- APPENDIX

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import pandas as pd
import keras
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Conv2D , MaxPool2D , Flatten , Dro
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from keras.optimizers import Adam
from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix
from sklearn.metrics import f1 score
from sklearn.metrics import precision score
from sklearn.metrics import recall_score
import tensorflow as tf
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
import cv2
import os
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
# TensorFlow and tf.keras
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to categorical
from tensorflow.keras import models, layers
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dropout, Flatten, Input, Dense
# Load the Drive helper and mount
from google.colab import drive
```

Mounted at /content/drive

drive.mount('/content/drive')

```
import matplotlib.image as mpimg
directory=os.listdir('/content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/')
for each in directory:
     plt.figure()
     currentFolder = '/content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/' + each
     for i, file in enumerate(os.listdir(currentFolder)[0:5]):
          fullpath = currentFolder
                                            + "/" + file
          print(fullpath)
          img=mpimg.imread(fullpath)
          plt.subplot(2, 3, i+1)
          plt.imshow(img)
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Positive/00870a9c.jpg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Positive/000025-1.jpg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Positive/11547 2020 1200 Fig2 HTML-a.png
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Positive/000024-1.jpg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Positive/1052b0fe.jpg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Negative/person108 virus 199.jpeg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Negative/person120 virus 226.jpeg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Negative/person124 virus 238.jpeg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Negative/person130 virus 263.jpeg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Negative/person124_virus_236.jpeg
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                        500
```

import matplotlib.image as mpimg
directory=os.listdir('/content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/')

```
for each in directory:
     plt.figure()
     currentFolder = '/content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/' + each
     for i, file in enumerate(os.listdir(currentFolder)[0:5]):
                                            + "/" + file
          fullpath = currentFolder
          print(fullpath)
          img=mpimg.imread(fullpath)
          plt.subplot(2, 3, i+1)
          plt.imshow(img)
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Positive/00870a9c.jpg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Positive/000025-1.jpg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Positive/11547 2020 1200 Fig2 HTML-a.png
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Positive/000024-1.jpg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Positive/1052b0fe.jpg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Negative/person108 virus 199.jpeg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Negative/person120 virus 226.jpeg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Negative/person124 virus 238.jpeg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Negative/person130 virus 263.jpeg
    /content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Negative/person124 virus 236.jpeg
     500
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                         200
                    0
       0
     200
                  1000
     400
                400
            200
                         1000
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                   5bo
     1000
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                  2000
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              1000
                     Ó
                        500
                           1000
labels = ['Covid Negative', 'Covid Positive']
img size = 64
def get data(data dir):
```

data = []

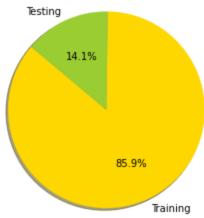
for label in labels:

```
path = os.path.join(data dir, label)
        class num = labels.index(label)
        for img in os.listdir(path):
            try:
                img arr = cv2.imread(os.path.join(path, img))[...,
                resized arr = cv2.resize(img arr, (img size, img s
                data.append([resized arr, class num])
            except Exception as e:
                print(e)
    return np.array(data)
train = get_data('/content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/')
test = get_data('/content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/test/')
   /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel launcher.py:15: VisibleDeprecationWarnir
     from ipykernel import kernelapp as app
path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Positive'
path1 = '/content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/test/Covid Positive'
path2 = '/content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Negative'
path3 = '/content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/test/Covid Negative'
covidpositives = len([f for f in os.listdir(path)if os.path.isfile
covidnegatives = len([f for f in os.listdir(path2)if os.path.isfil
Cats = ['Covid Positive', 'Covid Negative']
y pos = np.arange(len(Cats))
barlist = plt.bar(y pos,[covidpositives, covidnegatives], align='c
barlist[0].set color('g')
barlist[1].set color('r')
plt.xticks(y_pos,['Covid Positive', 'Covid Negative'])
plt.ylabel('Number of Cases')
plt.title('Coronavirus Cases and Categories')
plt.show()
```

