

# Machine-Level Programming III: Procedures

CENG331 - Computer Organization

**Instructor:**

Murat Manguoglu (Section 1)

Adapted from slides of the textbook: <http://csapp.cs.cmu.edu/>

# Mechanisms in Procedures

## ■ Passing control

- To beginning of procedure code
- Back to return point

## ■ Passing data

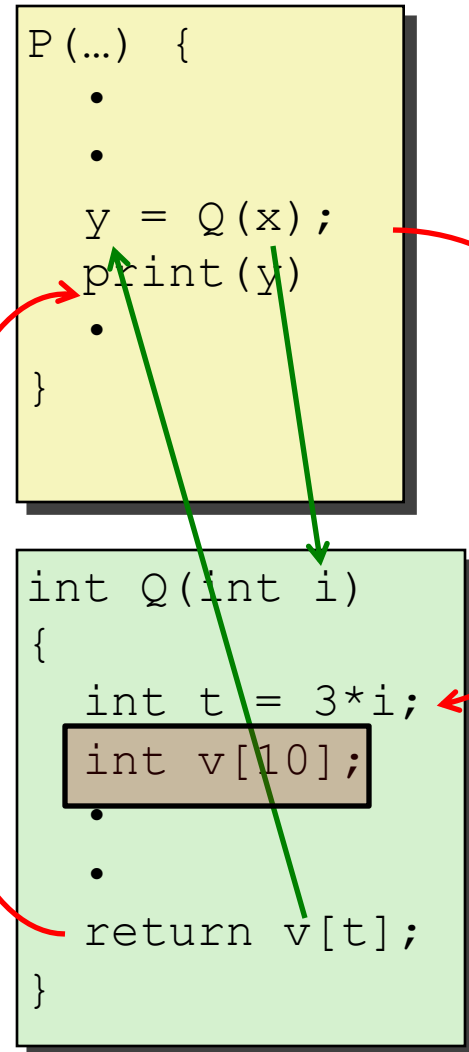
- Procedure arguments
- Return value

## ■ Memory management

- Allocate during procedure execution
- Deallocate upon return

## ■ Mechanisms all implemented with machine instructions

## ■ x86-64 implementation of a procedure uses only those mechanisms required



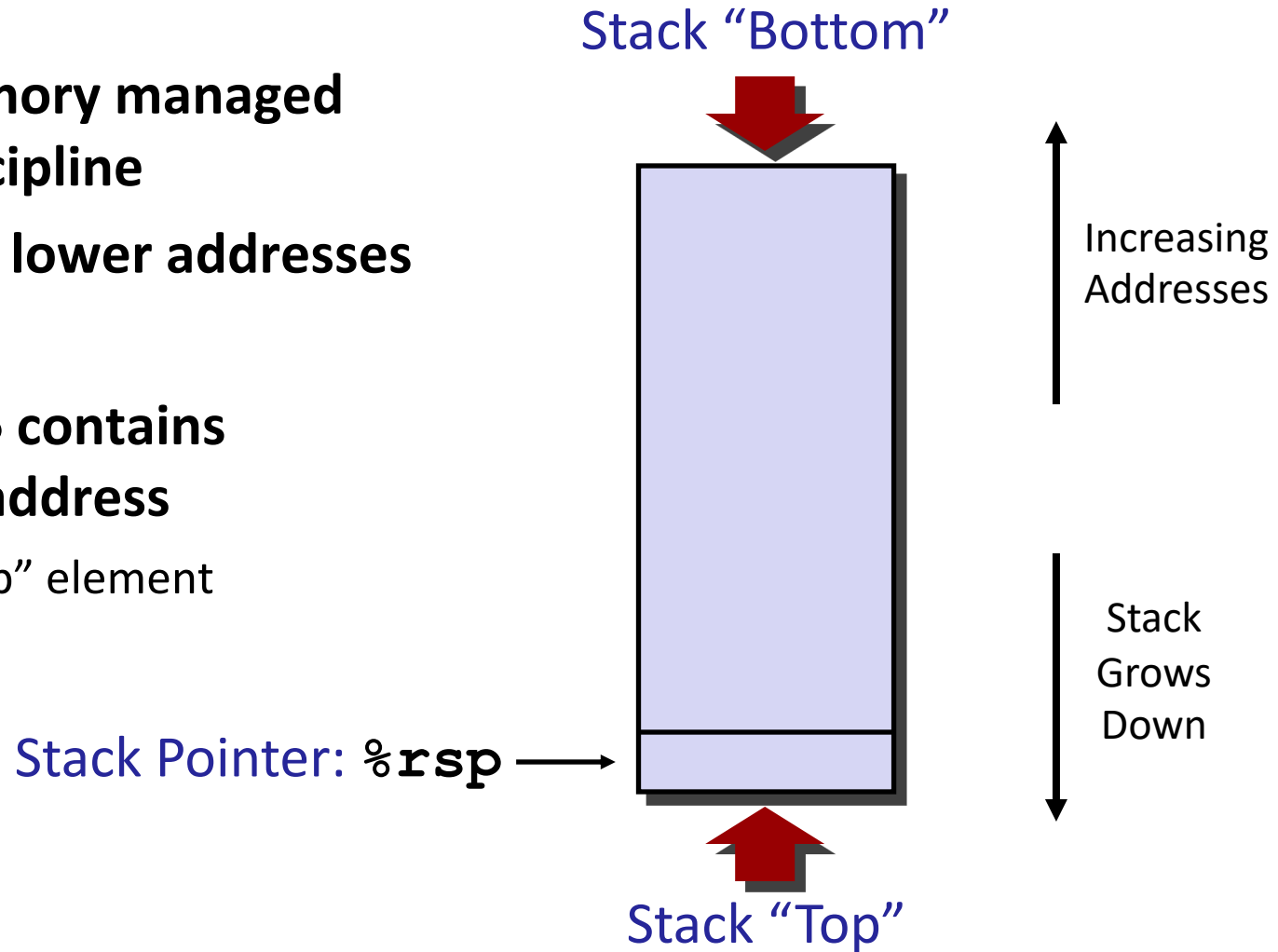
# Today

## ■ Procedures

- Stack Structure
- Calling Conventions
  - Passing control
  - Passing data
  - Managing local data
- Illustration of Recursion

# x86-64 Stack

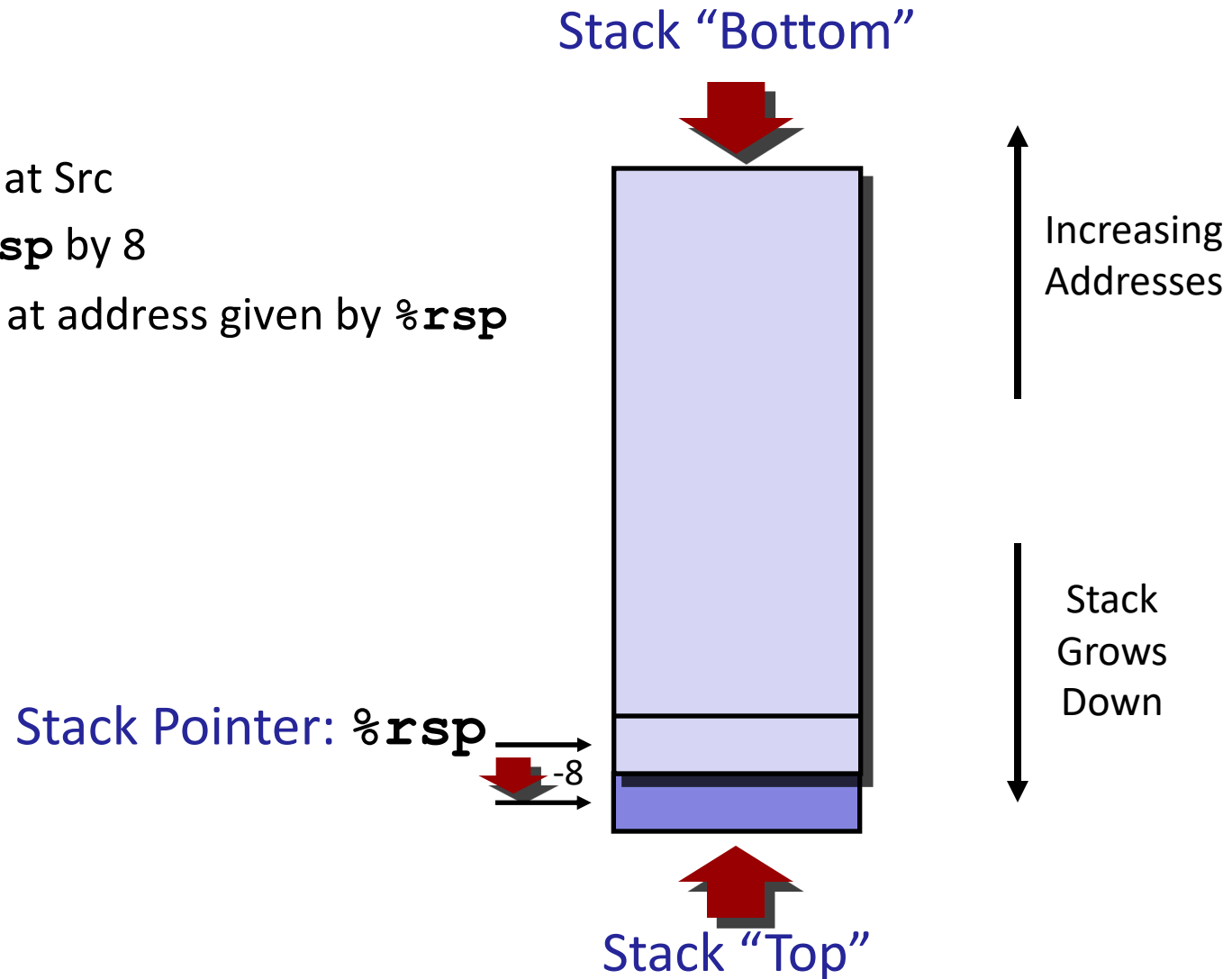
- Region of memory managed with stack discipline
- Grows toward lower addresses
- Register `%rsp` contains lowest stack address
  - address of “top” element



