wedge \neg Q(t)$	12, $\neg\neg e$
	14: $\exists x(P(x) \wedge \neg Q(x))$	13, $\exists x i$

b.	1: $\forall x\forall y(P(x,y) \rightarrow \neg P(y,x))$	Premise
	2: $\forall x\exists yP(x,y)$	Premise
	t fresh name	
	3: $\forall yP(t,y) \rightarrow \neg P(y,t)$	1, $\forall x e$
	c fresh name	
	4: $P(t,c) \rightarrow \neg P(c,t)$	3, $\forall y e$
	5: $P(t,c)$	Assumption
	6: $\neg P(c,t)$	4, $\rightarrow e$
	7: $P(c,t)$	Assumption
	8: $\perp$	6, 7, $\neg e$
	9: $\neg P(c,t)$	6 – 8, $\neg i$
	10: $\exists z \neg P(z,c)$	5 – 9, $\exists z i$
	11: $\forall v\exists z \neg P(z,v)$	4 – 10, $\forall v i$
	12: $\neg\neg \forall v\exists z \neg P(z,v)$	2, 3 – 11, $\neg\neg i$
	13: $\neg\exists v\forall z P(z,v)$	12