```
Coronavirus Cases and Categories

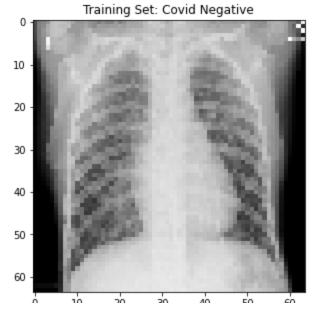
1200 -
1000 -
8800 -
600 -
```

```
path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/test/Covid Negative'
path1 = '/content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/test/Covid Positive'
path2 = '/content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Negative'
path3 = '/content/drive/MyDrive/COVID/train/Covid Positive'
Test = len([f for f in os.listdir(path)if os.path.isfile(os.path.j
Train = len([f for f in os.listdir(path2)if os.path.isfile(os.path
# Data to plot
labels = 'Training', 'Testing'
sizes = [Train, Test]
colors = ['gold', 'yellowgreen']
explode = (0, 0) # explode 1st slice
# Plot
plt.pie(sizes, explode=explode, labels=labels, colors=colors,
autopct='%1.1f%%', shadow=True, startangle=140)
plt.axis('equal')
plt.show()
```

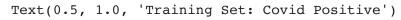


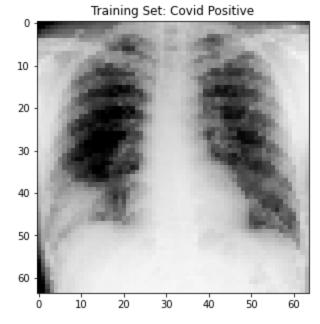
```
plt.figure(figsize = (5,5))
plt.imshow(train[1][0])
plt.title('Training Set: Covid Negative')
```

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Training Set: Covid Negative')



```
plt.figure(figsize = (5,5))
plt.imshow(train[-1][0])
plt.title('Training Set: Covid Positive')
```





```
x_train = []
y_train = []
x_test = []
y_test = []

for feature, label in train:
    x_train.append(feature)
    y_train.append(label)
```

```
for feature, label in test:
    x test.append(feature)
   y test.append(label)
  # Normalize the data
 x_train = np.array(x_train) / 255
 x \text{ test} = np.array(x \text{ test}) / 255
 x train.reshape(-1, img size, img size, 1)
 y train = np.array(y train)
 x test.reshape(-1, img size, img size, 1)
 y test = np.array(y test)
  datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
          featurewise_center=False, # set input mean to 0 over the
          samplewise_center=False, # set each sample mean to 0
          featurewise_std_normalization=False, # divide inputs by s
          samplewise std normalization=False, # divide each input h
          zca_whitening=False, # apply ZCA whitening
          rotation_range = 30, # randomly rotate images in the range
          zoom range = 0.2, # Randomly zoom image
          width shift range=0.1, # randomly shift images horizontal
          height_shift_range=0.1, # randomly shift images verticall
          horizontal flip = True, # randomly flip images
          vertical flip=True) # randomly flip images
 datagen.fit(x train)
 X train, X val, y train, y val = train test split(x train, y trair
Experiment 1
```

model = models.Sequential() model.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(3, 3), strides=(1) model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))

model.add(layers.Flatten())

model.add(layers.Dense(units=32, activation=tf.nn.relu))

```
model.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid))
 model.compile(optimizer='adam',
                loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
                metrics=['accuracy'])
  %%time
 history = model.fit(X_train,
                      y train,
                      validation data = (X val, y val),
                      epochs=20,
                      batch size=512
  import numpy as np
 loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(x test, y test)
 print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
Experiment 2
 model2 = models.Sequential()
 model2.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=(3, 3), strides=(
 model2.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model2.add(layers.Flatten())
 model2.add(layers.Dense(units=64, activation=tf.nn.relu))
 model2.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid))
```