# x86-64 Stack: Push

## ■ `pushq Src`

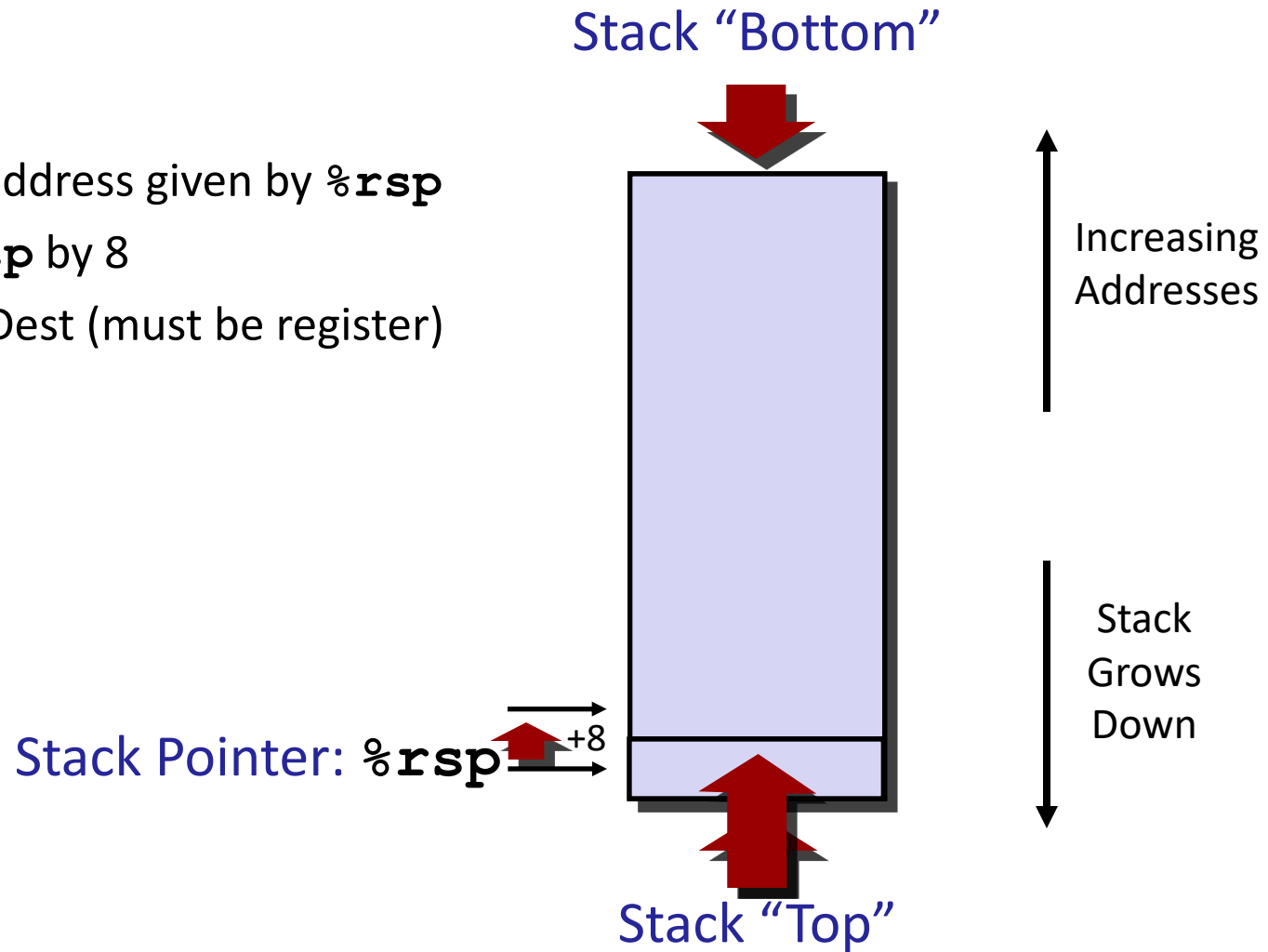
- Fetch operand at Src
- Decrement `%rsp` by 8
- Write operand at address given by `%rsp`



# x86-64 Stack: Pop

## ■ `popq Dest`

- Read value at address given by `%rsp`
- Increment `%rsp` by 8
- Store value at `Dest` (must be register)



# Today

## ■ Procedures

- Stack Structure
- Calling Conventions
  - **Passing control**
  - Passing data
  - Managing local data
- Illustration of Recursion

# Code Examples

```
void multstore
(long x, long y, long *dest)
{
    long t = mult2(x, y);
    *dest = t;
}
```

```
00000000000400540 <multstore>:
  400540: push    %rbx           # Save %rbx
  400541: mov     %rdx,%rbx      # Save dest
  400544: callq   400550 <mult2> # mult2(x,y)
  400549: mov     %rax, (%rbx)    # Save at dest
  40054c: pop     %rbx           # Restore %rbx
  40054d: retq                      # Return
```

```
long mult2
(long a, long b)
{
    long s = a * b;
    return s;
}
```

```
00000000000400550 <mult2>:
  400550: mov     %rdi,%rax      # a
  400553: imul    %rsi,%rax      # a * b
  400557: retq                      # Return
```



# Procedure Control Flow

- Use stack to support procedure call and return
- **Procedure call:** `call label`
  - Push return address on stack
  - Jump to label
- **Return address:**
  - Address of the next instruction right after call
  - Example from disassembly
- **Procedure return:** `ret`
  - Pop address from stack
  - Jump to address

# Control Flow Example #1

```
00000000000400540 <multstore>:  
.  
.  
400544: callq 400550 <mult2>  
400549: mov    %rax, (%rbx)  
.  
.
```

```
00000000000400550 <mult2>:  
400550: mov    %rdi, %rax  
.  
.  
400557: retq
```

0x130

0x128

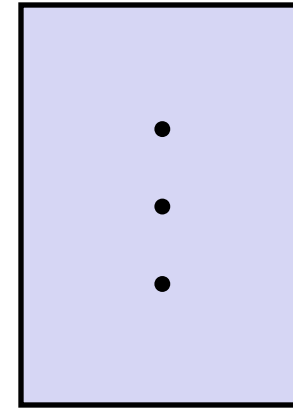
0x120

%rsp

%rip

0x120

0x400544



# Control Flow Example #2

00000000000400540 <multstore>:

```
•  
•  
400544: callq 400550 <mult2>  
400549: mov    %rax, (%rbx) ←  
•  
•
```

00000000000400550 <mult2>:

```
400550: mov    %rdi, %rax ←  
•  
•  
400557: retq
```

0x130

0x128

0x120

0x118

0x400549

%rsp

0x118

%rip

0x400550

•

•

•

# Control Flow Example #3

00000000000400540 <multstore>:

•

•

400544: callq 400550 <mult2>

400549: mov %rax, (%rbx) ←

•

•

00000000000400550 <mult2>:

400550: mov %rdi, %rax

•

•

400557: retq ←

0x130

•

0x128

•

•

0x120

0x118

0x400549

%rsp

0x118

%rip

0x400557



# Control Flow Example #4

```
00000000000400540 <multstore>:  
.  
.  
400544: callq 400550 <mult2>  
400549: mov    %rax, (%rbx)  
.  
.
```

```
00000000000400550 <mult2>:  
400550: mov    %rdi, %rax  
.  
.  
400557: retq
```

0x130

0x128

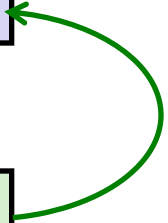
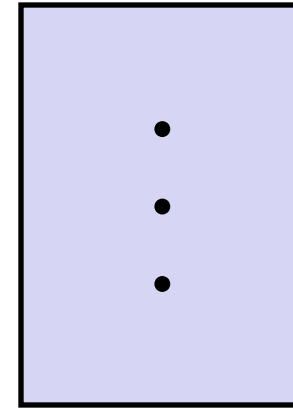
0x120

%rsp

0x120

%rip

0x400549



# Today

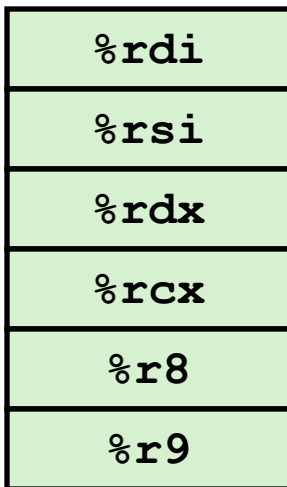
## ■ Procedures

- Stack Structure
- Calling Conventions
  - Passing control
  - Passing data
  - Managing local data
- Illustrations of Recursion & Pointers

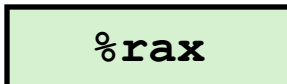
# Procedure Data Flow

## Registers

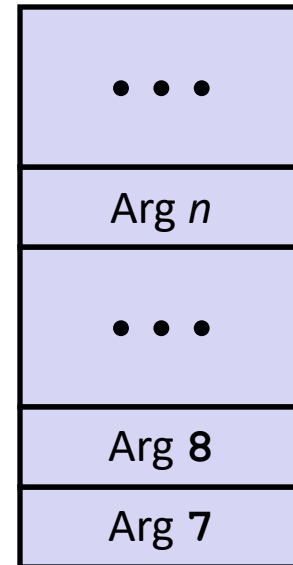
### ■ First 6 arguments



### ■ Return value



## Stack



### ■ Only allocate stack space when needed

# Data Flow Examples:

```
void proc(long a1,long *a1p,int a2,int *a2p,short a3, short
*a3p, char a4, char *a4p) {
    *a1p += a1;
    *a2p += a2;
    *a3p += a3;
    *a4p += a4;
}
```

proc:

```
movq    16(%rsp), %r10
addq    %rdi, (%rsi)
addl    %edx, (%rcx)
addw    %r8w, (%r9)
movzbl  8(%rsp), %eax
addb    %al, (%r10)
ret
```

```
Fetch a4p (64bits)
*a1p += a1; (64bits)
*a2p += a2; (32bits)
*a3p += a3; (16bits)
Fetch a4
*a4p += a4; (8bits)
```



