

```
1  #Q1          SID-21107052
2  #Python program for checking if input number is perfect or not
3  def perfect(num):
4      sum=0
5      for i in range(1,num):
6          if num%i==0:
7              sum +=i
8      if sum==num:
9          print("it is perfect")
10     else:
11         print("it is not perfect")
12 num=int(input("enter no. to be checked if perfect: "))
13 perfect(num)
```

enter no. to be checked if perfect: 496
it is perfect

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.

```
1  #Q2          SID-21107052
2  #Python program for checking if input word is palindrome or not
3  def palindrome(word):
4      for i in range(0, len(word)):
5          if word[i] != word[~i]:
6              print("it is not a palindrome")
7              break
8      else:
9          print("it is a palindrome")
10 word=input("enter word to be checked: ")
11 palindrome(word)
```



```
enter word to be checked: racecar
it is a palindrome
```

```
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console. □
```

```
1  #Q3          SID-21107052
2  #Python program for printing rows of pascal's triangle
3  from math import factorial
4
5  n=int(input("enter no. of rows to be printed: "))
6  for i in range(n):
7      for j in range(n-1-i):
8          print(" ", end=" ")
9      for k in range(i+1):
10         #we use combination formula ie. nCr
11         print(factorial(i) // (factorial(i-k)*factorial(k)) , end=" ")
12     print()
```

▼ ↗ 📁 input

```
enter no. of rows to be printed: 7
      1
     1 1
    1 2 1
   1 3 3 1
  1 4 6 4 1
 1 5 10 10 5 1
1 6 15 20 15 6 1

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.□
```

```
1  #Q4          SID-21107052
2  #Python program for checking if input sentence is panagram or not
3  alphabet='abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz'
4  def panagram(sentence):
5      for i in alphabet:
6          if i not in sentence:
7              print("it is not a panagram")
8              break
9      else:
10         print("it is panagram")
11  sentence=input("enter the sentence to be check: ")
12  panagram(sentence)
```



```
enter the sentence to be check: the quick brown fox jumps overs a lazy dog
it is panagram
```

```
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

```
1 #Q5          SID-21107052
2 #Python program for arranging words alphabetically
3 def sorter(words):
4     words.sort()
5     print(*words)
6 words=list(map(str,input("enter words to be sorted: ").split('-')))
7 sorter(words)
```



```
enter words to be sorted: green-black-red-orange
black green orange red
```

```
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.□
```

```
1  #Q6          SID-21107052
2  #Python program for printing id of student
3  def student_data(student_id, **kwargs):
4      print('\nStudent ID: ', student_id)
5      if 'student_name' in kwargs:
6          print("Student Name: ", kwargs['student_name'])
7
8      if 'student_name' and 'student_class' in kwargs:
9          print("\nStudent Name: ", kwargs['student_name'])
10         print("Student Class: ", kwargs['student_class'])
11
12 student_data(student_id='21107052', student_name=' Gurkirat Singh')
13
14 student_data(student_id='21107052', student_name='Gurkirat Singh', student_class = 'Mechanical')
```

input

Student ID: 21107052
Student Name: Gurkirat Singh

Student ID: 21107052
Student Name: Gurkirat Singh

Student Name: Gurkirat Singh
Student Class: Mechanical

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.

```
1 #Q7 SID-21107052
2 #Python program for creating classes and check if given instances are part of these classes or not
3 class Student:
4     pass
5 class Marks:
6     pass
7 student_ = Student()
8 marks_ = Marks()
9 print(isinstance(student_, Student))
10 print(isinstance(marks_, Student))
11 print(isinstance(marks_, Marks))
12 print(isinstance(student_, Marks))
13 print("\nCheck whether the said classes are subclasses of the built-in object class or not.")
14 print(issubclass(Student, object))
15 print(issubclass(Marks, object))
```

input

True
False
True
False

Check whether the said classes are subclasses of the built-in object class or not.
True
True

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.[]


```

1  #Q8          SID-21107052
2  #Python program for finding 3 no.s in given list if their sum is 0
3  class py_solution:
4  def Sum(self, nums):
5      nums, result, i = sorted(nums), [], 0
6      while i < len(nums) - 2:
7          j, k = i + 1, len(nums) - 1
8          while j < k:
9              if nums[i] + nums[j] + nums[k] < 0:
10                 j += 1
11             elif nums[i] + nums[j] + nums[k] > 0:
12                 k -= 1
13             else:
14                 result.append([nums[i], nums[j], nums[k]])
15                 j, k = j + 1, k - 1
16                 while j < k and nums[j] == nums[j - 1]:
17                     j += 1
18                 while j < k and nums[k] == nums[k + 1]:
19                     k -= 1
20             i += 1
21             while i < len(nums) - 2 and nums[i] == nums[i - 1]:
22                 i += 1
23         return result
24
25 print(py_solution().Sum([-25, -10, -7, -3, 2, 4, 8, 10]))

```



```

[[-10, 2, 8], [-7, -3, 10]]

```

```

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.

```



```
1  #Q9          SID-21107052
2  #Python program to check if input brackets are closed or not
3  class parantheses:
4      def find(str):
5          a= ['()', '{}', '[]']
6          while any(i in str for i in a):
7              for j in a:
8                  str = str.replace(j, '')
9          return not str
10
11  s = input("Enter the sequence of parantheses : ")
12  if parantheses.find(s):
13      print(s,"is balanced",sep=" - ")
14  else:
15      print(s,"is unbalanced",sep=" - ")
```

Enter the sequence of parantheses : {{{}}}[]
{{{}}}[] - is balanced

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.