```
batch_size=512
)

loss, accuracy = model2.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
```

→ Experiment 3

```
model3 = models.Sequential()
model3.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3), strides=
model3.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
model3.add(layers.Flatten())
model3.add(layers.Dense(units=128, activation=tf.nn.relu))
model3.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid))
model3.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
              metrics=['accuracy'])
%%time
history3 = model3.fit(X_train,
                    y train,
                    validation data = (X val, y val),
                    epochs=20,
                    batch size=512
loss, accuracy = model3.evaluate(x test, y test)
print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
```

▼ Experiment 4

```
model4 = models.Sequential()
model4.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(3, 3), strides=(
model4.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2), strides=2))
model4.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(3, 3), strides=(3, 3), strides=(3, 3), strides=(3, 3)
```

```
moder4.add(rayers.maxPoorring2D((2, 2),Strides-2))
 model4.add(layers.Flatten())4
 model4.add(layers.Dense(units=256, activation=tf.nn.relu))
 model4.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid))
 model4.compile(optimizer='adam',
                loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
                metrics=['accuracy'])
  %%time
 history4 = model4.fit(X train,
                      y train,
                      validation data = (X val, y val),
                      epochs=20,
                      batch size=512
  loss, accuracy = model4.evaluate(x test, y test)
 print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
Experiment 5
 model5 = models.Sequential()
 model5.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=(3, 3), strides=(
 model5.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model5.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3, 3), strides=(
 model5.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model5.add(layers.Flatten())
 model5.add(layers.Dense(units=256, activation=tf.nn.relu))
 model5.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid))
 model5.compile(optimizer='adam',
                loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
                metrics=['accuracy'])
  %%time
 history5 = model5.fit(X train,
                      y_train,
                      validation data = (X val, y val),
```

epochs=20.

```
batch_size=512
)

loss, accuracy = model5.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
```

Experiment 6

```
model6 = models.Sequential()
model6.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3), strides=
model6.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
model6.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3), strides=
model6.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
model6.add(layers.Flatten())
model6.add(layers.Dense(units=256, activation=tf.nn.relu))
model6.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid))
model6.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
              metrics=['accuracy'])
%%time
history6 = model6.fit(X_train,
                    y train,
                    validation data = (X val, y val),
                    epochs=20,
                    batch size=512
loss, accuracy = model6.evaluate(x test, y test)
print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
```

▼ Experiment 7

```
model7 = models.Sequential()
model7.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3, 3), strides=()
model7.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2), strides=2))
model7.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3, 3), strides=()
```

```
model7.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model7.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=(3, 3), strides=(
 model7.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model7.add(layers.Flatten())
 model7.add(layers.Dense(units=256, activation=tf.nn.relu))
 model7.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid))
 model7.compile(optimizer='adam',
                loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
                metrics=['accuracy'])
 %%time
 history7 = model7.fit(X train,
                      y train,
                      validation data = (X val, y val),
                      epochs=20,
                      batch size=512
                     )
 loss, accuracy = model7.evaluate(x test, y test)
 print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
Experiment 8
 from keras.layers import AveragePooling2D
 model8 = models.Sequential()
 model8.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=(3, 3), strides=(
 model8.add(layers.AveragePooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model8.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=(3, 3), strides=(
 model8.add(layers.AveragePooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model8.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=(3, 3), strides=(
 model8.add(layers.AveragePooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model8.add(layers.Flatten())
 model8.add(layers.Dense(units=256, activation=tf.nn.relu))
```

model8.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid))