# Data Flow Examples

```
void multstore
(long x, long y, long *dest)
{
    long t = mult2(x, y);
    *dest = t;
}
```

```
0000000000400540 <multstore>:
    # x in %rdi, y in %rsi, dest in %rdx
    . . .
400541: mov     %rdx,%rbx           # Save dest
400544: callq   400550 <mult2>      # mult2(x,y)
    # t in %rax
400549: mov     %rax, (%rbx)        # Save at dest
    . . .
```

```
long mult2
(long a, long b)
{
    long s = a * b;
    return s;
}
```

```
0000000000400550 <mult2>:
    # a in %rdi, b in %rsi
400550: mov     %rdi,%rax           # a
400553: imul    %rsi,%rax           # a * b
    # s in %rax
400557: retq                          # Return
```

# Today

## ■ Procedures

- Stack Structure
- Calling Conventions
  - Passing control
  - Passing data
  - Managing local data
- Illustration of Recursion

# Stack-Based Languages

## ■ Languages that support recursion

- e.g., C, Pascal, Java
- Code must be “Reentrant”
  - Multiple simultaneous instantiations of single procedure
- Need some place to store state of each instantiation
  - Arguments
  - Local variables
  - Return pointer

## ■ Stack discipline

- State for given procedure needed for limited time
  - From when called to when return
- Callee returns before caller does

## ■ Stack allocated in **Frames**

- state for single procedure instantiation

# Call Chain Example

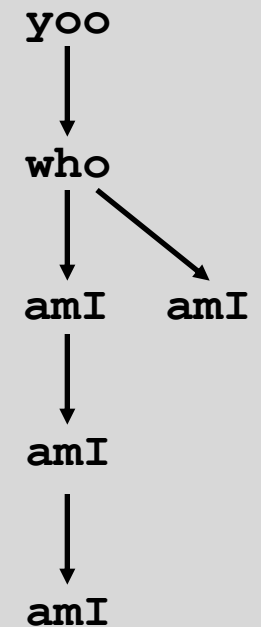
```
yoo (...)  
{  
  .  
  .  
  who ();  
  .  
  .  
}
```

```
who (...)  
{  
  . . .  
  amI ();  
  . . .  
  amI ();  
  . . .  
}
```

```
amI (...)  
{  
  .  
  .  
  amI ();  
  .  
  .  
}
```

Procedure **amI ()** is recursive

Example  
Call Chain



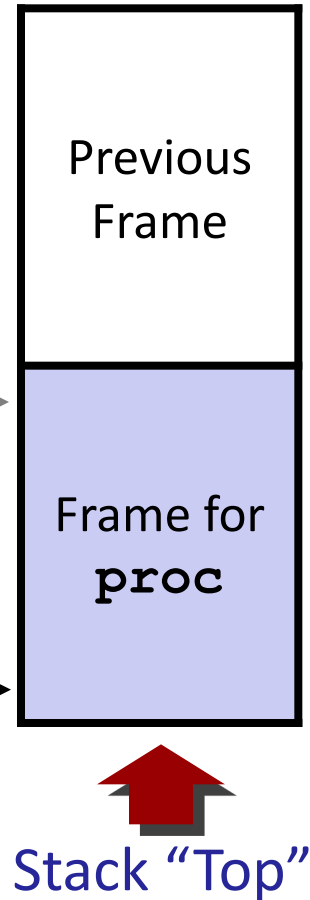
# Stack Frames

## ■ Contents

- Return information
- Local storage (if needed)
- Temporary space (if needed)

Frame Pointer: `%rbp`  
(Optional)


Stack Pointer: `%rsp`



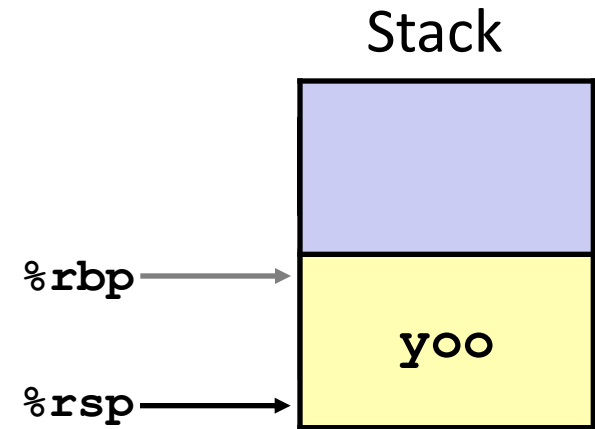
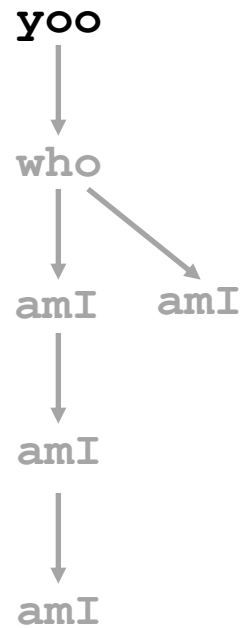
## ■ Management

- Space allocated when enter procedure
  - "Set-up" code
  - Includes push by `call` instruction
- Deallocated when return
  - "Finish" code
  - Includes pop by `ret` instruction

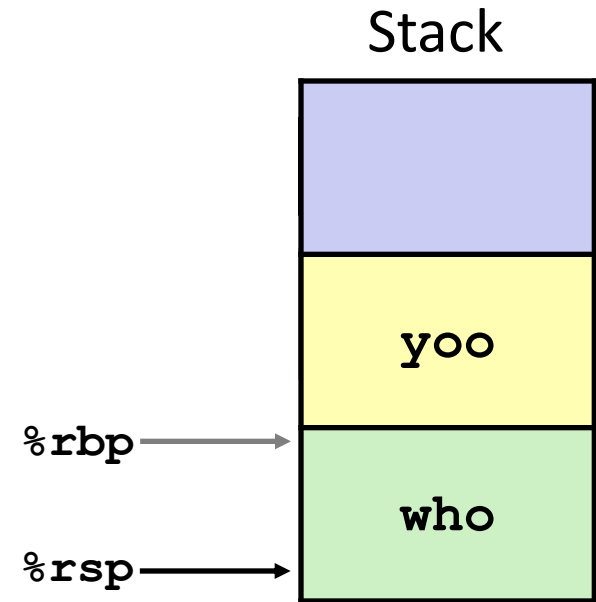
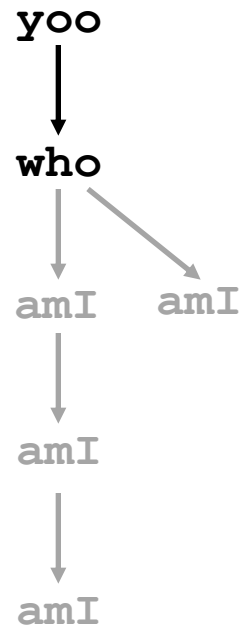
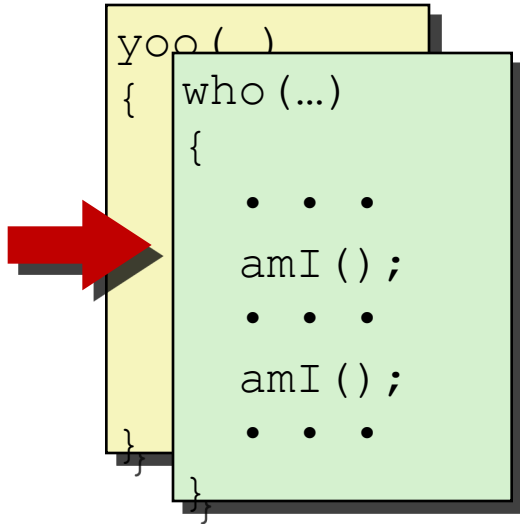
# Example



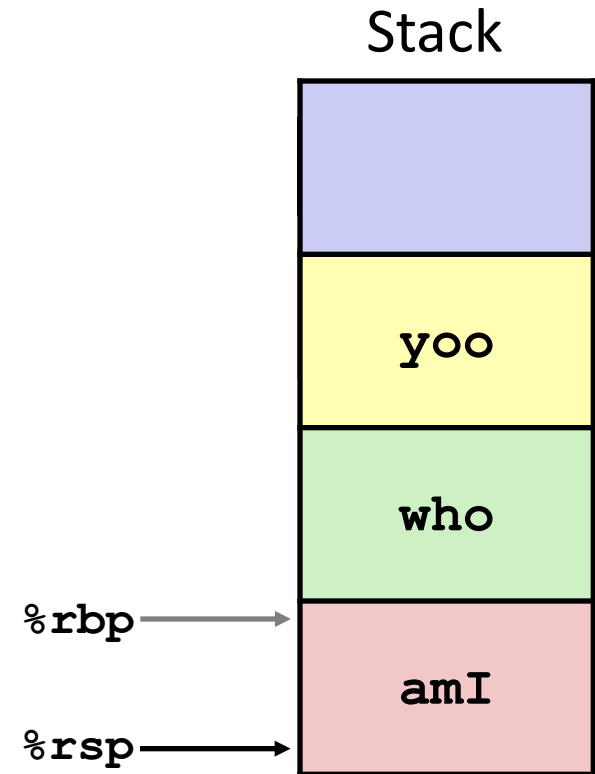
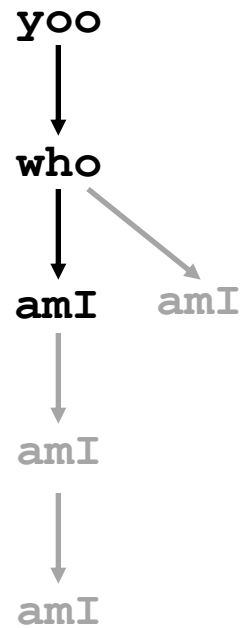
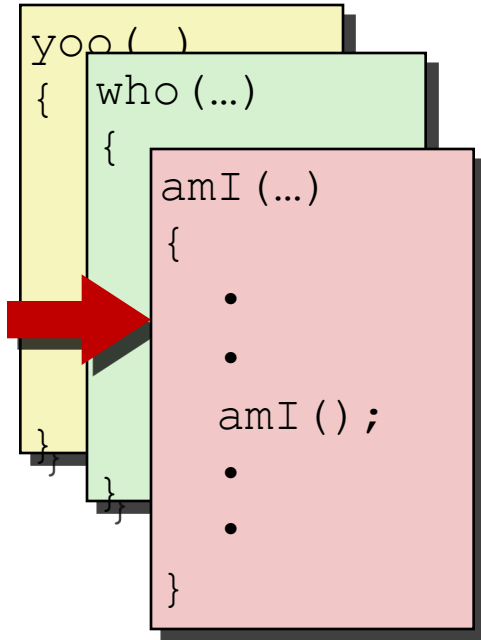
```
yoo (...)  
{  
  .  
  .  
  who ();  
  .  
  .  
}
```