```
%%time
 history8 = model8.fit(X_train,
                     y train,
                     validation data = (X_val, y_val),
                     epochs=20,
                     batch size=512
 loss, accuracy = model8.evaluate(x test, y test)
 print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
Experiment 9
 model9 = models.Sequential()
 model9.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3), strides=
 model9.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model9.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3), strides=
 model9.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model9.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3), strides=
 model9.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model9.add(layers.Flatten())
 model9.add(layers.Dense(units=256, activation=tf.nn.relu))
 model9.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid))
 model9.compile(optimizer='adam',
               loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
               metrics=['accuracy'])
  %%time
 history9 = model9.fit(X train,
                     y train,
                     validation data = (X val, y val),
                     epochs=20,
                     batch size=512
                    )
     Epoch 1/20
```

Epoch 2/20

```
Epoch 3/20
  Epoch 4/20
  4/4 [=============== ] - 1s 148ms/step - loss: 0.3948 - accuracy: 0.8584 -
  Epoch 5/20
  Epoch 6/20
  4/4 [=============== ] - 1s 146ms/step - loss: 0.1593 - accuracy: 0.9396 -
  Epoch 7/20
  4/4 [============== ] - 1s 148ms/step - loss: 0.1313 - accuracy: 0.9500 -
  Epoch 8/20
  Epoch 9/20
  Epoch 10/20
  4/4 [============] - 1s 146ms/step - loss: 0.0963 - accuracy: 0.9609 -
  Epoch 11/20
  4/4 [=============== ] - 1s 145ms/step - loss: 0.0561 - accuracy: 0.9823 -
  Epoch 12/20
  4/4 [============== ] - 1s 146ms/step - loss: 0.0782 - accuracy: 0.9717 -
  Epoch 13/20
  4/4 [=============== ] - 1s 146ms/step - loss: 0.0618 - accuracy: 0.9727 -
  Epoch 14/20
  Epoch 15/20
  4/4 [=============== ] - 1s 147ms/step - loss: 0.0717 - accuracy: 0.9764 -
  Epoch 16/20
  Epoch 17/20
  4/4 [============== ] - 1s 148ms/step - loss: 0.0480 - accuracy: 0.9832 -
  Epoch 18/20
  4/4 [============== ] - 1s 146ms/step - loss: 0.0365 - accuracy: 0.9877 -
  Epoch 19/20
  Epoch 20/20
  4/4 [============== ] - 1s 143ms/step - loss: 0.0350 - accuracy: 0.9848 -
  CPU times: user 7.58 s, sys: 3.79 s, total: 11.4 s
  Wall time: 12.9 s
loss, accuracy = model9.evaluate(x test, y test)
print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
  test set accuracy: 98.47561120986938
y pred = (model9.predict(X train) > 0.5).astype("int32")
confusion matrix(y train, y pred)
  array([[787, 14],
      [ 5, 794]])
f1_score(y_train, y_pred, average='macro')
  0.9881247727007274
```

recall score(v train, v pred, average='macro')

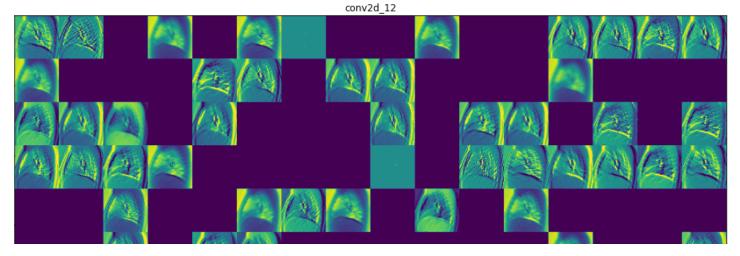
```
0.9881320127062698
precision score(y train, y pred, average='macro')
   0.9881800680068007
y pred = (model9.predict(x test) > 0.5).astype("int32")
confusion matrix(y test, y pred)
   array([[162, 2],
        [ 3, 161]])
f1 score(y test, y pred, average='macro')
   0.9847559558666332
recall score(y test, y pred, average='macro')
   0.9847560975609756
precision_score(y_test, y_pred, average='macro')
   0.9847741215839375
from keras.preprocessing import image
import numpy as np
img tensor = image.img to array(x test[2])
img tensor = np.expand dims(img tensor, axis=0)
# Remember that the model was trained on inputs
# that were preprocessed in the following way:
img tensor /= 255.
from keras import models
# Extracts the outputs of the top 8 layers:
layer outputs = [layer.output for layer in model9.layers[:2]]
# Creates a model that will return these outputs, given the model
activation_model = models.Model(inputs=model9.input, outputs=layer
```

```
# This will return a list of 5 Numpy arrays:
# one array per layer activation
activations = activation model.predict(img tensor)
first layer activation = activations[-1]
print(first layer activation.shape)
import keras
# These are the names of the layers, so can have them as part of o
layer names = []
for layer in model9.layers[:8]:
    layer names.append(layer.name)
images per row = 16
# Now let's display our feature maps
for layer name, layer activation in zip(layer names, activations):
    # This is the number of features in the feature map
    n features = layer activation.shape[-1]
    # The feature map has shape (1, size, size, n features)
    size = layer activation.shape[1]
    # We will tile the activation channels in this matrix
    n cols = n features // images per row
    display grid = np.zeros((size * n cols, images per row * size)
    # We'll tile each filter into this big horizontal grid
    for col in range(n cols):
        for row in range(images per row):
            channel_image = layer_activation[0,
                                             col * images per row
            # Post-process the feature to make it visually palatak
            channel image -= channel image.mean()
            channel image /= channel image.std()
            channel image *= 64
            channel image += 128
            channel image = np.clip(channel image, 0, 255).astype(
            display grid[col * size : (col + 1) * size,
                        ---- + --- · /--- · 1) + --- - - -----
```

row * size : (row + r) * size = channer_

NING:tensorflow:11 out of the last 11 calls to <function Model.make_predict_function.<lock 31, 31, 128)

r/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:57: RuntimeWarning: invalid value



pred_classes = (model9.predict(x_test) > 0.5).astype("int32").rave
pred_classes

```
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
dtype=int32)
```

layer_outputs = [layer.output for layer in model9.layers]
activation_model = models.Model(inputs=model9.input, outputs=layer
layer_outputs

Get the outputs of all the hidden nodes for each of the 60000 tr

```
output layer activations = activations[8]
hidden layer activation.shape # each of the 128 hidden nodes ha
   (328, 256)
#Get the dataframe of all the node values
activation data = {'pred class':pred classes[0:328]}
for k in range(0,256):
    activation_data[f"act_val_{k}"] = hidden_layer_activation[:,k]
activation df = pd.DataFrame(activation data)
activation df.head()
      pred_class act_val_0 act_val_1 act_val_2 act_val_3 act_val_4 act_val_5 act_val_6
    0
                     0.0
                          0.261437
                                       0.0
                                               0.0
                                                    2.302884
                                                                 0.0
                                                                         0.0
                          0.000000
                                                                         0.0
    1
              0
                     0.0
                                       0.0
                                               0.0
                                                    2.508843
                                                                 0.0
    2
                     0.0
                          0.000000
                                                                         0.0
              0
                                       0.0
                                               0.0
                                                    2.587324
                                                                 0.0
                     0.0
                          0.000000
                                       0.0
                                               0.0
                                                    2.679549
                                                                         0.0
    3
              0
                                                                 0.0
    4
              0
                     0.0
                          0.000000
                                       0.0
                                               0.0
                                                    3.288160
                                                                 0.0
                                                                         0.0
   5 rows × 257 columns
# Separating out the features
features = [*activation_data][1:] # ['act_val_0', 'act_val_1',...]
x = activation df.loc[:, features].values
pca = PCA(n_components=3)
principalComponents = pca.fit transform(x)
principalDf = pd.DataFrame(data = principalComponents
               , columns = ['pca-one', 'pca-two', 'pca-three'])
principalDf.head()
```

accivacion model.picaicc(x

hidden layer activation = activations[7]

	pca-one	pca-two	pca-three
0	-5.853893	2.599480	1.266800
1	-9.155988	1.404219	-0.198507
2	-10.286340	2.204174	-0.435203
3	-8.915661	1.304460	0.064735
4	-12.442112	5.414866	-0.132032

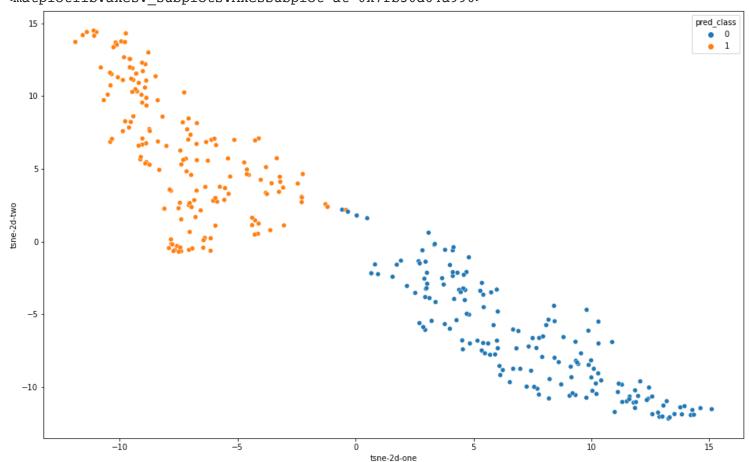
```
activation_pca_df = pd.concat([principalDf, activation_df[['pred_c
activation pca df.head()
```