# Example

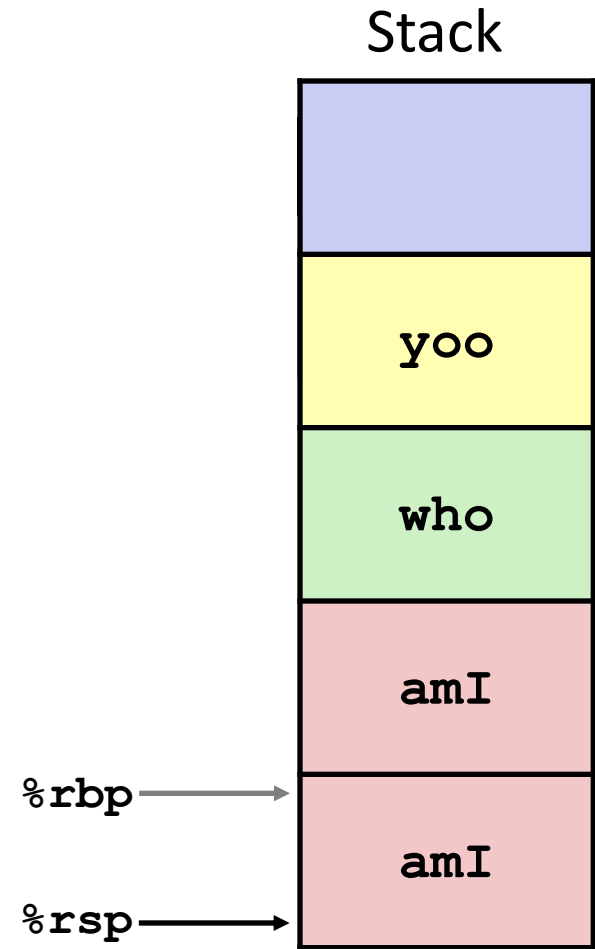
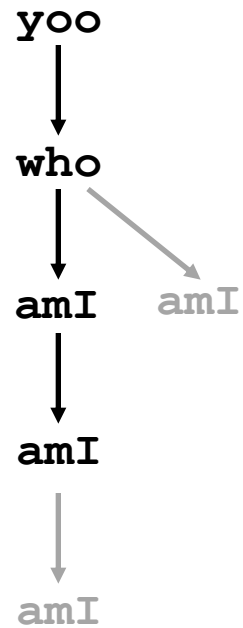
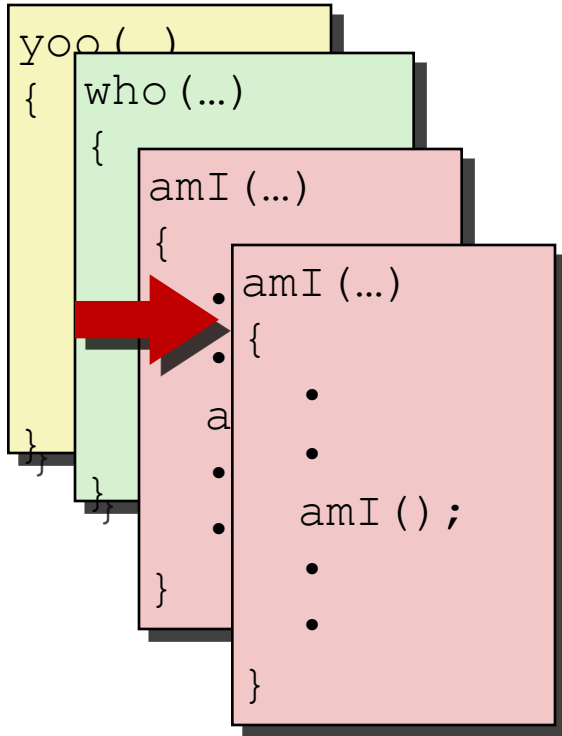


# Example

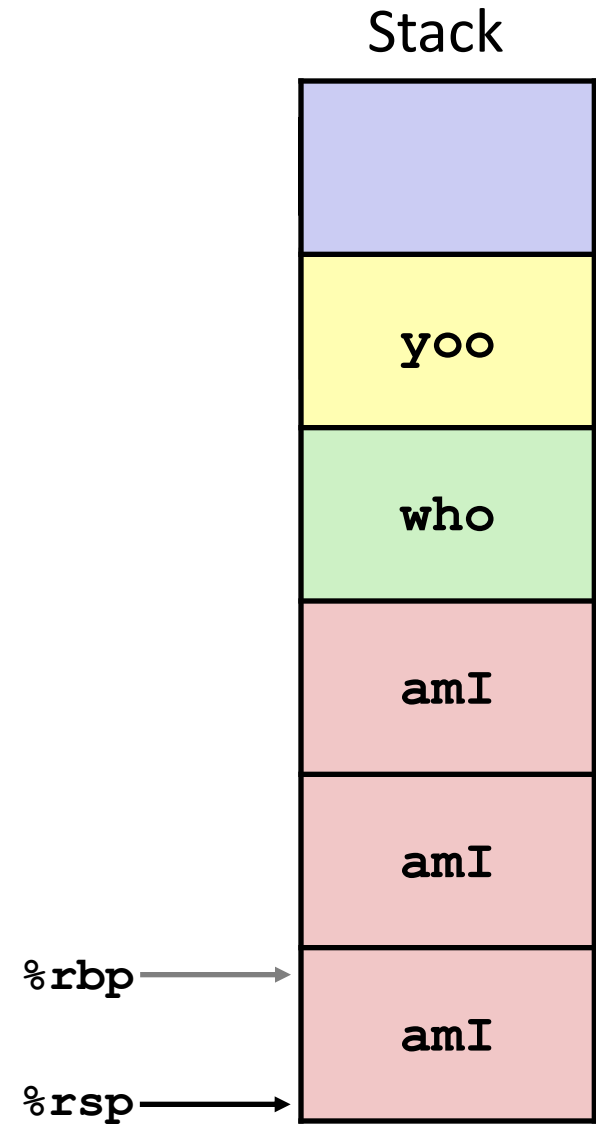
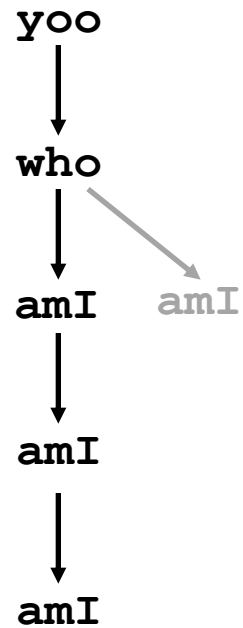
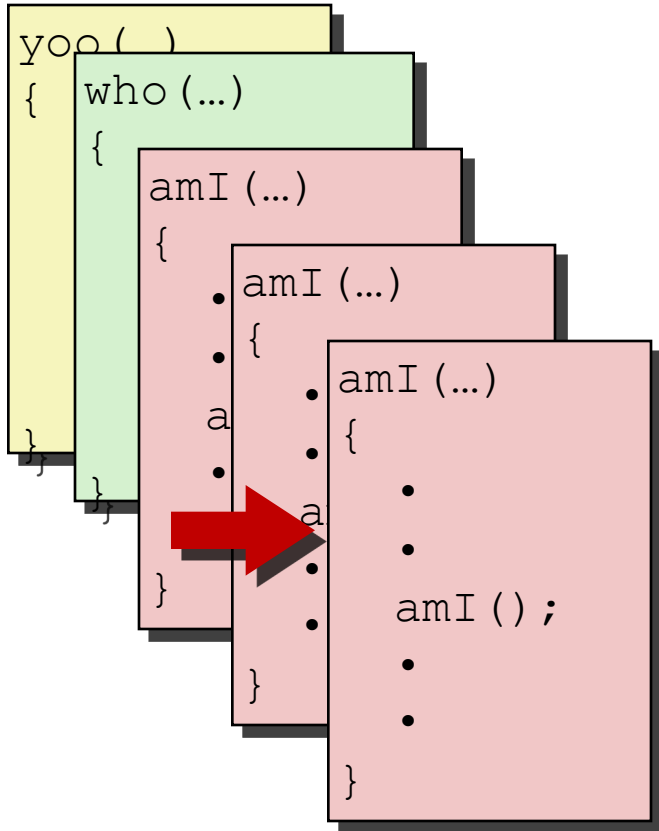




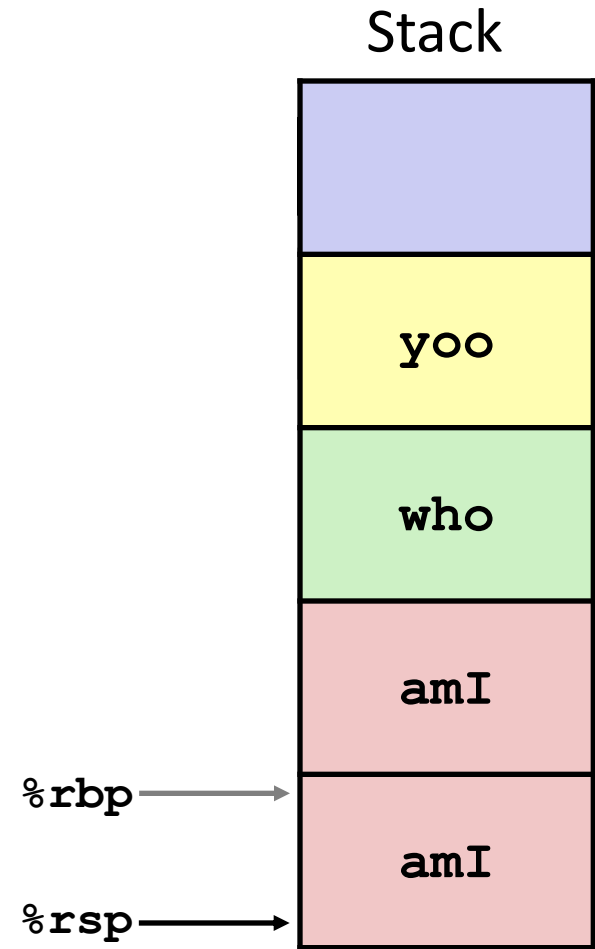
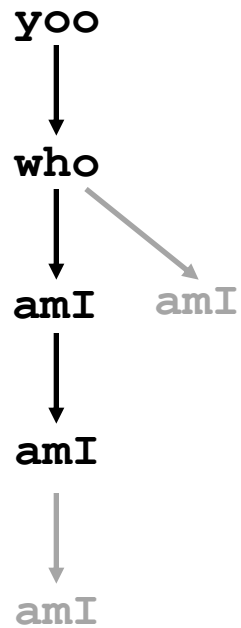
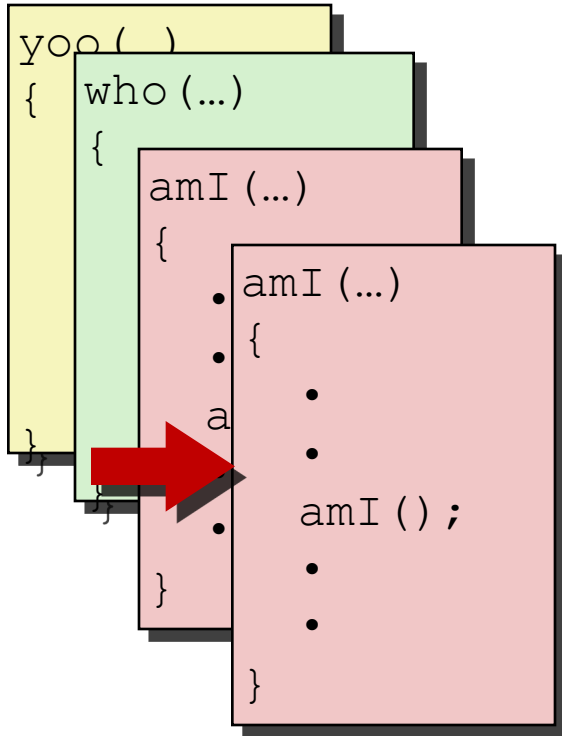
# Example



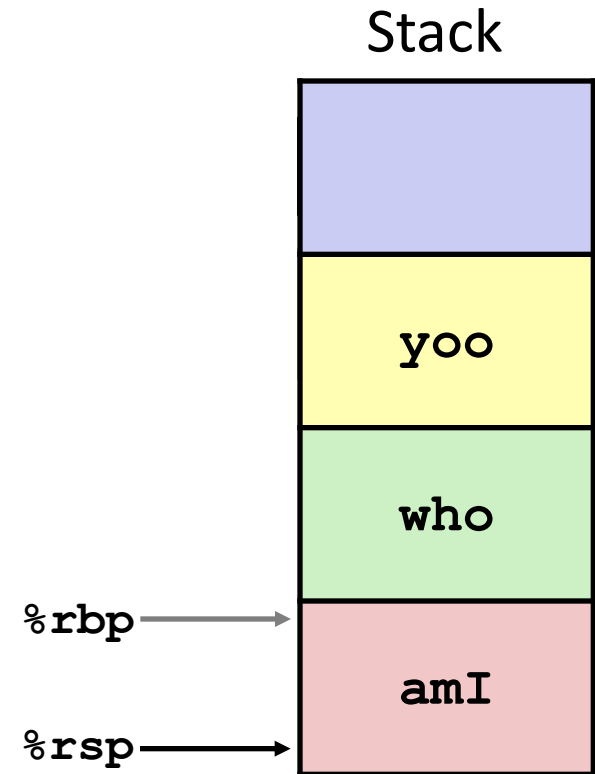
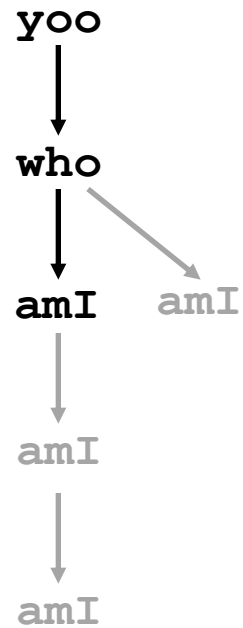
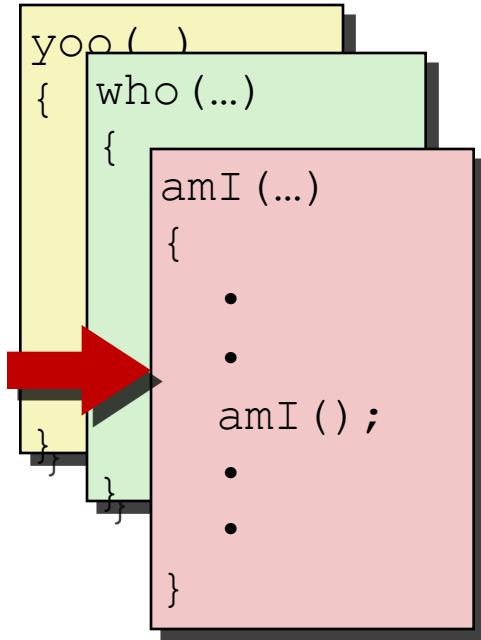
# Example



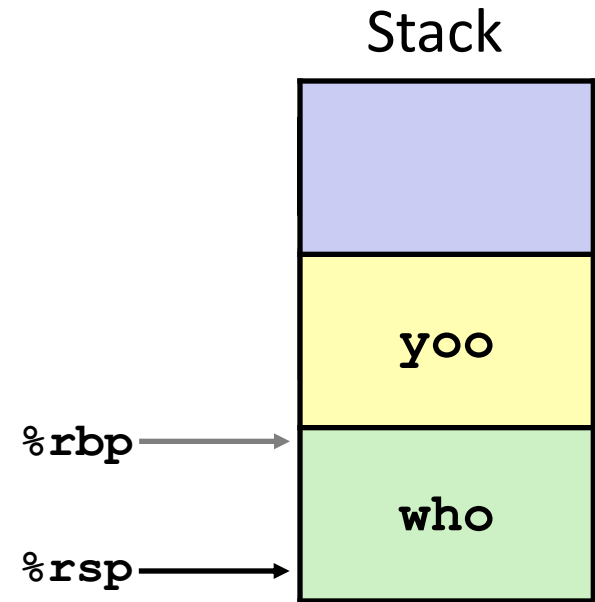
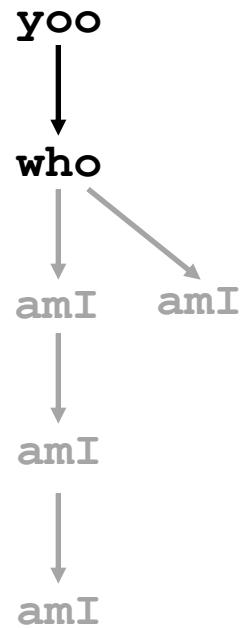
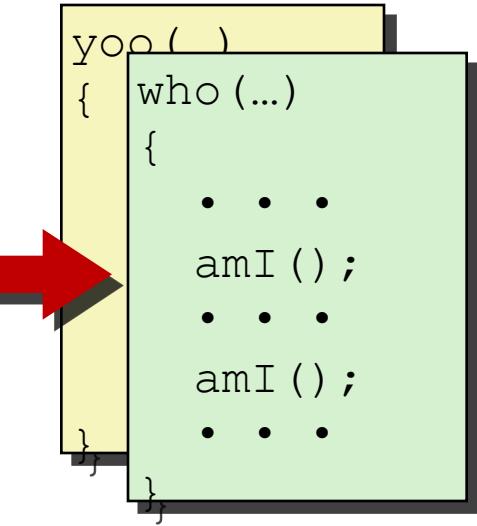
# Example



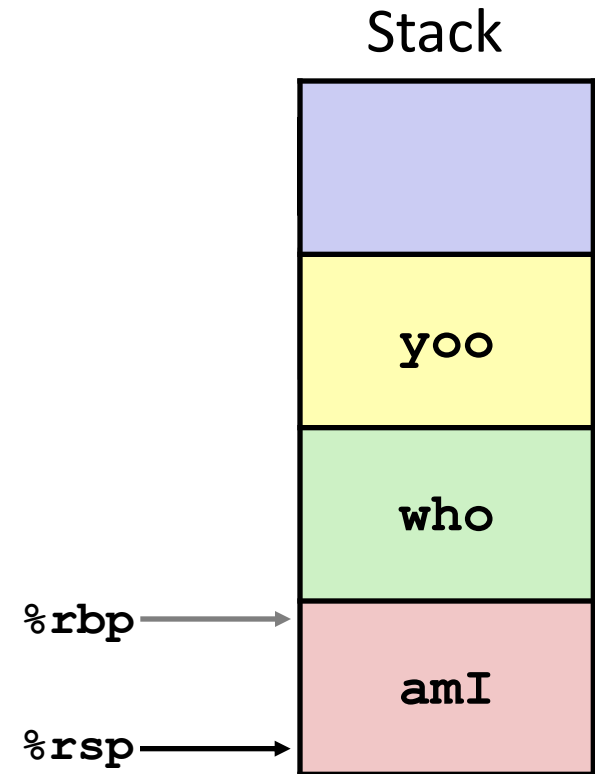
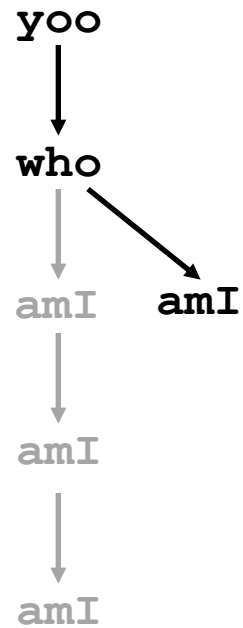
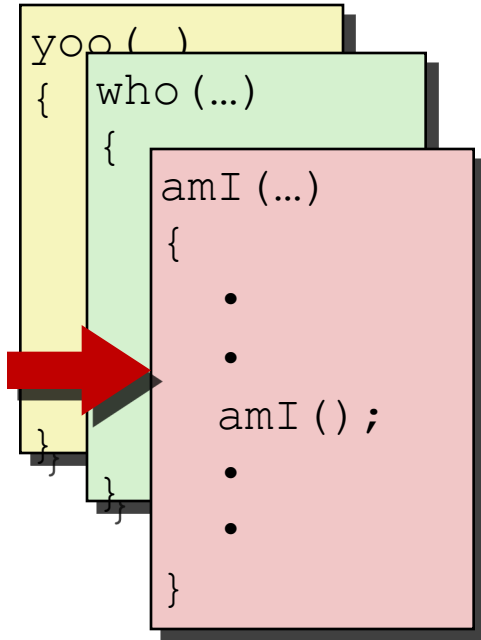
# Example