```
pca-one pca-two pca-three pred_class
    0 -5.853893 2.599480
                       1.266800
    1 -9.155988 1.404219
                       -0.198507
    2 -10.286340 2.204174
                       -0.435203
    3 -8.915661 1.304460
                       0.064735
    4 -12.442112 5.414866 -0.132032
N = 10000
activation df subset = activation df.iloc[:N].copy()
activation df subset.shape
    (328, 257)
data subset = activation df subset[features].values
data subset.shape
    (328, 256)
from sklearn.manifold import TSNE
tsne = TSNE(n components=2, verbose=1, perplexity=40, n iter=300)
tsne results = tsne.fit transform(data subset)
    [t-SNE] Computing 121 nearest neighbors...
    [t-SNE] Indexed 328 samples in 0.004s...
    [t-SNE] Computed neighbors for 328 samples in 0.040s...
    [t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities for sample 328 / 328
    [t-SNE] Mean sigma: 1.609862
    [t-SNE] KL divergence after 250 iterations with early exaggeration: 52.930374
    [t-SNE] KL divergence after 300 iterations: 0.244041
activation df subset['tsne-2d-one'] = tsne results[:,0]
activation df subset['tsne-2d-two'] = tsne results[:,1]
plt.figure(figsize=(16,10))
sns.scatterplot(
    x="tsne-2d-one", y="tsne-2d-two",
    hue="pred class",
    palette=sns.color palette(n colors = 2),
    data=activation df subset,
```

legend="full"

```
alpha = 1
```

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fb30d64a990>



Experiment 10

```
model10 = models.Sequential()
model10.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=(3, 3), strides
model10.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2), strides=2))
model10.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=(3, 3), strides
model10.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2), strides=2))
model10.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=(3, 3), strides
model10.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2), strides=2))
model10.add(layers.Flatten())
model10.add(layers.Dense(units=256, activation=tf.nn.relu))
model10.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid))
```