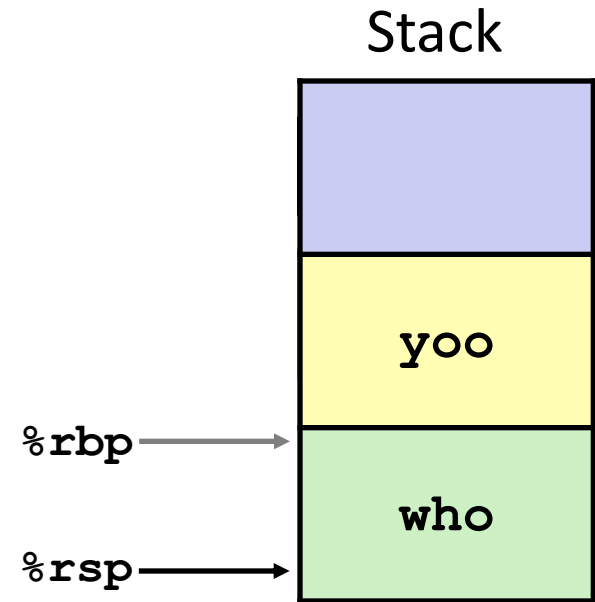
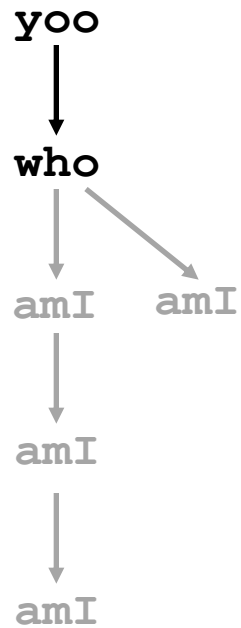
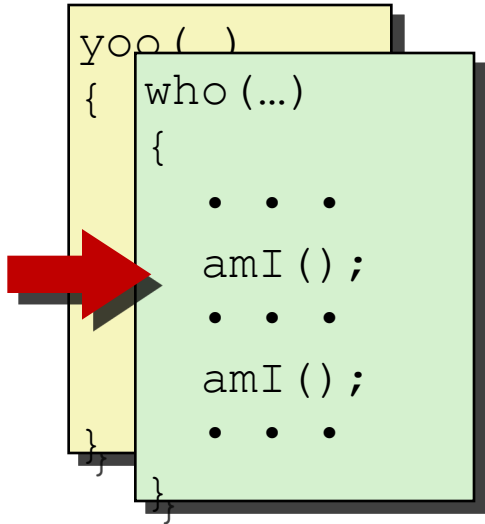
# Example



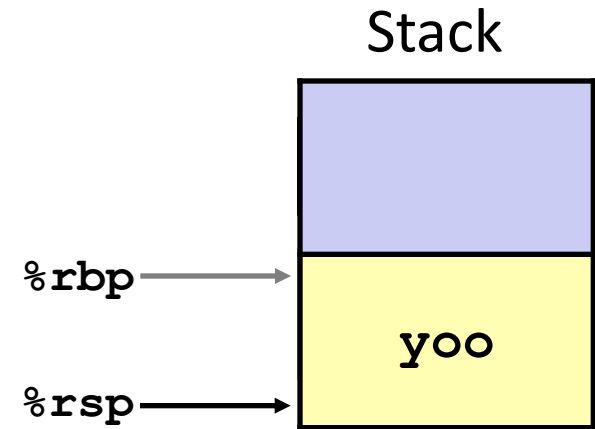
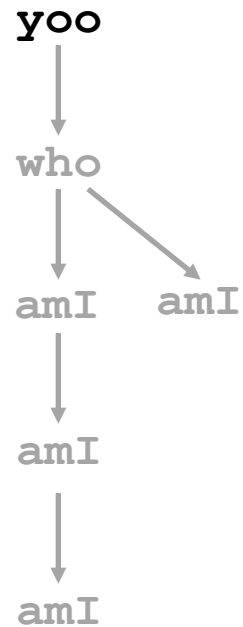
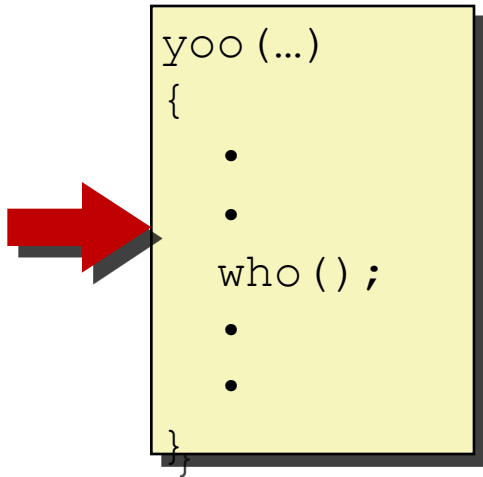
# Example



# Example



# Example





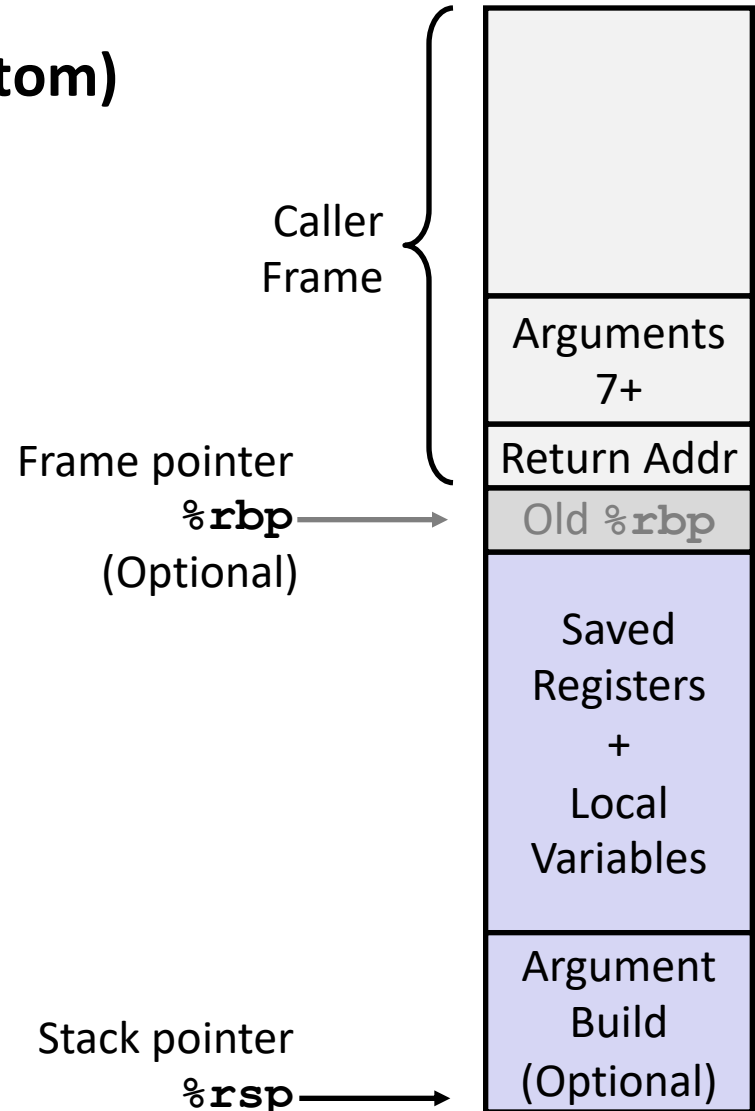
# x86-64/Linux Stack Frame

## ■ Current Stack Frame (“Top” to Bottom)

- “Argument build:”  
Parameters for function about to call
- Local variables  
If can’t keep in registers
- Saved register context
- Old frame pointer (optional)

## ■ Caller Stack Frame

- Return address
  - Pushed by **call** instruction
- Arguments for this call



# Example: `incr`

```
long incr(long *p, long val) {  
    long x = *p;  
    long y = x + val;  
    *p = y;  
    return x;  
}
```

```
incr:  
    movq    (%rdi), %rax  
    addq    %rax, %rsi  
    movq    %rsi, (%rdi)  
    ret
```

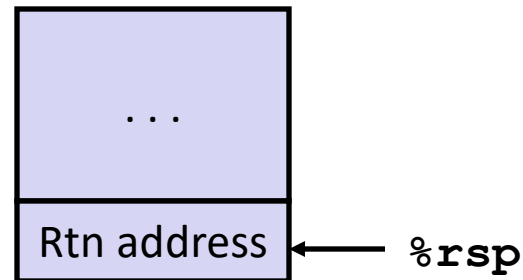
Register	Use(s)
%rdi	Argument <code>p</code>
%rsi	Argument <code>val</code> , <code>y</code>
%rax	<code>x</code> , Return value

# Example: Calling `incr` #1

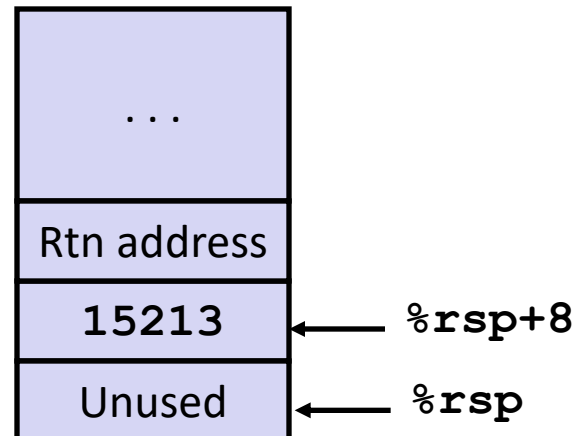
```
long call_incr() {  
    long v1 = 15213;  
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);  
    return v1+v2;  
}
```

```
call_incr:  
    subq    $16, %rsp  
    movq    $15213, 8(%rsp)  
    movl    $3000, %esi  
    leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi  
    call    incr  
    addq    8(%rsp), %rax  
    addq    $16, %rsp  
    ret
```

Initial Stack Structure



Resulting Stack Structure

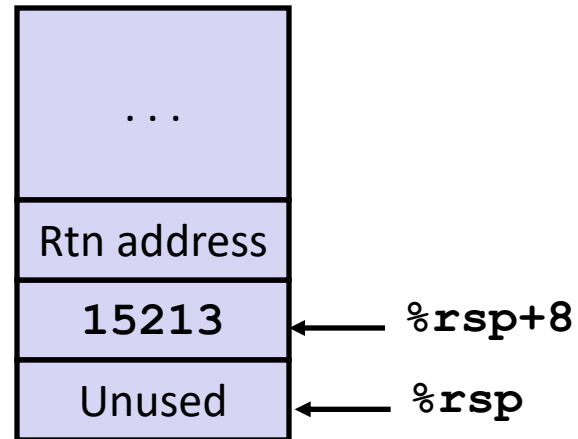


# Example: Calling `incr` #2

```
long call_incr() {  
    long v1 = 15213;  
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);  
    return v1+v2;  
}
```

```
call_incr:  
    subq    $16, %rsp  
    movq    $15213, 8(%rsp)  
    movl    $3000, %esi  
    leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi  
    call    incr  
    addq    8(%rsp), %rax  
    addq    $16, %rsp  
    ret
```

Stack Structure



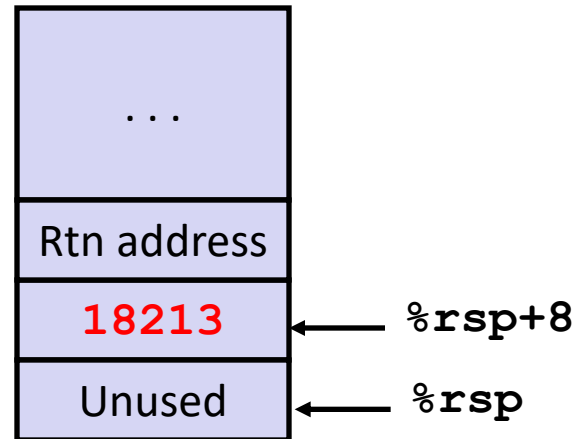
Register	Use(s)
<code>%rdi</code>	<code>&amp;v1</code>
<code>%rsi</code>	3000

# Example: Calling `incr` #3

```
long call_incr() {  
    long v1 = 15213;  
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);  
    return v1+v2;  
}
```

```
call_incr:  
    subq    $16, %rsp  
    movq    $15213, 8(%rsp)  
    movl    $3000, %esi  
    leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi  
    call    incr  
    addq    8(%rsp), %rax  
    addq    $16, %rsp  
    ret
```

Stack Structure



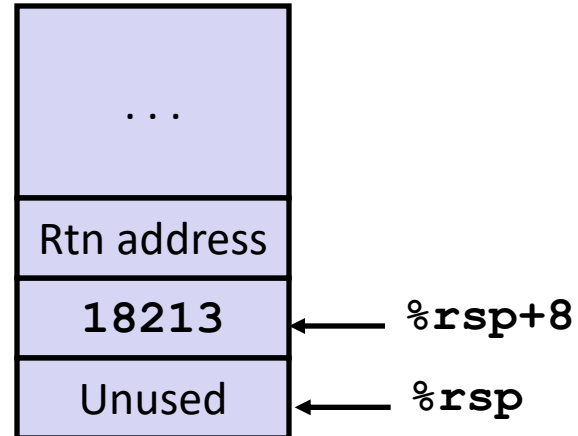
Register	Use(s)
<code>%rdi</code>	<code>&amp;v1</code>
<code>%rsi</code>	3000

# Example: Calling `incr` #4

```
long call_incr() {  
    long v1 = 15213;  
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);  
    return v1+v2;  
}
```

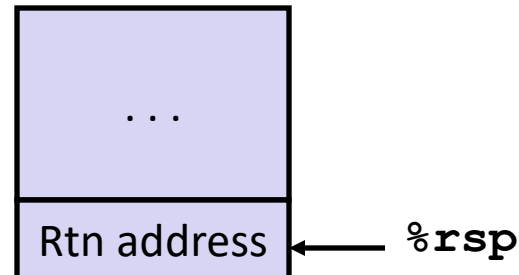
```
call_incr:  
    subq    $16, %rsp  
    movq    $15213, 8(%rsp)  
    movl    $3000, %esi  
    leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi  
    call    incr  
    addq    8(%rsp), %rax  
    addq    $16, %rsp  
    ret
```

Stack Structure



Register	Use(s)
<code>%rax</code>	Return value

Updated Stack Structure

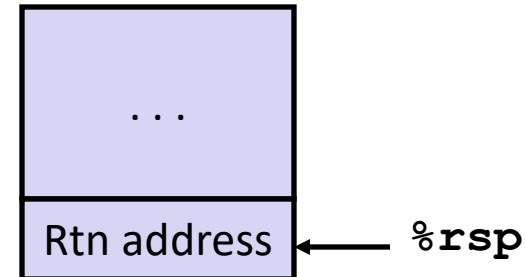


# Example: Calling `incr` #5

```
long call_incr() {  
    long v1 = 15213;  
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);  
    return v1+v2;  
}
```

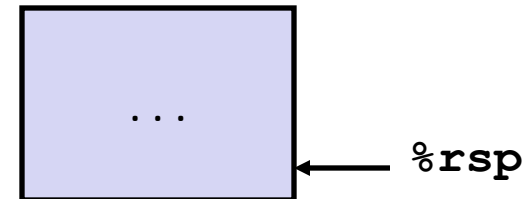
```
call_incr:  
    subq    $16, %rsp  
    movq    $15213, 8(%rsp)  
    movl    $3000, %esi  
    leaq    8(%rsp), %rdi  
    call    incr  
    addq    8(%rsp), %rax  
    addq    $16, %rsp  
    ret
```

Updated Stack Structure



Register	Use(s)
<code>%rax</code>	Return value

Final Stack Structure



# Register Saving Conventions

## ■ When procedure `yoo` calls `who`:

- `yoo` is the **caller**
- `who` is the **callee**

## ■ Can register be used for temporary storage?

```
yoo:
    . . .
    movq $15213, %rdx
    call who
    addq %rdx, %rax
    . . .
    ret
```

```
who:
    . . .
    subq $18213, %rdx
    . . .
    ret
```

- Contents of register `%rdx` overwritten by `who`
- This could be trouble → something should be done!
  - Need some coordination



# Register Saving Conventions

## ■ When procedure `yoo` calls `who`:

- `yoo` is the **caller**
- `who` is the **callee**

## ■ Can register be used for temporary storage?

## ■ Conventions

- “**Caller Saved**”
  - Caller saves temporary values in its frame before the call
- “**Callee Saved**”
  - Callee saves temporary values in its frame before using
  - Callee restores them before returning to caller

# x86-64 Linux Register Usage #1

## ■ **%rax**

- Return value
- Also caller-saved
- Can be modified by procedure

## ■ **%rdi, ..., %r9**

- Arguments
- Also caller-saved
- Can be modified by procedure

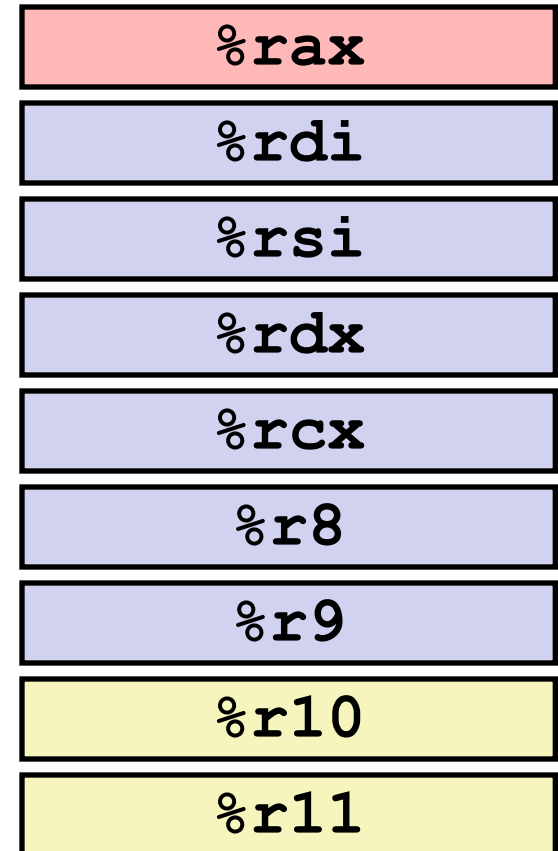
## ■ **%r10, %r11**

- Caller-saved
- Can be modified by procedure

Return value

Arguments

Caller-saved  
temporaries



# x86-64 Linux Register Usage #2

## ■ **%rbx, %r12, %r13, %r14, %r15**

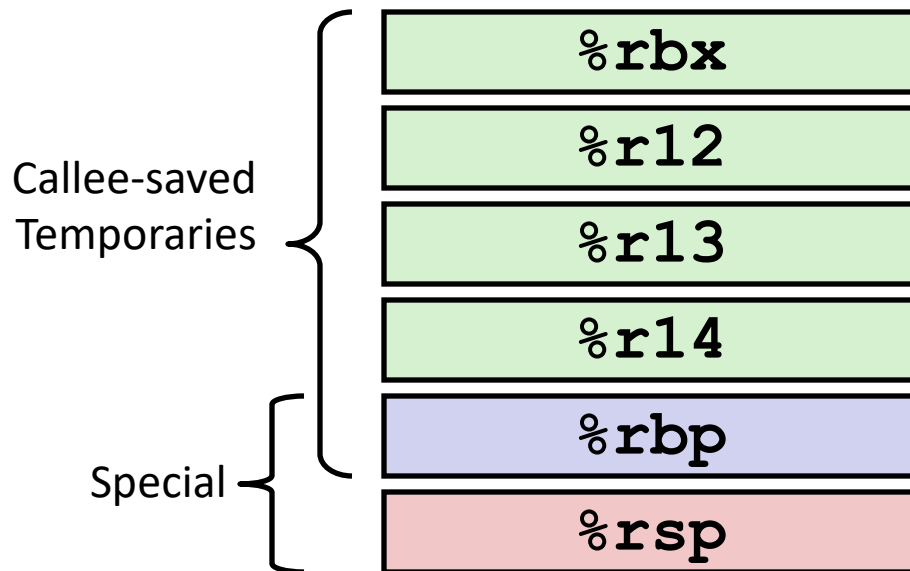
- Callee-saved
- Callee must save & restore