```
model10.compile(optimizer='adam',
                loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
                metrics=['accuracy'])
   %%time
 history10 = model10.fit(X train,
                      y train,
                      validation data = (X val, y val),
                      epochs=20,
                      batch size=512
  loss, accuracy = model10.evaluate(x test, y test)
 print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
Experiment 11
 model11 = models.Sequential()
 model11.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
 model11.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model11.add(layers.Dropout(.2))
 model11.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
 model11.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model11.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
 model11.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model11.add(layers.Flatten())
 model11.add(layers.Dense(units=256, activation=tf.nn.relu))
 model11.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid))
 model11.compile(optimizer='adam',
                loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
                metrics=['accuracy'])
   %%time
 history11 = model11.fit(X train,
                      y train,
                      validation data = (X_val, y_val),
```

epochs=20,

batch size=512

```
loss, accuracy = model11.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
```

Experiment 12

```
model12 = models.Sequential()
model12.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
model12.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
model12.add(layers.Dropout(.2))
model12.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
model12.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
model11.add(layers.Dropout(.2))
model12.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
model12.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
model12.add(layers.Flatten())
model12.add(layers.Dense(units=256, activation=tf.nn.relu))
model12.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid))
model12.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
              metrics=['accuracy'])
 %%time
history12 = model12.fit(X train,
                    y train,
                    validation data = (X val, y val),
                    epochs=20,
                    batch size=512
loss, accuracy = model12.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
```

Experiment 13

model13 = models.Sequential()

```
model13.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
 model13.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model13.add(layers.Dropout(.2))
 model13.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
 model13.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model13.add(layers.Dropout(.2))
 model13.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=128, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
 model13.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model13.add(layers.Dropout(.2))
 model13.add(layers.Flatten())
 model13.add(layers.Dense(units=256, activation=tf.nn.relu))
 model13.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid))
 model13.compile(optimizer='adam',
                loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
                metrics=['accuracy'])
   %%time
 history13 = model13.fit(X train,
                      y train,
                      validation data = (X val, y val),
                      epochs=20,
                      batch size=512
  loss, accuracy = model13.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
 print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
Experiment 14
```

model14 = models.Sequential()

```
model14.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
model14.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
model14.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
model14.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
model14.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
model14.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
model14.add(layers.Flatten())
model14.add(layers.Dense(units=256, activation=tf.nn.relu))
```

```
model14.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=ti.nn.sigmoid))
 model14.compile(optimizer='adam',
                loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
                metrics=['accuracy'])
   %%time
 history14 = model14.fit(X train,
                      y train,
                      validation_data = (X_val, y_val),
                      epochs=20,
                      batch size=512,
                     callbacks = [tf.keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping(m
  loss, accuracy = model14.evaluate(x test, y test)
 print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
▼ Experiment 15
 model15 = models.Sequential()
 model15.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
 model15.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model15.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
 model15.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model15.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
 model15.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model15.add(layers.Flatten())
 model15.add(layers.Dense(units=256, activation=tf.nn.relu))
 model15.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid))
 model15.compile(optimizer='adam',
                loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
                metrics=['accuracy'])
   %%time
 history15 = model15.fit(X train,
                      y train,
                      validation data = (X_val, y_val),
                      epochs=20,
```

hatch size=512

```
callbacks = [tf.keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping(m
 loss, accuracy = model15.evaluate(x test, y test)
 print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
Experiment 16
 model16 = models.Sequential()
 model16.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
 model16.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model16.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
 model16.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model16.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel size=(3, 3), strides
 model16.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2),strides=2))
 model16.add(layers.Flatten())
 model16.add(layers.Dense(units=256, activation=tf.nn.relu))
 model16.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid, kernel
 model16.compile(optimizer='adam',
            loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
            metrics=['accuracy'])
  %%time
 history16 = model16.fit(X train,
                y train,
                validation data = (X val, y val),
                epochs=20,
                batch size=512)
    Epoch 1/20
    Epoch 2/20
    Epoch 3/20
    Epoch 4/20
    Epoch 5/20
    4/4 [============== ] - 1s 263ms/step - loss: 0.6602 - accuracy: 0.8174 -
    Epoch 6/20
    Epoch 7/20
```