## ■ **%rbp**

- Callee-saved
- Callee must save & restore
- May be used as frame pointer
- Can mix & match

## ■ **%rsp**

- Special form of callee save
- Restored to original value upon exit from procedure

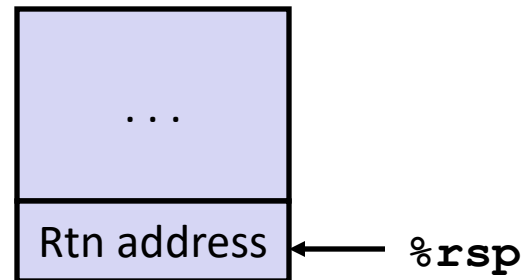


# Callee-Saved Example #1

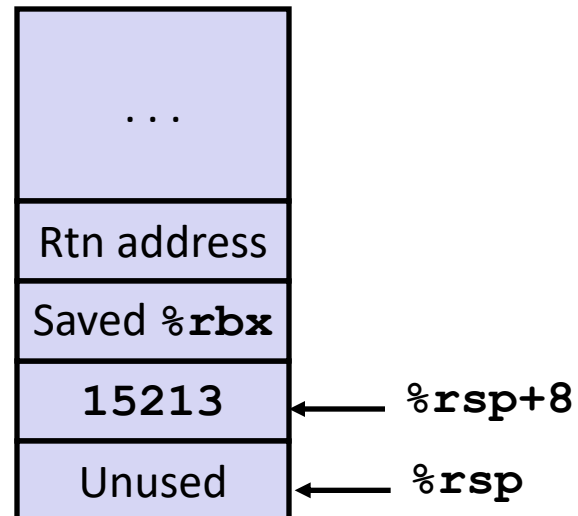
```
long call_incr2(long x) {  
    long v1 = 15213;  
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);  
    return x+v2;  
}
```

```
call_incr2:  
    pushq    %rbx  
    subq     $16, %rsp  
    movq     %rdi, %rbx  
    movq     $15213, 8(%rsp)  
    movl     $3000, %esi  
    leaq     8(%rsp), %rdi  
    call     incr  
    addq     %rbx, %rax  
    addq     $16, %rsp  
    popq     %rbx  
    ret
```

Initial Stack Structure



Resulting Stack Structure

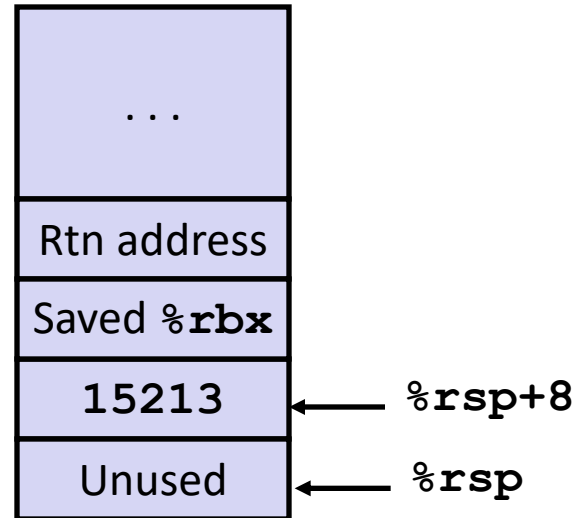


# Callee-Saved Example #2

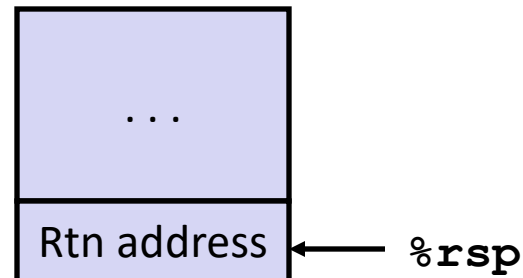
```
long call_incr2(long x) {  
    long v1 = 15213;  
    long v2 = incr(&v1, 3000);  
    return x+v2;  
}
```

```
call_incr2:  
    pushq    %rbx  
    subq     $16, %rsp  
    movq     %rdi, %rbx  
    movq     $15213, 8(%rsp)  
    movl     $3000, %esi  
    leaq     8(%rsp), %rdi  
    call     incr  
    addq     %rbx, %rax  
    addq     $16, %rsp  
    popq     %rbx  
    ret
```

Resulting Stack Structure



Pre-return Stack Structure



# Today

## ■ Procedures

- Stack Structure
- Calling Conventions
  - Passing control
  - Passing data
  - Managing local data
- Illustration of Recursion

# Recursive Function

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0)
        return 0;
    else
        return (x & 1)
            + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
    movl    $0, %eax
    testq   %rdi, %rdi
    je      .L6
    pushq   %rbx
    movq    %rdi, %rbx
    andl    $1, %ebx
    shrq    %rdi
    call    pcount_r
    addq    %rbx, %rax
    popq    %rbx
.L6:
    rep; ret
```

# Recursive Function Terminal Case

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0)
        return 0;
    else
        return (x & 1)
            + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
    movl    $0, %eax
    testq   %rdi, %rdi
    je      .L6
    pushq   %rbx
    movq    %rdi, %rbx
    andl    $1, %ebx
    shrq    %rdi
    call    pcount_r
    addq    %rbx, %rax
    popq    %rbx
.L6:
    rep; ret
```

Register	Use(s)	Type
%rdi	x	Argument
%rax	Return value	Return value



# Recursive Function Register Save

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0)
        return 0;
    else
        return (x & 1)
            + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

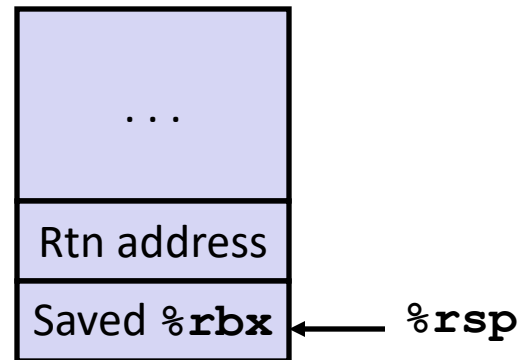
pcount\_r:

```
movl    $0, %eax
testq   %rdi, %rdi
je       .L6
pushq   %rbx
movq     %rdi, %rbx
andl     $1, %ebx
shrq     %rdi
call     pcount_r
addq     %rbx, %rax
popq     %rbx
```

.L6:

```
rep; ret
```

Register	Use(s)	Type
%rdi	x	Argument



# Recursive Function Call Setup

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0)
        return 0;
    else
        return (x & 1)
            + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
    movl    $0, %eax
    testq   %rdi, %rdi
    je      .L6
    pushq   %rbx
    movq    %rdi, %rbx
    andl    $1, %ebx
    shrq    %rdi
    call    pcount_r
    addq    %rbx, %rax
    popq    %rbx
.L6:
    rep; ret
```

Register	Use(s)	Type
%rdi	x >> 1	Rec. argument
%rbx	x & 1	Callee-saved

# Recursive Function Call

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0)
        return 0;
    else
        return (x & 1)
            + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
    movl    $0, %eax
    testq   %rdi, %rdi
    je      .L6
    pushq   %rbx
    movq    %rdi, %rbx
    andl    $1, %ebx
    shrq    %rdi
    call    pcount_r
    addq    %rbx, %rax
    popq    %rbx
.L6:
    rep; ret
```

Register	Use(s)	Type
%rbx	x & 1	Callee-saved
%rax	Recursive call return value	

# Recursive Function Result

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0)
        return 0;
    else
        return (x & 1)
            + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

```
pcount_r:
    movl    $0, %eax
    testq   %rdi, %rdi
    je      .L6
    pushq   %rbx
    movq    %rdi, %rbx
    andl    $1, %ebx
    shrq    %rdi
    call    pcount_r
    addq    %rbx, %rax
    popq    %rbx
.L6:
    rep; ret
```

Register	Use(s)	Type
%rbx	x & 1	Callee-saved
%rax	Return value	

# Recursive Function Completion

```
/* Recursive popcount */
long pcount_r(unsigned long x) {
    if (x == 0)
        return 0;
    else
        return (x & 1)
            + pcount_r(x >> 1);
}
```

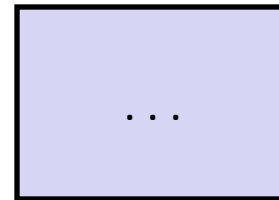
pcount\_r:

```
movl    $0, %eax
testq   %rdi, %rdi
je      .L6
pushq   %rbx
movq    %rdi, %rbx
andl    $1, %ebx
shrq    %rdi
call    pcount_r
addq    %rbx, %rax
popq    %rbx
```

.L6:

**rep; ret**

Register	Use(s)	Type
%rax	Return value	Return value



# Observations About Recursion

## ■ Handled Without Special Consideration

- Stack frames mean that each function call has private storage
  - Saved registers & local variables
  - Saved return pointer
- Register saving conventions prevent one function call from corrupting another's data
  - Unless the C code explicitly does so (e.g., buffer overflow in Lecture 9)
- Stack discipline follows call / return pattern
  - If P calls Q, then Q returns before P
  - Last-In, First-Out

## ■ Also works for mutual recursion

- P calls Q; Q calls P

# x86-64 Procedure Summary

## ■ Important Points

- Stack is the right data structure for procedure call / return
  - If P calls Q, then Q returns before P

## ■ Recursion (& mutual recursion) handled by normal calling conventions

- Can safely store values in local stack frame and in callee-saved registers
  - Put function arguments at top of stack
  - Result return in **%rax**
- ## ■ Pointers are addresses of values
- On stack or global