```
Epoch 8/20
   4/4 [================] - 1s 260ms/step - loss: 0.3122 - accuracy: 0.9358 -
   Epoch 9/20
   4/4 [=============== ] - 1s 259ms/step - loss: 0.3390 - accuracy: 0.9288 -
   Epoch 10/20
   Epoch 11/20
   4/4 [=============== ] - 1s 260ms/step - loss: 0.2545 - accuracy: 0.9641 -
   Epoch 12/20
   4/4 [=============== ] - 1s 261ms/step - loss: 0.2311 - accuracy: 0.9642 -
   Epoch 13/20
   4/4 [=============== ] - 1s 266ms/step - loss: 0.1969 - accuracy: 0.9788 -
   Epoch 14/20
   4/4 [=============== ] - 1s 263ms/step - loss: 0.2070 - accuracy: 0.9730 -
   Epoch 15/20
   4/4 [============] - 1s 261ms/step - loss: 0.1974 - accuracy: 0.9742 -
   Epoch 16/20
   4/4 [=============== ] - 1s 259ms/step - loss: 0.1684 - accuracy: 0.9816 -
   Epoch 17/20
   4/4 [============== ] - 1s 263ms/step - loss: 0.1659 - accuracy: 0.9813 -
   Epoch 18/20
   Epoch 19/20
   4/4 [=============== ] - 1s 267ms/step - loss: 0.1694 - accuracy: 0.9806 -
   Epoch 20/20
   4/4 [============= ] - 1s 263ms/step - loss: 0.1550 - accuracy: 0.9809 -
   CPU times: user 19.5 s, sys: 14.3 s, total: 33.8 s
   Wall time: 1min 7s
loss, accuracy = model16.evaluate(x test, y test)
print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)
   test set accuracy: 97.86585569381714
```

Experiment 17

model17.compile(optimizer='adam',

```
model17 = models.Sequential()
model17.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=(3, 3), strides
model17.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2), strides=2))
model17.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=(3, 3), strides
model17.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2), strides=2))
model17.add(layers.Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=(3, 3), strides
model17.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2), strides=2))
model17.add(layers.Flatten())
model17.add(layers.Dense(units=256, activation=tf.nn.relu))
model17.add(layers.Dense(units=1, activation=tf.nn.sigmoid, kernel
```

loss=tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),

```
metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
%%time
history17 = model17.fit(X train,
          y train,
          validation data = (X val, y val),
          epochs=20,
          batch size=512)
 Epoch 1/20
 Epoch 2/20
 Epoch 3/20
 4/4 [============== ] - 1s 269ms/step - loss: 0.6303 - accuracy: 0.6534 -
 Epoch 4/20
 4/4 [=============== ] - 1s 272ms/step - loss: 0.6281 - accuracy: 0.6660 -
 Epoch 5/20
 Epoch 6/20
 Epoch 7/20
 Epoch 8/20
 Epoch 9/20
 4/4 [============== ] - 1s 276ms/step - loss: 0.2119 - accuracy: 0.9321 -
 Epoch 10/20
 Epoch 11/20
 Epoch 12/20
 4/4 [=============== ] - 1s 276ms/step - loss: 0.1518 - accuracy: 0.9455 -
 Epoch 13/20
 4/4 [============] - 1s 275ms/step - loss: 0.1502 - accuracy: 0.9485 -
 Epoch 14/20
 Epoch 15/20
 4/4 [============== ] - 1s 280ms/step - loss: 0.0969 - accuracy: 0.9733 -
 Epoch 16/20
 Epoch 17/20
 Epoch 18/20
 Epoch 19/20
 Epoch 20/20
 CPU times: user 11.5 s, sys: 7.28 s, total: 18.8 s
 Wall time: 23.7 s
```

loss, accuracy = model17.evaluate(x test, y test)

print('test set accuracy: ', accuracy * 100)

test set accuracy: 98.17073345184326